

**BRITAIN URGES JOURNALISTS TO HELP AVERT WAR**

Sensational Move Made by Anonymous Representative of the Nation.

**SEES DANGER OF ANGLo-AMERICAN BREAK**

Washington Amazed and Slightly Peeved at Action Taken in London.

(Continued from page 1) In substance the statement was a direct appeal to both countries, through the press, to exercise patience, and to use every possible care to guard against statements or actions which may serve to arouse feeling either in Canada or America. But it was a forcible, vigorous warning, in which terms not usually found in diplomatic exchanges were used.

The speaker insisted upon describing the situation as one of "broad aspects" in which the Anglo-American peoples are drifting apart through a lack of comprehension for each other. He declared that conditions had been thought about "by piecemeal" partly through news and press stories exchanged between Great Britain and America and blamed much of the present sentiment in both countries upon English and American "social politicians."

Washington is Amazed. Washington, Feb. 8.—Members of Congress and administrative officials of the government received with amazement the news that an important figure in Anglo-American politics had warned American correspondents that the two nations were treading the path leading to war.

"The thing seems preposterous," said Secretary of State Colby. The significance of the statements was recognized, in view of the circumstances surrounding their delivery. But everywhere there was surprise that the British foreign office should have interpreted the relations existing between the countries as requiring what was taken to be a diplomatic move of such a serious nature. The possibility of war growing out of the questions now in dispute between the two countries was regarded as ridiculous, and surprise was universal that the British spokesman should so openly have referred to it. His remarks were considered ill-advised, untimely and un diplomatic.

**BORN.**

McCAVOUR—On February 7th, 1921, to Mr. and Mrs. Hazen McCavour, Charlotte street, a daughter, Constance Audrey.

**DIED.**

COLWELL—Suddenly at Wickham, Queens Co., N. B., Cathleen, only daughter of Capt. B. R. and Mrs. Colwell, in her 13th year, leaving besides her parents, three brothers. Funeral Wednesday at 1 p. m. Burial at Cambridge.

PORTER—At Lucerne, British Columbia on 31st January. Collins B. Porter, of Long Beach, Kings Co., N. B., leaving three sisters and four brothers.

Funeral will be held at St. James' church, Long Beach, on afternoon of Wednesday, February 10th, after arrival of Valley train at Brown's Flats.

NIXON—in this city, Feb. 8, 1921, Harry G. Nixon, leaving four sons and two daughters to mourn.

Funeral Thursday from late residence, 56 Sydney street. Service at 2:30 p. m.

PARKS—On Tuesday afternoon, Feb. 8, Annie B., widow of Lorenzo Dow Parks, aged sixty-eight years, leaving two sons and two daughters to mourn.

Funeral Thursday afternoon at 3:30, from her residence, 100 Elm street.

**GRIP**  
Take Grove's Laxative Bromo Quinine tablets 30c.  
Be sure you get **BROMO**  
The genuine bears this signature *G. H. Brown*

**Easiest Way to Remove Ugly Hair Growths**  
(Beauty Culture)  
Here is a method for removing hair from arms, neck or face that is unflattering and is quite inexpensive: Mix a thick paste with some powdered talcum and water and spread on hairy surface. After 2 or 3 minutes, rub it off, wash the skin and every trace of hair has vanished. No burn or irritation results from this treatment, but be careful to get genuine *Gillette's* and mix fruit.

**Interesting Paper On Coins And Tokens**

Dr. L. A. Langstroth Reads Most Instructive Paper Before Natural History Society

At the Natural History room last night, Dr. L. A. Langstroth gave a most interesting and instructive paper on the "Early coins and tokens of Canada." Dr. Langstroth has made a special study of coins and his paper dealt with the history and development of coin and paper or card money as a medium of exchange from the time of the Indian wampum down to the present. Dr. Langstroth probably has the best collection of the early coins that can be found, and by the use of the projector these were shown at various points. He reviewed the early history of coinage placing the date in the year 700 B. C. when the first known coins were produced by the Lydians in Asia Minor, and also the methods employed in striking the coin.

Wampum First. He said the earliest record we have of a circulating medium in Canada is that of "Wampum" used by the Indians. Wampum consists of small cylinders or tubes about 3/4 of an inch long made from sea shells. It was in two colors, white and purple. Its value was "one sou" or halfpenny for the white and two sou, or one penny for the purple. This was declared legal tender among the British-American colonies up until 1879, although it continued to circulate among the Colonies until 1704, and among the Indians until 1825.

French Silver 1670. In 1670 France had two silver pieces struck for use in Canada. They were dated that year and bore the portrait of Louis IV. These were the first coins Canada had she could call her own, and they are now exceedingly rare and highly prized by those who possess them.

