MC 2035 POOR DOCUMENT

MACAULAY BROS. & CO., KING STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.

Stores open at 8 a. m., close 6 p. m. Fridays 10 p. m. Saturdays 1 p. m.

Remarkable Savings to Commence the Second Week of Our Value Give Sale of Men's Furnishings

Every day last week our Semi Annual Sale broke all past selling records. This week it is our intention to pass last week's performance. Success is the tribute of effort. We certainly are making a spirited effort.

We have rearranged stocks. We have revised prices and in many ways we have added strength and selling impetus to the event.

Call and examine the bargains and you'll agree in thinking the bargains are bigger and better than ever before. The following items will give you a brief idea of the values.

Boys' Flannelette Night Shirts, Sale price 39c. each.

Men's Linen Collars, Sale price 9c. each.

Boys' Linen Collars, Sale price 2 for 5c.

Men's Soft Collars, Sale price 10c. each.

Hook on Bows, in numerous new and natty designs and colorings, Sale price 10c. each, 3 for 25c.

Men's Bathing Suits, one and two-piece, all sizes, Sale price 39c. a suit.

Men's Negligee Shirts, regular $1.00 to $1.50 qualities, Sale price 59c. and 89c. each.

Men's Soft Collar and Cuff Shirts with tie to match, reguar $1.50 to $1.75 qualities, Sale price $1.11 each.

Men's Best Grade Negligee Shirts, soft collar and cuffs, $2.00 to $2.75 quality, Sale price $1.33 each.

Outing Shirts with collars attached, Sale price 89c. each.

Men's Embroidered Cashmere Socks, regular 50c. and 75c. qualities, Sale price 3 pairs for $1.00.

Men's Cashmere Socks (black) Sale price 3 pairs for 55c.

Men's Handkerchiefs, Sale price 3 for 25c.

Men's Cloth Caps, Sale price 19c. each.

Men's Cloth Caps, best American or Canadian makes, Sale price 49c. each.

Men's Tan Outing Trousers of English drill, Sale price $1.19 a pair.

Fancy Velour Carriage Rugs, Sale price 98c.

Boys' Leather Belts, Sale price 22c. each.

Men's Leather Belts, Sale price 29c. each.

Men's Umbrellas, natural handles, Sale price 79c. each.

Boys' Bathing Trunks, Sale price 5c. each.

Men's Wash Vests, newest patterns, Sale price 79c. and 89c. each.

Men's Pyjamas Suits, Sale price 69c., 79c., and $1.89 a suit.

Men's Colored Silkette Underwear, regular $2.00 quality, Sale price $1.00 a suit.

Men's Underwear, knee length pants and short sleeve vests, regular 65c. to 90c. values, Sale price 39c. a garment.

Men's Lisle Thread or Cotton Socks, Sale price 3 pairs for 55c.

Men's Silk Lisle Hose (colored) regular 50c. quality, Sale price 37c. a pair.

Men's or Boys' Corduroy Hats, Sale price 49c. each.

Men's Braces, regular 50c. quality, Sale price 27c. a pair.

Men's Unlined or Silk Lined Gloves, Kid or Mocha (grey or tan) 98c. and $1.19 a pair.

MACAULAY BROS. & CO.

LA MARQUISE DE FONTENOY

Prince De Lieven a Gallant Soldier as Well as Able Diplomat — Bound With Human Skin—Sordid Death of German Nobleman

(Copyright, 1912, by the Brentwood Company)

Admiral Prince Alexander de Lieven, Chief of the General Staff of the Russian Navy, to whom belongs the credit for having brought to a successful issue the new agreement with France providing for joint action by the Russian and French fleets in the event of war, is an officer who had already won considerable celebrity.

It was he who commanding the cruiser Diana at the outbreak of the conflict with Japan in 1904, took part in that gallant dash of the blockaded Muscovite warships out of Port Arthur in deference to peremptory instructions from St. Petersburg. It will be recalled that the Russian ships were either driven back into port damaged most beyond repair, or else sunk by the enemy. Only one got away, namely, the Diana, owing to the superior seamanship of her captain, Prince Alexandre de Lieven. Fighting off and escaping at one and the same time from the Japanese cruisers sent in pursuit, he managed to navigate the Diana in safety to the French port of Saigon, thousands of miles away, where she was dismantled in accordance with the requirements of the laws of neutrality, to be held until the end of the war.

