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SAUSSUREA MONTICOLA, Rich., App. Frank. Journ., ed. 2, 29.

Lumped with S. alpina by Gray and others, but it presents so little resemblance to that species that the most casual observer would at once know it to be distinct. Easily separated from S. alpina by its "narrower, more rigid entire leaves and very hairy involucre." Collected by Dr. Richardson in grassy plains on the Copper Mountains, lat. 67°, and along the arctic coast between the Mackenzie and Coppermine rivers. The specimens in the herbarium of the Geological Survey are from Herschell Island, west of the mouth of the Mackenzie, 1893. (Rev. J. I. Stringer.) West shore of Great Bear Lake, lat. 65° 30′ to lat. 66° 30′. 1900. (J. M. Bell.) Lat. 62° 17′, long. 103° 07′, 1893; on Stony Island, Great Slave Lake, 1900. (J. W. Tyrrell.)

## HIERACIUM PILOSELLA, L.

St. John and Charlos, Restigouche River, N.B. (*Philip Cox.*) New to New Brunswick.

## HIERACIUM LONGIPILUM, Torr.

A single specimen collected in woods 5 miles from Sarnia.

Ont. 1901. (John Macoun.) A very rare species in western

Ontario. Seldom collected.

## MENTHA ROTUNDIFOLIA, (L.) Huds.

In a gravelly ravine running into the Thames near London, Ont., 1901. (J. Dearness.) New to Canada.

# CLINOPODIUM ACINOS, (L.) Kuntze.

Our herbarium specimens of this plant are from sandy and grassy roadsides north of London, Ont. (J. Dearness) and near Galt, Ont. (W. Herriot.)

# RUMEX FENESTRATUS, Greene, Pittonia, vol. IV, p. 306.

Described from specimens collected by Prof. John Macoun in salt marshes at Comox, Vancouver Island, June 23rd, 1893. Herb. No. 1,570. Also collected in 1887 by Prof. Macoun at Chase River, near Nanaimo, Vancouver Island. Herb. No. 23,723. The common large Rumex on the east coast of Vancouver Island.