PRESBYTERY OF TORONTO.

The Regular Bi-Monthly Meeting Yesterday—The Business Transacted.

The Toronto presbytery met yesterday afternoon in the lecture-room of Knox church, Moderator Cameron in the chair. A committee appointed to meet with the people worshiping in Temperance hall, Toronto, reported that they had met with them and received certificates from thirty-two persons, with the understanding that six others would be able soon to furnish certificates. Fourteen had been received as adherents. The report was adopted. The presbytery agreed to declare the aforesaid thirty-two persons a regular congregation of the church under the jurisdiction of the presbytery, to be known as the Carlton street congregation. The committee were also appointed an interim session for said congregation. After reports had been received from commissioners to the late general assembly, it was moved that it be recommended that the congregations throughout the bounds make a collection to defray the travelling expenses of the said commissioners. An amendment was moved to the effect that a committee be appointed to consider the whole matter and report to the next meeting. There being a tie vote the moderator gave a casting vote for the amendment. The following committee was appointed for said purpose: Revs. A. Gilray, Dr. King, R. P. Mackay, and Messrs. James Brown, John Hendrie. Agreeably to permission received from the general assembly, Daniel Blue was received as a minister of the church. Permission was given Rev. J. Fraser of Sutton, to moderate a call from the congregation of Mount Albert and Ballantrae. Rev. Messrs. Frizzell and Dr. Fraser were associated with him for considering the future relation of Ballantrae. The moderator, the clerk and Rev. J. Smith were appointed a committee to assign subjects for exercises for students within bounds, said exercises to be given in before re-opening of the college.

At the afternoon session Principal Caven announced that the ordinance of the Lord's supper was dispensed to the congregation of Deer Park on last Sunday. The presbytery appointed Alex. Murray an additional member of the interim session of this congregation. A. M. McLaughlin of Princeton college was received as a probationer. Alex. McMarchy representing the congregation of Old St. Andrew's church, applied to the presbytery for leave to increase the mortgage on that church from $15,000 to $20,000 for general purposes. The request was granted. David McLaren, B.A., was granted a license to preach. He delivered a lecture and sermon to the presbytery, which was well received and commended. John Neill, B. A., was also granted a license and the presbytery adjourned till Sept. 5.

A MISSIONARY FROM CENTRAL INDIA.

Miss Rodgers Address to a Ladies' Meeting in Knox Church.

About two hundred ladies assembled in Knox church yesterday afternoon to meet Miss Mary Rodger, one of the missionaries of the Presbyterian church in Canada at Indore, Central India. Miss Rodger has been in India for nine years, laboring part of the time in the northwest provinces and for the remainder in Indore. Her work has principally been in the military camp near the city of Indore, especially among the families of those members of the Indian civil service who are Hindoos, with many of whom she had previously been acquainted in the northwest provinces. The lady gave a very interesting account of her work in the school at Indore and showed a number of her scholars' photographs. She also answered questions proposed to her by the ladies present and repeated the Lord's prayer in Hinde and in Hindostanee. Many curious and valuable articles were exhibited to the ladies by Miss Rodger, such as nose-rings, bells worn in the toes, beads made from a species of nut, and handsome pieces of embroidery worked by men.

The Dog Catchers.

So far this year 162 rambling curs have been caught by the corporation dog catchers of which 80 were destroyed, 27 redeemed and 5 let out.

Grand Opera House.

The season of 1882-83 will be opened at the Grand opera house on Monday, August 28, when the British military play of Youth will be presented.

The Locomotive Brotherhood.

The meeting of the brotherhood of locomotive engineers of Canada and the United States will be held in the council chamber, Toronto, on Thursday August 3, when Chief Arthur of Cleveland will be present. A banquet in the evening is on the program.

Off for the Penitentiary.

Arthur Jarvis and a couple of constables left for Kingston yesterday morning, having in charge Webb and Miller, the jewelry store thieves; Buckley, the wife-murderer, and McNabb, a sneak-thief. The first two go down for three years, Buckley ten years and the latter two years.

Pay the Harbor Dues.

Captains of schooners who arrive in port should pay their harbor dues at once and avoid trouble. Captain Ed. Beard of the schooner Snow Bird, came into the port on Friday. He would have gone to the harbor office at once, but he had only American money, and the officials had on a former occasion refused to accept American money without discount. He got a cheque from the consignee in the afternoon, too late for the bank. On Monday morning he went up at once to the harbor office and paid the dues on his cargo. Later in the day he received a summons to attend the police court on a charge of neglecting to pay his harbor dues. Captain Beard explained his case and was allowed to depart.

The Willard Tract Depository.

