PUBLIC LIBRARY
LONDON, ONT.

4 P. M. EDITION

London Advertiser

Read Small Ads. ON PAGE 3.

40TH YEAR. NO. 17056 | THE ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1903. | PRICE TWO CENTS.

Hot Shot for Roosevelt From Despoiled Colombia

Little Republic Hits Out and Calls Some Hard Names.

Appeals to American People to Resent Government's Treachery

Says the United States Has Violated Its Word and Compromised Honor of the Nation.

New York, Nov. 19. — In response to a request telegraphed to Bogota with a view to ascertaining the attitude of the press and people of Colombia concerning the isthmian situation, the following, delayed in transmission, has just been received: Bogota, Nov 16—The Colombian people protest and appeal to the American people against the conduct of the Government, presided over by Mr. Roosevelt. The United States is solemnly obliged by the treaty of 1846 to guarantee the rights of property and the sovereignty of Colombia in Panama.

Now the American Government has violated its word and hence has compromised the honor of the American people. Colombia has wished and wished that the United States shall open the canal through Colombian territory. The disapproval of the Hay-Herran treaty was due to constitutional obstructions, which can be legally removed by the Colombian people and which were made worse by the diplomatic courtesies of the department of state and its representatives here.

The American Government through Secretary Hay, contrary to the practices of right and international law, immediately recognized a so-called Government suddenly arisen in Panama from a coup d'etat, accomplished by acts of treason and by the bribing of the troops.

The American armed forces treacherously prevented the suppression of the rebel movement by the loyal Colombian army. The American Government is also aiding to despoil Colombia of another part of its valuable territory, besides that of Panama, and, forgetful of its immense power, is therefore inciting against us the covetousness of other nations. The American people must decide between the sacred rights of Colombia and the scandalously notorious interests of the Panama Canal Company. Civil wars will disappear in these countries, which are now open to American enterprises, and which will be their best markets by a wholesome expansion of the commerce and the capital of the United States, and not by bringing into them bad faith and dishonesty.

It is not the tradition of the United States which by gigantic efforts prevented the cessation of those southern states that wanted to dismember the union, to unjustly provoke and back and sustain the dismemberment of other sister republics.

It is inconceivable that what the American people can obtain by just and clean means the Government contrives to obtain by violating its good faith and honest traditions in order to subserve electoral ambitions. It is not conceivable that the great nation to whom the world owes so many conquests and liberal doctrines in the field of international law should forget them when dealing with a weak and friendly country that has no other means of defense than its solemn protest to the American people; that it should ignore the advice of its noble founder and the memory of the counsels of the grand Lincoln, which have made it great and respected—it is not conceivable that such a nation should adopt such a high-handed policy of vandalism.

It is not conceivable that the great and generous daughter of Washington, the most powerful country in existence, should want to humiliate and despoil the glorious daughter of Bolivar.

The Colombian people neither hope to receive nor wish to ask help from any other nation, but trust only in its indisputable rights, and expect that these will be upheld by the spirit of fair play and independence of the American people.

To the Associated Press of the United States, in behalf of the Associated Press of Colombia.

(Signed), EL NUEVO TIEMPO.

Dowie for Paris.

Paris, Nov. 19.—An invasion of this city by the Zion restoration host is not considered improbable. Mrs. Dowie, who is now here, said that Paris was an inviting field for Dowieite endeavor, and intimated that a great Zion stronghold would yet arise under the shadow of Notre Dame. Mrs. Dowie positively declared that the invasion of New York was a success, and that the Zion seed sown there would yet bear an abundant harvest. She strongly denied the rumors that she was carrying a large sum of money to Australia, and denounced as godless the reporters of the American press, who she said, had caused such reports to be spread in European centers.

A WORKINGMEN'S CLUB

Magnificent Edifice To Be Erected In New York.

New York, Nov. 19. — This city is to be the home of the most costly clubhouse for workingmen in the United States. The plans are already prepared for the structure, which is to be in East Eighty-fourth street, near Third avenue, and today they were filed with the bureau of buildings for approval. It is expected the building will be begun early in the spring. The clubhouse will be five stories high, occupy a lot 100 by 102 feet in area and cost $200,000.

