

be confined to the most valiant warriors that can be found—"For the drums and the cymbals," says he, "have to speak to the ears, the flags and the standards to the eyes, recompenses and punishment to the heart."

The Church Times.

HALIFAX, SATURDAY, MAY 2, 1857.

THE LEGISLATURE—THE SYNOD.

THE Session of the Legislature just terminated, has been characterized by several attempts on the part of dissenters and others to deprive the Church of her temporalities, and to alter her usage in the mode of conducting Parochial meetings. The former attempts show the desire to wound on the part of those outside her pale—the latter has been instigated by some from whom it could scarcely have been expected to proceed, viz., by members of her own communion. The first have been frustrated by the sense of public honesty entertained by the Legislature—and the last by their sense of public justice, combined with an energetic remonstrance from the chief authority of the Church in the shape of a petition, by protests from the party whose right has been invaded, and others in danger from the attack, and from Churchmen who dissent from the views of those who sought the change, on the ground that it would neither be just nor necessary. It may be as well to notice, that in the Legislature these attacks upon the possessions of the Church and upon the rights of her authorities, were advocated by dissenters solely, and that not one of her members gave them any countenance, but on the contrary opposed them strenuously, showing in every instance, that the spoliators need not rely on any fancied disaffection in her communion to forward their views, nor the advocates of change on any necessity that they (the Churchmen of the Legislature) believe to exist, to alter her usages. Indeed, as the report of the debate in the Legislative Council which we have published shows, the conviction was strong that no isolated effort on the part of a few individuals to carry out particular views, ought to meet with public encouragement, and that any motion to that effect ought first to receive the approval of the whole Church, when, as a matter of course, it would emanate from her highest constituted authority.

These attempts on the property of the Church, show how desirable it is that there should be a perfect unanimity upon the question of Synodical action—the want of it places in jeopardy her temporal interests, to say the least, and might in the cases just alluded to, have been attended with very serious injury. The forethought of the Synod was exhibited at its last meeting, when a Committee was appointed with special reference to all such attempts, to watch the proceedings of the Legislature. But it unfortunately happened that one individual of that Committee was absent, while others, by the action of St. Paul's Parish, were placed in a very delicate position with reference to the duty which they were appointed to fulfil. Here there was a wise provision of the general council of the Church, marred by its unhappy divisions; and if the safety of its interests had absolutely depended upon the active zeal of such a Committee, as might have been the case, it would have been endangered, and they might have been sacrificed, than which none would more regret perhaps, than those who had been the cause of such result. This is certainly an undesirable condition of things to exist any longer. It proves we think the necessity of united Synodical action—and shows that while the Churchmen of the Capital keep aloof from, or only partially approve of it, they may yet in a great measure be responsible for a great deal of mischief, which they never imagined would take place; but which may be the consequence of their opposition. Instances appear to multiply to recommend this unanimity to the serious consideration of all who have hitherto entertained doubts of the efficiency of a Synod for the outward protection of the Church, as well as for her internal welfare; and to lead them to seek it they should need no stronger argument than the fact, that any imperfection which might cling to such a body, would be more easily removed by its own action, than by withholding an assent to a principle, and refusing to participate in its operation.

ENGLISH ELECTIONS.

The elections in England have not been concluded without manifesting some peculiar features. We shall only allude now to the religious spirit which has been evoked, and which has shown itself more

particularly in the recent contest than at any time perhaps since the days of Oliver Cromwell. Pledges to support Evangelical views have been given in several instances, and in others, the candidates have been called upon to testify their disapproval of Lord Palmerston's religious policy. These are no doubt signs of the times. The London Times has felt itself moved to publish a strong editorial article against Lord Palmerston's frequent appointment of Evangelical Bishops, who, though good men, are not supposed to possess those classical attainments which are a fitting qualification for the Episcopal Bench, and besides which they prove to be his Lordship's own connections. The last circumstance more than any other, has created a good deal of dissatisfaction amongst parties in the country, no less Evangelical but better read, than the fortunate recipients of his Lordship's favors, and who have, or fancy they have, superior claims to the important office, to any of his kith or kin.

The Bermuda Royal Gazette of the 14th ult. has the following paragraph with reference to the movements of the Naval Commander-in-chief, who may not be expected here until the middle or end of June:—

"Sailed, on Saturday last, H. M. line of battle Ship *Indus*, bearing the Flag of Rear Admiral Sir Houston Stewart, K.C.B., Captain Stewart, for Carthage. We understand that Sir Houston Stewart will be absent from Bermuda about six weeks."

