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CHIGNECTO POST.

Deserve Success and you shall Command it.

VOL. 18.--NO. 45. SACKVILLE, N. B., THURSDAY, MARCH 29, 1888. WHOLE NO. 931.

Nails, Tacks and Brads.

S. R. FOSTER & SON
MANUFACTURERS OF
CUT NAILS;
ALL KINDS OF
Shoe Nails, Tacks & Brads.
Office, Warehouse and Manufactory:
Georges Street,
ST. JOHN, N. B.

Farmers' Prices in Canada and the States.

From Hon. Thomas White's Speech in Reply to Sir Richard Cartwright.

Now there is another question, and that is the question of the prices which are paid for products in the [illegible] countries. Mr. Wiman, as I have said before, did my constituency the honor of visiting it on the 1st July last, and making his first speech there on Commercial Union in Canada. I regret very much that I was not able to be present, not for the purpose of replying to him, but of joining with my constituents in extending to Mr. Wiman and the distinguished Americans who accompanied him a courteous welcome to the county. In that speech Mr. Wiman, speaking to the farmers, made some statements, of which we have heard the like to night from the hon. member for South Oxford. He told the farmers of Cardwell that he knew a good many people in the city of New York, who life at the magnificent rate of millionaires and to whom the question of what they pay for the articles they put on their tables was a matter of no consequence. For "broilers," he said, a term which I find a good many people knew nothing about, for broilers they would pay three dollars a pair, and for the finest class of butter 60 cents a pound, and so on with a number of articles, leaving the impression upon the minds of the people he was addressing that if they had only Commercial Union, they would find themselves supplying broilers to the tables of millionaires and also supplying fancy articles of butter. (Laughter and cheers.) We have had statements of that kind to-night from the hon. member for South Oxford. Were they fair statements? Did he take the trouble before making them, to examine the prices of ordinary articles of the farm in the towns of the United States and Canada and make a comparison? I do not think he did. Now what is the fact. After reading Mr. Wiman's speech I had the curiosity to compare the markets on the first of July of Albany and Toronto with each other; and curiously enough, as to the majority of these ordinary articles, the price was higher in Toronto, although the farmers of Albany and the surrounding district were in much closer proximity to the wealthy millionaires upon whose tables broilers, etc., were used than were the farmers of Toronto. (Cheers.) On the 9th of this month, taking the prices of ordinary articles upon the market of Buffalo and Toronto, I find they compare as follows:—

	Toronto.	Buffalo.
	$ c.	$ c.
Oats per bush	0 44 to 0 45	0 39 to 0 40
Hay, per ton	14 00 to 16 00	12 00 to 14 00
Potatoes, per bag	1 00 to 1 10	0 85 to 0 90
Butter, choice, per lb	0 20 to 0 21	0 22 to 0 24
Butter, fair to good per lb	0 15 to 0 18	0 18 to 0 20
Turkeys, per lb	0 12 to 0 13	0 10 to 0 12

	Toronto.	Buffalo.
	$ c.	$ c.
Chickens, per lb	0 12 to 0 13	0 10 to 0 12
Geese, per lb	0 10 to 0 10½	0 07 to 0 10
Apples, per brl	1 75 to 2 00	1 25 to 2 50
Onions, per bag	1 50 to 2 00	1 25 to 1 50
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50	0 40 to 0 50
Carrots, do	0 50 to 0 60	0 55 to 0 65

So that hon. gentlemen will see that in relation to these ordinary articles which the farmers produce and carry to the markets of Buffalo on the one side and to Toronto on the other, the farmer in the vicinity of Buffalo has unrestricted reciprocity with the other parts of the American Union, although he has in fact Commercial Union. How do the prices in Toronto and Milwaukee compare? I have not examined the figures myself, but have taken them from the New York *Witness*, which, I presume, is a good authority. They compare as follows:—

