

### Books and Pamphlets

**A TREATISE ON NERVOUS AND MENTAL DISEASES.** By Landon Carter Gray, M.D., Professor of Diseases of the Mind and Nervous System in the New York Polyclinic. New (2nd) edition. In one very handsome octavo volume of 728 pages, with 172 engravings and 3 colored plates. Cloth, \$4.75; leather, \$5.75. Philadelphia: Lea Brothers & Co. Toronto: Carveth & Co. 1895.

The whole book has been revised and five new chapters added, on Dementia, Paranoides, Confusional Insanity, Delirium, and Massage. The work is as practical as any work can be, which deals with nervous and mental diseases, two branches of medicine which are to a great extent unknown ground to the bulk of the medical profession.

The author embraces in "treatment" not only the therapeutic applications of drugs, but also those hygienic and dietetic measures which are most suited to individual cases, and which are often the physician's main reliance. Part III, on mental diseases, is the most useful work for the student and general practitioner that we have seen. The new edition should be even more popular than was the first.

**THE "MEDICAL RECORD" VISITING LIST FOR 1896.** New revised edition. New York: William Wood & Co.

This edition has been revised to increase the amount of matter calculated to be useful in emergencies and eliminate such as might better be referred to the physician's library. The most important change is in the list of remedies and their maximum doses. There is a table showing the probable duration of pregnancy, solution for subcutaneous injection, emergencies, surgical antiseptics, etc., etc.

**GREEN'S PATHOLOGY AND MORBID ANATOMY.** By T. Henry Green, M.D., Lecturer on Pathology and Morbid Anatomy at Charing-Cross Hospital Medical School, London. Seventh American, from the eighth and revised English edition. Octavo volume of 595 pp., with 224 engravings, and a colored plate. Cloth, \$2.75. Philadelphia: Lea Brothers & Co. Toronto: Carveth & Co. 1895.

We are glad to see a new edition of this old favorite. The rapid accumulation of facts in

pathology and consequent changes in opinion have rendered it necessary that several new sections should be added, and several old ones re-written or withdrawn. Many changes have been made. Sixty new illustrations and a colored frontispiece have been added. The Editor, Dr. H. Montague Murray, F.R.C.P., has brought the work up to date, and Green will be still found in the hands of most students of medicine, as it has been for so many years.

**DIRECTIONS FOR WORK IN THE HISTOLOGICAL LABORATORY.** By G. Carl Huber, M.D., Assistant Professor of Histology and Embryology, University of Michigan. One vol. of 191 pages. Second edition. 1895. Price \$1.50. Ann Arbor: George Wahr.

This work is intended for the senior student, or one who has attended a course of lectures on histology, and knows something of the subject.

The author is fully alive to the requirements of the medical student of to-day, and gives all necessary details systematically and concisely.

The absence of cuts and diagrams detract somewhat from the completeness of the book, though in all other respects it admirably fulfils the object for which it was written, viz., the systematic study of practical histology.

It is a book, anyone doing histological work, could use with profit.

**THE INTERNATIONAL ENCYCLOPEDIA OF SURGERY.** A systematic treatise on the theory and practice of surgery, by authors of various nations. Edited by John Ashurst, Jun., M.D., LL.D. In seven volumes. Vol. VII. (Supplementary volume.) New York: William Wood & Co.

Owing to the rapid advances being constantly made in the art and science of surgery, a large Encyclopædia is apt to be out of date, in some matters, almost before the leaves are cut. This difficulty has been obviated in the present instance by issuing this supplementary volume, in which every department of the subject has been brought fully up to date. The list of authors, some 48 in all, includes the names of many world-renowned surgeons, who treat their subjects in such a manner as to cover the ground thoroughly, while at the same time conciseness was evidently an object in view, as to the whole volume (1082 pages), is not unwieldy. While this volume could only be of value as a supplement, it may be said to be absolutely indispensable to the completeness of the Encyclopædia.