We copy the following curious paragraph from a paper received by the last mail from England:—

"The New Zealand journals inform us that a small immigration, but with every prospect of being a continuous one, is setting into Auckland from Nova Scotia. A few Highlanders from the latter colony having settled a few years since at Wangarei, near Auckland, have induced others of their brethren to follow, and a first instalment of two hundred and fifty souls were daily expected."

The House of Assembly in Committee of Supply, on Wednesday, voted a sum towards the erection of the Welsford and Parker monument. They have also voted £300 in aid of the Deaf and Dumb School in this city, which will give to that Institution a considerable degree of efficiency. £100 has been granted to keep up steam communication with Cape Breton. The Bill granting exclusive privileges to the Electric Telegraph across the Atlantic, passed the House on Thursday evening.

The grant of £50 to the Colonial Church and School Society's Training School has been disallowed. This Institution which has diffused for a number of years, the blessings of education throughout the country, and has sent abroad superior teachers, deserves much more consideration from the Legislature than that small sum amounts to; and its rejection must have proceeded from any other motive than a desire to advance the public good.

Yesterday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor came down to the Council Chamber, and prorogued the Legislature. His Excellency was received with the usual honors, and a salute of artillery was fired on his arrival at and departure from the Province Building.

The Rev. R. Payne, Curate of Chester, expresses his sincere thanks to the Ladies of Chester, who have contributed for the purpose, for their present of a handsome Surplice; but especially for the gratifying sentiments entertained by them, and communicated on their behalf at the presentation. Chester, 18th April.

The *Lebanon*, iron screw steamship, Capt. Cook, arrived at this port on Monday morning last, 15 days from Woolwich, with four companies of Royal Artillery, viz.: Capt. O'Connell's 7th company, 4th battalion, and Capt. Ford's 1st company, 4th battalion, for service in Canada; and Capt. Waller's company, 11th battalion, for service in Nova Scotia. The two latter companies disembarked at the Cunard wharf on Tuesday morning at 6½ o'clock, and, escorted by the Band and drums of H. M. 63rd Regt., marched into the Artillery Park. The whole of the Artillery stationed in this garrison embarked on board the *Lebanon* at 2½ o'clock, P.M. the same day. These few fellows were escorted from the Park to the wharf by the Bands of the 62d and 63d Regts., and accompanied by a vast concourse of inhabitants. The *Lebanon* left for Quebec late on Wednesday evening.—*Chron.*

His Excellency the Lieut. Governor, in Council, has been pleased to vacate the existing Boards of School Commissioners in the County of Annapolis, and to reconstitute the same, and for that purpose has been pleased to appoint to be Commissioners of Schools for the

County of Annapolis, in place of the members of those Boards whose seats are hereby vacated, the following persons, that is to say:—

To be Commissioners of Schools to constitute the School Board for the Western District—James Gray, Esq. Annapolis; Rev. W. M. Godfrey, Clements; Rev. A. Cogswell, Hessian Line, Clements; Rev. F. Smallwood, of Annapolis; Rev. J. Spencer, of Granville; Peter Holte, Clements; Kinathan Whitman, Annapolis; Samuel McCormick, of Caledonia; Alfred Troup, Granville.

And to be Commissioners of Schools, to constitute the School Board for the Eastern District—Rev. J. H. Campbell, Bridgetown; Rev. N. Vidlo, Paradise; Rev. Wm. Wilson, Bridgetown; Rev. Willard Parker, Nictaux; Gilbert Fowler, Granville; Ambrose Bent, of Annapolis; Dr. Forsyth, Bridgetown; Abner Sanders, Annapolis; John Luger, Nictaux; Aaron Young, Wilnot.

His Excellency the Lieut. Governor, by the advice of the Executive Council, has been pleased to appoint the Rev. Donald McKee to be one of the Board of Commissioners of Schools for the South District of Pictou, and to approve of the appointment of James Holmes, Esq. to be a Deputy Surveyor for the County of Pictou, in the place of Peter Cramer, deceased.

D. C. S.

Received—

April 15.	Pugwash	£19 1 3
21.	Maitland	14 1 6
24.	New Dublin	22 1 6
	Rev. J. Ambrose (Colporteur)	0 10 6
25.	Interest on Railway Bonds	30 18 0
	Liverpool	78 12 5
27.	Maitland	0 10 9
	Bridgetown and Belleisle	3 0 0
	Cornwallis, in trust	45 0 0

EDWIN GILPIN, Jr. Sec'y.

