

8. Agricultural Products Co-operative Marketing Act, 1939.
9. Dominion Housing Act, 1935, repealed and replaced by National Housing Act, 1938 (non-operative)

Among more recent statutes are the following:

10. Unemployment Insurance Act, 1940.

Under this Act the Unemployment Insurance Commission was established and provision made for insurance against unemployment in certain fields. By an amendment to the Act in 1946 the National Employment Service was set up to collect information on employment and make it available at employment offices, to assist workers in obtaining employment for which they are fitted, and to assist employers in finding workers suitable for their needs.

11. Vocational Training Co-ordination Act, 1942 and Youth Training Act, 1939.

These two acts are to help the Canadian worker to become satisfactorily established in industry. Training is provided jointly by the federal and provincial governments and covers youth training, including assistance to students; supervisory training for industrial foremen; apprentice training for indentured apprentices; re-establishment training for civilian workers and war veterans. Assistance is also given under the first Act for vocational training at secondary school level.

12. Family Allowance Act, 1944

This Act provides allowances for children under sixteen years of age provided they attend school regularly as required by the laws of the province in which they reside. The amounts payable are fixed by schedule and apply equally to all income groups.

13. Agricultural Prices Support Act, 1944.

This Act is to safeguard primary producers against penalties of sudden changes and dislocation of trade in agricultural products. The Board established by the Act has the right to prescribe prices at which it may purchase agricultural products in the market. It may also pay producers the difference between the price it sets and the average price at which the product sold in a specified period. The Board can also appoint commodity boards to purchase and dispose of agricultural products, to facilitate trade between governments, promote exports, direct production, pay subsidies etc.

14. Fisheries Prices Support Act, 1947.

Under this Act, a Board has been established to assist Canadian fisheries in adjusting from wartime to peacetime conditions and to maintain fair and stable returns for the fishing industry. The Board has authority to buy fisheries products under certain conditions and to dispose of them by sale or otherwise. It has not the power to fix prices, but it may pay producers the difference between a price prescribed by the Board and the average price of the product during a specified period.

15. Farm Improvement Loans Act, 1944

This Act provides intermediate and short-term credit on reasonable terms for a wide range of farm improvements.