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The Toronto World.

IN THE DAYS OF THE MUTINY
—A—
MILITARY NOVEL
By G. A. HENTY.
AT ALL BOOKSTORES.

THIRTEENTH YEAR — THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 20 1893. — ONE CENT

MORE MEMBERS FOR TORONTO

MINORITY REPRESENTATION TO BE ABOLISHED.

A Warm Debate in the House—The Toronto Members Unite in Their Demand—The Government Makes Important Concessions—Sir Oliver Calls it an Experiment.

Yesterday afternoon was a day of concessions, retractions and conciliations on the part of the Ontario Government. On the matter of Mr. Marter's bill prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquor, and in reply to Mr. Waters' question on the subject, Sir Oliver made the following deliverance, which practically gives the measure its quietus and raises the hopes of the plebiscite party proportionately:

Since the honorable member gave notice of his question I have repersused and reconsidered the various cases in which the decisions or dicta bear more or less on the subject, and I have to answer the question by declaring it impossible to say, with anything like the confidence necessary to justify further legislation at present, that the Legislature of the province has "power to enact and enforce a law for the entire prohibition of the sale of intoxicating liquors by retail." Whether the Legislature has jurisdiction to pass even those enactments mentioned in the question as already passed is matter of dispute and is now before the Supreme Court of Canada for argument, on an appeal from the Ontario Court of Appeal, all the other points in the appeal having been disposed of.

Toronto's Representation.

But the piece de resistance of the afternoon, the provocative of the warmest and most exciting debate of the session, the occasion of the Government's evacuation of a position held since 1885, was Mr. E. F. Clarke's motion, which read:

That in the opinion of this House the provisions of the Revised Statutes respecting the representation of the Legislative Assembly as to the representation of the Electoral District of Toronto are inadequate and unjust, and no reason exists for maintaining the anomalous, exceptional and unfair method of electing representatives for the said Electoral District which was established by the said Act.

Six o'clock saw the close of the debate, which was adjourned on motion of Dr. Ryerson. It also saw a practical admission by the Government of everything contained in Mr. Clarke's motion, with the exception of the words unfair and unjust, and witnessed the promise of Sir Oliver that minority representation would be abolished and Toronto given another member in the Local House. The abandonment was graceful and gradual. It took two amendments to effect it, but it was nevertheless palpable that the Government had climbed a tree.

Mr. E. F. Clarke gave comparative statistics on the matter. The system had been tried in England, had been condemned by John Bright, had proved a failure and had been taken off the statute books. If the Government had wished to give the system a fair trial, why had they not extended it to Huron, Bruce, Simcoe and five other constituencies, electing three members each? If the principle were good in a general election, it should be so in a bye-election. The two bye-elections in Toronto had directed attention to its unfairness. At the general election of 1890 in Toronto 3359 votes had been cast for the Reform candidate, 11,000 for the two Conservatives. Comparing it with the eight constituencies before referred to, in these 44,346 votes had been for the Government, 39,670 for the Opposition, i.e., 13 votes for the Opposition to every 15 for the Government. Yet, the Government had 18 supporters in these constituencies, the Opposition 6 only. In 1885 the unit of representation was 21,621. Toronto had then 96,000 people. It had since doubled. Surely it was entitled to at least four members. Half the constituencies supporting the Government had an average of 15,000 people, 3000 less than the unit. The average population of the 52 Government seats was 21,190, that of the Opposition 22,125. The unit of representation in Toronto was 58,158. Mr. Clarke then compared the urban and rural representations. The unit for the five cities, including Toronto, was 43, excluding it 31,517. These cities sent seven members to the Local House, to the Dominion 9. Toronto would soon have four in the Dominion House, although for Dominion purposes 144,413 was the city's voting population. Toronto had more votes than the seven Cabinet constituencies put together; it had one-half the votes of the province and one-third of its representation. He closed with an eloquent plea for a full vote and increased representation.

The Experiment Defended.

E. J. Davis, North York, gave a history of representation by population in the province. In 1885, when Parkdale was annexed, it was recognized that Toronto was entitled to a third member. The principle of minority representation had been introduced into the British Parliament by Disraeli and was applied chiefly in large cities. Mr. Davis quoted from a speech of Mr. Blake's at Aurora commending the principle. The Government had acted wisely in making the experiment and in selecting Toronto as a convenient city for its operation. No serious injustice had been done the Opposition. The experiment tried had proved awkward, cumbersome and expensive and he would make a motion. This motion reiterated what Mr. Davis had already said in his speech and concluded as follows:

It is therefore the opinion of this House that there should be a readjustment of the representation of said city in said Legislative Assembly, and that the system of minority representation now applied to said city should be abolished.

Mr. Tait Favors Cumulative Voting.