The dedicatory services of the Willard tract depository were held in the new building of the depository at Yonge and Temperance streets on Monday afternoon. Rev H M Parsons was chairman. He opened the meeting with a short address, dwelling on the great success of the depository in the past and expressing strong desires for its future success. S. R. Briggs the originator of the scheme, in a few brief words stated the changes that had come over the depository in the past few months and hoped that the patronage which had been extended in the past would be continued in future.

Evil-Doers Before Judge Mackenzie.

Judge Mackenzie held Interim sessions yesterday. Samuel K. Champion, who lives in the township of York, was charged with having stolen a watch and gold chain from Joseph Dunn, a milk dealer for whom the prisoner formerly worked. He elected for trial by judge, and was remanded for a week. James Kendrick, a cab driver, was charged with having threatened to kill his wife. The prisoner lives at 102 Elizabeth street and admitted that he had assaulted her, but denied having threatened her life. He had been seventeen days in jail and his wife did not wish to prosecute him further. He was liberated on his own bail of $100 to keep the peace. Elizabeth Rusher, a girl held on the supposition that she is insane, created a commotion in court and was committed as a lunatic.

Dining a Departing Confrere.

George B. Brooks, late news editor of the Telegram, leaves to-day for Chicago, to reside, and last night about twenty of his journalistic friends of the city entertained the gentleman at the William III hotel, Adelaide street east. Mine host O'Neil prepared a nice collation, and the evening was spent in pleasant intercourse.

Market Sneak-thieving.

Of late there has been a great deal of sneak-thieving done at St. Lawrence market. One of the victims is Mrs. Evans, who owns a market waggon. Yesterday she appeared before the markets and health committee asking that detectives be despatched to watch the unruly young men and boys who haunt the place. The matter will be referred to the chief of police.

A Stolen Promissory Note.

John Kinsella was charged in the police court yesterday with stealing a promissory note for $600 from W. F. B. Howlett on June 26 at the village of Dundalk in the county of Grey. The prisoner denied having stolen the book, and said he found the note on Adelaide street But he could not explain why he gave the name of W. F. B. Howlett at the Ontario bank, where he went to draw the money on the note and was arrested. He was sent to jail for 60 days. It came out in evidence that Kinsella was in Dundalk the day of the theft.

Young Immigrant Women Decoyed.

The following appears in the Montreal and Quebec papers: "NOTICE—Three young women named respectively Emily Maria Dow, Florence Alice Dow, and Mary Hughes, are supposed to have been decoyed from the steamship Hibernian at Quebec. As they have been sent out from England directly to the undernamed society, information concerning their whereabouts is earnestly requested, and should none be forthcoming withing a week of this date, prompt measures will be taken to discover them. G. H. MUSSEN, hon. sec. Women's Protective Immigration society.

Wm. A. Hall's Extradition.

Wm. A. Hall was brought before Judge Osler yesterday on a writ of habeas corpus. James Bethune, Q. C., and, N. Murphy appeared for the prisoner. Mr. Bethune asked for the discharge of the prisoner on the ground that the deposition papers and documents brought from Newark did not disclose an offense, and that even if an offence were disclosed it was not an extraditable one. He cited the Queen v. Windsor, wherein Chief Justice Cockburn decided that an act similar to that with which Hall was charged was not forgery. The county attorney based his case on the Canadian statute, which declared the offence to be a forgery, and also pointed out that this case was not analogical to that of the Queen v. Windsor. Judgment was reserved till Friday.

Board of Health.

Ald Taylor presided at the board of health yesterday. It was decided to ask authority to procure 400 license tablets for express wagons. The petition of Robert Walker & Sons regarding the watering of King street was read. That firm claimed the dust off the street was destroying their goods. The commissioner stated that the street was watered twice every five hours, or four times a day and the committee requested him to notify them of that fact. A long letter from Dr. Riddel regarding the erection of a new small-pox hospital, ridiculing the idea of voting $1500 for it, was read by the chairman, but the matter was left over till the next meeting. Mrs. Evans who is well known to the committee, appeared once more to complain of the actions of market constable Hunt.

A New Industry.

The gutta percha and rubber manufacturing company of New York have just let the contracts for a large brick building on King street west, where they will carry on the manufacture of rubber goods on an extensive scale. They will expend a big sum on the building and plant, and will afford employment to a considerable number of hands, thus introducing a new class of labor into the city. They will make rubber goods of every description equal to what they now send over from New York to their house here. The premises will be ready for occupation and in running order in about four months. This new industry will be hailed as one of the beneficial results of the N.P., and the enterprise of the New York company in extending their operations into this country will doubtless meet with the success it deserves.

Board of Works.

