## 16 Mr. Pickering on the Orthography of the

languages, in which we have it in our power to establish a new notation that shall be systematic, so far as may be consistent with convenience in practice : because, if we apply those consonants, n, m, or any others, which already have certain established powers in the alphabet, to this new use of indicating nasal sounds, we shall then be obliged to affix to them a sign of some sort to point out when they do not indicate such sounds; or, in other words, to show when they retain what we now call their usual powers. In the Polish language these nasal vowels are designated by the little mark, called in some of the foreign languages a cedilla, which is placed under them thus, a e i o u; and Mr. Du Ponceau, to whom I am indebted for this and many other valuable suggestions, observes in a letter to me. that no other method has occurred to him, which would in practice be found so convenient as this for the proposed Indian alphabet; an opinion, in which every man, who has weighed the various difficulties in this case, will fully concur.\* I will only add on this part of the subject, that it will be found best in practice to

\* In printing-offices where types cannot at present be had for this purpose, the nasal vowel may be printed as it is in Volney's work, p. 59, with an inverted comma subjoined to it, thus, a e i e u. But as this may occasion a division of the syllables of a word (which should be avoided) new types ought to be made for the nasal vowels. In respect to the division of syllables I will here add a remark from one of Mr. Du Ponceau's letters to me: "The makers of Indian Vocabularies are in the habit of *dividing their syllables*, as in the Spelling Book. This is awkward and inconvenient, and will be useless on the principle of the new alphabet." This remark, occurring thus early, may require a short explanation. The method of *dividing* the syllables will become unnecessary, because in the proposed alphabet every letter is to have a fixed and invariable sound, however it may be combined with others; and in *spelling*, every syllable, except final ones, will end with a vowel.