	Toronto.	Milwaukee.
Wheat	$0 73 to $0 83½	$0 60 to $0 70
Oats	0 45 to 0 47	0 32 to 0 38
Barley	0 70 to 0 82	0 60 to 0 68
Live hogs	5 00 to 5 50	4 00 to 4 60
Cattle	2 50 to 4 50	2 50 to 4 00
Eggs	0 20 to 0 30	0 17 to 0 18
Butter	0 18 to 0 25	0 18 to 0 20

These are simply the ordinary market prices paid directly to the farmer, showing one reason, I fancy, why the official statistician for the Province of Ontario can report a so much more favorable condition of affairs to farmers of that province than the official statistics of the United States can record with reference to the farmers of the latter. (Cheers.) I will not detain the House longer. As I said in commencing, the people of this country have always been and are still ready to enter into the freest commercial relations with our neighbors, consistent with the great policy of developing our own industries. I protest against the character of speeches as to which we have listened to-night. If hon. gentlemen opposite have sat on that side for ten years, they owe that fact chiefly to just such speeches as the one we have just heard from the honorable member from South Oxford. (Cheers.) They mistake the temper of the people of Canada; they mistake the temper of the electors of this country, if they imagine that those electors will tolerate this perpetual depreciation of the country itself; and I cannot in this sense do better than to offer as a heritage to hon. gentlemen opposite and through them to the country, the words of a former leader, who, whatever difference of opinion might have existed as to his methods and opinions upon some questions, was, at least, a sincere and devoted Canadian and loyalist—I allude to the late Hon. George Brown. I cannot do better, in concluding my remarks, than quote his words:

A heritage, it seems to me,
Well worth our while to hold in fee.

Neither politically nor commercially does Canada need to change her position to secure a high degree of prospesity. In all that conduces to personal comfort and happiness, in the steady development of home and foreign trade, in the extention of public enterprise, in the flourishing condition of our farmers and in the unlimited scope for the employment of a vast population, Canada has all that a nation can desire.

Polled Aberdeen-Angus Cattle.

None of the so-called "beef breeds" of cattle have attained a more rapid or well-deserved popularity in this country than the Aberdeen-Angus. The breed is a very old one, and originated in the ancient Scottish province of Angus, which is now the county Forfar. It is within the lifetime of men still young that animals of this breed were first brought to this country. Though their many good points were obvious at once, there was at first an absurd prejudice against their color. But this was soon dispelled, and the "doddies" now form a very important element in the pure-bred cattle of the United States.

Their freedom from horns is an obvious advantage in feeding and transporting by rail. They are prolific, mature early, and fatten easily. Well-bred "doddies" which "rustle" the first two years, and are finished off with grain, weight from thirteen to sixteen hundred pounds each, and when brought to a final test of the butcher's block, yield as high as sixty pounds or more of finely-marbled dressed beef for every hundred pounds of live weight. For the purpose of securing purity of blood, the leading breeders of these cattle several years ago organized the American Aberdeen-Angus Breeder's Association, and two volumes of this herd books have been published, and the third is in course of preparation. The Association has a membership of nearly one hundred and forty, embracing many of the foremost live-stock breeders of the country. —*American Agriculturist for April.*

Farm Mortgages in the United States.

(Chicago Times.)

Farm mortgages are swallowing up millions of acres of land in Southern and Western States and Territories. The syndicate that loan money at from 1 to 3 per cent. per month are mainly made up of Scotch, English and New England capitalists, who have their agents throughout the South and West. These mortgages are falling due, and soon an immense number of Southern and Western farms will be in the hands of foreign mortgagees. It is said that $200,000,000 has been loaned on farm mortgages in the southwest; in Kansas $20,000,000, and nearly as much in Nebraska. The territories are covered with mortgages on new farms not yet patented. In some of them the law has permitted outrageous interests, so that the farm mortgage business has grown into immense proportions. In many land districts half of the settlers borrow money at high interest to pay the small price required by the Government for proving up. This is leading to widespread disaster. The object of the pre-emption law is perverted. Eastern and foreign capitalists get the land with such improvements as the settler has put upon it. The settler loose all by reason of the exhorbitant interest he is compelled to pay.