The board of works met yesterday, Ald. Turner presiding. A number of persons appeared before the committee regarding block pavements and sewers John Smith and Messrs. Gooderham and Worts represented by T. G. Blackstock, opposed the construction of a sewer on Eastern avenue, but the committee would take no further action in the matter. Ald. Low, on behalf of a deputation of residents from Eastern avenue, stated that fault was found with the voting for the Spadina avenue block pavement. The matter was referred to the aldermen of St. Patrick's ward, who would confer with the ratepayers. Thomas Terry and R. Simpson were applicants for the position of pavement inspector.

A letter was received from A. Carrol regarding the deposit of $300 made by him on the Don, which was referred to the city engineer and the chairman for a full report.

Catarrh.

Attention is called to the advertisement in another column of this issue of Mr. A. H. Dixon, 307 King street west, Toronto, who claims to cure catarrh absolutely and permanently by a method peculiarly his own in from one to three treatments. Mr. Dixon scouts the idea that catarrh is caused by a cold in the head (as most people imagine), but claims that it is a parasitical disease, and treats it accordingly. He says he has used his remedy successfully in thousands of cases in Canada and the United States, and judging from the many complimentary letters and certificates of cures which he has shown us, it will be a very strange case of catarrh that he cannot cure in from one to three treatments. As this is the most favourable season in the year in which to cure catarrh rapidly and permanently, sufferers should at once correspond with or call on Mr. Dixon. This new treatment does not interfere with occupation, and it is not necessary for the patient to see Mr. Dixon, as the remedy and apparatus for applying (which is so simple that a child can readily understand it) is forwarded to any part of Canada or the United States upon application.

EVIDENTLY DEMENTED.

A Lady and Child at No. 4 Police Station—Information Wanted.

At 6 o'clock last evening the police of No. 4 division found a neatly-dressed middle-aged woman wandering about on King street, lost in an apparently demented manner. She had with her a bright-looking little girl 3 years of age, with blue eyes and auburn hair. At the Wilton avenue station she could give no account of herself and showed unmistakable signs of mental derangement. The little child was also very neatly attired, and laughed and gambolled around the station house. At one time the lady said her name was Thompson, but she did not seem to know where she lived or where she was. She was detained all night. The police think that she has strayed in from the country. Her deportment was ladylike and her entire attire was of black.

DISHONEST PUPILS.

They Purloin Examination Papers—The Evil Effects of Cramming.

The discovery that some of the examination papers issued by Educational department of Ontario for the June examinations in high schools and collegiate institutes had been stolen, and copies taken and sold to the students in the Barrie and Collingwood institutes, has created a profound sensation in educational circles, as it is not known to what extent the copied papers may have been distributed, and as the same examination papers are used all over the province, a doubt has been thrown upon the value of the examinations which have just been held.

It appears that the educational department sent by express a packet containing the papers, addressed to Rev. T. McKee, of Barrie, who is one of the school inspectors for the county of Simcoe. This packet was delivered at Mr. McKee's residence during his absence. His son, a student at the Barrie collegiate institute, and another student named Mainprice, obtained possession of the packet, opened it, and abstracted some of the examination papers, which they copied and replaced. Copies of the papers were then sold to a large number of the students in Barrie and Collingwood, but it is not yet known if the irregularities have extended beyond these towns.

By some means W. H. Spotten, head master of the Barrie institute, having discovered that something was wrong and that there existed some crookedness, with commendable zeal proceeded to Toronto and induced the minister of education to issue fresh papers for the two institutes where the students were suspected, and thus defeated the machinations of those who had, as they thought, obtained the inside track. Much sympathy is felt for the parties concerned, as it is well known that the mental energies of students are taxed beyond endurance under the present cramming system.

THE CITY IN BRIEF.

The coffee house is being well patronized.

Moses Oates predicts a snow-storm for July 12.

Ryan's circus on July 14 and 15 on the old cricket ground.

The license commissioners have not issued a license since June 6.

Vital statistics for last week: Births 39, marriages 24, deaths 23.

Some of the streets in the north-western part of the city are being renumbered.

John Kilwee and Thos. Mossop left yesterday for a week's tour in New York state.

The annual picnic of the Brakemen's Benevolent association comes off on Saturday, the 29th inst., at Oakville.

The weather was considerably milder last night, and we were able to dispense with the fire in our editorial rooms.

The York Pioneers meet at the Canadian institute yesterday afternoon when routine business was transacted.

It was erroneously stated that Mr. Howells, United States consul, and family were leaving for Europe. It was his son of Boston.

Mayor McMurrich is at Buffalo attending the semi-centennial of Buffalo's inauguration as a city. Ald. Doloe acted as mayor yesterday.

The exhibition committee meets at 2 30 p.m. to-day. The fire and gas committee and the waterworks committee also meet this afternoon.

