

Guelph Evening Mercury

VOL. VI. NO. 240 GUELPH, ONT., CANADA, MONDAY EVENING, MAY 12, 1873. PRICE ONE PENNY

Business Cards.

OLIVER & MCDONALD, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Notaries Public, &c. Office—Corner of Wyndham and Quebec Streets, up stairs, Guelph, Ont.

FREDERICK ESCOB, Barrister and Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office, corner of Wyndham and Quebec Streets.

STEPHEN BOLT, Architect, Contractor and Builder, Planning Mill, and every kind of Joiner's Work prepared for the day or job. Residence, Liverpool St., near Quebec street, Guelph.

CARVER & HATHERLY, Contractors, Well Sinkers and General Jobbers. Excavations of all kinds undertaken by the day or job. Residence, Liverpool St., near Ryan's ashery.

THORP'S HOTEL, Guelph, remodelled and newly furnished. Good accommodation for commercial travellers. Free omnibus to and from all trains. First class Library in connection. May 11 dwt J. A. S. THORP, Proprietor.

WILLIAM J. PATERSON, Official Assignee for the County of Wellington. Office—Opposite Town Hall, Guelph. dw

LEMON & PETERSON, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public. Office—Brownlow's New Buildings, near the Registry Office.

A. LEMON, H. W. PETERSON, CHAS. LEMON, County Clerks, Attorney at Law, Guelph, Ont.

GUTHRIE, WATT & CUTTEN, Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery. GUELPH, ONTARIO. GUTHRIE, WATT & CUTTEN, Guelph, March 1, 1873.

F. STURDY, House, Sign, & Ornamental Painter. GRAINER AND PAPER-HANGER. Shop next to the Wellington Hotel, Wyndham Street, Guelph.

IRON CASTINGS, Of all kinds, made to order at **CROWE'S IRON WORKS**, Norfolk Street, Guelph. 151w JOHN CROWE, Proprietor.

O'CONNOR'S BILLIARD HALL, IN THE QUEEN'S HOTEL, GUELPH, OPPOSITE THE MARKET. Refreshed in the latest fashion. Fivelandest style Billiard Tables. dw

W. H. TAYLOR, GARRAGE SILVER PLATER, GUELPH. All work warranted the best. Please send price list.

D. R. BROCK, OFFICE AND RESIDENCE. Directly opposite Chalmers' Church, Quebec street, Guelph. Dr. Brock having returned from the South will attend to all professional calls as usual.

ROBERT CRAWFORD, PRACTICAL Watch and Clock Maker, Jeweller. Wyndham Street, Guelph. Gold and Silver Watches, Chains, Rosettes, Rings, &c. Hair Plait and Device Work. Clocks and Time Pieces, Jewellery repaired and made to order. Plated Goods in variety. Guelph, Feb. 12, 1873.

J. M. MARRIOTT, Veterinary Surgeon, M. B. C. V. S. L. C. H. F. V. M. &c. Having lately arrived in Guelph from England, and taken up his residence here, is continuing the practice of his profession. Orders left at the Mercury Office, or at H. A. Kirkland's, Palace Street, opposite Howard's new foundry, will be promptly attended to. Having had great experience in all diseases of Horses and Cattle, all cases placed under his treatment will receive the greatest attention. Charges moderate. dw

IRON AND BRASS, Castings of all kinds made on short notice at **THE GUELPH UNION FOUNDRY**. We also keep on hand four qualities of **RABBITT METAL**. HARLEY & HEADER, Huskisson Street, Guelph. 111-113w

DOMINION SALOON, FRESH OYSTERS IN EVERY STYLE. to be had at this saloon. The best Liquors and Cigars always in stock. Guelph, Sept. 30, 1872. DENIS BUNYAN.

PRIZE DENTISTRY. DR. ROBERT CAMPBELL, Licentiate of Dental Surgery. Established 1864. Office next door to the "Advertiser" Office, Wyndham St., Guelph. Residence opposite Mr. Bond's Bakery. Street. Teeth extracted without pain. References, Drs. Clarke, Tuck, McGuire, Bond, McGregor, and Cowan, Guelph. Drs. Buchanan and Phillips, Toronto. Drs. Elliot, & Meyers, Dentists Toronto. dw

W. M. FOSTER, L. D. S., SURGEON DENTIST, GUELPH. Office over E. Harvey & Co's Drug Store, Wyndham and Macdonell-sts. Guelph. Nitrous Oxide (laughing gas) administered for the extraction of teeth without pain, which is perfectly safe and reliable. References kindly permitted to Drs. Herod Clarke, Tuck, McGuire, Bond, Cowan, and McGregor, Guelph; W. E. Graham, Dentist, Brampton.