Dr. Langstroth said the first copper coins were known in 1717. In all the French issues, the obverse of the coins and they are all have representation of the French regime in Canada. In 1685, Dr. Langstroth said, Canada had its first money, or what we now term bills. From 1759 until early in 1800 no pieces were issued for or by Canada, all the money that was used was English silver, gold and copper, or their equivalents of other countries.

**Merchants Strike Coins.**

Early in the last century, he said, owing to the growth and prosperity of the colony, there became an imperative demand for small change, and as copper in bulk was legal tender many of the merchants began to issue large quantities of copper coins. These coins usually bore the portrait of the ruling sovereign, but in a great many cases, bore the name of the firm or individual who issued them, and nearly all of them bore some motto such as "Pure Copper Proferable to Paper." "For Public Accommodation," etc. These began to appear about 1815, and from that time until 1837 the country became flooded with copper of all sizes, and even some were in brass. This led to unscrupulous persons issuing copper pennies that were very thin and much lighter in weight, and eventually caused considerable trouble in various ways, but in 1837 the Bank of Montreal, The Bank du Peuple, the City Bank and the Quebec Bank issued pennies and half pennies of full weight and beautiful design, which became popular and filled a want.

**Great Britain Blow.**

During this period Great Britain had made no effort to give Canada a currency of its own, but had issued for the Colonies in America a set of four pieces in 1822. These are the only ones Canada can claim as strictly official issues under British rule before Confederation. The different provinces, however, had their official issues. New Brunswick had her Frigate series of 1845 and of 1854, copper coins of beautiful design and workmanship. She also had silver coins of 1862 and 1864 in denominations of 20 cents, 10 cents and 5 cents, and in 1861 a half cent and cent.

The speaker also set forth the history of the various coins of the other provinces. These coins did duty until Confederation, since which time all are fairly well familiar with the official medium of exchange.

The speaker then gave a most interesting review of the history of Tokens, pointing out the part they played in trade of the various provinces. In our own province, he said, we had but few, the St. John half penny being the principal exponent. In closing the speaker said: "Let every one here strive to have in our little museum a collection of the coins and tokens of Canada that we shall all be proud of, a collection that will attract our own citizens as well as strangers, and while many of the coins are rare and difficult to obtain, yet with steady continuity of purpose and a few dollars from time to time judiciously expended there is no reason that we shall not succeed."

**OBITUARY**

Mrs. Annie B. Parks. On Tuesday afternoon, February 8th at her residence, 100 Elm street, city, after a lingering illness, Annie B., widow of the late Lorenzo Dow Parks. Mrs. Parks was for many years a member of Portland Methodist church, as well as the North End Branch of the W. C. T. U., in both of which she was an earnest worker. She was also a member of the Rebekah Lodge of the I. O. O. F. Being a woman of sterling qualities she will be a great loss to the church and societies to which she devoted a great deal of her time and energies. In her home the loss of a kind and devoted mother shall be sadly mourned. She left two sons, Alfred A., of Bath, Maine, and Dow of this city; also two daughters.

**NO WORLD PEACE UNTIL RUSSIANS ARE RECOGNIZED**

Sir Philip Gibbs Declares Soviet Army is World's Greatest Menace at Present.

**WAR BURDEN GREATER THAN BEFORE FIGHT**

Common People Feel They Were Betrayed in the Struggle, He Adds.

Washington, Feb. 8.—Great Britain will not undertake a race with the United States for seapower, Sir Philip Gibbs, British war correspondent, declared today before the House Naval Committee. Great Britain hasn't the money, he said, and most Britons do not regard the United States navy "as a menace."

Sir Philip said that before any agreement for disarmament could be reached by the principal powers, the Russian question would have to be settled and the Russian people drawn back into the "family of nations."

**Would Invite Russia**

Representatives of the Russian Soviet Government should, by all means, be included in any conference to discuss disarmament, Sir Philip declared. He characterized the Russian Red Army as "the greatest military menace in the world."

There is a spirit of revolt, entirely apart from Bolshevism, in Europe today, because of the general fear of another war, he declared, adding that the people felt that they had been betrayed in the last war, because they had been told that it was a war to end wars.

**Burden Greater Than 1914**

"The burden of armaments in Europe is greater today than it was in 1914. Britain is spending \$70,000,000 pounds a year on its military-naval establishment. This sum is more than twice the entire national budget for all purposes before the war." In Mesopotamia alone Great Britain is spending 40,000,000 pounds a year for military purposes. He told the committee that the British people did not consider another naval bill to provide a "strong and supreme navy," necessary because "they realize that Great Britain's chief menace, the German navy, has been crushed forever."

**EXTRADITION CASE POSTPONED**

Halifax, Feb. 8.—The extradition case of John Jenkins, said to be wanted in New Bedford, Mass., on charge of theft of jewelry, which came up in the supreme court here this morning, was postponed until Tuesday next, after W. J. O'Hearn, K.C., had concluded the case for the United States authorities. Mr. O'Hearn produced evidence to show that Jenkins had been convicted on a charge of adultery and on a charge of polygamy while resident in the United States.