The orange societies of the city will attend devine service at Grace church next Sunday afternoon. Rev. Dr. McCarroll will preach the sermon.

The cedar-block paving of D'Arcy street has commenced, also the building of the sewer in Queen street, between Sumach and River streets, and that on Hope street.

Several Toronto folks went over to Buffalo yesterday to hear the American eagle screach on the anniversary of his natal day and view the liberty pole.

The excursion to Sturgeon point mentioned in The World of Monday was under the auspices of the I. O. O. F. and not the C. O. O. F., as stated in these columns.

Frank Dowling, who was severely injured by being kicked by a horse at the Union station last Saturday morning, was sent to the hospital yesterday.

The Yorkville public school children will hold a picnic at High park on Saturday next and the Methodist Sunday school one at Lorne park to-morrow afternoon.

The president and directors of the Toronto, Grey and Bruce railway will inspect the road as far as Owen Sound on Saturday. Invitations to a complimentary excursion are out.

Mr. S. B. Whitely of this city has received the appointment of organist and choir master to the Central Presbyterian church at Hamilton, in room of the late Henry Whish,

The separate school board did not meet last night, there being no quorum. A special meeting will be held on Thursday evening next to consider the promotion examinations.

Guelph Herald: Conductor Scanlon had so far recovered from the effects of the recent accident as to be able to sit up yesterday. He will be able to leave St. Joseph's hospital in a few days.

The arrangements for the banquet to be tendered to N. Clarke Wallace, M.P., at Yorkville, are being perfected. Sir John Macdonald, Sir Charles Tupper, and other prominent men are to be invited.

On the occasion of the marriage of Miss S. Joseph and Rev. H. Ware of Kincardine on Monday, the directors of the Y.M.C.A presented that lady with a handsome French clock as a slight acknowledgement of the very valuable services she has rendered them in Shaftesbury hall, in leading the singing at the noon-day meeting and at the Saturday afternoon bible class.

The thirty-fifth anniversary of the opening of the Yorkville Primitive Methodist church was observed by an entertainment in the church on Monday evening. A pleasing feature of the entertainment was the presentations by Superintendent Dennis to Miss Naomi Fairhead, Miss Bessie Thompson and James Midleton. The gifts were in recognition of the help rendered by the little ones.

THE SPORTING WORLD.

A fifty mile bicycle race for the road championship of America will take place at Druid Hill park, Baltimore, Saturday next.

The Nonpareil rowing club of New York is composed of printers, pressmen and policeman—a happy combination.

Wm. Elliott, the ex-champion of England, declines to row Chas. E. Courtney, but will row any other oarsman in America.

A number of Montreal horses will compete at the annual races of the National Hunt association at Saratoga on August 1st, among others Mr. Dawes' famous mare Rose and J. R. Harper's Barrister.

THE MAPLE LEAFS ON A TOUR.

The Maple Leafs of Guelph started for Rochester on Monday. They play in Syracuse July 5 and in Auburn July 6, and return to play the Centrals of Hamilton on Saturday.

THE GRAND PRIX DE PARIS.

The entries to the Grand Prix de Paris 1884, (won last year by Foxhall) to which $20,000 is added close at midnight July 11. Entries to this valuable stake can be made by American horse owners to the secretary of the American jockey club.

THE ST. LEGER SWEEP.

The London Derby sweepstakes club has issued its prospectus for their second St. Leger sweep. It provides for 1200 members at $2 each, and the prizes are to be in triplicate thus: Three first horses, or winners, at $200 each, $600; three second horses, at $125 each, $375; three third horses, at $75 each, $225; starters (in triplicate) not placed, $1200; less 10 per cent for expenses.

WOMEN RACING.

ROCHESTER, N.Y., July 4.—In the ten mile running race for a purse of $4000 this afternoon, between Miss Myrtie Peek of Michigan and Miss Lizzie Pinneo of Colorado, Miss Peek won; time 26 min. 34 sec. and 27 min. 9 sec. Miss Peek made nine changes and Miss Pinneo seven. Miss Peek had an easy victory. Much faster time would have been made had it not been for rain.

NEWMARKET JULY MEETING.

LONDON, July 4.—The Newmarket July meeting was inaugurated to-day. July stakes, 2-years old, 5 furlongs and 136 yards, won by MacHeath, Fulmer 2d, Syndram 3d, eight ran; betting before start 5 to 4 on MacHeath. Maiden plate, 2-year olds, 5 furlongs, won by Rosebery's Coleur de Rose, Forester's Canon 2d, Rothschild's Biserta 3d; 15 ran including P. Lorillard's Wenonah.

BASEBALL GAMES YESTERDAY.