New Advertisements.

APARTMENTS TO LET.—To let, apartments in a new house, convenient to the Market House. Apply at this office.

SEWING MACHINES FOR SALE.—For sale, several first-class Sewing Machines, different makes, all new, cheap for cash. Apply at the Mercury Office.

BOARDERS WANTED.—A few boarders can be accommodated at the house formerly occupied by the late Mr. Edward Carroll, Nottingham street, Guelph, May 1. Mrs. ROSS.

BUILDING SITE FOR SALE.—In town, well cultivated, well fenced, 41 acres, spring creek running across, 50 acres of fruit trees, 25 acres of corn, 25 acres of hay, 25 acres of wood. For particulars, apply to Robert Mitchell, No. 1, Day's Block.

TO LET.—With immediate possession, the stone cellars, rooms, offices, and upper story in Brownlow's Buildings, on Douglas street, near the Post Office. Apply to John Hodgson, or William Day, Guelph, Feb. 12, 1873.

\$5 to \$20 PER DAY. Agents wanted. All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine. 154w

TO RENT.—House and Park Lot, 23 acres, about one mile from the market. Comfortable house and good pump well on the premises; suitable for a market garden. Possession given immediately. Apply to the undersigned. HART, 23-25 Guelph, May 12-dt. No. 4 Day's Block.

MONEY TO LEND. In sums to suit borrowers. No solicitor's fees or commission charged. Apply direct to the undersigned. GUTHRIE, WATT & CUTTEN, April 24, 1873. dw

MONEY TO LEND. On farm security, at eight per cent. No commission charged. Apply to FRED. BISCOE, Barrister, &c. Guelph, April 4, 73-dwt.

COW STRAYED. Strayed from the neighborhood of Guelph last Fair Day, a dark red cow, about 10 years old; was just about calving when lost; she has a large, long leg. Any person returning her to the owner, John Ellis, on the rear of Rhyll's Hotel, will be rewarded. Mardon P. O., May 12. dw

20 MILCH COWS FOR SALE.—First-class milk cows, all either newly calved or about to calve, from \$25 to \$50 each. Apply to Gilbert Angus, stall No. 3, Guelph Market, or Springfield Cottage, York Road, Guelph, May 2, 1873. dw

POTATOES FOR SALE. Potatoes, suitable for all, and Culinary purposes, consisting of Early Rose, Peerless, Chimes, Russet, &c. Peas, Beans, &c. and all other kinds, wholesale and retail. Will be sold as cheap as they can be bought on the market, and delivered in any part of the town. JAMES HEWER, Grain Warehouse, Macdonell-st. Guelph, April 16, 1873. dw

CARD OF THANKS.—To E. Morris, Esq., Agent of the Travellers' Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn., at Guelph.

DR. BIRN.—I hereby beg to tender you, as Agent, and through you the Company, for the promissory note which they have paid my claim for injury received in February last by a fall on the **CARLISLE DAVIDSON**, Guelph, May 12, 73. dw

50 ACRES OF LAND FOR SALE IN PUSLINCH. Northwest Quarter of Lot 27, Con. 1, 9 miles from Guelph, 2 from Morrison or Aberfoyle, and 11 from Brock Road; comfortable house, and large lot of hay, and stables. Will be sold cheap, and on liberal terms of payment, or town property will be taken in exchange. Apply through Guelph Post Office, box 161, or to Messrs. Hart & Spiers, Guelph. 111-113w

MRS. PASS, Dress-maker, begs to thank the ladies of Guelph and vicinity for their hitherto very liberal patronage. Bags to announce that she is now prepared to undertake all orders entrusted to her in the newest fashions. Ladies desiring patterns can be supplied with the latest English, French and American novelties at moderate prices. Several apprentices wanted immediately. Residence—North Street, two doors above St. Andrew's Church. Guelph, April 25, 1873. 111-113w

WESLEY MARRIOTT, Sewing Machine Repairer. All orders promptly attended to. Shop on the corner of Vermont street, opposite Nelson Crescent, Guelph. 111-113w

SIX Boarders can be accommodated with first-class accommodation. Apply at the shop.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING

The Fashionable West End.