Mrs. Rosa B. at home and Frances E. of Boston, Mass., as well as several grandchildren. The funeral will be held Thursday afternoon at 3:30 from her late residence.

**Judge Landis After Dry Law Violators**

Closes up Twenty-Two Buildings Which Had Been Used for Sale of Liquor.

(Copyright 1921, By Public Ledger.) Under the Judge's order, he said, "Have a heart" to that man Kenosaw Mountain Landis, federal judge of the Chicago district. He's heartless and seems satisfied to remain so. If you doubt this statement ask the owners of twenty-two buildings in Chicago that must remain unoccupied for one year. The only thing these owners did was to pay no attention to the law. There's a clause in the Volstead act that makes a structure a nuisance in which liquor is sold in violation of the law. One of the buildings put under the ban for twelve months is owned by the University of Chicago.

Under the Judge's order, the places must not be entered or used for any purpose whatsoever during the entire twelve months. In other words, they'll give evidence every day of the danger of defying the law.

A few judges like Landis could put booze out of business or come pretty near it. But there is only one Landis, however, he has put teeth in the Volstead Act, teeth that bite into that most sensitive organ, the purse of the respectable person who wouldn't conduct a booze joint but sees no wrong in furnishing quarters for and making money out of men who do.

**Baptist Pastor At Cody Remembered**

Friends Invade Parsonage Bringing Tangible Evidences of Appreciation.

On Saturday evening last, the social jubilation which for some time has been characteristic of this section of the beautiful Washadomeak was again in evidence, this time at the United Baptist parsonage. It left everyone richer in friendship and the pastor, Rev. W. H. Jenkins and wife with a generous donation to boot. The Hon. Dr. J. B. Hetherington presided at the function. His mother delighted in all by her presence. Among the excellent things literary and musical was an original song by Mr. Robert Mitchell, a comic recitation by Mr. Aaron Jenkins and speeches by Messrs. George Fisher and T. P. Hetherington. The usual feast closed the event in time to clear the sabbath law.

**STRIKE BREAKERS BEATEN UP.**

Troy, N. Y., Feb. 8.—Two strike breakers, working on an emergency wagon, repairing a trolley in the north end of Troy shortly after 3 o'clock today, got into an altercation with a irate policeman and one of them attacked the officer with a wrench. Both strike breakers were "beaten up," by the policeman.

**Children Cry for Fletcher's CASTORIA**  
Fletcher's Castoria is strictly a remedy for Infants and Children. Foods are specially prepared for babies. A baby's medicine is even more essential for Baby. Remedies primarily prepared for grown-ups are not interchangeable. It was the need of a remedy for the common ailments of Infants and Children that brought Castoria before the public after years of research, and no claim has been made for it that its use for over 30 years has not proven.  
**What is CASTORIA?**  
Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Comfort—The Mother's Friend.  
**GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS**  
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*  
**In Use For Over 30 Years**  
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

**SPANISH RIVER PULP AND PAPER MILLS, Limited**  
**8% General Mortgage Bonds**  
Dated March 1st, 1921. Due 1st March, 1941.  
Denominations \$500, \$1,000.  
**PRICE 99 AND INTEREST Yielding 8.10%**  
The Spanish River Pulp & Paper Mills Ltd. was incorporated in 1916 and is the largest manufacturer of newsprint in Canada.  
At current market prices on Montreal Stock Exchange the Preferred and Common shares have a market value of approximately \$15,000,000, ranking junior to these bonds. Approximately \$500,000 of the securities senior to this issue mature each year 1921 to 1931 inclusive. These annual reductions together with annual Sinking Fund of 2% per annum on General Mortgage Bonds rapidly increase the equity behind the issue.  
Annual Cumulative Sinking Fund will commence in 1924—sufficient to retire half of this issue before maturity.  
Plant and Property Valuation—\$30,000,000 against \$13,655,113 of Bonds outstanding, including this issue.  
Net Liquid Assets (Working Capital) after deducting all Current Liabilities and including the proceeds of this issue, will be in excess of \$9,000,000.  
Average annual Net Earnings after depreciation available for interest charges on these Bonds for the five years ended June 30th, 1920, were \$1,229,472—over five times interest charges on General Mortgage Bonds now to be issued.  
Net Earnings for six months ended December 31st, 1920, after depreciation and prior interest charges, were in excess of \$2,500,000—at the rate of twenty times annual interests on this issue.  
A large portion of this issue, which is offered if, as and when issued, has already been sold and a ready market is anticipated for the balance.  
**Eastern Securities Company, Ltd.**  
92 Prince William Street, St. John, N. B. James MacMurray, Managing Director 193 Hollis Street, Halifax, N. S.

