

ST. JOHN STAR.

STAR WANT ADS, PAGE 3.  
The favorite medium of communication among the people of St. John.

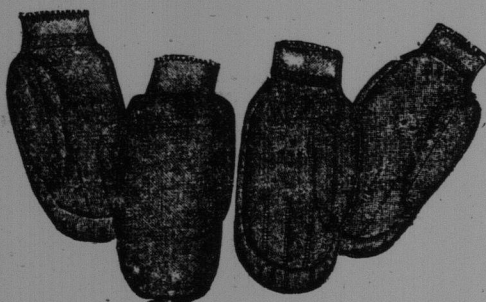
VOL. 6, NO. 81.

ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1905.

TEN PAGES

ONE CENT

Boxing Gloves.



Boxing is a healthy and amusing exercise.  
Sets of Gloves, \$2 to \$6.  
STRIKING BAGS—Prices \$2 to \$3 each.  
BOXING GLOVES—Victory, \$2.00 and \$3.00.  
All above on Sporting Goods Flat, Second Floor. Take the Elevator.

W. H. THORNE & CO., Limited,  
Market Square, St. John, N. B.

SHOUTS!!!

There is but one opinion—Everybody, everywhere, speaks well of

Eddy's "Silent" Parlor Match  
All grocers handle them—No work to sell them.

ASKED FOR EVERY HOUR OF THE DAY.  
12 boxes (200 each) retail at 25c.  
3 " (500 each) 1 " 15c.

SCHOFIELD BROS.,  
SELLING AGENTS. ST. JOHN, N. B.

How to Earn Money

If you would call on or write C. R. Davis 56 Prince Wm. St., St. John, N. B., and send the names of your friends or other reliable persons that I could sell any of the following articles to, as Watches of all kinds, Diamonds, Brooches and Pins, Ladies' and Gents' Gold and Set Rings, Waist Sets, Cuff Studs or any kind of Jewellery or Clocks of any kind, or Silver Knives, Forks, Spoons, Tea Sets, Butter Dishes, Cake Baskets, or Silverware of any kind, I would pay you in cash as soon as the sale was made. I would also give honest and reliable persons credit of three and four months. All business strictly confidential. Any one writing to me and opening an account will also get a discount off my regular prices. All goods fully warranted.

To The Christmas Buyers:

We are offering a large assortment of Ranges and Heating Stoves; also a nice assortment of Fanoy Clocks, Thermometers, Bath Room Fixtures, Hot Water Plates, and a general assortment of Xmas Novelties at a very low price.

J. E. WILSON, Ltd.,

Office and Show Metal Works: 17 and 19 Sydney St. Foundry: 170 to 180 Brussels St.

\$40.00 for \$25.00.

SEAL JACKETS.

3 Only of These Jackets.

Sizes 32 in., 34 in., 36 in.

F. S. THOMAS, 539 Main Street, North End  
Store Open till 9 o'clock every evening.

Brass Founder, Finisher,  
Manufacturer of Plumber's Brass Goods.

W. H. STIRLING,  
PHONE 1011. 38 WATER ST

Mink Ties.

About one dozen of beautiful Mink Ties At the prices asked, quality considered, they are bargains.

J. B. BARDSLEY 179 Union Street.

Open Till 8 Tonight. St. John, N. B., December 12th, 1905

OVERCOATS at

\$5, \$6, \$7.50, \$8, \$8.75 and \$10.

That are worth from \$2 to \$4 more than they are marked are attracting many buyers. These are new in style, this season's make, the kind in which you would be well dressed. If you want higher priced Overcoats we have them, at

\$12.00, \$13.50, \$15.00 and \$20.00.

J. N. HARVEY, Men's and Boys' Clothing Union St.

LEADING N. Y. LAWYER  
SERIOUSLY CHARGED

Accused of Conspiracy to Procure Perjured Evidence.

As an Outcome of Notorious Dodge-Morse Divorce Suit Abe Hummel is in Serious Trouble.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—The trial of Abraham H. Hummel, one of New York's most widely known lawyers, on the charge of conspiracy, was on the calendar before Justice Rogers in the supreme court today. The charge against Hummel grew out of the sensational Dodge-Morse divorce litigation, in which it was alleged that Hummel entered into a conspiracy to procure perjured evidence. Former Supreme Court Justice Edgar L. Fursman also was indicted on the charge of conspiracy in the same case.

The conspiracy and perjury charges were made after an investigation by District Attorney Jerome of allegations that the course had been made use of in improper manner in an effort to procure an annulment of the degree of divorce obtained by Mrs. Clemence Dodge against Charles F. Dodge. After this divorce Mrs. Dodge was married to Charles W. Morse, a capitalist of this city, who is very prominent in banking and steamship affairs. The real object of the desire to obtain an annulment of the Dodge divorce was said to be thereby to invalidate the marriage of Mrs. Dodge and Morse. Why it was sought to invalidate this marriage has never been definitely learned, but the most sensational stories have been in circulation on the subject, the most persistent being that a declaration of invalidity of a divorce was desired in order that another marriage might take place with a wealthy member of the Roman Catholic church under the rites of that church.