The facilities for mental and physical culture are to be the best obtainable. The gymnasium will be 60 feet long, 40 feet wide, and 24 feet high, with a runninik track to occupy a portion of the first floor.

Class and lecture rooms and library are provided, the intention being to have regular courses of lectures, debates and studies for the members. A large ballroom, 60x62 feet in area, will be arranged, with a stage for theatrical entertainments and musicals. This room is to have a gallery which will provide seating capacity for 1,500 persons.

On the first floor will be a bar and cafe with reading and billiard rooms. The second floor will be devoted to the library and classrooms. The third floor will be divided into many small meeting rooms, and the fourth floor devoted largely to the use of women members. On this floor will be a large dining-hall and parlor. The ballroom will be on the fifth floor.

MRS. NATION WAS EJECTED

Was Refused Audience With Roosevelt and Got Noisy.

Washington, Nov. 19.—Carrie Nation was forcibly ejected from the executive offices this morning. She called there early and demanded to see the President. Secretary Loeb declined to allow her to see Mr. Roosevelt and she became so demonstrative that he called upon two officers to remove her. She continued to shout so loud that it was necessary to take her out of the grounds. As she left the building she shouted: "I am going to pray for a prohibitionist President. One who will represent the people and not the distillers and brewers."

THE CABLE SNAPPED

Two Young Ladies Drowned in Ferry Disaster.

Port Jervis, N. Y., Nov. 19. — Miss Emma Gebhard and Miss Lizzie Schumacker, were drowned late last night. The young women had attended a ball at Port Jervis and started for Mattamoras, Pa., across the river, accompanied by Frank Allman.

In the middle of the river the ferry cable snapped and the boat capsized. An attempt to rescue the young women was made, but the swift current swept the bodies out of reach.

The ferryman caught the broken cable of a ruined bridge, which extended into the river and was rescued in a boat. Allman was carried downstream for half a mile and then rescued.

THE NEWARKET HORROR

A Coroner's Jury Investigating the Disaster.

Newmarket, Ont., Nov. 19. — The coroner's jury, which was impaneled this morning at 10 o'clock to inquire into the death of John Agnew, one of the victims of the fatal disaster at the United Factories, yesterday, met before Coroner Greenwood in the council chamber, whence they proceeded to Undertaker Rodehouse's and viewed Agnew's remains. The jury then adjourned until Thursday evening, Nov. 26.

ANOTHER BARGAIN FOR UNCLE SAM

San Domingo Has Been Offered to the United States.

BUT WASHINGTON WON'T BUY

Offer Made by President Wos, Whs Realizes Desperate Position of His Country.

Washington, Nov. 19. — President Wos has offered to sell the Republic of San Domingo to the United States, but this country will not buy.

The proposition has not been formally laid before the state department, but there is no doubt that the first steps in this direction have been taken.

Gen. Giodani, confidential agent of the Dominican republic, has received directions from President Wos to endeavor to negotiate the sale. Giodani is now in New York.

It is believed that President Wos' action was determined by the desperate situation in which he finds himself at the hands of the rebels, who are reported to be about to take the capital city of San Domingo.

No reason is given why the United States will refuse to buy, but one high state department official remarked last night:

"Perhaps President Wos thinks we are in the business of buying republics that are on the bargain counter."

Washington, Nov. 18. — The state department today received a cablegram from Minister Powell, dated yesterday, in which he says:

"General attack on city of San Domingo last night. Baltimore landed marines for the protection of American interests."

In another cablegram, dated Nov. 16, also received today, Minister Powell says:

"Situation desperate and unchanged. City is constantly under fire of insurgents and shells are falling in the city. An assault is momentarily expected."

Several telegrams have been exchanged between Rear Admiral Taylor, chief of the bureau of navigation, and Commander Briggs, commanding the protected cruiser Baltimore, which vessel has been cruising in Dominican waters safeguarding the interests of the United States. Commander Briggs' reports indicate that the bombardments of San Domingo by the insurrectionists have been "hot."

OUT INTO THE COLD

Cold Snaps Brings Fires and Misery to New York Poor.

