BOAT RACE AT NEW YORK .- Notwithnding the inclemency of the weather proposed trial between the New York 1 St. John clubs on Charles River was made on Saturday, resulting for a second time in the victory of the latter. The distance was six miles, or twice round a stake, placed one and a half miles distant from the starting point, at Branam's baths. The time made was—

1st round of 3 miles. 2d do. Neptune, of St. John, N. B., 19.30 22 30 James McKay, New York, 19.48 23.17

The Judges were J. D. Putman and James Wentworth, of New York, Capt. Thomas Cass and Charles Doherty, of Boston, acting as referee. The Neptune was built by Mr. Coyle, of St. John, is seven years old, and never lost a race.

Wrecked at the Magdalen Islands on the 10th ult, the bark Etheldred, 450 tons, Capt. Duncan, from Quebec bound to Swansea, Wales, laden with timber. Crew and part of materials saved—ship a total loss.

We understand that eleven men belong-ing to the 62d Regiment, deserted from the Citadel on Thursday evening last, carrying seven muskets and about eighty rounds of ball cartridge with them.—Halifax Journal.

(Per Telegraph to Reading Room.)

HALIFAX, Sept. 29.

The Am. steamship——arrived at New York beday. Dates from Liverpool to 19th inst. Consols were quoted early at opening at 933, to 933. Market, however, closed at 94. The money market was considered more strin-gent, though financial affairs are reported un-changed.

The market for Breadstuffs was co

more buoyant.

Wheat had advanced 2d. to 4d. per bushel.

Provision market in quiet state.

Affairs in Naples are becoming more serious.

## HASZARD'S GAZETTE

Saturday. October 3, 1856.

The people of Boston, Massachusetts have exected to the memory of Franklin, a statue, which was inaugurated with becoming pomp and solemnity, on the 17th September last. That this was right and proper for them to do, mo one will for a moment deny. He was a Bostonian. The part he played in life was important in the highest degree, whether as a politician or as a philosopher. In the former capacity he belongs exclusively to the people of Boston and America: in the latter, the whole civilized and scientific world claim a share in Boston and America; in the latter, the whole eivilized and scientific world claim a share in him, and never was a statue erected to a man in all respects so worthy of it. To those who may contemplate in the bronze the outward man of that hero, for hero certainly he was and in the best possible sense of the word, will not find their feelings of admiration and respect checked by the recollection of the piles of dead that must have been heaped up, and the agony and affliction that must have been endured by thousands of fathers, wives, widows and children in order to elevate him to his present position in the rank of fame. On the contrary, his was the honorable situation of the peacemaker, no part of the pedestal upon which a grateful and admiring posterity have terested his effigy has been cemented by blood. In the earlier periods of the world he would have been reverenced as a god. We give him the just and well deserved titles of philosopher and christian.

We select from the Boston paper a description of the abstraction of t

We select from the Boston paper a descrip-n of the statue.—

44 It is of bronze, and was cast by the Manufacturing Company, at Chicoppee, Mass. It is eight feet in height, and represents Franklin clad in an ordinary dress, his outside coat being far, which is traditionally a printer's material. The expression of the face in the plaster cast which we saw in the artist's studio, was noble and dignified. The bronze statue is now concealed from view, and will be unveiled to-day.

C. Winthrop pronounced the words "let it be unveiled" the national flags that had hitherto shielded it from the public gaze were dropped, and the orator thus proceeded.—

"And now behold him, by the magic p "And now behold him, by the magic power or native genius, once more restored to our sight! Behold him in the enjoyment of his cherished wish,—" revisiting. his native town and the grounds he used to frequent when a boy"! Behold him, re-appearing on the old school-house Green, which was the play-place of his early days,—henceforth to fulfil, in some de-gree, to the eye of every passer-by, the charm-ing vision of the Fairy Queen—

"A spacious court they see, Both plain and pleasant to be walked in

"A spacious court they see.
Both plain and pleasant to be walked in,
Where them does meet a FRANKLIN fair and free."
Behold him, with the fur collar and linings
which were the habitual badge of the master
printers of the olden times, and which many
an ancient portrait exhibits as the chosen decorations of not a few of the old philosophers,
too,—Galileo, Copernicus and Kepler,—who
held, like him. familiar commerce with the
skies! Behold him, with the scalloped pockets
and looped buttons and long Quaker-like vest
and breeches, in which he stood arraigned and
réviled before the Council of one Monarch, and
in which he proudly signed the Treaty of Alliance with another! Behold him, with the
"fine crab-tree walking-stick" which he bequenthed to "his friend and the friend of mankind, General Washington,"—saying so justly,
that "if it were a sceptre, he has merited it,
and would become it"!