Hummel appeared in proceedings as attorney for Charles F. Dodge and presented a claim by Dodge that he never was properly served with the summons in Mrs. Dodge's suit, that he was not represented by counsel at the trial and that he knew nothing of the matter until he was served with a certificate of the decree. Former Justice Fursman then came into the case, counsel for Mrs. Morse and the legal proceedings continued up to the point where, on January 4, 1904, the Dodge-Morse annulment was entered in the Supreme Court. Then an attorney named Sweetser, who had served the papers of Dodge and who had been at work on the case to save his professional reputation, discovered a letter to the London agent of an attorney, saying he (Dodge) had been served with papers in a divorce suit and authorizing Huger to act as his attorney. Huger had died before the latter proceedings.

Dodge was at once indicted for perjury and after a long and bitter legal battle was brought back from Houston, Tex., a member of Hummel's law firm represented Dodge in Texas in the efforts to prevent extradition to New York. After Dodge was brought back here he made a statement in which he accused Hummel of having dictated the letter to the London agent, and he had been plentifully supplied with money the source of which he did not question and that all the efforts to prevent his return to New York were made under the direction of Hummel.

AGED FREDERICKSON MAN  
BROKE HIS LEG TWICE.

(Special to the Star.)

FREDERICKSON, N. B., Dec. 12.—George Gilman, a well known citizen who some eight weeks ago fell and fractured his leg and from which he had nearly fully recovered, fell again last evening at his residence again breaking the limb. As Mr. Gilman is well advanced in years his condition is considered serious.

Another heavy snow storm set in this morning and still continues. The weather, however, is very mild and there is no wind.

"LANDSCAPE WITH SHEEP."

During his last visit to Paris King Leopold of Belgium visited the studio of a well-known landscape painter, where he saw, among others, a canvas that particularly pleased him. It was a landscape with a dozen sheep grazing in the foreground. "I should like to have this painting of yours," he said to the artist. "I will pay 600 francs for it. That is 50 francs apiece for the sheep—as much as sheep are worth." "I shall be happy to dispose of my sheep to your majesty on your majesty's own terms," answered the painter. The king, before leaving, arranged for the delivery of the work of art at his hotel.

A few hours later the artist with the picture presented himself, and the king, after another glance at his latest acquisition, was about to write a check for 600 francs in payment, when the painter said: "Has your majesty perhaps overlooked the details of the background?" He pointed to a white something indistinctly outlined against the horizon. "I take that for a cloud," said the king. "Is it not so intended?" "Ah, no, your majesty, that is a flock of sheep. There are just a hundred of them, and they are as well worth 50 francs apiece as the others. They look small because they are still a long way off."

King Leopold is said to have been so pleased with the Frenchman's wit that he paid for the hundred extra sheep at the rate agreed upon.

Keep pace with the times, and change your advertising to fit changed conditions.—Kalamazoo, Mich. News.

DARING BURGLARY  
FOILED BY POLICE.

Gang of Robbers and Valuable Booty Captured.

Thieves Looted Building of Furs, Silks and Embroidery Worth \$9,000 and Almost Got Away.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—A big moving van robbery was prevented by two policemen today, who captured an entire gang of robbers and \$5,000 worth of furs, silks, and embroidery which was packed in huge bundles and waiting for vans to carry it away.

Soon after midnight the police were told an amazing story about three men who had been seen climbing to the roof of a six-story factory building in West 42d street. It was found that the climbers, starting from the roof of a tenement building adjoining the factory, had made their way up a terrace chimney which ran from the tenement roof to the top of the factory. This roof was built against the wall and was within a few inches of the corner of the factory, so that it almost overhung the street. So timely was this means of ascent that the police would not climb it in pursuit of the thieves, but surrounded the building lying in wait.

About four o'clock in the morning the police arrested four men coming from the tenement, three of whom they charge with climbing out of the factory. The other they say was a picket who gave the alarm to his colleagues. When the factory fireman arrived before daylight he let the police into the building where they found several wagons loaded with goods packed in rube bundles near the street door. The men under arrest are Wm. Kelly, Jas. Kelly and Geo. Ryan, charged with attempted burglary, and Wm. Fernandez arrested as a suspicious person.

SENTENCE FOR MIDDY  
WHO KILLED COMRADE.