The league club played two games each yesterday.

At Buffalo—Buffalo 9, Worcester 5; Buffalo 18, Worcester 12.

At Cleveland—Cleveland 1, Providence 5; Cleveland 4, Providence 1.

At Detroit—Detroit 2, Boston 1; Detroit 1, Boston 14.

At Chicago—Chicago 5, Troy 1; Chicago 9, Troy 5—twelve innings.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati 1, Athletics 6.

THE BOSTON REGATTA.

BOSTON, July 4.—The Charles river regatta to-day was witnessed by twelve thousand people. Professional sculls, three miles with turn: Lee of Newark, New Jersey won the first prize in 20 m. 48 s., Hamm of Halifax 2d. The other starters were Riley, Plaisted, Hosmer and Conley. Single scull working boat race: S. Goodin won in 22 m. 24 s. Amateur sculls: Kerley won in 21 m. 54 s., Buckley 2d, O'Brien 3d. Double sculls: Plaisted and Hill won, Hooper and Mate 2d; time 21 m. 32 s. Amateur four oared race: Middlesex won, Columbian 2d, Bradford 3d, Shawmuts 3rd; time 20 m. 45 s.

SHAMROCKS V. CORNWALL INDIANS.

The Cornwall Island Indians and the Shamrocks entered the field at Montreal punctually on Saturday afternoon notwithstanding the heavy rain which never ceased falling. It had been announced that there would be "no postponement," a fact which brought a number of spectators to witness the match. The reds were soon found to be well up in the game, and they presented a very strong front to the champions. In the two first games the Shamrocks put in some very rapid and decisive play, which resulted in their winning the first game in one minute and the second in one minute and a half. The Indians, however, resolved that there would be no third repetition of such quick work; they brought all their coolness, endurance and skill into play, and fought the Shamrocks in a masterly manner until they scored their first game in 36 minutes. The contest was beginning to get exciting, and during the fourth game the struggle was one of the finest witnessed for some time; it was a real tug of war, both teams playing for all they were worth. The reds again came out ahead, putting the ball through the goals after 20 minutes of magnificent play. Both teams now stood equal, and what the result would be became a matter of serious debate and of much doubt. The fifth game was started, but after 10 minutes play the referee called "time" as the hour named to stop the play had arrived. The match was consequently declared a draw, and the contest was brought to a close with the rain still falling.

Lady Hobart's Visit.

Lady Hobart and her son, Lord Hobart, and daughter, the Hon. Miss Hobart, arrived at Quebec from Liverpool per steamship Circassian on Friday last. They immediately went on to Montreal. Lady Hobart is well known both in England and Canada as an earnest promoter of emigration, over 3000 persons having come to Canada under her auspices since 1870. She is visiting the country at present purely on emigration business. On Monday night she went to Ottawa, whence she will proceed to the west and visit some of those whom she sent out in times past and are there settled. It is stated that she may go as far as Winnipeg, taking notes of the country and its elegibility as a home for emigrants with a view to inducing many to come out and settle on her return to England. She is expected in Toronto in a day or so.

In New Quarters.

From the Berlin News.

The Toronto World has removed into very fine new quarters, only a few doors west of the Globe office. The World is a capital paper and is evidently come to stay. All doubts on that score seem to have disappeared.

SONNETS.

FOR THE WORLD—BY MERLIN.

I.

What God doth rule the heart of jealousy
And throne distrust where confidence should reign?
What power malign doth lure to misery,
And sting the bosom with relentless pain!
Why must we love where love is but in vain?
Why must we lavish kindness but to see
Kindness all wasted like the summer rain
Upon the barren rocks, unfruitfully!
Or like the waters on the sandy shore,
Vanished so soon where floods had sunk before!

II.

Oh Hope, as false and fickle as the morn,
All golden promises of perfect day;
Yet ere an hour on fretful whirlwinds borne,
Black clouds have swept the gilding all away!
And nature weeps o'er morn's deceitful ray!
Oh Hope! oh morn? oh love's young promise fair!
We yield you up our hearts, and what our pay?
To be requited with a vacant stare!
Shielding your cr me with affectations screen,
When we do ask you know not what we mean!

EXECUTION BY ELECTRICITY.