Joseph Tait agreed with something in the motion, something in the amendment, but he would go still further. He had never been in favor of minority representation. For his own part he would like to see cumulative voting and labor representatives on the floor. It was wise to make the experiment of minority representation in Toronto rather than in a large rural district. Toronto was not wholly Conservative. Dr. Ryerson had obtained his majority in one corner and Mr. Bigelow had been returned before him. He was in favor of increased representation for Toronto. He introduced an amendment to the amendment, which read as follows:

It is further the opinion of this House that in view of the great increase of population in said city, since said act of 1885, that said city is entitled to increased representation in this House.

Sir Oliver's Deliverance.

Sir Oliver agreed with all that his supporters had adduced. The system was an experiment and had failed. Toronto had been unfortunate enough to have two bye-elections since the act was passed. It had been tried in the city as most convenient. "I see no reason why we should continue or extend it. Measures will be taken for the abolition of the system and for increased representation for Toronto."

Mr. Meredith Calls It a Scheme.

Mr. Meredith was indignant at the small hole by which the Government had escaped. The two amending resolutions were attempts to shift the responsibility for a measure that had disgraced the statute book for 10 years. It was no experiment but a political measure, a scheme of the Government to obtain unfair representation.

Here Mr. Meredith lifted a big book. It was the file of The Globe for '74. Mr. Blake's speech, referred to by Mr. Davis, was quoted. He was in favor of larger constituencies and cumulative voting, and did not recommend restrictive voting. It was delivered 11 years before the minority measure was passed. The measure had been adopted in face of its failure and withdrawal in England. In conclusion, he referred to the expense that had been incurred by the system, and declared that he would not vote for the pusillanimous amendments.

Arthur Sturgis Is Jocular.

Mr. Hardy was in a joking mood. He pitied Mr. Meredith on his assumed indignation, and asked him if he were going to refuse to vote for what he had been struggling for during 10 years because the resolution did not come from his side of the House. He agreed that Toronto was entitled to a different system of representation from that of '85. Toronto had not manifested any great indignation when it returned Mr. Bigelow. Dr. Ryerson himself was a minority candidate. His majority was over the Don, and there might be something dark behind it. Could a statute introduced by the Conservative party and on the law books of Great Britain for 15 years be called a disgrace? Toronto was not so wholly Conservative, and minority representation had at least made the city more liberal.

Dr. Ryerson moved the adjournment of the debate.

Among the bills read a first time were:

To prevent fraud in sales of buildings—Dr. Ryerson.

To amend the Public Health Act—Dr. Ryerson.

To incorporate Toronto Incandescent Electric Light Company—Mr. Tait.

Respecting Sault Ste. Marie and Hudson Bay Railway—Mr. Tait.

CONSIDERED CONFIDENTIAL.

Therefore Mr. Hardy Will Not Produce the Sale Books.

The Public Accounts Committee held their first meeting yesterday morning. On motion of Mr. Hardy, Mr. Nicholas Awrey, although absent, was elected chairman. Mr. Clancy questioned the propriety of appointing Mr. Awrey, in view of the fact that accounts in which he was concerned would be under scrutiny by the committee. No further objection was offered and the appointment stood.

E. J. Davis was appointed to act as chairman pro tem.

Several motions asking for details of accounts to be brought down were passed. These included a resolution by Mr. Marter asking for details of receipts of Central Prison for last year.

It was resolved, on motion of Mr. Clancy, that Mr. Smith, superintendent of colonization roads, should be summoned to-day before the committee to undergo an examination respecting general expenditure in that branch of the public service.

Mr. Clancy asked for the sale books of the last two timber sales. Mr. Hardy thought that such information was confidential, and on his request Mr. Clancy's motion was allowed to stand.

THE LAW OF LIBEL.

Canadian Pressmen Wait Upon Sir Oliver Mowat.

A deputation of a dozen from the Canadian Press Association headed by President Alex Pirie waited upon the Government yesterday with respect to certain changes in the laws of criminal and civil libel as affecting newspaper men in particular. Mr. Pirie asked that the law of libel be amended in harmony with the spirit of the age.

John King, Q.C., presented the legal aspect of the case. The Dominion had granted them, he said, a couple of important amendments in the law of criminal libel and they were hopeful for more. The Ontario Government had amended the law of civil libel twice, but had not improved it. The definition of a newspaper as being a publication issued at intervals of not more than 26 days was unsatisfactory in that it left a number of trade journals and other periodicals devoid of protection.

"Perhaps the 26 days' clause is intended to exclude magazines," suggested Sir Oliver.

Mr. King saw no reason why magazines should not be included. They were as often defamatory as newspapers. Improvements in the English law were cited, and Mr. King suggested that, as in English courts, before an action of criminal libel against a publisher could be entered upon, the applicant should obtain an order from a Superior Court judge, having satisfied him that his suit was bona fide. This would prevent men of straw mulcting newspaper men for costs. Sir Oliver asked that the requests of the deputation, with citations of cases and comparisons with English statutes, be printed and handed to him, when it would receive his earliest and best consideration.

