

Article 98 - No revision can bring about the limitations of the rights reserved to the Royalty by the present Constitution.

Article 99 - The initiative of the revision of the Constitution belongs to the King, the Prime Minister and the Presidents of the two Houses, these last taking steps after a favourable vote of the House which they preside over, made at the request of at least one-fourth of the members of that House.

Article 100 - The procedure of revision of the Constitution is identical with that fixed for the vote of ordinary acts.

However, a majority of  $\frac{3}{4}$  is required of the National Assembly and the case of emergency cannot be declared.

Article 101 - The right of interpretation of the Constitutional texts belongs without appeal to the National Assembly.

Article 102 - For determining the absolute majority of the members of a House, the deceased members, those who have given in their resignation who have been dismissed or unseated, belong to the government or have been detached on a mission, are not taken into account.

Article 103 - All similar provisions not contrary to the present Constitution remain in force.

Done in our Royal Palace in Phnom-Penh

May 6th, 1947.

sd. Norodom Sihanouk.

TITLE No. 2

# GENERAL PROVISIONS

Article 97 - The provisions referring to the Monarchic form of the State, to the representative character of the system of government and the principles of liberty and equality guaranteed by the present Constitution cannot be subjected to any motion of revision.