having done this when he was young, and yet you say that you would do the same if you were powerful enough to undertake it. That is no argument, and that is not what we ought We ought to say to England that it to do. is our wish to remain under the shadow of her noble flag; that we stand in fear of our neighbors, and are desirous of knowing what she can do to help us. It is in this way that our Ministers should approach the Imperial Government, and if the negotiations do not terminate in a satisfactory manner, then it will be time to separate and to seek another state of existence. The debate has taken too personal a turn, and we have listened to accusations and insinuations against this person and that person; but as the Opposition bas nothing better to suggest to us than what is proposed to us by the present Government, they cannot hope that members on this side of the House will support them with the sole object of defeating the Administration... Gentlemen on the Opposition. benches call for the details, but their leaders may be called upon to say what they suggest to bring the country forth from the difficulties in which it is pluoged. What they desire is the status quo. But let them propose something practical to us; let them say what they want and what they can do." Instead of this we hear from them nothing but recriminations and perpetual fault finding. They ask why the Government does not now state how the local governments are to be organised; but the reply to this question made by the Hon. Attorney General for Lower Uanada; was very just, when he told them that the Government, wished first to know whether we were favorable to Confederation, and that then they would bring forward This is peridetly fair, and we the details. must not mix up the cards. (Hear, hear.) I do not wish ito speak at greater length at present; but I- must allude, however, to the continual assertion of the honorable member for Hochelaga (Hon. Mr. Doaron) with respect to the enormous national debt which Confederation will entail. Why does he not take account of the reasons which induce the Lower Provinces to refuse Confederation? "Is it because those reasons are fatal to his arguments? In fact the Lower Provinces declare that our Ministers wished to obtain too much for Canada, that. the burthens to be laid upon them are too. heavy, and that an alliance with us would ruin them : whilst honorable members on

the other side of the House declare that they will none of this alliance, because we grant too much to the Lower Provinces. Those provinces say that Confederation will not be advantageous to them, because they will be compelled to pay for the canals, the railways and other improvements in Capada, and because they would derive no advantage. from an alliance with us. Besides, those provinces are now in the hands of agents of the United States, whose great object is to prevent the success of Confederation, because it would be fatal to their trade with the provinces. That is why they labored, and labored successfully, to prevent the clection of the partisans of Confederation in New Brunswick, just as they would do all in their power to prevent our elec-tions here, if an appeal to the people should be had on the question, for they would work in the interest of the United. States. (Opposition laughter) I see the honorable member for Drummond and Arthabaska laughing-

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MR. J. B. E. DORION-I am laughing at the silly stuff you have been talking to us for the last hour.

MR. DENIS-If there is a man in this House who has talked silly stuff and holds narrow ideas, that man is undoubtedly the honorable member for Drummond and Arthabaska-he who has never done anything but stir up and foment the prejudices of race-he who writes little letters to get petitions against Confederation signed in hiscounty by all the women and children in it. Although I have not, like the honorable member, at my command a little newspaper like the Défricheur, which never cleared (defriche) anything except when the hon-orable member for Hochelags was Attorney General for Lower Canada, and then the honorable member knew very well how to make clearings among Governmentjobs and advertisements-I am quite able to reply to the honorable member. It is truly laughable to hear a man like him talk of the "silly stuff" of others, when we think of his newspaper articles in which he said :-- " Pay ! wretched people - molasses. and tea are dear "-and what he said about the Seigniorial bill and the Municipal billtwo measures which have called forth the admiration of the whole world-and about. the Reciprocity treaty, which was, by his shewing, to do all sorts of harm to the country, but which has done all sorts of