While at Saigon, Lieven was joined by his wife, who had made her escape from Port Arthur through the tightly drawn Japanese lines, by disguising herself as a Chinaman, and under the cover of a blinding snowstorm. In fact, her extraordinary adventures, and the romantic features of her escape, appealed so strongly to the powers at St. Petersburg, that they have long since forgiven her husband for wedding her, their former objectionn to her having been based upon the fact that she was a divorcee, and of birth far inferior to his own.

Alexander de Lievn can trace his ancestry in an unbroken line to Henry Lieve whom as a feudal baron, vassal to the Archbishop of Riga, in the thirteenth century. The family owns its Princely title and the predicate of Serene Highness—enjoyed by so very few of the Princely Houses of Russia—to the fact that the widow of General Count Otto de Lieven was governess of the children of Czar Paul, and that Alexander I., Nicholas I., as well as the Czarevitch Constantine Pavlovitch, who waived his rights of succession in favor of his younger brother, all three regarded her as their second mother.

With regard to the convention just negotiated at Paris by Admiral Prince Alexander de Lieven, it must be remembered that the Franco-Russian alliance merely provided for united military action by the two nations. The Lieven agreement extends this co-operation to the navies of the allied powers.

Marcellin Pellet, formerly on the staff of the Paris "Republique Francise," afterwards members of the Chamber of Deputies for the Department of the Gard, and now representing France as her Minister Plenipotentiary at the Hague, is probably the only member of the diplomatic service of France, or of any other civilized country who can boast of including among his most cherished literary treasures, a book bound in human skin. The story of how he came to be possessed of it is a curious one. It seems that his friend, the well known Swiss surgeon Professor Auguste Reverdin of Geneva, received one day a notice through a lawyer that one of his boyhood's friends, dying without issue, had bequeathed to him his small fortune, conditional upon his removing and preserving the skin of his chest, a piece about fifteen inches square, on which the name of the woman by whom he had been betrayed to the ruin of his life, was tattooed. Professor Reverdin complied with this eccentric and grewsome stipulation, but found it impossible to induce any of the local leather-workers to tan it. Eventually he had to get this done at Lyons, at an exorbitant cost. It came back to the Professor a strong thick piece of leather, dyed a dull black to the complete effacement of the tattooing. The thing finally got on the professor's nerves, he developed an impression taht it was unlucky—at least to him personally—and accordingly he induced his friend Marcellin Pellet, who is not at all superstitious, to take it off his hands. Pellet caused one of the volumes of his own work "Varietes Revolutionaries,"—a compilation dealing with oddities and starnge features of the great revolution in France—to be bound in it, and makes no diffieulty about showing it to his friends and acquaintances who visit the French Legation at the Hague.

The idea of binding his book of revolutionary miscellany is a good one, since revolutions, especially in France, prove to be usually good harvesters of such material. Human skin, moreover, is said to make a leather soft but strong, and very durable. Sapor of Persia covered his saddle with the skin of the Roman Emperor Valerianus, who died in his Persian captivity. Its enduring qualities are demonstrated also by the Lincolnshire tradition to the effect that the skins of Danish marauders had been anciently nailed to the door of a certain church. Sent there to find out about this, antiquaries, after drawing some spikes from the door, found between the wood and the overlapping heads of the huge nails, jagged shreds, which on careful microscopical examination were shown to be really human skin.

Count Charles of Hohenthal, who has just committed suicide in Paris by throwing himself out of a three-story window upon the pavement of the Boulevard Rochehouart, was an expatriate, having rendered his presence in Germany impossible by reason of the many pecuniary difficulties and scandals in which he had become involved. Losses at the gambling table were the cause of his self-destruction. He was an inveterate gambler, and had established his residence at the thermal resort of Enghien, the only place in the neighborhood of Paris where a semi-public gambling establishment is tolerated by the authorities. He had been twice married, and twice divorced, each union being of the nature of a misalliance.