TO FISHERMEN, TRAVELLERS, & SPORTSMEN.—Smith's Essence of Coffee—Instantaneously produces the most delicious Coffee, combining the richness and mellowed flavour of Mocha, with the strength and fullness of Jamaica, without a particle of sediment; a very great convenience to single gentlemen, Travellers by Land and by Sea, Ship Officers, Hotel Keepers, &c.

It will be found to be equally economical with common Coffee, and suitable for those with weak digestive powers, and invalids.

Agents in Halifax

G. E. MORTON & Co.

Dr. METCALFE'S TUBSILAGO, for COUGH!—The numerous ingredients composing this CANDY have been recommended by many physicians of eminence. The pleasantness of this medicine gives it an advantage over others, while it is unnecessary to use any persuasion to induce children to take it.

Agents in Halifax

G. E. MORTON & Co.

SOUND AND WHITE TEETH are not only indispensable requisite to a pleasing exterior in both sexes, but they are peculiarly appreciated through life as highly conducive to health and longevity by the proper mastication of food.

ROWLANDS' ODONTO or Pearl Dentifrice is of incalculable value in preserving and beautifying the Teeth, imparting to them a Pearl-like whiteness, strengthening the Gums and in rendering the Breath sweet and pure. Its truly efficient and salutary medicinal properties have obtained its selection by Queen Victoria, and the Sovereigns and nobility throughout Europe.

Caution—The words "ROWLANDS' ODONTO" are on the label, and "A. ROWLAND & SONS, 20, Hatton Garden" on the Government stamp.

Agents in Halifax

G. E. MORTON & Co.

In Durno's Snuff a new discovery found, It clears the head, improves the eyes and mind, And such diseases as ought not to be reached, Neuralgia, deafness, one, two, both or each.

Take Notice—That Catarrh Snuff is not to be found as a remedy in the old medical books, consequently doctors are not enforced to recommend Durno's Snuff.

Agents in Halifax

G. E. MORTON & Co.

LOSS OF APPETITE—Lost Appetite will be restored by using STONE'S LIQUID CATHARTIC. Canker, King's Evil, and all eruptions and Cutaneous Diseases are cured by the use of two to six bottles of STONE'S LIQUID CATHARTIC.

Agents in Halifax

G. E. MORTON & Co.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS operate beneficially not only upon the diseased organs, but upon the constitution of the invalid. To quicken the torpid stomach, enable the disordered liver to secrete a due portion of healthy bile, and remove obstructions from the intestines, are important objects; but Holloway's Pills do more than this. They recruit the stamina of the patient, and infuse tone and vigor into the whole vital machinery. The animal spirits, sympathizing with the physical powers, become light and buoyant, and that greatest of earthly blessings "a sound mind in a sound body" is the result. Thousands of persons who have been cured of chronic dyspepsia and its attendant depression, by this powerful alterative and tonic know this to be literally true.

Married.

At Canard Street, Cornwallis, on Tuesday last, by the Rev. Prof. Lyall, the Rev. WILLIAM MURRAY, to SARAH P., eldest daughter of Charles Dickie, Esq.

Died.

On Monday, in the 38th year of her age, SARAH JANE, the beloved wife of Charles W. Wright, and only daughter of A. Hemmeon, Esq.

On Wednesday, 29th inst., JANE, wife of Jas. B. Wetmore, aged 62 years, a native of Kyes, New York.

At the Poor's Asylum, 25th inst., JOHN GILLEN, aged 22 years.

At Portuguese Cove, on Friday 24th inst., Mr. FREDERICK SELLIG, a native of Lunenburg, aged 77 years.

At Sydney, on the 15th inst., after a lingering illness, GRISTAVUS FREDERICK HALIBURTON, Esq., Barrister at law aged 45 years.

On the 30th March, MARY ESTHER, infant daughter of Mr. Stephen Banford Trenaman, aged 8 months.

Also, at his residence, Charlottetown, P. E. I., April 11th after a severe and protracted illness, Mr. STEPHEN BANFORD TREMAN, aged 25 years, youngest son of Mr. John Trenaman. He will be long and sincerely regretted by numerous friends and relatives for the many amiable qualities which adorned his character. Canada and U. S. Papers please copy.