A LIBERAL CAUCUS.

Will a Plebiscite on the Prohibition Question Be Taken?

At a Liberal caucus yesterday morning the Attorney-General divulged to his followers his intentions on the temperance question. What they are no one of the uninitiated has yet learned. It is probable, however, that the prayer of the plebiscite petitions will be granted. What gives color to this is Sir Oliver's deliverance re Mr. Marter's bills yesterday afternoon. Mr. F. S. Spence's presence in the lobbies during the afternoon was evidence that his hopes had gone up considerably. When the prohibitionist deputation storms the Cabinet to-day, they will do so, knowing better than before the ground on which they tread.

FIND THE CONTRACTOR FIRST.

Otherwise No Government Aid Can Be Granted.

Mayor Alfred Hunt, P. M. Shannon, R. P. Perry, A. F. Cockburn, H. McQuarrie, J. E. Lount, W. W. Kinsey, L. H. Armstrong, D. E. Bastedo, George Yearly, James Boyer and J. L. Fewer were a deputation from Bracebridge to the Attorney-General yesterday. They asked for a bonus of $3200 a mile in aid of the construction of the Bracebridge and Trading Lake Railway. The Dominion Government have already given a similar subsidy for the 15 miles of proposed railway. Grand Trunk engineers have estimated the cost at $18,000 a mile.

A. F. Cockburn introduced the deputation, and Mayor Hunt recited the advantages that would accrue.

Sir Oliver asked if the deputation could show that they could raise the remaining cost of construction after the Government aid was granted.

Mayor Hunt replied that a private individual was prepared to undertake the matter if the subsidy was granted.

"It is our rule," said Sir Oliver, "that the applicants should find a contractor before aid is granted. We will consider the matter, however, and let you know the result."

Speaker's Dinner.

These gentlemen dined with Speaker Ballantyne last evening:

Mr. Speaker.

Peter Ryan.	R. A. Dickson.
James Scott.	James Massie.
Dr. D. Clark.	James Corcoran.
Charles J. Campbell.	George Dickson.
J. D. Edgar, M.P.	A. W. Ballantyne.
James Innes, M.P.	David Stirton, Guelph.
A. Pattullo, Woodstock.	Hon. J. M. Gibson.
Hon. E. H. Bronson,	

And the following members of the Legislature:

H. P. O'Connor.	Dr. Ryerson.
T. Gibson.	W. D. Balfour.
J. Tait.	Dr. Gilmour.
W. H. Biggar.	S. White.
Dr. Preston.	W. H. Hammill.
William Dack.	C. C. Field.
J. Rayside.	Dr. Wylie.
A. F. Campbell.	R. Ferguson.
A. Miscampbell.	J. R. Stratton.
W. C. Caldwell.	E. J. Davis.
W. McCleary.	

Col. Ingersoll to-night—Subject: Robert Burns.

High Steppers For New York.

Four carloads of high-class horses will be shipped from Brampton on Friday for Grand's, New York. Lowes Bros. send 33, Quinn Bros. 16 and Thomas Browntidge 16. These animals include high steppers, hunters and carriage horses and are a very choice lot.

Jessie Alexander, Pavilion, April 28.

The Union and the City Bookbinding.

A deputation of the Bookbinders' Union, led by R. Glockling, waited on the Mayor yesterday to protest against awarding the city bookbinding to a firm which employ non-union men. The tenders will be opened by the Executive Committee this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Toothache—When suffering from toothache try Gibbons' Toothache Gum.

THE CANADIAN BORDEN CASE

THE EVIDENCE AGAINST CHARLES LUCKEY GROWING STRONGER.

Tracing the Prisoner From the Scene of the Tragedy to Smith's Falls—Evidence of His Conduct and Statements On Being Arrested—His Admissions to Various Persons.

BROCKVILLE, Ont., April 19.—As one witness after another is being examined in the Luckey trial the chain of circumstantial evidence is growing stronger round the suspected man. The prisoner still evinces deep interest in the proceedings and closely watches each witness as called. To-day he appeared somewhat nervous and continually twitched his fingers.

It is now quite certain that a great many of the stories being circulated to the effect that the prisoner could be traced by many witnesses on the way from Smith's Falls to the scene of the tragedy and back again to Smith's Falls is pure bosh.

Tracing Luckey's Movements.

One man, William Bolton, who drove to the scene of the tragedy the evening of the fire in company with Henry Stevens, testied that he passed a man on the road who was going towards Smith's Falls. He says the man wore a suit of dark clothes and a hard hat.

When Henry Stevens was called he was quite positive they did not pass a man on the road. While at the fire he says there was a great deal of talk about a man being seen and when he and Mr. Bolton arrived home. Bolton then made the statement that he saw a man on the road.

Positively Identified.