Behold the man, to whom Washington himself wrote, for the consolation of his declining
strength.—a consolation more precious than

that "if it were a sceptre, he has merited it, and would become it"!

Behold the man, to whom Washington himself wrote, for the consolation of his declining strength,—a consolation more precious than all the compliments and distinctions which were ever showered upon him by philosophers or princes,—" If to be venerated for benevolence, if to be admired for talents, if to be esteemed for patriotism, if to be beloved for philanthropy, can gratify the human mind, you must have the pleasing consolation to know that you have not lived in vain. And I flatter myself that it will not be ranked among the least grateful occurrences of your life to be assured, so that so long as I retain my memory, you will be recollected with respect, veneration and affection by your sincere friend, Grong Washington;" Other honors may grow cheap, other laurels may fade and wither, other eulogiums may be forgotten, the solid brenze before us may moulder and crumble, but the man of whom it may be said that he enjoyed the sincere friend-ship, and secured the respect, veneration and affection of Washington, has won a title to the world's remembrance which the lapse of ages will only, strengthen and brighten.

Behold him, "the Sage of antiquity coming back to give austere lessons and generous examples to the moderns,"—the wind old man of his own Apologue of 1757, discoursing to the multitude of frugality and industry, of temperance and toleration!—Behold Poor Richard,—pointing the way to wealth and dealing out his proverbs of wit and wisdom,—that wisdom which "crieth at the gates" and "standeth by the way in the places of the paths,"—that wisdom "which dwells with prudence, and finds out knowledge of witty inventions!" Behold him, with that calm, mild, benevolent counternance, never clouded by anger or wrinkled by ill humor, but which beamed ever, as at this instant, with a love for his fellow-beings and "a perpetual desire to be a doer of good" to them all.

Behold him, Children of the Schools, boys and girls of Boston, bending to bestow the

\*\* It is of bronze, and was cast by the Ames Manufacturing Company, at Chicoppee, Mass. It is eight feet in height, and represents Frank-lin clad in an ordinary dress, his outside coat being fur, which is traditionally a printer's markerial. The expression of the face in the height cast which we saw in the artist's studio, was noble and dignified. The bronze statue is now concealed from view, and will be unveiled to day.

The site selected for the statue is the area in bront of the City Hall in School street, between the two gardens.

The statue is mounted on a pedestal of which the foundation is granite, surmounted by a lock of "verd-antique" marble, on each of the four sides of which will be placed a basalled representing a prominent scene in Frank-life representation of the City Hall in School street, between the two gardens.

The statue is mounted on a pedestal of which the foundation is granite, surmounted by a lock of "verd-antique" marble, on each of the four sides of which will be placed a basalled representing a prominent scene in Frank-life them all.

At the residence of the Bride's father, on the 17th allow of Chralottetown, P. E. island, to Charlest Denn, E. Standt, of Chralottetown, P. E. island, to Charlest Denn, E. Standt, of Chralottetown, P. E. islandt, of Chralottetown, P. E. islan

"Benjamin Franklin, Born in Boston, 17th
Jan, 1706."

"Died in Philadelfila, 17th Apail, 1790."
On the North side,
"Empure Calo Fulmen Sceptaumque Tyrannis."
On the East side,
"Declaration of American Independence, July 4th, 1776."
On the West side,
"The Treaty of Prace and Independence, 3n Septamber, 1783.
The top of the pedestal is ten feet from the ground.
The day selected for the celebration is the anniversary of the adoption of the Constitution of the United States."
When the orator of the day, the Hon. Robert C. Winthrop pronounced the words "let it be unveiled" the national flags that had hitherto of fame!

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The constitution of the Constitution of the United States."

of fame !