The affair which eventually rendered him an exile, was a singular encounter some five years ago with a railroad employe at a grade crossing near Zehlindorf. Rohenthal was on his way back to Berlin on that night with a party, he himself driving the leading sleigh, and being like most of his companions, considerably intoxicated. In spite of the waving lantern and shouts of the crossing keeper, who had lowered the gate on account of an approaching train, he drove straight into the bars, badly injuring the horses and upsetting the sleigh into the ditch. Hohenthal perfectly infuriated then fell on the gate-keeper, an elderly man and so mishandled him that he spent several months in the hospital. In fact, the unfortunate man might have been killed, had not peasants from the neighboring cottages rushed to his assistance.

For this performance the count passed a year in jail, and if his death has attracted so much attention in France and Germany it is owing to the prominence of the Hohenthal family, which has long flourished in the courts of Berlin and Dresden, occupying various offices in the two royal households. Countess Walpurga Hohenthal was appointed maid of honor to Empress Frederick on the latter's marriage, and is now the widow of Sir Augustus Paget, once British Ambassador at Rome. She was very kind to "Ouida," and figures under a transparent pseudonym in the latter's novel "Friendship."

The founder of the family was Petet Hohmann, who of humble origin, amassed a fortune as a merchant at Leipzig during the eighteenth century. As farmer of taxes for the Saxon government he became still richer and made himself so useful to the crown, that he was ennobled as Elder von Hohenthal. His integrity being questioned later on he, to head off investigation sent in a clever and acceptable fashion to King Augustus-the-Strong, that Monarch's own I. O. U., for $100,000, a further sum of $50,000 in cash and a huge sapphire, which is still a bright particular star of the crown jewels of Saxony. This politic act obviated further trouble. The tax-farmer's sons were finally advanced to Baronies, and his grandsons to the rank of Counts of Hohenthal.

MARQUISE DE FONTENOY.

Daily Hints For the Cook

CHERRY SOUP.

Stem and stone two pounds of cherries, wipe them and mix with them half-pound castor sugar; put them in a sieve to drip into a clean basin. Pound the stones, kernels of course included, and boil them in a pint of water for an hour; then strain off the flavored water thus obtained into a saucepan, add the juice which has dripped from the cherries, two pints of water, a piece of cinnamon stick, a thinly-pared bit of lemon rind, and half a pound of sugar; let all come to the boil, and then add enough arrowroot or cornflour rubbed smooth in a little water to properly thicken the soup. When boiling put in the cherries and serve with rusks.

RED CURRANT SOUP.

Boil three pounds of red currants in three pints of water and rub them through a sieve. Put the liquid into a saucepan with two pounds of sugar and the zest of a lemon; rub smooth a dessertspoonful of cornflour and a little powdered cinnamon in water, and add this, letting all cook gently till the soup is of the right thickness. Have sponge fingers ready in a soup tureen, pour over them a glass of lemon syrup, and then add the soup.

Raspberry and raspberry and currant soup is made in exactly the same way, only pearl sago is used for the thickening.

GREAT FOR BREAKFAST

Give them Kellogg's Toasted Corn Flakes every morning for breakfast. They're sure to like it, and find it nourishing as well as flavorful.

Half A Gallon of Orangeade for 10c.

Good oranges are hard to get in summer —and are very expensive.

All grocers and druggists have

DALTON'S CONCENTRATED ORANGEADE

A 25c. bottle makes 36 glasses—and a 10c. bottle makes 12 glasses—of the finest Orangeade you ever tasted. Dalton's is sweetened and ready to serve when added to iced water.

Dalton's Concentrated Lemonade is another delightful hot weather drink. 10c. and 25c. a bottle.

Grocers and Druggists everywhere in Canada have them. Look out for the imitator. Insist on DALTON'S.

103

W. S. CLAWSON & CO., St. John, N. B., Wholesale Distributors.

The original

Gail Borden EAGLE BRAND CONDENSED MILK

1857 The Original—The Leader 1912

WM. H. DUNN, Agent

Join Our Happy Sail-ers

Attend one of the greatest sale-ing events ever offered in

August Furniture Sales

Our reductions, prices and values are all that goes to make up a Genuine Money-Saving Sale.

J. MARCUS - 30 Dock St.

A Store Where The Real Bargains Really Are!

MISSIONARY CONFERENCE SUCCESSFUL

Nearly One Hundred Delegates at Sackville--Delighted With Place and Interested in Their Work—Their Programme

(Sackville Tribune.)