—A real live British peer in America is John Contee Fairfax, M. D., of Northampton, Md. According to "Debrett's Peerage" he is the eleventh Baron Fairfax, and last year he received from the Queen a formal invitation to be present with his fellow peers at her jubilee in Westminister Abbey. This invitation he did not accept. He has now retired from the active practice of his profession, and lives a quiet, simple life on his farm. The dowager Baroness Fairfax, widow of the tenth baron, is living on a ranch in California. Numerous uncles, aunts and cousins of Lord Fairfax are living in this country. Many of them took part in the rebellion, but one of them became a commodore in the United States navy. It was Thomas, the sixth baron, who settled the family in this country. They are all descendants from the famous Fernandino, second baron, who led the revolutionary forces and defeated the king at Marston Moor; and from his son Thomas, third baron, who commanded the cavalry at Marston Moor and was chief commander at Naseby.—*N. Y. Tribune*

—In the debate on Unrestricted Reciprocity Mr. Davin fitly characterized the Opposition utterances when he said: "It sounded as if "the speeches of hon. gentlemen were the "manuscript of immigration pamphlets in "the interest of the United States." What a patriotic role for leaders of a party to fill!

—Mr. John McCoy has recently imported three stallions, two mares and one gelding from Kentucky. They are all standard bred animals and are richly endowed with Wilkes and Hambletonian blood.

St. John Letter.

ST. JOHN, March 20th, 1888.—Not a boom but an improvement! Real estate is not doubling or trebling its value but it is daily growing more valuable. It is a sign of the times. You cannot say that business in St. John is being borne along on a flying Western boom, but its daily improvement for the past few months, at first unnoticeable in many quarters, has now become so apparent that some merchant has suddenly awakened, purchased real estate at a good figure and the property owners and citizens generally rejoice in the announcement that there is a decided improvement in real estate. No one can deny that there is lots of room for a boom in that quarter. There was a current saying in this city a short time after the fire that the sight of an unmortgaged house was worth a dollar, but though that is no longer the case, real estate depreciation caused many a property holder much uneasiness and discouraged further building. One cause of this has been the emigration—if I may so term it—of St. John people to Portland. When rents advanced in this city hundreds of poor people decided to move across the civic line and enjoy cheaper residences and pay less taxes. The result is that Portland's population has increased at the expense of St. John, and the proportionate number of vacant flats in our sister city is much smaller than in our own. But this will all be remedied in the united and greater Saint John.

An energetic and experienced sea captain, W. A. Steeves, has arrived in St. John with the avowed intention of forming a company and placing a line of steamers on the route between St John and the West Indies. Captain Steeves has steamed in every quarter of the globe and probably knows what he is about. Of course he wants the Dominion Government's subsidy, and a committee of the Board of Trade has recommended that he shall receive it. If the subsidy is given the captain says a steamer will be put upon the route at once and work begun on another vessel to take her place as soon as it is completed. With favorable weather he says that one vessel can make nine round trips in a year. If the amount of freight warrants more trips the steamers can be increased and the service made more complete. Each vessel will disburse about $20,000 in St. John every year.