New York, Nov. 19.—The first cold snap of the season brought with it the customary fires from overheated stoves, and as a result the tenants of two tenament houses in the thickly populated downtown districts were driven into the streets early today. Abdul Tanore and his wife were severely burned in rescuing their 19-months-old babe, whose cradle stood near a red hot stove. The first fire was in a five-story tenement on Washington street, in the rear of which stod a six-story warehouse, filled with baled cotton and highly inflammable stuffs.

From the Tanore flat on the second floor, where it started, the fire spread rapidly to the third floor. The warehouse was saved, but the tenement was damaged to the extent of $15,000.

The second fire was in a six-story double tenement at Monroe and Clinton streets. There are eight families living on each floor. The noise of the approaching fire apparatus roused the tenements, and there was a terrific rush and scramble down the stairs, and for a time the fire escapes were jammed.

The 48 families turned out into the streets in their night clothes suffered intensely in the cold. No one was seriously injured and the damage was slight.

Fire at Oshawa.

Oshawa, Ont., Nov. 19. — About one o'clock this morning fire was discovered in Syke's sawmill, and before the fire brigade arrived it had gained such headway that the mill, with its contents, was burned to the ground, along with several sheds, and outbuildings, including the Christian Church shed. Some Bell telephone and C. P. R. telegraph poles were also burned. Syke's loss will be about $6,000; damages to church property about $600; no insurance.

SECESSION FROM CANADIAN CLUB

Dissatisfied Members Nucleus of New Organization.

TO FOSTER EMPIRE SENTIMENT

Think U. S. Is After Us—New Institution To Be Object Lesson Against Annexation.

Toronto, Nov. 19.—Yesterday, dissatisfied members of the Canadian Club met and formed an entirely new organization. Those who composed the nucleus of the new club are men most prominent in military, social and business circles, and the gathering was held upstairs in Webb's.

Each speaker expressed the conviction that Canada should strive to foster closer unity with England and that the Canadian Club as a whole must lose its true significance if statements to the contrary attributed to officers of the club were to be passed by unrebuked.

The meeting that occurred yesterday, at which a special committee was named to fix on a name for the new club, will have, it is said, as many as 700 out of the 800 members of the Canadian Club. It developed, both during and after the meeting proper, that many prominent members have resigned since the last annual meeting, at which the remarks that gave offense were uttered. The most prominent of the group that met yesterday included Lieut.-Col. Mason, Lincoln Hunter, J. P. Murray, of the Toronto Carpet Manufacturing Company, Noel Marshall, of the Standard Oil Company; E. Wyly Grier, the artist; Col. Stimson, Robert Duncan, assistant manager of the Manufacturers' Life Association; F. B. Fetherstonhaugh, the barrister and patent solicitor; J. B. Miller, of the Polson Iron Works; E. Strachan Cox, J. F. Stewart and Mr. Junkin.

The meeting was in response to letlets sent individual members, which stated that the present Canadian Club had become unwieldly and that many thought another and similar body might consequently well be formed. But that this was not the primary consideration was evidenced by all who spoke. Lieut.-Col. Mason occupied the chair. After luncheon he arose and addressed those assembled. In part he said:

"It has been considered advisabale for us to meet here to consider the expediency of forming a club, framed on lines somewhat similar to the Canadian Club, wherein members may have the opportunity of attending weekly meetings, at which addresses shall be delivered by men desirable to hear.

"There are various reasons for this. One is that the present Canadian Club already has awaiting a list of three hundred for admission; but a further reason exists caused by the attitude of officers of the present club towards the relations of Canada with the mother country. We feel that any talk of Canada's breaking loose from the mother country is deplorable, especially when we consider that such independence means ultimate absorption by the United States. (Hear, hear, and applause).

"The club we have in mind will have as its main feature the fostering and continuation of a closer connection with the empire in order to maintain our integral existence as a self-governing colony. If we seek a parallel as to what might be expected of the United States in case Canada stood alone, we have only to consider their recent action with regard to Panama." (Hear, hear.)

Lieut.-Col. Mason was followed by J. Castell Hopkins, Mr. Marshall, Lincoln Hunter, Mr. Duncan and F. B. Fetherstonhaugh.

Mr. Duncan stated that sentiment in the United States was all in favor of annexing Canada, and that all that was wanted was an opportunity to effect this project. Canada, he said, did not like the Yankee way of doing business. We wanted to trade under the British flag and would then be sure of proper treatment.

