Just here let us pause to ask just what Luther was trying to do. Like John Wesley, at a later day, Luther's aim was not to found a new Church. His supreme concern was that the Word of God should be preached in its purity; that congre-gations everywhere should be edified, sus-tained and guided by it. Whenever this privilege was denied to Christians, he maintained that they had a right to ordain a priest for themselves who would preach the pure Word of God.

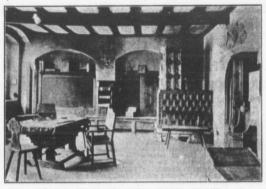
In the spirt he advanced cautiously and by degrees in the changes he introduced into public worship and Church discipline. One of his greatest and best innovations was the preparation of a body of hymns

The Meeting of the General Board

HE General Board of Sunday Schools

T and Young People's Societies met in the Board Room of Wesley Buildings on September 3rd and 4th, General Superintendent, Dr. Carman, presiding. A full report of the proceedings of the various sessions is hardly possible here: but a summary of the conclusions reached is given.

The reports of the various Secretaries showed the office and field work of +10 year to have been well sustained. The recommendations of the Secretaries were given in one summarized report, the result



ROOM IN WHICH MELANCTHON STUDIED AND DIED.

in the German tongue and the introduction of the use of these in public worship that the whole congregation might ship that the whole congregation might sing. The first of these collections ap-peared at Wittenberg in 1524. This was followed from time to time by larger and better collections. Luther was himself the author of some of the best hymns in these collections.

Wrong-minded enthusiasts among his belows had condemned all the arts, even music. Luther now took occasion to commend the arts. He says in the in-troduction to one of his collections of hymns, "I would rather that all the arts, and especially music, should be employed in the service of Him who has created them and given them to man.

It was at this period that Luther began to advocate better schools for Germany. He was the friend of education, and to him more than to any other man Ger-many owes to-day her pre-eminence in matters of education.

But although Luther was broad in his sympathies and was the friend of art and education, we find at this time leading humanists, like Erasmus, turning away from him because they thought his method of dealing with error too drastic, and that he had made unnecessary disturb-ance throughout Europe. But Luther held steadily on his way, confident of the ultimate success of his work, and history has verified his virdict.

> International E. L. Convention 1914-EUFFALO-1914.

It is not too early for you to take note of the above. The next Inter-national Byworth League Convention will be the Silver Anniversary, cele-brating the Sith year of the Leagues life. Look out for further announce-ments; but mark if down in your mental note-book.—Buffalo, 1914.— July 1 to 5.

of their deliberations on the day previous. For, to facilitate the work of the Board, the Secretaries, at the request of the General Secretary, met on the day preceding the full meeting of the Board and consolidated their recommendations into one document rather than making them singly in their individual reports.

As these recommendations formed the basis of much of the Board's action, it may be best to give the conclusions reached and the resolutions ultimately passed by the Board. These are given herewith in the order of their adoption: Resolved :-

" In view of the fact that the Sunday School is being recognized to day as the most promising field of Evangelism, and the only department of the Church that aims to give progressive education in religion to the developing lives of boys and girls, that a Committee be appointed by this Board to agitate through our Church periodicals, the public press, and on the Conference platforms, for the introduction by General Conference legislation of a Course of Religious Education, including religious psychology and religious pedagogy, in the Course of Study for pro-bationers for our ministry."

Believing in the necessity of educational evangelism in all our congrega-tions, we approve of the proposed scheme of holding in Alberta Conference a series of Winter Schools in various Districts or sections of Districts. These schools to take the form of Institute work in the afternoons and evangelistic work in the evenings. We advise that efforts be made to have all probationers and at least one representative from each circuit or mission on the District present at the school."

"We recognize the excellent work being done on numerous Districts where as pro-

vided in the Constitution, separate Annual Conventions are held for Sunday School and Epworth League work; but would counsel that in the newer parts where, because numbers are not large and communities much scattered, the separate Conventions are impracticable, joint Sunday School and Epworth League Conventions be held for the furtherance of both sections of our work.

"That a Committee be appointed to study the whole workings of both Sun-day School and League under present Constitutions, and that this Committee be empowered to prepare a simplified and reconstructed Constitution for both Sunday School and Epworth Leagues, and to submit the same to the next Aunual Meeting of this Board.

"That wherever any of the Secretaries of this Board be called upon to conduct Sunday services, they seek the oppor-tunity of using the envelopes of the Board for the raising of finances."

'That we deplore the fact that the military authorities in several parts of Canada have made an attempt to turn to military account the Boy Scout organi-zation; and we urge all Scout Masters and others in responsibility in the Scout Movement to make clear distinction between it and the Cadel Movement and to preserve it under the highest moral and religious supervision."

"That this Board make provision for a Course of Religious Instruction for Catechumens, and that a Committee on Evangelism in the Sunday School be appointed to prepare a detailed policy and plan in respect to the following questions: Religious instruction for Catechumens; methods for winning for Christ the young people of our Sunday Schools and Junior Leagues: forms of activity through which the young folk may express their relig-ious experience in service."

Feeling the lack of adequate leaflet literature in respect of Sunday School and League work for distribution among leaders and workers, that the General Secretary be empowered to secure or prepare forthwith a full series of leaflets covering both departments of our work, and that the cost of these be provided for from the Special Fund."

"That there be prepared a simple form of service for the Annual Installation of Officers and Teachers in the Sunday School, and that the Board request that the same be inserted in the next issue of the Church Discipline."

"That a Committee of this Board be appointed to draft a form of survey of the conditions in regard to Sunday School and Young People's work in any community, and that such a survey be carried out in several typical Districts of our Church this year, under the direc-tion and supervision of the Field Secretaries."

"Believing as we do that the Bible represents a large contribution to the sum total of human knowledge and culture, and recognizing that because our present Public School curriculum does not give adequate place to the Bible, many of our boys and girls are growing no without a sufficient knowledge of the Scriptures: that our Sunday School leaders in each Province make representations to the Department of Education requesting that a Course of Bible Study be outlined for High School students as an option for some subject on the curricu-