The enthusiasm of young couples who set out on a house furnishing expedition lasts a good deal longer than their cash. I was amused a few days ago in John White's Charlotte Street furniture warerooms at the fluttering of a pair of doves who were there to pick and choose a lining for their nest. Of course the woman did the talking—she always does on such occasions—while her lord and master clasped his plethoric wallet for the last time and looked unhappy. She was undecided whether to choose a $20 or a $100 bedroom set. The $80 set with the oak and walnut finish pleased her and she decided that $50 worth of ash and veneered panels would be just the thing for the spare room. Dining chairs and tables she was not so particular about. She chose a number of $9 tables and twice as many chairs as she wanted at a $1 a piece. "They are so cheap, Harry," she said appealingly. "Don't you think this would be lovely for your smoking room," and she pointed to a $5.50 carpet patent rocker. "Mr. White says this used to cost $7. I think we had better take it and this dear little camp chair at $8.50. Why, what nice furniture coverings! All the way from 70 cents to $13 a yard! Harry how does this side board suit you? Only $15 or you can have this $30 walnut one with the high back and glass. Oh, you're a man all over; you can't select anything. We'll have the $30 one Mr. White. Now for the parlor. Anything from $45 to $600. This $65 plush set is elegant but—well they are all so nice that I can't decide to-day. I'll come in again." And as she led the way out the proprietor remarked that she had a mind of her own and remarkably good taste. "She will come again to-morrow and perhaps every day this week and buy parlor mirrors. She won't be satisfied unless she has reed and rattan goods all over the house and birch, ash, cherry, walnut and mahogany bed room suites. After they have an auction or two they will become more uniform but half of them start out in this way. We don't mind, for we can give them whatever they want."

The Labor Commission met Monday afternoon and began the work of investigating the grievances of employees and employer. I do not imagine any such sensations as Montreal afforded will be brought to light in St. John, but fearless unbiassed commissioners may bring many grievances to the front in the proper way and prepare legislation for the remedy. Every person who wishes may give evidence of what he considers is wrong in the relations of labor to capital.

The Salvation Army leaders in St. John seem to have a limit in wickedness beyond which their followers cannot go. The first cornet player in the band of the St. John contingent got the bounce lately and has been about his business in plain clothes since the degree was conferred. It was an instance of the superiority of "Army" over civil law. The tooter liked his sister-in-law too well. His leaders forgave him the first offence but expulsion followed his second transgression.

Mrs. Match Maker is awaiting the death of Lent to announce the day and date of several fashionable weddings. Mr. W. E Earle, C. E., and Miss Edith Simmonds are to be married Wednesday. The ceremony will be very quietly performed; the principals will depart at once for their home in Portland, Oregon, where Mr. Earle is engaged in a Railway survey. Some of the young lady friends of the bride are lamenting that she will have to rough it in a log hut for a time, but it would not be surprising if they were willing to do the same thing provided only their chosen partner was somewhere in the vicinity. The nuptials of a St. John City M. P. P. and the fair daughter of a prosperous merchant have been postponed until May, the month of flowers and sunshine.

Rumor has it that in the summer fashionable events a celestial city bank clerk and a gallant captain will figure, Fredericton and the North Shore contributing the better halves. SANTA CLAUS.

The Time to Act.

If you are threatened with Headache, Constipation, Biliousness or weakness, procure at once a bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters and use it according to instructions. Prompt action is necessary in order that your trouble may be cured before it becomes chronic.

Most Useful.

L. A. Hanson, of Bowmanville, Ont., says he has found Burdock Blood Bitters to be a good medicine for Liver Complaint, Dizzliness, Headache and Dimness of Vision. B. B. B. improves the appetite, aids digestion and gives renewed strength to the worn out system.

Nova Scotia News.

"I had Scrofula on my neck very bad for two years, had tried all remedies and doctors, but did not get any help until I got a bottle of your Burdock Blood Bitters which cured me of it entirely." James Cochrane, Fox River, Cumberland Co., N. S.

WOMEN'S COLUMN.

Conducted by Members of Sackville W. C. T. U.

Sackville W. C. T. U.

The annual business meeting of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union was held in Mr. Powell's Hall on Wednesday evening, March 21st. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:—

President—Mrs. Humphrey.
Vice-Presidents—Mrs. Burwash, Mrs. Hall, Mrs. P. R. Moore.
Treasurer—Mrs. Chas. Moore.
Secretary—Miss Annie R. Trueman.

The following superintendents of work were appointed:—

Supt. of Juvenile Work—Mrs. J. Wood.
Supt. of Scientific Temperance Instruction in Public Schools—Miss Annie Cahill.
Supt. of Evangelistic Work—Mrs. Harrison.
Supt. of Work among the Poor—Mrs. Wm. Ogden.
Assistant Supt. of Work among Poor—Mrs. M. Cole.