To the Ladies: We have during the past two years contemplated the establishment of a Dress Making Department, in connection with our other branches. The difficulty of obtaining a suitable person to take charge, has, up to the present time, only prevented us from doing so. We have now great pleasure in informing you that we have secured the services of Miss Morrison, of Toronto, a lady of first-class abilities, highly recommended to us, and we believe eminently qualified to give complete satisfaction in every respect. Miss Morrison has for the past few years occupied the position of cutter and fitter in one of the leading Fashionable Dress-making Establishments in the City of Toronto. Miss Morrison is also an experienced Mantle-maker, and all orders entrusted to her will be executed in a style equal to anything that can be obtained in the largest cities. Orders for these departments will be received on and after Monday next, the 13th of May. A. O. BUCHAN, Fashionable West End Dress, Mantle and Millinery Establishment.

Guelph Evening Mercury MONDAY EVENING, MAY 12, 1873.

Town and County News.

CRICKET.—Mount Forest has organized its Cricket Club for the season of 1873. President, Mr. John Sheppard; Vice President, Mr. H. Yarett; Sec.-Treasurer, Mr. J. C. Wilkes.

The *Meaford Monitor* is responsible for the statement that they have a curiosity in Euphrasia—"a lamb which walks about on two legs, and has only two." What next?

CHANGE.—Mr. R. White has sold out his interest in the *Durham Chronicle* to his partner, Mr. John Johnston. We hope that success may attend Mr. White in his new sphere, and that the *Chronicle* under its present proprietor may continue to prosper.

GUELPH DISTRICT MEETING.—On Thursday next all the Wesleyan Ministers of the Guelph District will meet at Elora for the transaction of business, with a number of laymen from the different Circuits. The session will continue two days, and some religious services will be held.

The *Herold* special from London says that John Stuart Mill died of phlegmonous erysipelas. It terminated fatally the third day after its appearance, closing the passages of the throat. Mr. Mill has left an autobiography ready for the press and several other completed works.

CRICKET.—The Elora Cricket club has been reorganized. Dr. Paget was elected President, Mr. Burns, Vice President, and Mr. Gavin, Secretary and Treasurer. It is the intention of the club to practice regularly; already they are preparing their bats and wickets.

TORONTO, GREY AND BRUCE RAILWAY.—We learn from the *Orangeville Sun* that work has again commenced on the Owen Sound extension of this railway. At the Orangeville end of the line there are two engines and a large number of men already at work ballasting the road and to all appearances it will not be long before this line will be ready for traffic to the Georgian Bay.

FOUND DEAD.—A respectable farmer named Joseph Hunter, who resided in the Gore of East Garafraxa, was found dead on Friday morning, in the entrance to the basement of Mrs. Elgie's hotel, in Orangeville. When last seen alive he was intoxicated, and it is supposed, that while walking along the sidewalk in this state, he lost his balance, and falling into the entrance, dislocated his neck, proving an instant death.

ELORA MANUFACTURING COMPANY.—The Company formed for the manufacture of carpets in Elora, held their first general meeting in the Dalby House on Wednesday afternoon. A code of by-laws having been adopted the meeting proceeded to elect a Board of Directors which resulted in the choice of the following gentlemen:—Messrs. J. M. Fraser, W. F. Findlay, R. DaBy, A. Waddell, W. H. Fraser, H. Graham, and D. Humble. Messrs. E. H. Newman, and Thos. Cannon were appointed Auditors. The Directors afterwards met when J. M. Fraser was elected President, W. F. Findlay Vice-President, E. Burns, Secretary, and W. Kingsley Treasurer.

SUDDEN DEATH.—We learn from the *Mount Forest Examiner* of the sudden death of Mr. Wm. Lackey at his residence in Orchardville on Tuesday morning last. He rose from bed seemingly in about his usual health; but, after a little, feeling unwell he laid himself down again, while Mrs. Lackey proceeded to prepare breakfast. Having everything ready she went to arouse him and found that he was apparently dying. She at once hastened across the street to procure medical assistance, and returned to find that he had almost ceased to live—the heart gave a couple of pulsations and all was at an end.