**Don't Suffer** frequent attacks of indigestion, biliousness, liver trouble, sick headaches, and constipation. Take a few doses of Beecham's Pills which cleanse and stimulate digestive and eliminative organs, and tone and invigorate the entire system.  
**Take Beecham's Pills**  
Solely everywhere in Canada. In Boxes, 25c, 50c.  
**Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World.**

New York, Feb. 8.—Earl Thomson, the Canadian Olympic hurdler, added to his laurels tonight at the annual indoor games of the Madison A.A. in Madison Square Garden by winning the seventy yard hurdle race in 9 seconds flat. Frank Loomis, Jr. of Chicago, was second. Over the low hurdles at the same distance, Thomson also won and equalled his own world's indoor record, 8-1-5 seconds.

**INFORMATION FOR YOU**  
About **BLACK SQUARES**  
WE HOPE YOU HAVE SAVED MANY BLACK SQUARES  
**BECAUSE**  
**Black Squares will be worth money**  
Fri., Feb. 11th  
At 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon when the Great **BLACK SQUARE**  
Sale Begins  
WE OFFER YOU **The Greatest Shoe Sale**  
Ever held in this city  
And we promise you many amusing surprises. You will be well repaid by attending the First Day of this Great Sale and Every Day.

**The Black Square**  
**Lucky Shoes**  
See these in our windows and read more about them in tomorrow's papers.  
**WIEZEL'S CASH STORES**  
243 Union St.

**A P INVITE LAWYERS OF DOMINION TO CONVENE IN N**  
Barristers' Society Will meet at St. Andrew's at Place for Convention  
**DR. W. B. WALLACE SOCIETY'S PRESIDENT**  
Three Maritime Provinces Unite in Urging Convention in This Locality  
Special to The Standard. Fredericton, Feb. 8.—The meeting of the Barristers' Society of New Brunswick was held last evening in the Supreme Court here in the Parliament building. In the absence of A. J. K.C., the president of the association, the chair was occupied by President, Dr. W. B. Wallace. A good representation of the bar was present and the proved a very successful of all standpoints. Several measures of importance were discussed through, and satisfactory reports of the association's work for the year. Books for Library. The report of the auditors some \$1,400 invested in books for library purposes, over \$200 went to the St. John branch will this year be increased. The yearly receipts amount to \$2,000 and the expenditures to \$2,200. A cash balance at this date of \$1,842. The report of the audit consisting of Messrs. J. B. and J. B. McNair, a vote of thanks was extended to the secretary, Dr. T. C. Allen, K.C., good showing. At the Meeting. Among the barristers in attendance were: Aldermen Byrne, M. G. Teed, K.C., W. K.C., D. Mullin, K.C., R. B. K.C., P. J. Hughes, J. J. F. C. D. Richards, Joseph McKeown, L.A., E. A. McKee, J. T. Sh. B. Dickson, A. Allen and Dolton, reporter of the Supreme Court. Officers of the association for the coming year were elected as follows: President, Dr. W. B. Wallace; Vice-president, W. P. Jones; Secretary-Treasurer, Dr. T. C. Allen; Librarian, E. A. McKee; Council—J. B. McKee, M. G. Teed, K.C.; J. J. F. P. J. Hughes, R. B. Hanson, K.C., D. Mullin, K.C. and F. R. K.C., together with the president, a very-pleasant of the society.  
Want Canadian Convention. On motion a committee of Messrs. P. Jones and J. J. F. Whelan appointed the society at the annual meeting of the Canadian Bar Association which will meet at Quebec, February 26. The committee authorized this committee with the delegates from Scotia and Prince Edward Island. Associations in cordially invited to attend the annual meeting for the purpose of a point in the Maritime. Enthusiastic addresses were a number of the leading present in support of the speakers having a vision of the social and benefits they had experienced to the official meetings of the Canadian Bar Association. One of the Maritime points among the possibilities for meeting is St. Andrews, N. the rites of hospitality and passed general resolutions in recognition therewith of a lesser resort could be a special advantage for both guests.  
FINE NOVA SCOTIA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH is conducting a campaign against the illegal drug, S. N. Wears, a Dr. Bridgetown, N. S., was found selling morphine on forged prescriptions, by Magistrate McKee, N. S., on the fifth fined \$10. The finding will interest to druggists through the city of druggists in the sale of drugs.  
A statement issued by the Department of Health yesterday warning that the department tends to make an example of those who are found guilty of selling narcotics illegally.  
**DR. DEVAN'S-FRENCH**  
A reliable regulating pill. Restores health, strength, ensures beauty. \$5 a box. At all direct from our laboratory, 1011 Drug Co., St. Yoville, real.  
For sale by J. Benson