The Secretary read the report of the year's work, from which we clip the following:—

"Before taking the first step in the new year of our society, we would for a moment review the pathway by which we have reached another milestone. It has been by no means a smooth, unmarked highway which we have trodden. There have been times when we could not choose our way, when our hearts stood still with fear. The moment when we knew the liquor traffic—the enemy of our homes—was once more to seek legal protection in our midst, we *longed* and *feared* to pierce the uncertain future; but "what time we were afraid we trusted in God," and "in His name we set up our banners." "The Lord, our God, in the midst of us was mighty." He gave us the song of victory, which still lingers on our lips and echoes in our hearts. Thank God, there are the sun-crowned mountain heights, as well as sunless valleys. "Life hath it hopes fulfilled:—Its glad fruitions, its blessed answered prayers."

On looking over the "minutes" for the year, I observe that the first work is that among the poor, and also that a committee of six was appointed to investigate cases and confer with overseers as to the practicability of establishing a "Home" for these; also at same meeting is mention of Day of Prayer. Two such days have been observed—one in March and Nov. 12 and 13, as called for by World's W. C. T. U. Both Sabbaths were observed by temperance sermons being preached by Presbyterian, Baptist and Methodist ministers, who very readily and faithfully acceded to request of Union. Pledge was taken into Sabbath School, and was largely signed by the children. Three public meetings have been held during the year; one addressed by Dr. Angwin, of Halifax, the other two by Mrs. J. K. Barney, of Providence, Rhode Island. Mrs. B. visited us soon after Maritime Convention, and her addresses were greatly beneficial, not only to members of Union, but also as doing much to cultivate a public sentiment on temperance question.

Early in the year, through the courtesy of the manager of CHIGNECTO POST, a portion of a column in that paper has been placed at disposal of W. C. T. U. The first column appeared in issue of May 26.

A reading room was opened in June. As far as possible, two members of Union were present each evening. This has not realized the good that was hoped. The Salvation Army has furnished a gathering place for the unoccupied during evening hours.

Two new Unions have been organized—one in Upper Sackville and one at Midgic, a few days since.

In the autumn we obtained leaflets and distributed at exhibition.

But the focus of all lines of work is to be found in the Repeal Election. Tract distributing, personal appeals, quiet hours of prayer, when in our weakness we sought strength, and wisdom, and implored the Master's blessing on our feeble endeavors, hours of united prayer, when we assembled with one strong desire rising from our hearts, realizing that power belongeth unto God. We trusted in Him, and He blessed us above what we could ask or think in so wonderfully influencing the minds of the people, and also in blessing ourselves.

A common peril, a common cause, and a common joy have brought us very near each other. A spirit of consecration has rested upon our Union, and we have found that when actual work was to be done we have not lacked the workers." Membership 33.

—There are many good times in the world not less enjoyable because the "high world" would disdain to mix in them. Of such are the evenings of amusement indulged in by the poor of London in the theatres where their tastes are catered to exclusively—where points are not too fine, but where vice is punished awfully and virtue rewarded lavishly. All this is described in a charming way in HARPER'S MAGAZINE for April in an article entitled "The Humors of a Minor Theatre," written by F. Anstey, and illustrated with inimitable sketches by Frederick Barnard, whose pencil always works so deftly on subjects of this kind. The initial picture of the contribution is droll beyond description, and represents the heavy villain of the play waiting to be prompted. It must be seen to be appreciated.

—The cattle trust of Denver, Col., has closed a contract to supply the French army with 150,000 head of beef cattle annually. The cattle will be all range stock.