How to Obviate Bungling at Hangings—A Hamilton Man's Invention

From the Hamilton Times

A few days ago a correspondent of the Times suggested that the horrors of bungled hangings could be obviated by the employment of electricity to kill condemned criminals. A Hamilton inventor has prepared a machine designed to take the place of the gallows rope, which he believes will do the work with neatness and despatch. It consists of a metal collar to fit the neck and an adjustable platform, the location of which can be varied to suit the height of the criminal. These are attached to a wooden wall. By touching a spring behind this wall the platform on which the criminal stands is made to drop, and simultaneously a metal plate is pushed suddenly through an aperture in the plank against the back of the criminal's neck, with sufficient force to break the neck if so desired, or to produce death by strangulation if that mode of punishment is preferred. The body will be left hanging by the neck between the collar and the plate, and to remove it a button is turned and the collar opened on its hinge. The inventor has got up a full sized machine and also a model, which he is prepared to submit to the inspection of an agent of the minister of justice, in case the government should decide to render impossible the repetition of such legal atrocities as that which took place at the Vankoughnet hanging in Kingston.

—TO ALL STRIKERS.—Strikers would do well to consider Guinane's liberal offer before going elsewhere. They are in sympathy with the present movement, and to show that they are they agree to supply from their splendid assortment—the largest in the city—of boots and shoes, trunks and valices, any goods strikers need at actual wholesale prices, which they will guarantee is 25 per cent below the retail price. Need we say Guinane's immense boot and shoe emporium is at 215 Yonge street, three doors south of Albert. 246

TENDERS.

Loyal Orange Lodge of Toronto.

TENDERS

Will be received by the undersigned, up to

FRIDAY, 7th of JULY, at noon,

For the exclusive

Privilege of Selling Refreshments

on the Industrial Exhibiton Grounds, on WEDNESDAY, JULY 12th.

Temperance drinks only permitted. Parties tendering will be required to pay over the amount as stated in their tender on Friday evening. The purchaser will have the exclusive privilege of sub-letting refreshment booths, and places for games and amusements not included in the regular program.

By order of the committee.

FRANK SOMERS, Chairman,
129 Elizabeth street.

3

STEAMERS.

The Peerless Excursion Steamer

EMPRESS OF INDIA.

From Custom house and Queen's wharves for

GRIMSBY CAMP every Tuesday and Friday at 9 a.m. Returning leaves at 4 p.m. Fare 50 cts., children 25 cts.

OLCOTT—The great peach orchard. Lovely groves. Delightfully situated. On Wednesday at 8 a.m. Returning leaves at 4 p.m. Fare 50 cts., children 25 cts.

WHITBY—On Thursday, at 4.15 p.m. Returning about 11 p.m. Fare 50 cts., children 25 cts.

GRIMSBY CAMP, Saturday afternoon.
Book tickets for sale—10 for $2; 20 for $4.

E. H. VANDUSEN, Captain. C. J. MCCUAIG, Manager.

LORNE PARK

EXCURSIONS BY

STR. RUPERT

From Mowat's Wharf and Queen's Wharf at 10 a.m. and 2 p.m., returning at 12 noon and 6 p.m.

GRAND EXCURSION BY

MOONLIGHT,

with the Park illuminated, every WEDNESDAY EVENING at 8 o'clock, leaving Park at 11, with full Brass and String Band.

Special excursions every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon with Brass and String Band.

RETURN TICKETS 25 CTS.

Excursions carried from all points.

W. E. CORNELL, For Steamer. WM. LENNOX & CO., For Park

HANLAN'S POINT.

THE STEAMER

JESSIE McEDWARDS

WILL LEAVE

MOWAT'S WHARF

Every Half Hour for

HANLAN'S POINT.

CAPTAIN TYMON.

25

TOBACCOS.

FRESH SUPPLIES

OF

LEMESURIER & SONS'

CUT TOBACCOS

AS FOLLOWS:

Seal of Canada, Mayfair Old Virginia, People's Favorite, Gold Clip, Prince Imperial, Cavendish, Painkiller and Mild Cut.

ROBT. SHIELDS & CO.,

AGENTS FOR ONTARIO

36 Front Street East,

TORONTO.

MEDICAL.

A NEW TREATMENT

FOR THE RAPID AND PERMANENT

CURE OF

CATARRH,

Which is not a patent medicine or advertising doctors' humbug, but an honest remedy, discovered by an English Physician of forty years standing, and which absolutely cures this hitherto incurable disease in from one to three treatments, no matter whether standing one year or forty years.

TO BE HAD ONLY OF

A. H. DIXON & SON,

307 KING STREET WEST, - - TORONTO, CANADA.

WHAT IS CATARRH?

Catarrh is a muco-purulent discharge caused by the presence and development of the vegetable parasite amœba in the internal lining membrane of the nose. This parasite is only developed under favourable circumstances, and these are: morbid state of the blood, as the blighted corpuscle of tubercle, the germ poison of syphilis, mercury, toxœmes, from retention of the affected matter of the skin, suppressed perspiration, badly ventilated rooms, insufficient clothing, and other poisons that are germinated in the blood. These poisons keep the natural lining membrane of the nose in a constant state of irritation, ever ready for the deposit of the seeds of these germs, which spread up the nostrils and down the fauces or back part of the mouth, causing ulceration of the throat; up the eustachian tubes, causing deafness; burrowing in the vocal cords, causing hoarseness; usurping the proper structure of the bronchial tubes, ending in pulmonary consumption and death.