The only witness called who positively identifies the prisoner along the road is John Polk. Mr. Polk says he was returning from Smith's Falls about 7 o'clock in the evening and passed the prisoner on the road going in the opposite direction. Mr. Polk then went down to the scene of the tragedy, and learning that a man resembling the one he met had been seen in the vicinity of the place he returned to Smith's Falls and incidentally mentioned to Mr. Willis, the hotel man, what he saw. Mr. Willis told him he had this very man in the hotel and it was decided to notify Chief of Police McGowan.

In the Barber Shop.

John Corbett, a barber in Mr. Willis' hotel, described some curious actions of the prisoner. He says Luckey entered his shop about 11 o'clock and was so pale that the witness remarked that he looked bad. To this the prisoner replied that he was sick. The barber says the prisoner appeared very restless during the whole operation, and when he was about half through going over his face a second time, he got up and out of the chair and said that would do. In going out, the witness says, he staggered against the door casing, but he did not appear to be drunk.

His Statements When Arrested.

Mr. Willis and John R. Polk, who were present when the arrest was made, described the prisoner's actions. At first he said his name was Charles Kingsley and that he was out on the Newbliss road as far as a certain house that is about one mile from the scene of the fire. The prisoner told the witness he saw a fire, but thought it was a haystack.

After awhile the prisoner said to Mr. Willis: I tell you what it is, boys, my name is not Charles Kingsley, it is Charles Luckey. I have just got out of Central Prison and my name is Charles Luckey. I have been down this way. He further said that he did not see his father and did not want to see him.

The Chief's Testimony.

Chief McGowan of Smith's Falls gave some very interesting testimony. He found $25.75 on the prisoner. He noticed one bill in particular, which is of the Bank of Ontario. This is a bill which it is expected that Mr. Devlin of Ottawa will identify as one he paid to a servant girl a few days before the tragedy. The Chief says that after the prisoner had been placed in the cells he said he had thrown away a pair of boots on his way back to Smith's Falls. These were secured, and the chief says, fit exactly into some marks found in the mud in the bush near the ill-fated house. While in jail the prisoner told the witness that he got the letters he carried in Toronto, bringing two pairs of boots with him from that place.

The Blood-Stained Axe.

The witness said that while he was at the scene of the fire he found a block at the barn with some blood stains and a couple of chickens' heads lying around. This piece of evidence will probably be used by the defence to prove that the blood stains found on the axe in the shed were caused by killing chickens, and not in the despatch of the victims.

A number of persons who visited the jail in Smith's Falls while the prisoner was there and had interviews with him were called.

Watched the Fire.

William Frost, mayor Smith's Falls, said he saw the prisoner Sunday morning and talked with him. The prisoner told the witness that he watched the fire from a fence about half a mile away. He asked Luckey how he could stand around when his father, mother and sister were being burned up. The prisoner replied that his sister could not be burned, as she was in Manitoba. The only occupants of the house were his father, mother and grandmother.

It was shown by the evidence yesterday that the prisoner's sister was in Winnipeg when he was sent to the Central Prison, and his grandmother died also while he was confined.

John Gilroy of Smith's Falls also had a conversation with the prisoner. This witness gave some of the most important evidence of the trial. He says the prisoner acknowledged to him that he had been down to his father's home on the day of the tragedy.

Luckey Was at the House.

William McGillivray, a Smith's Falls constable, also gave some important testimony. While the prisoner was in the lock-up the witness says the prisoner also told him that he was at his father's place before they got up in the morning. He did not see them and went to the bush. The prisoner told Mr. McGillivray he went down with the intention of seeing his father, but did not do so as he was ashamed as he had just got out of the prison.

"I Did Not Do It."

During the interview the witness says he asked the prisoner about the murder to which he replied; "I do not think I did it," and then thinking a moment said: "I am positive I did not do it."

When this witness concluded it was about 6 o'clock, so the judge adjourned for the night. The opposing counsels had a short conference and agreed to try and get the evidence all in on Thursday. The addresses to the jury will therefore not be started until Friday.

Ingersoll at Auditorium to-night.

Earl Derby Ill.

LONDON, April 19.—The Earl of Derby is suffering from an attack of heart disease. Considerable anxiety is felt regarding his condition.

HIRING UP THE WAITERS.

A Chicago Agent in the City Depleting the Various Restaurants of Their Help.

The business men who patronize Harry Morgan's Jordan-street Restaurant had to wait a little longer than usual before their customary articles of sustenance were placed before them yesterday. The reason was that at five minutes to 12 yesterday four of Mr. Morgan's waiters suddenly left. It is said that they are going to the World's Fair at Chicago. On Tuesday they gave Mr. Morgan the 10 days' notice which his agreement with them required, but yesterday just at lunch time they came to their employer with a demand for their wages up to date or they would immediately decamp. Mr. Morgan let them decamp and served luncheon without their assistance. Now they are threatening Mr. Morgan through the Police Court to try and get their money to date, but Mr. Morgan says he will only pay them on condition of their serving out the ten days of notice required of them.