A Creaking Hinge

Is dry and turns hard, until oil is applied, after which it moves easily. When the joints, or hinges, of the body are stiffened and inflamed by Rheumatism, they cannot be moved without causing the most excruciating pains. Ayer's Sarsaparilla, by its action on the blood, relieves this condition, and restores the joints to good working order.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla has effected, in our city, many most remarkable cures, a number of which baffled the efforts of the most experienced physicians. Were it necessary, I could give the names of many individuals who have been cured by taking this medicine. In my own case it has certainly worked wonders, relieving me of

Rheumatism,

after being troubled with it for years. In this, and all other diseases arising from impure blood, there is no remedy with which I am acquainted, that affords such relief as Ayer's Sarsaparilla.—R. H. Lawrence, M. D., Baltimore, Md.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla cured me of Gout and Rheumatism, when nothing else would. It has eradicated every trace of disease from my system.—R. H. Short, Manager Hotel Belmont, Lowell, Mass.

I was, during many months, a sufferer from chronic Rheumatism. The disease afflicted me grievously, in spite of all the remedies I could find, until I commenced using Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I took several bottles of this preparation, and was speedily restored to health.—J. Fream, Independence, Va.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.

New Spring Prints!

JUST OPENED:

1,100 Pieces New Spring Prints;
200 " Chocolate Prints;
200 " Mourning Prints;
100 " Picquets, in White & Fancy;
100 " White & Blk Louise Linings.

A. EVERITT,
Wholesale Warehouse,
92, 94 and 96 Germain Street,
ST. JOHN, N. B.

Postal Revenues, Etc.

The Postmaster General's report gives in detail the revenue, salaries and allowances for the different offices in each province. In one New Brunswick office the receipts were only 26 cents; in another office, opened only six months, the receipts were exactly 9 cents. The receipts and expenses at the principal offices in N. B. were as follows:

	Sale of Stamps, etc.	Salaries.
St. John	$36,981 60	$30,052 05
Fredericton	9,810 43	5,898 55
Moncton	8,708 16	2,000 00
Woodstock	4,152 00	1,100 00
Chatham	3,844 77	1,300 00
St. Stephen	3,586 38	1,220 00
Newcastle	2,785 34	1,000 00
Sackville	2,360 06	800 00
Indiantown	2,120 56	560 00
Sussex Vale	1,968 58	620 00
Shediac	1,777 98	540 00
Dorchester	1,903 22	640 00
Campbellton	1,579 66	500 00
Bathurst	1,491 53	589 00
St. Andrews	1,461 64	980 00
Carleton	1,426 68	500 00
Petitcodiac	1,222 17	440 00
Portland	1,040 29	942 50
Kingston, Kent	1,017 00	410 00
Dalhousie	1,012 96	450 10

Boston Letter.

During the past week week the western part of this State and New York State suffered severely from the storm. Trains have been delayed and telegraph wires broken down for three days. New York and Boston communicated by cable through London, Eng.

There is a cry of dull times here and money tight; but large preparations are being made for spring work.

Yesterday was cold here, but usually the weather, at this season of the year, is about like your April weather.

Already the politicians are beginning to blow their horns and we may expect great excitement during the campaign. It seems to be generally conceded here that Cleveland has the best of the race and that a Democratic President will be the ruler.

Last Saturday the St. Patrick's Society had their usual promenade. Everything was orderly. The Harp of Erin on the Green Flag was entwined with the stars and stripes.

Yours, &c.,
X.

Boston, March 19th, 1888.

LITTELL'S LIVING AGE.—The number of *The Living Age* for March 10th and 17th contains The Swiss Constitution, *Westminster*; Islam and Christianity in India, and Contemporary Life and Thought in France, *Contemporary*; Cesar Borgia, and Mrs. Oliphant on Venice; *Blackwood*; Jean Suffrein Maury, *Temple Bar*; Charles Darwin and Agnosticism, *Fortnightly*; Buford, *Macmillan*; The Faroe Isles, *Gentleman's*; Orchids, *Longman's*; Dolls, *Chambers'*; Crown Windfalls, *Public Opinion*; The Camel, *Saturday Review*; Home Colonization, *Spectator*; The Kaiser's Day's Work; *St. James*; Mary Howitt *Times*; with "That Girl in Black," and "The Waiting Supper," and poetry.