Acquitted of Manslaughter, But Given One Years Confinement in Guard House For Violating Rules.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—Confinement in the military guard house for the period of one year and a reprimand by the secretary of the navy, is the sentence handed down to the case of Midshipman Minor Meriwether, Jr., tried by



MIDSHIPMAN MERIWETHER.

court martial at Annapolis, on the charges of manslaughter, violation of the third class of the eighth article for the government of the navy and conduct to the prejudice of good order and discipline, all three charges arising from a fist fight between the accused and Midshipman James R. Branch, Jr., on November 5 last. Two days later Midshipman Branch died. The accused was acquitted of the first charge and found guilty of the second and third.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Dec. 12.—Midshipman Minor Meriwether, speaking of the verdict, said:

"I am more than happy that the court martial has declared I am not guilty of causing the death of Midshipman Branch. I do not feel that my sentence is unjust and I intend to spend my time in hard work, so that I may make a record in the navy which will cause people to forget my part in this sad affair."

GEORGE W. PERKINS WILL  
RESIGN OFFICE TODAY.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—The Herald tomorrow will say:

"George W. Perkins today will hand in his resignation both as vice president of the New York Life Insurance and as the chairman of the finance committee of that corporation. The resignation is current in financial circles that Mr. Perkins would sever his official connection with the New York Life was confirmed last night in official quarters. It is not likely that Mr. Perkins will resign as a director of the company at this time."

CIVIL WAR RAGING IN  
THE BALTIC PROVINCES.

But Russian Outlook Generally is Clearing and Witte May Pull Through—Danger of General Strike is Averted.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 12. (Morning)—Via Edytkunnen, Dec. 12.—The situation in the Baltic provinces is now the most grave of the empire's conditions. It approaches civil war, and the government has been forced to appoint a governor general with sweeping administrative powers to try to restore order. All the troops in the provinces have been placed under his command.

The importation of arms, which have been entering the country in large quantities, and the sale of weapons have been prohibited and the authorities are even empowered to arrest for three months under an administrative order persons having arms in their possession. At the same time the government recognizes that crushing the growing rebellion by force will not suffice.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 13. (Morning)—Via Edytkunnen, East Prussia, Dec. 12.—The restoration of cable communication with points abroad yesterday lasted only a few hours. Before the war was cut and that despatches must again be forwarded by courier via the German frontier. Nevertheless the outlook is clearing. The government is breathing freer with a fighting chance that Premier Witte may yet be able to steer his way through the rocks which beset his path.

The threat of a general strike in the immediate future has disappeared and the telegraph strike not being supported will be of the union to stand firm. At Moscow the tie-up remains complete but at many other points the postal service has been reopened although in a precarious fashion as the employees of both the telegraph and postal services who were discharged by wholesale for refusing to work are cutting the wires wherever it is possible to do so.

The real leaders of the workmen and other proletarian organizations are fully taking their place in the preparation for a decisive struggle have carried the day over the moderate strikers and have easily convinced the majority that it would be an irretrievable blunder to proceed with their regard as the supreme instrument for forging a great nation by using it for a minor issue like redress of the grievances of private individuals. In registering this decision they placed themselves on record to continue the organization and equipment of the fighting legions which the old president, Krustaleff, began, thus virtually furnishing the government with evidence confirming its charges that articles 102 and 126 of the criminal code, prohibiting participation in associations the object of which is armed revolt and the punishment for which is death, have been violated by the strikers' head organization. It is likely, however, that the government in order to discount attempts to save M. Krustaleff will simply charge him with the misappropriation of the funds of the workmen in using them in founding a Socialist paper, which the government claims can be substantiated.

The workmen's council yesterday sent a demand to Count Witte for the release of M. Krustaleff. Later the workmen's delegates called on Procurator Kamshansky and demanded his release, but the procurator refused bluntly, saying that the case must be tried in court. To this the spokesmen of the delegation replied: "Then we will declare a general strike."

"I will not release him if the whole world strikes," answered the procurator.

M. Krustaleff is understood to be imprisoned in the St. Peter and St. Paul fortress in order, it is explained, to prevent any possible attempt at rescue, which would only lead to bloodshed.

The disappearance of the danger of a general strike seems to insure the government a certain period in which to vindicate itself and demonstrate that it is striving to release the new order of things, and its friends hope it will be able to show this by deeds.

Will gather public sympathy from the proletariat and place the workers' organizations when the time comes for a strike in the attitude of deliberately provoking a struggle to overthrow the government and establish a democratic republic.

The members of Count Witte's cabinet distinctly deny that the government has entered on the path of reaction, but they say that the present state of anarchy cannot go on. People amenable to the laws will be arrested and tried by the courts.

"If the government really enters on the path of reaction," said one of the ministers today, "it must end in a dictatorship, and we may be sure that at the first evidence of this Witte will step down and out."