F. B. Fetherstonhaugh indorsed these views. Travel in the States and the views of clients from the United States had convinced him, he said, that the people of the United States looked upon Canada as destined to belong to that country.

J. P. Murray suggested that the name of the new club might be British Americaa. "In this club," he said, "we want to nail our colors to the mast We want it distinctly understood that there are enough people in this country who intend to remain British for all time. I have associated with me people from the United States who tell me it is absolutely their conviction that the United States is going to take Canada, and we want everyone to understand that we are just as certain that they won't." (Applause.)

It was resolved finally to make of the proposed club a reality—and the following committee was appointed: Messrs. Mason, Hunter, Murray, Marshall, Ex.-Ald. Stewart, Wyly Grier and Fetherstonhaugh.

It was decided to hold a full meeting shortly for definite organization.

WEATHER BULLETIN

Tomorrow—Cold; Snow Flurries.

London, Thursday, Nov. 19.
Sun rises..7:16 a.m. Moon rises..7:24 a.m.
Sun sets...4:50 p.m. Moon sets...5:34 p.m.
Toronto, Nov. 18—8 p.m.

Cold weather prevails throughout Canada, except in the Maritime Provinces, where, however, it is turning colder. The winds are still very strong over the lakes, attended by light snowfalls and flurries.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Calgary, 20 below—4; Edmonton, 14 below—6; Winnipeg, zero—12; Port Arthur, 6—16; Toronto, 20—30; Ottawa, 24—28; Montreal, 24—30; Quebec, 24—30; Halifax, 42—58.

Thursday, Nov. 19—8 a.m.

FORECASTS.

Westerly winds, decreasing tonight; fine and continued cold today and on Friday; a few local snow flurries.

Temperatures.

Stations.	8 a.m.	Min.	Weather.
Winnipeg	— 4	— 4	Clear
Toronto	24	20	Fair
Ottawa	20	18	Fair
Montreal	20	20	Fair
Quebec	18	16	Clear
Father Point	26	20	Cloudy

The sign — indicates "below zero."

WEATHER NOTES.

The cold wave shows signs of weakening over the western portion of the continent, but continued cold is still indicated for Ontario eastward. The winds on the lakes are likely to diminish.

Local temperatures: Wednesday—Highest, 28°; lowest, 15°.

GAME IN THE YUKON

So Plentiful That Beef Corner Has Been Crushed.

Dawson, Y. T., Nov. 19. — A great quantity of game is coming into the city. Caribou is especially very plentiful, and 400 were hunted up in a short time. The receipt of so much game will have the effect of crushing the beef corner caused by the early close of navigation. Civic politics are getting warm. D. A. McRae, a former resident of Wolfe Island, Ont., is spoken of for mayor. There is every promise of a hot campaign. James McDonald, of Inverness, N. S., has the best chance at present.

LYNCHEHAUN NOT FREE

Appeal Goes to the United States Supreme Court.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 19. — Joseph B. Kealing, United States district attorney, has received instructions from Washington to take an appeal to the United States supreme court from the decision of Circuit Judge Baker in upholding the habeas corpus proceedings brought by James Lynchehaun to obtain his release.

The appeal will be based on the decision in the habeas corpus proceedings, and not on the decision of Commissioner Moores in holding that Lynchehaun was a political prisoner.

Lynchehaun is the Irishman who was recently arrested and released in this city, where he had taken refuge to escape punishment for an assault, growing out of the land troubles in Ireland.

ARRESTED AT THE AMERICAN BORDER

Customs Officer Makes It Unpleasant for an Englishman.

WANTED TO PLACE HIM IN JAIL

Thought He Had Entered Canada by Way of a Canadian Port.