SUNDAY TRAFFIC ON RAILWAYS.—The *Mount Forest Examiner* says:—Complaint having been made before Messrs. Swan and McMullen, Justices of the Peace, that traffic had been carried on unremittingly for a number of Sundays past over the railway from this point, they determined to take steps to prevent it. Making their way to the station on Sunday morning last they found that a quantity of timber had been loaded and was shortly to be removed. Some little conversation was had with the officials when they deemed it prudent to cancel the train and the labors of the day ceased. If the superintendent cannot see his way clear to do all the week's work in six days, we have been assured that it will be made disagreeably plain to him some of these days.

Local and Other Items.

George Elliott received \$40,000 for writing "Middlemarch."

The Tavistock cheese factory consumes the milk of about 400 cows.

On Monday, the 26th inst., trains will resume running on the Canada Air Line.

The construction of the Toronto, Grey and Bruce Railway between Wroxeter and Teeswater is progressing rapidly.

There are some 150 men in Toronto already engaged to work in the silver mines at Thunder Bay. They expect to leave on Monday or very shortly for the scene of their labors.

A man named McDonough got into an altercation at St. John, P. Q., on Friday, with a very violent man, when the latter knocked him down and jumped upon him. The victim died in about two hours.

POISONED MILK.—A little girl in Norwich, Conn., was poisoned last Wednesday by drinking the milk in which a green milk ticklet had lain a couple of hours. The poison in the coloring matter had mixed with the milk. The child's life was saved by violent vomiting.

THE HEIGHT OF TOWNS.—The last report of the Fruit Growers Association gives the sea level of the principal cities and towns in Ontario. The places are given in alphabetical order, with the heights in feet as follows:—Barrie, 779; Belleville, 207; Goderich, 715; Hamilton, 325; Pembroke, 400; Peterborough, 629; Simcoe, 79; Stratford, 1,182; Toronto, 342; Windsor, 620. It will be seen from this that Stratford is by far the highest town in the Province.

BERLIN CRICKET CLUB.—A meeting of this club was held at the St. Nicholas hotel last week, when the following officers for the current year were elected:—Mr. H. F. J. Jackson, President; Mr. D. C. Chalmers, Secretary and Treasurer; Messrs. Scully, Smith and Nicholas, with the above officers, General and Match Committee. From the report of the Treasurer, which was read at the meeting, it appears that the club is in a flourishing condition.

The *Paisley Advertiser* says:—Fall wheat in the townships we have visited looks remarkably well, and promises an abundant yield, the dry weather which followed the disappearance of the snow, gave farmers a chance to push forward their spring work. Seed will, this season, be in the ground earlier than usual. Recent showers have advanced vegetation, notwithstanding the cold winds which have sometimes prevailed.

SAD ACCIDENT.—A very sad occurrence happened to a little girl about seven years old, a daughter of Mr. Alex. Bruce, of the firm of G. & A. Bruce, Builders, on Saturday morning last. It appears that she was playing with a tin tube and ran against something while she had it in her mouth, inflicting a terrible gash in the palate, and severing a piece of flesh from it, which got into the windpipe, and would, in all probability, have suffocated her had she not succeeded at last in withdrawing it with her fingers. Dr. Herod was called in and attempted to stop the wound, but finding it impossible, had to cut the hanging flesh off. She is doing as well as can be expected.

INCENDIARISM.—Shortly after 10 o'clock on Tuesday night, a barn belonging to Mr. George Amer, of Oregon Sound, was discovered to be on fire. Several entries and sleighs, together with a number of farming implements, were consumed by the building. Early on Wednesday morning a man named John Grieves called at the house of Constable Robert Vanweyke, and stated that he had set fire to the barn, and wished to give himself up to the proper authorities. He was committed to jail until Wednesday next, when he will be brought up for examination. He says he can assign no reason for the commission of the act other than that he was slightly under the influence of liquor. Grieves was in the employ of Mr. Wright, miller, and is about 30 years of age, and has been married a few weeks. Mr. Amer's loss is about \$700 over insurance.

