

lution in France—Restoration—Return of nobles, clergy, and gentry—Actions of Bonaparte—Final expulsion of the Bourbons—Louis Philippe's conduct—Abdication—"La petite Eglise"—Puritanism and infidelity compared—They produce similar effects—Romanism in France and in the United States compared—Extraordinary influence possessed by the Popish clergy—Poverty of agricultural classes in France—Proper size of farms—Superiority of two Legislative Chambers over a single Assembly—Downward tendency of democracy in France—Difference between Anglo-Saxon and Gallican races illustrated by California—Americans could not retain their institutions if France were evacuated for them, nor could the French, if possessed of America and its institutions, work the machinery or govern it successfully—Only sure basis of any government 285