Toronto, Nov. 19. — D. Bernhard, a member of the firm of Ehrenback, Brumm & Co., manufacturers and export merchants, of Bradford and Manchester, England, who is in the city, relates an unpleasant experience of the harassing regulations which have been adopted with reference to foreigners entering the United States. Last Saturday he found it necessary to make a flying trip from Montreal to Detroit on business, and as the traing was crossing the boundary a uniformed official entered the Pullman car, and approaching Mr. Bernhard, inquired where he was going and whence he came. Mr. Bernhard made reply that he had come from Montreal, and was going to Detroit. "How long have you been in Canada?" was the next question. "Three weeks," was the reply, and the officer passed on. After interviewing three or four other persons who were in the car, the official returned, and in a pompous manner said: "You are my prisoner, sir. I arrest you." His victim, treating it as a joke, suggested that he thought he was not a prisoner, and inquired what offense he had committed. The officer replied that Bernhard would have to be identified, and that as it was too late to obtain identification that night, he would have to go to jail until 3 o'clock the next afternoon. Although his victim protested he had business connections in Detroit, by whom he could be identified, the officer was obdurate, but as a concession offered if the checks of his baggage were handed over the prisoner might go to a hotel for the night, at the same time exhibiting the checks which two other Englishmen had been forced to hand over as security under similar circumstances. As Mr. Bernhard had no baggage other than his grip he could not comply with the terms, and received the ultimatum that to jail he must go. In the meantime he had been doing some thinking, and as a last protest asked: "But if the law is as you say, why did not the authorities arrest me when I landed at New York three weeks ago before I went to Montreal?" The officer gasped with astonishment, and as soon as he gathered his wits, informed Mr. Bernhard that he was free to go where he pleased, adding that his authority only extended to foreigners landing at Canadian ports. Mr. Bernhard, who is justly indignant at the treatment he received, stated that when going to Russia, for instance, he knew that passports were needed, and provided himself with them. He had not, however, expected to be so treated in "the land of the free."

SISTERS DIE TOGETHER

It Is Believed They Deliberately Committed Suicide.

Rochester, Nov. 19. — The bodies of two women, at yet unidentified, were found in the Genesee River at Ballantine Bridge, three miles south of this city.

It is not improbable that the women were sisters, and that they had agreed to end their lives together. The bridge railing was marked with mud, as if from their shoes, and the indications are that they climbed over the railing and dropped into the river. They left no letter nor message. The two women were seen walking along the river bank early in the morning. They were about 35 years old. The name, "E. Miller," was on the underclothing of one. They were comfortably dressed and one had in her pocket $32 in bills, including a Canadian $2 bill, and some keys.

The Chicago Strike.

Chicago, Nov. 19. — Renewal of hostilities between the City Railway Company and the employes of the corporation began promptly today following the failure of attempts at arbitration. The first development in the warfare was a strike of all the teamsters in the employ of the company. In all sixty drivers quit work.

All London Turned Out to Welcome Italian Monarchs

Were Guests of the Lord Mayor and the City Corporation.

Military Pageant and Triumphal Arches for Victor and Helena.

An Anarchist Plot to Kill Tiny Italian Princess Unearthed at Rome.

London, Nov. 19.—The welcome of King Victor Emmanuel and Queen Helena of Italy, to London, as the guests of the lord mayor and corporation, today, was of a remarkable cordial character. From the moment of their arrival at Paddington station, the royal procession passed beneath one long canopy of bright colors and triumphal arches and masses of people gave their majesties a splendid reception. King Victor Emmanuel and Queen Helena were met at Paddington by Lord Grenfell and the headquarters staff. After a brief inspection of the guard of honor of Grenadiers, whose band welcomed the visitors with the Italian anthem, the King and Queen, attended by the Duke of Portland, entered King Edward's state landau. Five four-horsed state carriages contained the suites. A sovereign escort of the Life Guards attended their majesties and a military contingent brought up the rear of the royal cavalcade, which, as it left the station was received with rousing cheers.

Proceeding through Hyde Park, the King and Queen reached the Italian embassy, where was stationed a guard of honor of Garibaldian veterans. Entering the embassy, their majesties held a reception and received addresses from the Italian colony.

AN ANARCHIST PLOT.

Rome, Nov. 19.—The police believe that the anarchist who surrendered to the police at Lugano yesterday and who gives his name as Guiseppe Conti is a lunatic. Conti declared to the Swiss police that as the result of a plot of anarchists at Milan he had been sent to Berne to murder the president of the Swiss federation. He added that his three companions who were arrested at Milan should be selected to help him. The anarchists entered Switzerland in a carriage in order to escape observation by the police on the frontier.