OBITUARY.—On Tuesday afternoon, about two o'clock, Mr. Alexander Riggs, latterly editor of the *Planet*, and who has been connected with the press of Canada for nearly twenty years past, died at his residence, Adelaide street, after an illness of only two days' duration. Mr. Riggs, when we first knew him (in 1855) published a paper in St. Mary's; but he was not successful in its management, and publication was soon afterwards suspended. Since that time he has been connected with a number of Conservative papers in Ontario—among others the *London Herald* and the *Planet*. He started the *Volunteer Review* at Ottawa a few years ago, and subsequently published the *Dresden Gazette* for a year or more, but like others of his ventures, both enterprises proved unremunerative to him, and these journals fell into other hands. He was a ready writer, thoroughly conversant with the political history of Canada, and under more favorable circumstances, might have risen to a high position as a journalist. Mr. Riggs was about forty years of age.—*Chatham Planet*, May 7.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

Modes at Snow Mountain.

France and the Slave Trade.

Monarchists in Spain.

Horrible Occurrence.

Illness of the Pope.

Turned Queen's Evidence.

San Francisco, May 11.—The very latest news from the camp is that the Warm Spring scouts have found the Modocs in the Lava Beds four miles south of their old stronghold, near the foot of Snow Mountain, where they are strongly entrenched.

London, May 12, 6 a. m.—The French Government has given renewed assurance that it supports the action taken by England for the suppression of the slave trade on the east coast of Africa, and denies that the Sultan of Zanzibar has been authorized to rely on French protection.

Madrid, May 11.—The Monarchists have everywhere abstained from voting in the election for the Constituent Cortes.

London, May 12.—A special despatch to the *London Times* reports that a Russian picket party, under command of a Colonel in the Advance Guards of Gen. Kauffmann's column, were surprised by some Bokhanezh horsemen, and all put to death by impalement. Thirty officers and a few men were captured by the Kirghise between Orak and Kasanick.

New York 12.—Weather clear and warm.

Mordecai, who was reported to have been fatally shot in the Richmond, Va., duel, is now in a more favorable condition, and may recover.

Governor Dix, daughter and son-in-law, Mr. Blake, were overwhelmed with the announcement of the Governor's death yesterday, which was made by both the Rev. Dr. Hall and Taylor to their congregations, and is generally believed to have been signed by Dr. E. G. Payne, the Governor's aide-de-camp, finally relieved the suspense of the family with a telegram announcing the Governor in usual health. The telegram announcing the Governor's death was handed up to Dr. Hall as his services were being concluded, and was signed by Dr. E. G. Payne. The morning papers pronounce it one of the most malicious hoaxes ever perpetrated.

London, May 10.—Despatches from Rome say the Pope was too ill yesterday to receive a party of pilgrims from France.

Advisers from Cape Town, South Africa, just received here, state that the King of Ashantee, one of the most extensive and powerful kingdoms of West Africa, has declared war against Great Britain. An Ashantee army 35,000 strong, has marched from Coomassie, their capital, and is now threatening Elmina, a fortified town on the Guinea Coast. Much alarm exists, and preparations are being made for defence.

George Bidwell, one of the forgers implicated in the recent heavy bill frauds on the Bank of England, has turned Queen's evidence against his associates in the affair. It is now believed that Edward Noyes and others charged with the forgeries, will be speedily convicted.

THE POLARIS EXPEDITION

FURTHER PARTICULARS

Death of Captain Hall

Return of a Portion of the Crew

CAPTAIN TYSON'S STATEMENT.

In September, 1871, The Polaris entered winter quarters, and left August 12, 1872. The ice was very heavy, and set in a southerly direction. She was forced out, and so continued drifting till Capt. Tyson and party were driven from her. The sledging party crossed Kane's Polar sea, which they pronounced to be a strait about 15 miles wide. There was an appearance of open water to the north. The rescued party suffered very much during their dreary drift from hunger and cold. For the last two months they ate raw seal and Polar bear when they could get them. When met by the Tigris they showed evident signs of their great sufferings, but during the nine days they have been on board they have improved vastly and are now in fair health. The party are in charge of the United States Consul, and will arrive in St. Johns to-day (Monday).

