Low Countries; involving the Empire, thereby in all the Disputes that afterwards happened between the Spanish Branch of his Family, and the French, about those Provinces, with which they would otherwise have had nothing to do. And in Virtue of this Guaranty, it is that Colonel Mentzel, in his late Manifesto, threatens to detach from the French Monarchy the Franche-Comte, and the Dutchy of Burgundy, as having been dismembered from the Empire; though the Reader will observe, that the placing them under the Protection of the Empire, was in Effect, a Force upon the States, and brought about entirely by the Policy and Puissance of this mighty Prince, who therein confidered the Safety of his own Family. rather than the Interest of the Germanic Body. But as all great Oppressions of a Nation, naturally powerful, have a direct. Tendency to excite their own Redress, by stirring up great Men to those Remedies, which the Nature of the Case shew can alone prove successful, so the German Princes, and especially the Protestants, finding themselves in Circumstances so uneasy, and fearing that the Emperor would proceed to still greater Lengths. resolved to have recourse once more to Arms. this Enterprize they had for their Chief, that very Maurice Elector of Saxony, who became so by the Favour of the Emperor, in Prejudice of his Cousin the Elector John Frederick; and as Maurice faw the mischievous Consequences of the dilatory Conduct of the Allies of Smalkald, he took his Measures so secretly and successfully, that he very narrowly missed seizing the Emperor at Inforuck, from whence he fled away by Torch-Light. This Blow had a terrible Effect upon the Emperor's Affairs, who found himself obliged to compromise Matters with the Protestants, by the Trea-