The case is of no great importance in itself, but it is only one result of the efforts of a Chicago firm to take all the trained waiters in Toronto to Chicago to minister to the World's Fair influx of visitors.

A reporter visited the various clubs, restaurants and hotels yesterday, and, though he met with glib denials on all sides, there seems no doubt of the fact of a widespread emigration of waiters to the city of the World's Fair.

The steward of the National Club said that he had lost three waiters recently, but they were reluctant to say who had engaged them; they simply gave notice to leave, and he believed that they were all going to Chicago.

The proprietor of one of Toronto's largest and most popular restaurants said that none of his waiters were leaving him, but that there was undoubtedly the agent of a Chicago concern in town trying to seduce the waiters away and named three or four of the most prominent hotels as sufferers.

But the hotel men were beautifully oblivious of such a movement; their waiters were all contented and happy and anxious to stay in the city. No one wanted to tear their waiters away that they knew of, and anyway, the men would never think of going.

The other large restaurant keepers said the same, admitting, of course, that there was always a little restlessness at this season of the year. Judging from Mr. Morgan's experience, if the gentlemen in question have not heard of the Chicago wooer of waiters as yet, they will in the near future.

BIG DEBENTURE DEAL.

O'Hara & Co. Purchase $725,000 of London City Debentures.

The council of the City of London has accepted the offer of Messrs. O'Hara & Co., Toronto, for $725,000 of consolidated debentures, $250,000 bearing 4 per cent. half yearly payable June 30, 1916; $310,000 bearing 4 per cent. half yearly payable June 30, 1921; $165,000 4 per cent. payable 1926. The City of London is in a flourishing position financially, the assessed value of the city is about $14,979,547. The total debenture debt, after deducting sinking fund on hand, is $1,914,142. The total liabilities are $2,239,515, against assets $2,627,403, giving a surplus of assets over liabilities of $387,956. As this issue is to take up maturing debentures the bonded debt is not increased.

As in the Days of the Thessalonians.

The advice of St. Paul to the Thessalonians, that a man should abstain from even an appearance of evil, seems to be necessary even in these later days.

Robert N. Sheppard, librarian of the Queen-street Methodist Sabbath school, recently announced from the platform of the Secular Society and combated the arguments of Editor Ellis. A special meeting of the teachers of the Sunday school was called, and Mr. Sheppard was asked to give an assurance that in the future Sunday's the library of the school would receive his attention. This he declined to do and a resolution was passed asking that he resign his position of librarian. Mr. Sheppard considers that in defending the Scriptures from assaults he was doing as good work in the cause of the Master as in taking charge of a library, it is not probable that he will resign.

Sale of Timber Limits.

The timber limits to be sold by Dickson & Townsend on Thursday, April 27, at their new premises, 22 King-street west (Manning Arcade), comprise some of the most valuable in Ontario and should attract the attention of all lumbermen. It is a well-known fact that the Fraser limits cannot be surpassed.

Drink Sprudel Mineral Water from the celebrated spring at Mount Clemens, and no fear of contracting typhoid, scarlet fever or diphtheria. Every bottle is put up at the spring. William Mara, agent, 79 Yonge-street.

Local Jottings.

The fireworks nuisance has started. At the Police Court yesterday Richard Rodway was fined $1 for discharging fireworks in Argyle-street.

Keep off the sidewalks with your bicycles. For indulging in this practice A. E. Kendry was fined $1 yesterday.

For committing an assault on Edward Harris George Tufts of "C" Company was yesterday fined $21 by the Police Magistrate.

Walter Bishopric, who confessed to several charges of larceny and fraud on local merchants, escaped with a sentence of 30 days at the Police Court yesterday.

The plan for the Toronto Vocal Society's concert on the 27th inst., opens at Nordheimers' this morning.

The Ryerson School Old Boys' Association will hold a concert early in May for the benefit of one of their members.

Loads of ties for the new street railway tracks are being placed along Parliament-street ready for work to be commenced at an early date.

Fire in a house at Queen and Broadview, owned by Jd. Hallinan and occupied by Dr. A. F. McKenzie, occasioned $50 damage yesterday morning.

Arbitrator Gregory, to whom was referred the suit brought by the Pollock estate for extras on the Rosedale valley sewer, has awarded the Pollock estate $590 in excess of the $4000 allowed by the City Engineer.

At a special meeting of the Pedlars' Protective Association it was moved that a vote of thanks be tendered to the aldermen who sustained Ald. Stewart's motion as regards the reduction of license fee. Receipts of the evening $76.

The choir of the Church of the Redeemer will give a special musical service to-morrow evening in the church, when they will give Dr. C. Lee Williams' cantata, "Bethany." This work was given by the choir a few weeks ago, and so many having expressed a wish to hear it again it has been decided to repeat it. The service commences at 8 o'clock, and a collection will be taken at the door.

