

49. An assessor may be recalled by the electorate or may be disqualified or removed or his appointment may be terminated, but always strictly in accordance with the procedure established by law.

JURORS AND ASSESSORS

Selection of Prospective Jurors

50. The opportunity for jury service shall be extended without distinction of any kind by reason of race, colour, sex, religion, political or other opinion, national, linguistic or social origin, property, income, birth or status, but it may, however, be subject to citizenship requirements.

51. The names of prospective jurors shall be drawn from a jury source list compiled from one or more regularly maintained lists of persons residing in the court jurisdiction.

52. The jury source list shall be representative and shall be as inclusive of the adult population in the jurisdiction as is feasible.

53. The Court shall periodically review the jury source list for its representativeness and inclusiveness. Should the Court determine that improvement is needed in the representativeness or inclusiveness of the jury source list, appropriate corrective action shall be taken.

54. Random selection procedures shall be used at all stages throughout the jury selection process except as provided herein.

55. The frequency and the length of time that persons are called upon to perform jury service and to be available therefor, shall be the minimum consistent with the needs of justice.

56. Except as may be expressly provided for by law, all automatic excuses or exemptions from jury service shall be avoided.

57. Eligible persons who are summoned may be excused from jury service only for valid reason by the court, or with its authorization.

Selection of a Particular Jury

58. Examination of prospective jurors shall be limited to matters relevant to determining whether to remove a juror for cause and to exercising peremptory challenges.

59. If the judge determines during the examination of prospective jurors that an individual is unable or unwilling to hear the particular case before the court fairly and impartially, that individual shall be removed from the panel. Such a determination may be made on motion of a party or on the judge's own initiative.

60. In jurisdictions where peremptory challenges are permitted, their number and the procedure for exercising them shall be uniform for the same type of case.