For fifty-two numbers of sixty-four large pages each (or more than 3,300 pages a year) the subscription price ($8) is low; while for $10.50 the publishers offer to send any one of the American $4.00 monthlies or weeklies with *The Living Age* for a year, both postpaid. Littell & Co., Boston, are the publishers.

MR. LEHMAN'S Siberian papers, illustrated by Mr. G. A. Frost, who accompanied Mr. Kennan on his trip through Asiatic Russia, will begin in the May *Century*. Their appearance has been deferred on account of the author's desire to group in preliminary papers—the last of which will be in the April *Century*—an account of the conditions and events in Russia directly related to the exile system. This system is now to be minutely described and elaborately pictured; and by way of preface to the first illustrated paper Mr. Kennan will, in a brief statement, answer the question as to how he came to enter upon his arduous and somewhat perilous investigations, and why he and his companion were accorded such extraordinary facilities by the Russian Government itself. In the April *Century* Mr. Kennan will write of "The Russian Penal Code."

—A bill has been passed by the N. S. Legislature to incorporate the Spring Hill Water Supply Co.

Legal.

T. A. WELLING,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, NOTARY PUBLIC, &C.
BAIE VERTE, N. B.

CHARLES R. SMITH,
Barrister, Notary Public, &c.;
mar14 AMHERST, N. S.

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SACKVILLE, N. B. feb4tf

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POWELL & BENNETT.
Sackville, July 15, 1886.

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Machine Bolts, Bridge Bolts, Sleigh Shoe Bolts, Turnbuckles, Lagscrews, Fishplates, Washers, Carriage Rivets, Boiler Rivets, Wharf Spikes,
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ALL KINDS OF
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"Ivers & Pond" Pianos
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AND "DAVIS" SEWING MACHINES.
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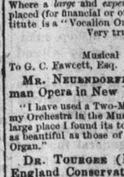
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Very truly yours,
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To G. C. Fawcett, Esq.
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A. B. SHERATON,
oct28 MANAGER.

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1887 WINTER ARRANGEMENT 1888

ON and after Monday, November 28th, 1887, the Trains will run daily (Sunday excepted) as follows:

WILL LEAVE SACKVILLE:

Express for Halifax, Pictou and Mulgrave	5.42
Accommodation for Moncton	8.30
Express for Halifax and Pictou	12.58
Express for St. John	15.52
Spring Hill Accommodation	18.59
Express for St. John and Quebec	20.18

WILL LEAVE DORCHESTER:

Express for Halifax, Pictou and Mulgrave	5.15
Accommodation for Moncton	8.20
Express for Halifax and Pictou	12.28
Express for St. John	14.50
Spring Hill Accommodation	18.17
Express for St. John and Quebec	20.45

All Trains are run by Eastern Standard Time.
D. POTTINGER,
Chief Superintendent.
Railway Office, Moncton, N. B., November 25th, 1887.

N. B. & P. E. RY.

1887-8—Winter Arrangement—1887-8

ON and after MONDAY, NOVEMBER 28TH, 1887, Trains will run as follows:
Leave Sackville for Cape Tormentine daily (Sundays excepted) at 1.52 P. M. Returning, will leave Cape Tormentine at 4.31 P. M.
Every MONDAY a Train will leave Sackville for Cape Tormentine at 5.20 A. M. Returning, will leave Cape Tormentine at 7.40 A. M., arriving at Sackville at 9.40 A. M.
Trains run on Eastern Standard Time.
JOSIAH WOOD,
President.
Railway Office, Sackville, Nov. 26th, 1887.

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Public Notice.

THE proprietors of the Great Marsh are requested to hand in to any one of the Commissioners of Sewers for District Number Six, or to the undersigned Clerk of Commissioners; the description and number of acres in each lot owned by them, and in case of failure to comply with this notice, or in case of wrong description or acreage being given, on the part of any proprietor, the Commissioners will assess against such proprietor any expense necessarily incurred by them in procuring the same.
Dated this 18th day of October, A. D. 1886.
AMOS OGDEN,
20-tf Clerk.

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