The view of the police than Conti is insane appears to be correct, as Conti added that other groups of anarchists had decided to kill the Princess Mafalda, youngest daughter of the King of Italy, who will be one year old tomorrow. Conti insisted on the correctness of his statement, saying that the killing of the princess had been fixed for Nov. 26. The police, who promptly began a closer watch on the anarchists, have arrested two of them at St. Gothard, as they were entering Italy.

Turtle and Tongue.

Philadelphia, Nov. 19.—Until he has forgotten yesterday's experience, Jamie Craig will never again make faces at his pets. Jamie, whose years are 3, was playing with a pet turtle that is kept in a big bowl in the Craig house, 1311 Cambridge street. The turtle wanted to doze, and resented the youngster's playful jokes by snapping at his fingers. Jamie contemptuously put out his tongue. Click! the snapper closed his teeth on the tempting red morsel.

Vigorous howls brought Mrs. Craig, who found boy and turtle, half in the bowl, half on the floor, the former struggling furiously, and the latter hanging on with a relentless grip.

Mrs. Craig gathered up Jamie and the turtle and carried both to St. Joseph's Hospital, where a surgeon soon effected a separation.

THE VANCOUVER ELECTION

Premier McBride's Government Was Sustained.

Vancouver, B. C., Nov. 18.—The McBride Government rejoices tonight in a temporary reprieve, Attorney-General Wilson being re-elected by a majority of 971 over Captain J. Duff Stuart in the bye-election here. A total vote of 4,699 was polled, somewhat less than on the 3rd of October, of which Mr. Wilson secured 2,852 and Capt. Stuart 1,881. The victory is taken with becoming modesty, as to how it happened both parties are a trifle dazed. Undoubtedly the sanguine Liberals made a mistake in counting Labor as a natural ally, for the Labor vote proved Conservative, if anything more than an even break.

Again, as Mr. J. A. Macdonald, the Liberal leader, said in addressing a packed meeting of the vanquished, the Liberal organization had been imperfect, and in consequence the masses of the community who could not be induced to attend the public meetings did not comprehend the new and important issues of the hour.

Vancouver Liberals felt that they were right in standing for the principles at stake, and that their loss in a good cause will not prove vain, and they will begin reorganization tonight for an anticipated early general election.

THEY WANT SEPARATION

Chapel at Windsor Wishes To Be Independent.

Windsor, Ont., Nov. 19.—There is a movement on foot among the members of the congregation of the Chapel of the Ascension to petition Bishop Baldwin, of the Diocese of Huron, to permit the chapel people to sever all connection with All Saints' Church, and to have a rector, of their own.

There has been trouble between the two congregations for a number of years, and the recent appointment of Rev. Mr. Chadwick, as rector, has not had the expected result of satisfying the people who attend the chapel.

Dynamite Kills Three.

Kalaska, Mich., Nov. 19.—Three men were killed and one probably fatally injured early today by an explosion of dynamite in a store at Sharon, a village of 25 per sons, 16 miles from here.

COLLISION IN CHANNEL

Destroyer Runs Down Smack—All Hands Lost On Latter.

Devonport, Eng., Nov. 19.—The torpedo boat destroyer Falcon collided in the channel during the night with a fishing smack. The latter sunk and all hands aboard of her were drowned. The Falcon's bows were smashed and one of her crew was killed. She put into Devonport for repairs.

Scotch at Dawson.

Dawson, Y. T., Nov. 19. — Great preparations are being made for the celebration of St. Andrew's Day. A big ball will be given in the evening, and the attendance, it is thought, will be six hundred. The cost is estimated at $3,500.

Boer Party Defeated in Cape Colony Elections

British Progressives, Led By Dr. Jameson, Win a Bitter Contest.

Cape Town, Nov. 19. — A complete count of the votes cast in the election on Nov. 11 for members of the legislative council shows that instead of the Bond, or Dutch, element having gained a victory, as was expected, the Progressives, or British, have a majority of one in the council.

Cape Colony has been for some weeks past absorbed in a general election, in which Canadians, as in duty bound, took the keenest interest. The Africander Bond, under its various aliases, was working desperately for victory, which would mean the perpetuation of racial antagonism in Cape Colony, which is now the most serious political factor in the South African situation. Had fortune smiled on the bond, its leaders, Messrs. Merrimon and Sauer, would aspire to reproduce a situation similar to that existing before the war, but with Cape Colony in the position then occupied by the Transvaal, viz., as the center of Boer ambitions. With the Bond party routed, it will be many years before it will be able to regain control of the affairs of the colony.