These officers were elected at Court Occident No. 113, C.O.F., last night: Chief ranger, Bro. W. B. Hird; V. C. ranger, J. A. Pollard; fin. secretary, J. McKelvie; rec. secretary, A. S. Gill; treas., E. Devine; chaplain, W. Bush; S.W., S. J. Kelly; J.W., E. Cunningham; S.B., H. Elton; J.B., R. Harkaym; delegates to High Court, J. McKelvie, A. S. Gill, W. D. Hird, E. Devine; court physician, C. F. Moore, M.D.

Rev. Hubert Brooks of Reading, England, one of the three Keswick workers who intend conducting a conference in Association Hall, April 24 to 27, for the "Deepening of the Spiritual Life," will preach in St. Paul's Church, Bloor-street east, next Sunday morning, April 23, at 11 o'clock.

A grand benefit concert under the auspices of Court Yorkville No. 5775, A.O.F., in aid of Bro. Richard Rigg, is to be given in St. Paul's Hall, Yonge-street, to-morrow night. Northenders are going to attend the concert in big numbers, as the object of the court is a most worthy one, combined with the engagement of some excellent talent. Brother Robert Groves is secretary of the lodge.

The Ontario Artillery Association has elected these officers: Major Mead, president; Lieut.-Col. A. H. Macdonald, Guelph; Major Van Wagner, Hamilton; Major McLean, Port Hope, and Capt. McNeatan, Cobourg, vice-presidents; Mr. R. Myles, treasurer; Mr. L. H. Irving, secretary; Major King, St. Catharines; Major Nicoll, Guelph; Capt. Hendrie, Hamilton; Major Davidson, Guelph, and Mr. Hesketh, London, committee of management.

A very pretty bazaar was held at the residence of Mr. F. Paterson, 84 Brunswick-avenue, in aid of the new Church of St. Johns, Norway. Miss Laurie Bolph and Miss Emilie Paterson, two young girls, organized the bazaar, and assisted by numerous friends, they made a great success of it. The handsome sum of $40 was realized, which was handed over to Mrs. Rutton to help in furnishing the chancel of the new church.

ANDERSON COMMITTED

On the McCall Note Charge—A Preliminary Hearing in the Stamp Cancelling Case.

John Anderson, the old garbage heap fiend, who was arrested some days ago, charged with removing the cancellation

marks from stamps, had a preliminary hearing before the Police Magistrate yesterday.

On the charge of stealing a note for $10.97, the property of D. McCall & Co., the accused was committed for trial. The note was enclosed in a letter sent to the firm by J. E. Allison, a customer, and the prosecution claim that Anderson abstracted the letter from the letter box at the warehouse, where it had been placed by the postman after the warehouse had closed.

On the other charges of removing the cancellation marks from letters with fraudulent intent, Anderson was remanded until Friday.

Besides having ample proof in the stamps themselves and the solution found on Anderson's premises for cleansing them to secure a conviction in the latter case, the detectives claim to have discovered one merchant to whom Anderson disposed of a quantity of stamps, besides having the names of a number who were asked, but refused to become purchasers of the resurrected postal cards and stamps.

Justice Armour states that he will not try the case at this session of the court.

The Markham Stone states Anderson formerly worked for and held stock in the Speight Manufacturing Company of that town and was arrested there for stealing some years ago.

THE ACCIDENT UNAVOIDABLE.

Inquest on the Body of the Latest Trolley Victim.

Coroner Aikins held an inquest in Power's Hotel, Queen and Bathurst-streets, last night, on the body of the boy, Warren Dodds Corsan, who was killed by the trolley in Queen-street Tuesday evening.

A large number of witnesses were examined. Ald. William Bell and Dr. W. H. Peppler, who were passengers, testified that the car was running at a moderate rate of speed. Dr. H. A. Parkyn, who witnessed the accident, thought the car was running at a speed of 10 miles an hour. Edward Leigh and H. J. Boswell testified that the car was slowing up when the child was struck.

Mrs. George Corsan, mother of the victim, testified that she was wheeling a babe in the carriage with Warren toddling at her side. He stopped to watch some boys playing marbles and she told him to remain until she crossed the street and she would return for him.

After she reached the opposite side she saw that he had started to cross and called to him to go back, but he continued coming towards her and was struck by the car.

After John Anderson, barber of 331 Queen-street west; R. J. Robinson, dentist of 588 Queen-street west, and R. Smith of 129 North Besconsfield-avenue had testified as to the speed of the car.

Motorman J. W. Howard testified that he slowed up when approaching the crossing, and was running four miles an hour, when a child ran out directly in front of the car. He applied the brake, but too late to avert the accident. Howard had been employed on street cars for 15 years and this was his first accident.