Behold him, and listen to him, one and all, Behold him, and listen to him, one and all, Citizens, Freemen, Patriots, Friends of Liberty and of Law, Lovers of the Constitution and the Union, as he recals, the services which he generously made, in company with his great associates, in procuring for you those glorious institutions which you are now so richly enjoying! Listen to him, especially, as he repeats through my humble lins, and from the very ing! Listen to him, especially, as he repeats through my humble lips, and from the very autograph original which his own aged hand had prepared for the occasion,—listen to him as he pronocunces those words of conciliation and true wisdom, to which he first gave utterance sixty-nine years ago this very day, in the Convention which was just finishing its labors in framing the Bonstitution of the United States."

The Bostonians may well be proud of their hero, and the 17th of September 1856, will doubtless be long remembered by all ranks and

## ADDRESS.

To C. B. MACNEILL, TRACHER. DEAR SIR:-

We cannot permit you to pass from amongst us ithout publicly expressing our entire attisfaction ith the very efficient manner in which you have inducted our School during the last three years; the conducted our School during the last three years; the proficiency of your pepils in the different branches, plainly manifests your ability to impart instruction; you maintained the best of order and discipline in the School, not by much using of the rod, but by tindness and affection, and thus gained the confidence and respect of your pupils, who obviously exhibited their strong attachment to you by deep regret at your leparture.

departure.

And rest assured, Sir, that wherever your futur lot may be cast, whether at home or abroad, yo bring with you our sincerest well wishes.

We are, Sir, Yours sincer

FRANCIS MeQUADE, J. P. JOHN STEWART, Farmer. WILLIAM McDONALD. JOHN STEWART. Inage, September 29, 1856.

## REPLY.

To Francis McQuade, Esq., J. P., and other Trustees of the Dunstaffnage School:

GENTLEMEN:-

Accept of my sincerest and best thanks, for very kind address which you have presented to it is a source of much pleasure to me to know, in the event of my removing from among you, accompanied with your well wishes; and, rely it, that wherever I may roam, I will ever he grateful remembrance, the mean marks of him rateful remembrance, the mean marks of him. it, that wherever I may roam, I will ever hold in grateful remembrance, the many marks of kindness which I have received from you, and for which I beg you to receive my best thanks. I also avail myself of the present opportunity, of publicly expressing my sincere thanks to the people of St. Peter's Road in general, for the kindness which they have manifested towards me ever since I came amongst them—a mere youth. The three years which I have spant with the children of Dunstaffinge, will be a portion of my life upon which I will always be able to look back and meditate upon with much pleasure.

In conclusion, I beg you to accept my best thanks for your expressions of kindness and regard for my future welfare; and rest assured, that it is with much reluctance I take my leave of you and of the pupils of Dunstaffinge School.

I remain, Gentlemen,
Yours most affectionately,

menial offices in the busi-fort, Maine.

At St. Eleanor's, on the 19th instant, by the before Kings, and died to Rev. Herbert Read, B. B., Mr. Joseph Mander

NORMAL SCHOOL SOIRER

(Reported for the Island Press by R. B. Irving, Esq.)

On our arrival at the building in which the business of the Chalattetown Model and Normal School is to be conducted, we were, a first, agreeably impressed by the imposing dimensions and substantial appearance of the edifice, externally considered, and by the coaresione and sufficiency of the play-ground or gymnasium attached thereto, as compared with the erection and its adjuncts, which formally occapied the site, and which were, in the beginning, presumptionally, or ather pretamined fif we many coin a word) dignified by the appellation of "The College" and "The College Grounds," and, until the decline and fall of the Institution generally known thereby. Let us here observe, however, that we mean not to speak irreversely of the dead. The institution which moral, intellectual, social and legislative progress and improvement have swept away, had its uses, and odobt, as limited in beneficial operation as it was stinted with respect to pecuniary means; but it chanot be disputed that much good, although in a small way, proceeded from it.

But to return to the present edifice. On our proceeding into the interior—before the assembling of the company—our attention was first arrested by the appropriateness of the rooms for the educational purposes for which they are designed. The Class or Shool rooms are lody, capacious and—arry; and have evidently been designed with a due regard for the health of those who may be daily assembled thereis. The building, in fact, both external y and internally considered, and in all its parts, is not only highly creditable to the Superintendant of Tubic Works, Silas Barnard, Esq.; but, in addition to our Colonial Building, Asylum, Hospital, and Mayor's or Police Court—all indicative of the presence of the ever-active spirit of improvement amongst us—will be a lasting credit to the Colony.