The Progressives worked splendidly under the inspiring and single-minded leadership of Dr. Jameson, who revealed powers of organization and statesmanship unsuspected by his friends. The disfranchisement of the rebels increased their chances of success, but the Progressives were hampered by the wobbling attitude of the Moderates, or Mugwumps, who refused to declare themselves on either side, and who would probably have handed over the government to the Bond should they have secured the balance of power in the new House of Representatives.

The nominations for the legislative council closed with 29 candidates for 22 seats, and it was estimated that if the Progressives obtained the largest possible number of successes, they would number 15 members to 8 Bond members. The Bond, on the other hand, hoped to obtain 14 members to 9 Progressives.

A Workingman's Wit.

West Warren, Mass., Nov. 19.—While drilling through a stone wall today a piece of steel lodged deep in Napoleon Chicoine's eyeball. Charles Dufreene magnetized a knife which drew the steel splinter from Chicoine's eye. The attending physician declared Dufreene device better than surgery, which might have permanently injured the eyeball.

BLIZZARD-BOUND EMIGRANT PARTY

Several Families Snowed Up and Unable to Get Food in Montana.

Missoula, Montana, Nov. 19. — Word has been received from the Trout Creek district that there are several parties of emigrants along the Spokane road in the west end of Missoula county snowbound and on the verge of starvation. In one party near the Idaho border is a family of five, snowed up and without provisions or money. The family is living in an eight foot tent, with the snow up to the wagon bed, unable to get out or secure food for the stock.

Three other emigrant parties are reported along the trail snowed-up in the passes and all in a precarious condition. Efforts are being made to send out relief parties.

Consumption Cured by Russian Mining Engineer

Remarkable Effect of New Tuberculosis Specific—Government Interested.

Moscow, Nov. 19.—Remarkable cures of consumption have recently been effected in Russia by Kisel Zagoranski, formerly a mining engineer and now specially licensed by the Russian medical department to practice medicine in cases of tuberculosis.

Hearing a rumor that John R. Rockefeller, of the United States, had offered an immense prize for the discovery of a consumption cure, he consulted United States Consul Smith, who, with his brother, began a systematic observation of the cases of several patients, especially that of an English lady, an acquaintance of the consul, who had been given up by the doctors and was about to leave for England to die. She, however, submitted to Zagoranski's treatment, which was given under professional medical observation. At the end of a week the proportion of tuberculosis bacilli in the saliva had been reduced 10 per cent, and at the end of six weeks the patient had gained 22 pounds, and there was no trace of bacilli observable. This occurred last spring and the cure appears to be permanent.

In conversation with the Associated Press correspondent, W. E. Smith, brother of the consul cited other equally remarkable cases. Zagoranski's treatment, according to Mr. Smith consists merely in the drinking of his specific in large quantities, together with life in the open air, and the observance of a careful dietary.

Prince Oldenburg, a philanthropist of St. Petersburg, who maintains several hospitals in Russia and a big sanitarium in the Caucasus at his own expense, has offered to place three beds at Zagoranski's disposal in a St. Petersburg hospital, where he could accurately observe the results of the treatment.

Garroted, They Live.

Manila, Nov. 19.—It has come to light that two of four murderers, who were garroted at Amalag, Province of Cagayan, Oct. 31, and who were declared to be dead, are alive. The condemned men were left in the garrot eight minutes, and afterwards their supposed lifeless bodies were placed in a church. Three of them later showed signs of life. Two were resuscitated, but the third died.

ARABIANS WHIP TURKISH TROOPS

Two Attempts of Ottoman Soldiers to Advance Were Foiled.

Constantinople, Nov. 19.—The revolt in the vilayet of Yemen, Arabia, is extending southward. The Ottoman troops advancing on Hodaida were determinedly opposed by the revolted tribes and were forced to retreat. Another attempt to advance from Mokha failed, the Turkish troops being defeated.

The Mussulmans in the district of Kirk Kilisse have burned five Bulgarian villages in revenge for an attack made by the Bulgarians on the Mussulman village of Zarasa.