This was the verdict:

This jury finds that the deceased came to his death by an unavoidable accident, and no blame is attached to the motorman.

The jury also think that the authorities should take steps to have the car guards placed on the front of all motor cars, and that cars should always stop at the first crossing reached.

Toronto Junction.

P.M. Ellis yesterday morning acquitted J. Ritchie, furniture dealer, of the charge of trespass preferred against him by Mrs. Hurst of Churchill-avenue. She was given six weeks in which to pay the balance of $11.83 due for the furniture seized by Ritchie.

The local grocers are busily engaged in cutting each other's throats and the price of eggs at the same time. One enterprising firm have transformed their front window into a nursery.

The charges of illegal liquor selling preferred against Mr. E. Finn, were to have been heard yesterday before Police Magistrate Ellis. It appears that Finn visited Mr. Ellis on Tuesday and pleaded guilty to the first charge and was fined $20 and costs, and the second charge was dismissed.

The newly organized Syracuse Lodge No. 39, K. of P., met last evening and initiated several new members. A number of Toronto brethren were present and assisted in the ceremony.

Town Treasurer Clemmer visited Eglinton and investigated the accounts of the county treasurer to ascertain the amount due the town from school sections 13 and 26, finds that there is $87 more due to the town than has been credited.

Town Solicitor Going has returned from Ottawa, where he looked after the town's interests in the matter of the appeal by City and Suburban Railway Company as to the apportionment of the cost of maintenance of gates at the C.P.R. and G.T.R. crossings.

Ingersoll at Auditorium to-night.

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., patent solicitors and experts, Bank Commerce Building, Toronto.

A Motion To Commit E. E. Pike.

A motion was made to Chief Justice Galt yesterday to commit E. E. Pike of Toronto for refusal to make discovery on his examination as a judgment debtor, but he was given another chance. His Lordship making an order that he attend for re-examination at his own expense. Thomas Andrews agreed to build houses for Pike in Shaw-street, but the parties disagreed as to the balance due Andrews, he having made a claim for extras. The matter was, by consent of parties, referred to T. D. Delamere, Q.C., as referee, and he awarded the plaintiff some $350. Judgment was signed in accordance with the report and Pike examined as a judgment debtor.

Hear Miss Jessie Alexander's New Selections, Pavilion, April 28.

Rabbi Elzas' Successor.

Rabbi Elzas of the Richmond-street Synagogue will not leave to assume his new charge at Sacramento, Cal., until August. It is understood that a gifted young rabbi from London, England, will be invited to succeed him.

Admission to Rear Ingersoll 50 cents.

Prof. W. G. Alexander.

The announcement that Prof. Alexander would speak to men only last evening drew a large audience to Association Hall. The lecture, which abounded with good, wholesome advice, interspersed with amusing anecdotes and witticisms, was greatly enjoyed.

Microbe Killer is no experiment; time and experience have proven it a curative.

ELOPED WITH THE HIRED MAN

A MARRIED WOMAN SKIPS WITH HER FATHER'S SERVANT.

Leaving Husband and Five Children Behind Her Mrs. Ellenor of Alnwick Goes Off With a New Love—Traced to Cobourg, But Now Said to Be in Toronto.

HASTINGS, Ont., April 19.—The quiet village of Roseneath awoke this morning to find a good-sized sensation in the air in the shape of an elopement.

Mr. George McGivern, the father of the erring woman, is a prosperous farmer of Alnwick, and resides about a mile from Roseneath.

His son-in-law, Jerry Ellenor, and his wife lived near the homestead, where John Blake, the hired man, was employed.

No suspicion of any intimacy had entered the minds of the husband and father, but when the pair were missing this morning the absence of both led to enquiries and search, when the truth dawned upon them that the pair had fled. They were traced to Cobourg where they took train for Toronto at 4.20 a.m.

The woman is 35 years of age and the mother of five children. Blake is about 25.

TARIFF ADJUSTMENT.

Hon. George E. Foster Will Confer With Leading Montrealers at the Board of Trade Next Week.

MONTREAL, April 19.—Hon. George E. Foster, Minister of Finance, has addressed an important communication to the council of the Montreal Board of Trade stating his desire to meet representatives of the leading trades and industries in Montreal at an early date and confer with them regarding the adjustment of the tariff.

Mr. Foster will come down to Montreal next week and the conference will take place at the Board of Trade rooms.

The Minister's action is generally taken as indicating a decision on the part of the Government to submit a tariff reform measure at the next session of Parliament.

BEGINNING TO FIND HIM OUT.

The Mayor's Scheming Again Gets Him Into Hot Water.

For the past four years the Canadian Temperance League have been granted the use of the Pavilion from Nov. 1 to April 1, and it was generally supposed that they would have the use of the building for 1893-4. But the Mayor cannot work the Canadian Temperance League as a political propaganda machine, and he has and does use the Temperance Reformation Society, of which he is President, and F. S. Spence vice-president.