A great variety of symptoms are present in this affection, which are modified by the specific poison which gives rise to it, to wit:—tubercle, syphilis, mercury, suppressed function of the skin and toxœmea generally, but they consist chiefly of languor, lassitude, debility, mal-assimilation, derangement of secretions, great depression of the nervous system, with or without fever; aching; a bruised or beat feeling all over; confused feelings in the head; cerebral disturbance.

The want of proper respiratory function of the skin and the local pressure of the parasite give rise to coryza, tonsilitis, sneezing, a sense of fullness, stuffing of the passages, soreness in swallowing, irritative cough, tightness of chest, dry or moist rales, hemorrhages.

There may be a discharge quite heavy if the parasite causes great nervous irritation, which promotes secretion. It may be dry if the multiplication and duplication of the parasite is active. The increased pungent odor of ozœna is never present until the spores or roots of the germ penetrate to the cartilages of the nose, then the parasitical formation makes rapid inroads into the healthy structure of the nose.

Catarrh is usually met in three stages. First—A simple parasitical development of the internal lining membrane of the nose, with or without a discharge. Second—Where the roots or spores or sporules of the amœba have penetrated to the bone or cartilages-ozœna. Third—Where the parasite has spread and propagated by millions in the nose, posterior nares, up the eustachian tubes, down the fauces, vocal cords and bronchi, causing excessive parasitical ulceration and destruction of tissue, the parasite usurping the normal structure.

The mode of propagation is by contagion, or infection, or both—hence its prevalence in families, districts, etc. The parasite develops itself rapidly, so much so that millions are elaborated in a short space of time. The effect of this formation upon the nervous system is to impair vital force, produce general nervous irritation, a depreciation of the vasomotor nerves. Cold in itself cannot produce Catarrh, it simply produces an irritation, a field for the propagation of the parasite. A large percentage of our population are affected with Catarrh, and its effects are not only ulceration and destruction, with pungent fetid odor, loss of the nasal bone, ulceration of fauces and throat, destruction of the larynx with loss of voice, a usurpation of the bronchial mucus membrane, a filling up of the air vesicles with the germ parasite, but bronchial or pulmonary consumption and death. The vegetable parasite is the simplest living form known that lives upon organs; structureless, consisting of semi-fluid material; large or small in size, these masses can move in any direction and propagate indefinitely; these parasites may breed, feed and propagate upon the structure themselves. They increase very simply by spores or roots, and so long as a pedicle or root remains they will germinate. No intelligent person doubts that Catarrh and Ozœna is a parasite, since it is endorsed by the most eminent scientists in the world, such as Tyndall, Hawxley and Beale.

Many attempts have been made to discover a cure for this distressing disease, by the use of inhalants and other ingenious devices (old exploded theories which no intelligent physician prescribes at the present day), but *none of these treatments can do a particle of good until the amœba are either destroyed or removed from the mucus tissue.*

This we are enabled to do in from one to three applications where the bone is not affected, but where the bone is affected a second or third extra treatment may be required.

We state, in all confidence, to the public that we believe ourselves able to cure every case of Catarrh that is presented to us, whether standing one year or forty years. This is proved by the success that has attended our treatment thus far.

We have certificates of cures, many of them in cases of very long standing, that had baffled all the preparations of the day, as well as the medical profession; and we have never yet failed to give every satisfaction in a single case. Every attention is given to patients, and we spare no trouble in cases of very long standing.

The remedy and apparatus, which is so simple that a child can readily understand it, is furnished to the patient, and the treatment can be applied without loss of time or interference with occupation.

To those who are suffering from deafness caused by catarrh, we would say that the above treatment has been successful in restoring the hearing in a great number of cases, where the patient was almost entirely deaf.

Our experience for the past eighteen years demonstrates beyond a doubt that the greater majority of cases, no matter whether standing for one year or forty years, are permanently cured by one treatment—cures effected over a year ago being *cures still.* A very small percentage of cases require a second treatment, and a third is not necessary in more than two cases out of a hundred.

The most offensive odour, hoarseness, loss of voice, headaches, languor, weak eyes, etc., caused by Catarrh, are removed by one treatment.

Sufferers are particularly requested not to confound our remedy with patent medicines, quack, or advertising doctors' nostrums—it is neither—but an honest cure for Catarrh, as thousands who have been cured can testify.