The missionary summer conference now being held in the Mount Allison University Residence here is proving a great success. The enrolment now is nearly a hundred and is being added to daily. All the delegates are delighted with the Mount Allison Institutions, with the town of Sackville and with the hospitality and kindness shown to them by those connected with Mount Alison and by the people of the town. The leaders of the conference are greatly pleased with Sackville as a place in which to hold a summer conference, and anticipate that the conference will hereafter meet here yearly. The equipment at Mount Alison for holding such a conference is recognized to be equal if not superior to anything to be found in Canada, and the possibilities of expansion and development are exceptionally good.

In connection with the Bible Exposition Prof. DesBarres has delivered two excellent lectures on the book of Jonah. The Mission Study is one of the outstanding features of the conference. Five classes are conducted each morning as follows: The Decisive Hour of Canadian Missions, conducted by Rev. D. McOdrum, of Moncton; Korea in Transition, by Rev. E. C. Henigar; Uplift of China, by Dr. May Austin; India Awakening, by Rev. H. C. Priest; class for teachers of girls and boys on the Black-Bearded Barbarian, by Mrs. Stephenson, Toronto. At the open parliament Friday morning Rev. Dr. Stephenson of Toronto, spoke on the Equipment for Misionary Education in the local church. On Saturday morning Rev. A. E. Armetrong of Toronto led the conference on Missions in Sunday schools. In the missionary hour addresses have been delivered by Rev. S. C. Freeman on work aming the Savaras, one of the hill tribes of India, by Mrs. Henigar on the work of a missionary's wife, and by Dr. May Austin on her work in China, Friday afternoon was devoted to seeing through the Mount Alison institutions, to a tramp and tennis. Saturday afternoon the members of the conference visited Fort Cumberland. Speeches were made by A. B. Copp and Rev. Dr. Borden. Rain somewhat interfered with the pleasure of the occasion.

The Life Service meetings are in charge of C. V. Vickery, chairman of the conference. On Saturday evening a meeting open to the public, was addressed by Rev. D. McOdrum, of Moncton, on his recent trip to Trinidad and the West Indies. The address was deeply interesting and inspiring. On Saturday evening Rev. Dr. G. J. Bond spoke on China, the great opportunity that it presents and the great obligation which it imposes on the Christian church.

Rev. H. C. Priest spoke at the Sunday morning service, his subject being Training for Effective Service. Last evening after church Rev. M. E. Fletcher of St. John gave an address.

The evening meetings this week to which the public is cordially invited, will be held in Beethoven hall. Tonight E. J. Vickery, of New York, will give an illustrated address on the tenth anniversary of the Missionary Education Movement. This address will be one of the best of the conference and will be of very special interest. On Tuesday and Wednesday evenings moving pictures descriptive of life and work in China and Japan will be shown by Rev. Dr. Stephenson and George W. Beck. Tuesday evening Rev. R. S. Longley will speak of West China, while on Wednesday evening Rev. E. C. Heningar will deliver an address on missionary work in Japan.

Among those present from St. John are: Rev. M. E. Fletcher, Miss Hilda Hawker, Miss Beulah Knowlton, Mrs. R. G. Day, C. C. Flewelling, Rev. Wm. Lawson, E. P. Denison, Enoch Thompson and Miss Gertrude Hennigar.

High Thinking and Low Living

By RUTH CAMERON

HIGH ideals are beautiful and wonderful things. It is always an inspiration to me to meet anyone who has some aspiration and some sense of responsibility in life beyond surrounding himself and his own with all the comforts and pleasures and friends possible, and living pleasantly from day to day.

But conversely, it is always a saddening disillusionment to find my idealist notably failing to live up to the little obligations of daily living.

And yet how often one finds this sad combination—grand thinking and petty living, stern ideals and slack realities! For instance, a young woman crossed my path this summer whose beautiful ideals about the brotherhood of man and our responsibility towards our less fortunate fellow creatures were a stimulant to me. And then one day I heard the woman with whom she boarded telling how much trouble and extra work this particular girl had caused by being consistently and unnecessarily late to meals. The hostess is a very hardworking little widow who is evidently overtaxing her strength, and most of her guests—even though they do not have ideals as to the brotherhood of man—do all they can to make it easier for her. Naturally, after that, my young friend's ideals failed to inspire me.