We next remarked, with much pleasure, the very excellent arrangements which had been made for the reception and accommodation of the expected compa (Reported for the Island Press by R. B. Irving, Esq.)

the expected company at the tea-tables. These reflect on the Committee of Management. There was nothin extravagant or needless display; but every thing was ate and strictly in conformity with good taste.

At half-past three the company—or rather as many commodated at once—were summoned to the tea-table At each of these a hady presided; and, in acknowledge of these presiding geni of the Soirce—if we may be all pectfully so to term them—it is awarding them but a respect and gratitude, to say that they—one and all-selves of their temporary functions with a grace, pold descension truly engaging to those to whom they milightful, snothing, and cheering beverage of tea.

As soon as the first section of the company had belonder was summoned in its stead; and the membe

munity.

Upon this occasion, the prominent services of but a lecould be accepted; but, from the well-known philanthrospirit of the Ladies of Charlottetown and its vicinity control that was being the three being the control that was being the three being the control that was being the charge the control that was being the charge the control that was being the charge the charge the charge that was the cha

to have had equal opportunities, with the hadies above a manifest their regard for right education, and the interestake in every thing having a direct tendency to promote Before the arrival of His Excellency Sir Dominick Da Governor, many, both ladies and gentlemen, had assemble in the principal room of the Institution; and His Excellence, whilst contemplating the pleasing seems that the different sections of the company were lexuriant discussion of the good things of the tended the contemplating the pleasing seems pleasing topics of conversation, with the gentlement distitution of the company were pleasing topics of conversation, with the gentlement distitution of the company seembled, we have accertained, the company assembled, we have accertained, upwards of three hundred; a large proportion of

diately surrous.

the Celonial Secretary, the Honoraus.

Honorable Mr. Lord, and John Lawson, Esq., the City Receres.

The company assembled, we have ascertained, amounted to upwards of three hundred; a large proportion of whom were ladies. It was truly gratifying to all the friends of Education present, who had been actively interested in securing success for the Soiree, but particularly to such of them as had been the primoters of the legislative measures which have led to the gratimprovement which has lately been made in the condition of or Island District Teachers, and to the creation of the Institution about to be inaugurated,—to mark the large and respectable attendance of Teachers, some of whom had travelled from 80 to 100 miles, to be present at the inauguration of an Institution, the corrections of which, it is earnestly to be hoped, will, in the process of a few years, effect a most material change for the better in the daily routine of our public schools.

Tea being over, the company withdraw for some time to the play-ground, to allow the making of some necessary rearmage ments previously to the completion of the programms of the Soirce, by the intellectual entertainment to be "Rorded by the speeches to be made in the submitting and seconding of certain the Resolutions. On the return of the company to the principal room, they found a temporary platform occupied by this Excellency, on being motioned the same the state and the same transparent and two or three others.

distinguished gentlemen. His Exc the Chair by the Hon the Colonial Sa the Chair by the Hon the Colonial and the Meeting was date. the Chair by the Hon the Colonial Sceretary, assumed and the Meeting was duly organized, the Honble. the Secretary and J. Lawon, Esquire, the City B.

and the Meeting was duly organized, the Henble, the Colonia Secretary and J. Lawson, Esquire, the City Recorder, being of Hie Excellency's left, and the Honble. Mr. Lord and John Bio-Neill, Esquire, on his right hand.

The Resolutions submitted to, and ananimeusly and applessively adopted by the Meeting are as follow:—

1st. Resolved, That the system of Free Education new in successful operation in this Colony, under which one-sixth of the whole population is receiving instruction,—and of which the Normal School is a necessary and vital element, is deserving of the support of all interested in the welfare of the rising generates.—Proposed by Honble. W. Swabey, and seconded by John Lawson, Esquire.

2d. That this Meeting congratulates the country on the extallishment of a Normel School in this Colony.—Proposed by J. M. Stark, Esquire, and seconded by J. McKelll, Esquire.

3d. That the thanks of this Meeting are due to the Ladies who have kindly presided at the tables this evening.—Proposed by — Monk, Esquire, and seconded by John Kenny, Esq.

4th. That the thanks of this Meeting are due to the Committee of Management for their excellent arrangements for this Sofree.—Proposed by the Hou. the Colonial Secretary, and seconded by the Hou. Mr. Lord.

His Excellency, on motion, having then left the Chair, and His Wership the Mayor, being called thereto, —it was proposed by the Hou. Mr. Whales, and seconded by E. Davice, Esq.

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