We have been offered heavy inducements by numerous patent medicine dealers to allow them to sell our remedy to Druggists throughout the United States and Canada, as there is an extensive enquiry for it from all parts of the country. But after giving their propositions our serious consideration we have come to the conclusion that we cannot do this, there being so many different stages of Catarrh, the remedy must be prepared expressly for the patient after receiving a description of the case in order to effect a cure. Old and young, male and female, all require different treatment, and were we to place our remedy in the hands of the druggists we would be forced to prepare it all alike, in which case it would fail continually in effecting a cure, and the consequences would be that our remedy (invaluable when properly prescribed) would soon be classed among the patent medicine humbugs now on the market.

N.B.—As we wish to avoid the very appearance of quackery, we do not publish a long list of certificates of cures, such being the system employed by quacks and dealers in all kinds of nostrums, but prefer that the remedy shall stand upon its merits. At the same time we think that the public are entitled to references as to our reliability and integrity before forwarding their money for the remedy, and we submit the following well known names of Toronto (Canada) business men:—Wm. Norris & Son, Wholesale Piano Dealers; E. H. Tallmadge & Co., Wholesale Druggists; Hunter & Co., Wholesale Picture Dealers; Taylor & Wilson, Cigar Manufacturers; Stuart W. Johnston, Retail Druggist.

In writing to either of the above, a stamped directed envelope should be enclosed to ensure a reply.

The following letters are samples of many received by us, and which go to show that our treatment effects *a rapid and permanent cure*:—

TORONTO, Dec. 27, 1881.

Mr. A. H. Dixon, No. 307 King St., West.

DEAR SIR,—As you asked me to write and report my condition after using your remedy for catarrh, I would say that I have had a very satisfactory experience with your treatment. As I informed you when I first called, mine was a very aggravated case of over ten year's duration, the discharge and odour being something frightful, so much so that I was obliged at times to isolate myself from society. I have placed myself at different times under the treatment of five different eminent English physicians and specialists in the Old Country, and after a treatment of greater or less length they pronounced me incurable. I certainly never received a particle of benefit from any quarter until I tried your treatment, *three weeks after commencing which, I was entirely rid of my catarrh, and am now a sound man.* Your cure is a perfect boon to sufferers from this chronic complaint, and I do not think that you will ever meet a case that you cannot cure. I shall shortly call on you to make arrangements to send some of your remedy to a near friend in Scotland who is suffering similarly.

Yours very truly,
J. M. NICHOLSON,
Winnipeg, Man.

THOROLD, Nov. 1, 1881.

A. H. Dixon, Esq., Toronto:

SIR,—I have great pleasure in informing you that after *one treatment of your catarrh remedy, I am entirely recovered.* I suffered from the disease for over three years, and during the last few months the catarrh was most aggravated. In fact, I scarcely had my handkerchief out of use for a moment. *It is now six months since I was cured, and there is no return of the complaint.* I regard my recovery as a wonderful one.

I remain, yours truly,
[Signed] FRANCIS BROWN,
Some time Superintendent of the *Mail* building, Toronto.

TORONTO, Dec. 20, 1881.

Mr. A. H. Dixon:

DEAR SIR,—I deem it my duty, in the interest of those who are suffering from catarrh, to state that I suffered from this dreadful disease in a very aggravated form for a period of fifteen years. I was under the treatment of (here comes the name of a prominent specialist and physician, which, for obvious reasons, is omitted) for a year, he having guaranteed me a cure, without deriving the slightest benefit. I have also tried other treatments with a similar result, and which had the effect of thoroughly discouraging me. Finally, hearing that you had a cure for this disease, I called on you, and was treated by your method on the 7th of November, 1880, and in *ten days thereafter I was completely cured by one treatment, and I have had no return of the disease since that time, which is now over a year ago.* Judging from the effects of your treatment on myself, I am satisfied that yours is the only treatment for catarrh which will effect a permanent cure.

I remain, yours truly,
WILSON McWHINNEY,
Waterford, Ont.

TORONTO, April, 22, 1882.

A. H. Dixon, Esq., 307 King St., West.

DEAR SIR,—We take pleasure in stating that our junior partner, who had for years been troubled with catarrh, was successfully cured by three treatments of your remedy. The catarrh was much aggravated with continual dropping into the throat, accompanied by loss of voice, hawking and spitting and blocking up of the nostrils, all of which we are pleased to say disappeared almost immediately after the remedy was applied. Your remedy is certainly an invaluable one and we hope all who may be suffering from this disagreeable disease will give it a trial as we are satisfied they will find it a complete success.

Yours very truly,
WM. NORRIS & SON,
Wholesale Pianos and Organs,
No. 8 Adelaide St., East.