



As well, PSOPs provided support to 240 women and female youth leaders to drive peaceful change in the conflict-affected regions of Mali, engaging 3,600 local women in peace campaigns. PSOPs' efforts also secured the support of local and national leaders for local community development initiatives that enhance the development and rights of women and girls.

The Canadian Police Arrangement continued efforts in 2017-2018 to support implementation of UN Resolution 1325 on Women, Peace and Security using a feminist approach that advances gender responsive and conflict sensitive approaches to policing. For example, deployed police officers have supported the Haitian National Police to enhance their capacity to investigate and prevent crimes involving sexual and gender-based violence. Through deployments to the bilateral policing mission and the European Union Advisory Mission for Civilian Security Sector Reform in Ukraine, Canada provided strategic advice and training for the development of effective, sustainable and accountable security services that help strengthen the rule of law.

In Haiti, Canada continued its funding for the International Organization for Migration's project that helps vulnerable women and children in areas bordering the Dominican Republic. To date, 2,073 people in border areas have received assistance and now have identification documents, such as birth certificates. As well, 79 family reunifications have been completed, 702 people have benefited from income-generating activities and 203 children went back to school in September 2017. In addition, 314 protection actors (governmental and non-governmental) were trained in basic human rights, child protection, gender-based violence prevention and family planning.

With Canadian support, the HALO Trust, a charity, is clearing landmines and other explosive remnants of war in the Jaffna and Kilinochchi districts of Sri Lanka. Mine action is an important element of peacebuilding and reconciliation in post-conflict situations. Once cleared,

people and communities can rebuild their lives and livelihoods. In 2017-2018, Canadian support for the HALO Trust resulted in:

- the successful clearance of 144,325 square metres of minefields, which will be used for residential, agricultural and other purposes;
- the safe destruction of 1,058 anti-personnel mines and other explosive remnants of war; and
- the employment of 115 local residents, of whom 48 (42%) are women.

Among HALO Trust's female staff, 62% are the primary breadwinners in their families.

In 2017-2018, Canada contributed to the UN Post-Conflict Multi-Partner Trust Fund for Colombia. Canada also supported the establishment of an Integrated System of Truth, Justice, Reparation and Non-Repetition, a key element of Colombia's 2016 peace agreement. As a result of this support:

- 78 victims of the Bojayá massacre were exhumed, identified and buried;
- 27 communities received collective reparations; and
- activities were undertaken with 27,000 children and youth, 15,000 families, 1,568 community leaders and 200 teachers to prevent child recruitment to military groups.

SUPPORTING GENDER-RESPONSIVE SECURITY THREAT REDUCTION AND SECURITY SYSTEM REFORM

Reducing security threats requires immediate and long-term efforts, such as security system reform. The immediate dangers of security threats, such as terrorism and organized crime, must be addressed. Doing so calls for effective state security institutions that meet people's essential needs and provide a stable and secure environment.

Canada supports security threat reduction and security system reform through both programming and expert deployments. While not all programming in this area is considered ODA as per the Official Development Assistance Accountability Act, it still has implications for international development. This includes addressing gender issues and advancing gender equality and human rights. See box on page 55 for additional information on Canada's non-ODA international assistance programming below.

In 2017-2018, Canada's support to the United Nations Development Programme in Haiti helped strengthen policing, judicial and corrections institutions to ensure human rights, safety, security and access to justice for all Haitians. This PSOPs project has focused on longer-term institution and capacity-building development support, and incorporated numerous