The following statement was furnished by Capt. Tyson:—On the 24th of August, 1871, we left Tessinack and went through Smith's Sound. We succeeded in getting as far north as lat. 82 deg. 16 min., when we returned and wintered at Polaris Bay, lat. 81 deg. 35 min., long. 61 deg. 44 min. We were frozen up until the 5th Sept. On the 10th of Oct. Captain Hall started on a sledge journey north, and returned on the 24th, when he was taken sick, and died on the 8th of Nov. He was buried on the 11th. The attack that carried him off was said to be apoplexy. We passed Polaris Bay on the 18th of June, 1872. We attempted to reach the north with two boats. We hauled our other boat on shore and returned over land on the 8th of July. We started for home on the 12th of August, and on the 15th were beset with ice in lat. 80-82. We drifted from there down to lat. 77-35, when we encountered a heavy south-west gale, the ship being under heavy pressure. On the night of the 15th, we commenced landing provisions, &c., on the ice, the vessel being reported leaking very badly at times. We continued landing provisions for two or three hours, when the pressure ceased. I went on board the vessel and asked the sailing master if the vessel was making any more water than usual. He reported that she was not. I then went to the pumps and ascertained that she was not making any more than she had been doing all summer. I went on the ice, and again shortly after it began to crack, and in a few minutes afterwards broke in many places. The vessel broke from her fastenings, and was soon lost to sight in the darkness and storm. On the broken ice was most of our provisions to sustain the party through winter, and seeing nothing of the vessel, we attempted to reach shore, in hopes of finding the natives, to assist us in living through the winter. Getting about half-way to shore, with our heavily-laden boats, our progress became hard by reason of the drifting ice, and I was compelled to haul on the ice again. At this time I succeeded in saving 14 cans of pemmican, 11 bags of bread, 10 dozen one and two pound cans of meat and soup, 14 hams, and a small bag of chocolate weighing twenty pounds, some muk ox skins, blankets, and a number of rifles and ammunition. In the morning, knowing that I had not provisions enough and other articles of food, clothing, compasses, &c., on the abatement of the gale I endeavored to shoot as many seals as possible, both for food, light and fuel, but could only get three owing to bad weather having set in. I supposed the ice to be about 111 miles south-west. On its clearing up I found myself within about eight miles of what I supposed to be the east coast, and about 30 or 40 miles below the ship. The ice being weak I could not transport the boats and provisions to land until it grew stronger. While here I discovered my other boat, bread, &c., and saved all. The ice crew firm and I made another attempt to reach the shore, carrying everything in the boats and dragging them on their keel. The ice being exceedingly rough we were obliged to see the land on the 1st of November in getting about half-way to the shore. Night came on us and very stormy weather. In the morning the ice was broken and we were drifting southward very fast. We saw no more land for many days, but weather continuing all through the month of November. We built snow-houses, and made ourselves as comfortable as we could. We were ten white men, two Esquimaux, two women and five children in all. We succeeded in killing a few seals, which furnished us with light and fuel with which to warm our scanty allowance of food through the darkness of the Arctic winter. In the latter part of February we lived principally upon birds, and in March commenced to catch seals. Through that month we supported ourselves on seal's "fat" and seal's "liver," wearing neither skin nor entrails. We collected enough wood in this way to last us until the middle of May, but we were not driven to sea by a strong westerly gale in the latter part of March, our floe piece being then reduced from 5 miles in circumference to about 20 yards in diameter. We left the piece on the 1st of April, and abandoned nearly all of our meat, a large amount of ammunition, clothing, skins, and other articles, taking a portion of the meat in the boat, which we were obliged to throw overboard on account of the boat being so deeply laden. I regained the outer edge of the pack of ice on the 3rd of April, and succeeded in getting a little further in on the pack. On the 4th, a heavy north east gale set in, a heavy sea running under the ice, which broke it in small pieces, so that we had to live on small pieces, as we could not put the boat out, neither could we find seals for food, and we were reduced almost to starvation. On the 21st April we sighted a Polar bear. Every person was ordered to lie down and imitate the seal, while the two Esquimaux crept themselves behind a piece of ice, enticed the bear near enough to us to kill him. A few days after this we got our way in the water and worked our boat west and south-west, and continued to work on every opportunity to the westward in hope of reaching the Labrador coast and getting temporary relief. We were picked up by the steamship Tigris, Captain Bartlett, on the 30th April, in lat. 63, 35 north, long. 55 west, or near Wolf Island, and about 40 miles from land. The Polaris is without boats having lost two in trying to get north in the spring of 1872. The Tigris fell in with the party in a dense fog and