Count Witte takes the ground that the ministry is only a stop-gap to transfer the power into the hands of the national assembly, and therefore he will not undertake to bind the country by temporary laws on a policy which the representatives of the national assembly should decide themselves. This is the theory on which complete universal suffrage will be refused.

WARSAW, Russian Poland, Dec. 12.—A general strike of all servants has been declared. Infantry and cavalry are again patrolling the town.

WARSAW, Dec. 13.—A meeting of 417 Catholic clergymen of Russian Poland,

HAGUE CONFERENCE  
AGAIN POSTPONED.

Will Not Meet Early Next Year, as Planned.

Action of Swiss Government in Calling a Conference on its Own Account is Blamed.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—The state department has been informed that the effort to arrange a date for the reassembling of The Hague conference has been suspended for the time being, and is now believed to be impossible for the second conference to meet early next year, as was once expected. The delay does not arise from any indisposition on the part of the great powers to accept the Russian emperor's invitation, but simply because an important feature of the programme cannot be agreed upon until the government at Switzerland has acted.

That government some time ago issued invitations to the powers to send delegates to a convention to assembly at Bern to consider amendments to the Red Cross convention. The first Hague conference considered some topics pertaining to these amendments, and in addition it suggested a number of kindred topics for consideration at the next Hague conference. Some of the governments invited to attend the second conference at The Hague have made the point that they are thus confronted with the possibility of being obliged twice to consider the same line of subjects relating to Red Cross matters, and it has been suggested that the Swiss government withdraw its invitations to the independent conference at Bern, or that Red Cross matters be excluded from the second Hague conference. The Swiss government has so far shown no disposition to abandon its projected conference, and the effort to fix a date for the second Hague conference is consequently suspended.

Some indications of a purpose on the part of one or two of the powers to have details of the programme for the conference arranged in advance by negotiation are regarded here as showing an indefinite postponement of the conference.

BIG STEAMERS ARRIVE  
AFTER HARD WEATHER.

Donaldson Liner Concordia Had Rough Trip—C. P. R. Stmr. Mount Temple Here With Some Immigrants.

The C. P. R. Liner Mount Temple arrived off the island early this morning and docked at No. 2 wharf about two o'clock. She was expected to dock about eleven and many longshoremen spent the morning waiting for her arrival.

The Mount Temple comes to port from London via Antwerp and brings to the city 215 steerage passengers from the continent. The larger number of these are destined for the Canadian and Russian nationalities. About 75 of the passengers, however, will be taken to the United States.

Dr. March made an attempt to board the Mount Temple but as the water was very rough his efforts did not meet with success.

The next boat of this line is the Lake Erie which is expected on Saturday. This boat will also bring somewhat over two hundred passengers.

GUIDES WANT HUNTING  
LICENSE FEES REDUCED.

Their Arguments Will Be Presented to Tourist Association Tomorrow—Last Years Increase Kept Hunters Away.

The annual meeting of the Tourist Association will be held tomorrow night in the Board of Trade rooms, Prince William street. A strong effort is being made to secure a large attendance, as several matters of great importance are to be taken up.

It is expected that Adam Moore, of Scotch Lake, W. H. Allan, of Peniac, and Thomas Sullivan, of Bonny River, three of the best known guides in the province, will be present, and will have something of interest to all sportsmen to lay before the meeting.

There has been a general feeling of discontent this year over the license fees, and it is just probable that this will be the matter that the guides will bring to the attention of the legislature.

At the last session of the local legislature the license fee was considerably increased, with the result that the government derived a much larger income, but the guides and others, hotel keepers, etc., did not do as well as in years past. Under the present schedule non-residents pay \$20 and residents \$2. This increase to \$20 from the former fee of \$10 has increased the revenues but has curtailed the earning powers of the guides and others, as there have been fewer people come to the province in search of game than in years gone by. These hunters have always spent considerable money here and in the district in which they went in search of game, and the loss of this money is severely felt.

It is understood that the guides favor a smaller license or a schedule that will require a successful hunter to pay a tax per head. In other words, if a New York man comes here he will pay thirty dollars for a license, ten dollars more if he gets a moose, etc.

DEATHS.

GIBBS—At 506 Union street, on the 13th inst., Etta, beloved wife of Amos O. Gibbs.

Funeral service from her late residence on Friday at 2.30 o'clock.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION

FOR SALE CHEAP—One double-seated sleigh; also one double-seated covered carriage. Apply 27 Golding street.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—Ladies and gentlemen in the city or suburbs for light employment. Good salary guaranteed. Apply to MISS ROSS, Lansdowne Hotel, Hours: 12 to 2.30 and 6 to 8.30.

WANTED PRINTER—A young lady compositor. Also one or two boys to learn the printing business. Address W. H. care Star Office.

WANTED—Good girl as assistant in cooking and kitchen work. MRS. LOUIS NELSON, 40 Lenister St.

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