Again, the most impassioned champion of justice and equal rights for all whom I ever knew was a young man who lived in a boarding house and was disliked by all his mates because he would keep possession of the bathroom at the rush hours about twice as long as the law of justice and equal rights for all allowed.

Just the other day my shampoo lady came an hour early, inquiring anxiously if I could have my treatment then, and explaining that it would be a great favor if I could, for Mrs. S., whom she usually treated at that hour, had gone to town and left word that she would postpone her appointment until that afternoon. That had thrown out her entire schedule, and unless I could accommodate her, she said she didn't know what she would do. Now Mrs. S. is a woman of unusually high ideals of justice. Wasn't it strange that it didn't occur to her to put them into practice in the relations of daily life?

Of course, we all know many very well intentioned people who cause infinite inconvenience and unhappiness by slackness in paying their debts. "To talk of living the higher life and to ignore the financial integrity of keeping one's debts promptly and accurately paid," someone has said, "is to speak a meaningless jargon."

Now there are many kinds of consistency which are absolutely folly. As, for instance, that which makes a man cling to a position after he has come to realize it is a mistake. But the consistency which makes a man try to live in little things as he talks in big ones, surely is a jewel.

And they who lack this consistency certainly are talking a "meaningless jargon" when they try to tell us about their ideals.

Drinking Women

Are Known in the Community

If a woman drinks everybody in the neighborhood knows it. Many women drinkers try to console themselves with the imaginary belief that no one knows it. But it cannot be hid. The St. John Neal Institute, 46 Crown Street, reserves the rooms on the first floor for lady patients. These rooms are elegantly furnished and comfortably appointed in keeping with sanitary conditions, affording bath, telephone service, and the comforts of a refined home. The treatment is completed at the end of the third day. Call on, write, wire or phone M 1685 and arrange with B. L. Stevens, the manager, for a room in advance of going.

Suspicious Even of Boy Scouts

Hamburg, Aug. 7—The Boy Scouts from Leith, Scotland, who came here on the Coblenz, to return the visit of the German boy scouts were allowed to land despite rumors that they might be stopped on some technicality. There was no official welcome and the visitors were not allowed to parade the streets with a band as they had hoped to do. They are going about the city seeing the sights privately.

DOCTORS ADVISE OPERATIONS

Saved by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Swarthmore, Penn.—"For fifteen years I suffered untold agony, and for one period of nearly two years I had hemorrhages and the doctors told me I would have to undergo an operation, but I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and am in good health now. I am all over the Change of Life and cannot praise your Vegetable Compound too highly. Everywoman should take it at that time. I recommend it to both old and young for female troubles."—Mrs. EMILY SUMMERSGILL, Swarthmore, Pa.

Canadian Woman's Experience: Fort William, Ont.—"I feel as if I could not tell others enough about the good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. I was weak and tired and I could not rest nights. A friend recommended your Compound and I soon gained health and strength and could not wish to sleep better. I know other women who have taken it for the same purpose and they join me in praising it."—Mrs. WM. A. BUFFY, 631 South Vickar Street, Fort Williams, Ontario.

Since we guarantee that all testimonials which we publish are genuine, is it not fair to suppose that if Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has the virtue to help these women it will help any other woman who is suffering in a like manner?

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

Over 50 Years' Established Reputation.

Neave's Food FOR INFANTS

When prepared according to the directions given, forms:

A complete diet for the Infant, easily digestible, health-giving, strength-giving.

Assists teething consequently promotes the healthful sleep so essential to the well-being of the infant.

Sold in 1 lb. airtight tins by all Druggists in Canada.

Free to Mothers—Write for free tin of Neave's Food and copy of our helpful book "Hints About Baby", to the

Canadian Agent — EDWIN UTLEY, 14 Front Street East, - TORONTO. (Mention this paper.) 37A

Mfrs. J. R. NEAVE & CO., England.

SHIPPING

ALMANAC FOR ST JOHN, AUGUST 7.

	A.M.		P.M.
High Tide	5.44	Low Tide	12.01
Sun Rises	5.22	Sun Sets	7.37

The time used is Atlantic standard.

PORT OF ST. JOHN.

Arrived Yesterday.

Sch Mersey, 191, Geldert, Bridgetown, Barbados, C M Kerrison.