At a recent meeting of the Parks and Gardens Committee a resolution was passed granting the use of the Pavilion to the Temperance Reformation Society for the winter months. When the recommendation came up in council the Mayor succeeded in having added to the motion that the Reformation Society be granted the Pavilion during the winter months. The resolution passed, and the members of the Canadian Temperance League were naturally indignant at the sharp practice of His Worship, as had the fact that the Reformation League wanted the Pavilion during the winter come out at the committee meeting they would have had sufficient notice and fought the injustice in council.

The Parks and Gardens Committee met again yesterday and five members of the Canadian League put in an appearance to protest against the Mayor's sharp practice. They were Messrs. J. N. McKendry, W. H. Meredith, J. S. Robertson, E. Lloyd and John Armstrong, all staunch supporters of His Worship in the past. When Mr. McKendry asked permission to address the committee, His Worship declined to hear the deputation, remarking that the two societies could settle it among themselves, and threatened to leave the meeting. As there was a quorum present, this would have had the effect of dissolving the committee. The other members, however, would have none of it and decided to hear Mr. McKendry. The Mayor then bolted and remained while Mr. McKendry pointed out the injustice which had been done the league. He also took occasion to denounce His Worship's sharp practice, and informed him that although he had supported him in the past and had been his personal friend, he could not promise to support him in future.

The committee were very much impressed with the justice of the league's claim, and it is probable that they will secure the Pavilion as usual despite the Mayor's scheming.

SONS OF SCOTLAND.

Election of Officers at the Meeting of the Grand Camp.

GUELPH, April 19.—At the grand camp of the Sons of Scotland the following officers were elected: Grand Chief, McLean, Ottawa; chieftain, McCallum, Paisley; secretary, Capt. Robertson, Toronto; medical examiner, Dr. Wylie, M.L.A., Toronto; chaplain, Rev. McDonald, Duntroon; treasurer, James Hay, Toronto; marshall, Col. Campbell, Milton; inside guard, McBeth, Moncton; outside guard, Head, Milton.

Jarvis-Street Unitarian Church.

A brilliant and interesting lecture on Shakespeare's "Merchant of Venice" was delivered at the above church last evening by Rev. H. H. Woude of Newburgh, N.Y. The chair was taken by Hon. Charles R. Pope, American consul, and there was a good attendance. The chairman introduced the lecturer in an eloquent and appropriate speech. Mr. Woude gave an intelligent elucidation of the great play and devoted special attention to the characters of Portia and Shylock, interspersing his remarks with able recitals from the text. A hearty vote of thanks was accorded the lecturer, who will occupy the pulpit on Sunday next.

Do not miss Ingersoll to-night.

Harberdashery Changes.

The all-important question of the hour in fashionable male society in London is, Ought a man to wear an Ascot or the new Curloss? (The Curloss, dear reader, is the new flowing end four-in-hand tie.) The better neckdressers declare that a man who now wears an Ascot is "a monster of bad taste." A report is floating on the vernal air that quinn is the only party in Canada who has as yet got a complete assortment of those Piccadilly favorites.

Treat Your Boys

with one of those long pant suits from Oak Hall. Their stock is perfection in style, variety and manufacture. All goods marked in plain figures and prices are right. Special attention is given to this department, and salesmen make no trouble to show and fit on suits. Give them a call.

Displaced His Kneecap.

Martin McCarron of the McCarron House, Queen-street east, slipped while descending the hotel stairs yesterday and displaced his kneecap. Dr. Sweetnam is in attendance and apprehends no permanent injury from the mishap.

Golden-Mouth Orator at the Auditorium.

Two Boys Lost.

Clarence and Charlie Jones, living at 71 Langley-avenue, aged 10 and 8 years respectively, strayed away from school Tuesday afternoon. Any information regarding the lads will be gratefully received by their parents.

Personal.

A. Pattullo of The Woodstock Sentinel-Review is at the Rossin.

James McMullen, M.P., of Mount Forest, is at the Walker.

THEY ARE WAITING FOR THE CITY

To Move the Boathouses—Then the C.P.R. Will Push the Work on Their New Yards.

"We really cannot do much now," said C.P.R. Superintendent Leonard yesterday afternoon when questioned about the Esplanade. "The city has made contracts for the removal of the boathouses before June 1. We are doing some little filling where we can, but as the boathouses cover the ground by which our tracks will enter the yard we want them out of the way first. We have the plans for the freight sheds and other buildings all ready, and will get to work just as fast as we can get possession of our ground."

Asked about the eastern entrance to the city Mr. Leonard said, "The date fixed is May 14, and our passenger trains will then come right through the city. We have arranged with the Grand Trunk to use their tracks from Bay to Tecumseh-streets."

"Will work on the new Union Station be started this year, Mr. Leonard?" was the next enquiry.

"It certainly will be commenced this summer, I think there is no doubt of