Sch Nellie Eaton, 99, Barton, Boston, A W Adams.

Coastwise—Strs Harbinger, 46, Rockwell, River Hebert; Rita & Rhoda, 11, Green, Grand Harbor; Linnie & Edna, 30, Guptill, Grand Harbor; str Valinda, 56, Gesner, Bridgetown and cld.

Cleared Yesterday.

Sch W E & W L Tuck, 395, Haley, Norwich (Conn), J A Gregory.

Sch Yolanda, 72, Hassell, Montserrat (B W I), J Willard Smith.

Coastwise—Str Bear River, 70, Woodworth, Digby.

Sailed Monday.

Sch Myrtle Leaf, 335, Merriam, Apple River.

Sailed Yesterday.

Str Manchester Mariner, Spencer, Philadelphia (not previously).

Str Astarte, 717, Young, Parrsboro.

Sch Nettie Shipman, 287, Whelpley, New York.

Sch Rodney Parker, 330, Griffin, Bridgeport (Conn.)

Sch Geo Leonard Parker, 246, McLean, New York.

Sch Georgie Pearl, 118, Olsen, Vineyard Haven, f o.

Sch Helen Montague, 344, Cook, City Island, f o.

CANADIAN PORTS.

Montreal, Aug 6—Ard, strs Montcalm, Bristol; Lake Champlain, Liverpool; Montrose, London and Antwerp.

BRITISH PORTS

St Vincent, Aug 6—Sld, str Eretria, Crossley, bound from Hull to Buenos Ayres.

Glasgow, Aug 6—Ard, str Cassandra, Montreal.

FOREIGN PORTS

New York, Aug 6—Ard, schs John A Beckerman, St John; Vere B Roberts, Hantsport; Samuel B Hubbard, Windsor.

New York, Aug 6—Sld, str Nanna, Hillsboro; schs Harold B Cousens, St John; Advance, Campbellton; Lena White, Rockland.

CHARTERS.

Br str Eric, 1,788 tons, Miramichi to W Britain or E Ireland, deals, 56s 3d. Aug.

Ital ship Era, 1,007 tons, Annapolis (N S) to Rosario, lumber, $12.50.

Ital bark Giacoma, 1,298 tons, Bear River to Buenos Ayres, lumber, $11.50, option Rosario, $12.50.

Sch Laura M Lunt, 507 tons, Port Daniels to New York, lumber and lath, $5.50.

Sch J Howell Leeds, 393 tons, Philadelphia to Halifax, coal, $1.40.

THIRTY YEARS OF DISFIGURING ECZEMA CURED

"Ever since I was a little girl, thirty years ago, I had suffered tortures from eczema in one of its worst forms. The disease runs in my family, and mine was of a scaly and most disfiguring kind. The eczema formed in round rings, and then scales all over my face and limbs. I have been smothered from head to foot. I was born in Leamington, which is famous for its sulphur baths and pump waters, and one would think that after taking the treatment there regularly as I did, the disease would long ago have been cured, but it was not. I attended the ——— Hospital for years and years, so you will see I gave it a fair trial. Everyone in the town knew of my case. My face was disfigured very badly. A doctor told me that I should never get rid of it. I spent pounds in doctors' bills, and I attended several hospitals but nothing did any good.

"Then one day an uncle of mine recommended the Cuticura Remedies. I took his advice, and commenced to use the Cuticura Soap. To my astonishment an improvement at once set in, and my hair, which had been a complete mass of scales and scurf, soon began to look in splendid condition. Then I bought a box of Cuticura Ointment, and this cleared my skin wonderfully. In a few weeks' time all traces of the scaly eruptions had completely disappeared. Now my skin is clear and healthy, and thanks to the Cuticura Remedies I am completely cured of eczema. All my neighbours were astounded. The Cuticura Remedies are worth their weight in gold, and one tablet of Cuticura Soap goes further than four cakes of cheaper soaps. It has brought happiness into my home." (Signed) Mrs. Butler, 17, Francis Rd., The Cotteridge, King's Norton, Birmingham, Eng., July 26, 1910.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere, but those who wish to try them without charge may do so by sending to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., 82 Columbus Ave., Boston, U. S. A., for a liberal sample of each, post-free, with 32-p. skin book.