

The Campbellton Graphic.

J. G. MCCOLL, EDITOR H. B. ANSLOW, MANAGER

CAMPBELLTON, N. B., MARCH 10th, 1911.

PROGRESS.

Beginning with March the "GRAPHIC" is now enlarged to an eight page weekly. This has been found necessary owing to the increased demand for advertising space, as well as more accommodation being required for a greater amount of reading matter. We are endeavoring to satisfy the needs of our clients by giving them a readable, newsy, local weekly, and the larger circulation of the paper bears ample testimony to the fact that an advertising medium the "GRAPHIC" holds a high place among the publications of the North Shore. We thank our many friends for their continued patronage, and we beg to assure them that their desires are being fulfilled, as we give all advertisers what they want and that is a guaranteed and increasing circulation. One of the principal things an advertiser wants to know is, Does the medium go to the people he wants to reach? We say the "GRAPHIC" does, as we give what an advertiser wants: a local demand.

But then, there must be persistency in advertising. One single advertisement compared with regular and systematic advertising is like the sputtering of a brimstone match against the steady gleam of a locomotive head-light. The one is but faintly seen and then forgotten. While the others bearing ray makes a darkened road as noon-day.

DRINK CURE A MIRACLE

No, Just Sound Science.

Many drunkards are sent to jail when what they need is medicine. Drink has undermined their constitutions, inflamed their stomach and nerves, until the craving much be satisfied, if it is not removed by a scientific prescription like Samaria.

Samaria Prescription stops the craving, restores the shaking nerves, builds up the health and appetite and renders drink distasteful, even nauseous. It is odorless and tasteless, and dissolves instantly in tea, coffee or food. It can be given with or without the patient's knowledge.

Read what it did for Mrs. O., of Vancouver:

"I was so anxious to get my husband cured that I went up to Harrison Drug Store, and got your remedy there. I had no trouble giving it without his knowledge. I greatly thank you for all the peace and happiness that it brought already into my home. The cost was nothing compared to what he would spend in drinking. The curse of drink was putting me into my grave, but now I feel so happy, and everything seems so different and bright. May the Lord be with you and help you in curing the evil. I don't want my name published."

Now if you know of any unfortunate needing Samaria Treatment, tell him or his family or friends about it. If you have any friend or relative who is forming the drink habit, help him to release himself from its clutches. Write to-day.

A FREE TRIAL PACKAGE of Samaria Prescription, with booklet, giving full particulars, testimonials, price, etc., will be sent absolutely free, and postpaid in plain sealed package to anyone asking for it, and mentioning this paper. Correspondence secretly confidential. Write to-day.

THE SAMARIA REMEDY CO.,
Dept. 77, 49 Colborne St.,
Toronto, Canada.

For sale also by T. Wran, druggist, Campbellton.

LOST.

Lost on the train between Broadlands and Eucuminae, a lady's hand satchel containing \$9 inclosed also a small purse containing silver and a Chinaman's check for laundry, ladies auto veil color gray, also two return tickets for Broadlands to Eucuminae. Finder will be rewarded by leaving the same at.

MR. MELVIN ADAMS,
Broadlands, P. Q.

GIRL WANTED.

An English girl for general housework in family of three.

Apply to
March 10-4. GRAPHIC.

DALHOUSIE SCHOOL
STANDING REPORT

The following is a brief report of the several grades of The Dalhousie Superior School for January and February.

ADVANCED DEPT

Highest Standing—Grade XI.
Bruce Stewart.

Grade X. Eliza Wallace, Jean Mitchell.

Grade IX. Alfred Kirk, Brian Patts.

Grade VIII. Jessie Wallace, Hazel Jamieson, Hattie Robinson, Grace McEwen, Margaret Wallace.

Grade VII. Glendon Seeley, Margaret Wallace.

Grade VI. Kathleen Delaney, Vera McIney.

Grade V. Jean Jamieson, Vina Savate.

Grade IV. Gladys Strong, Keays MacNeill, Alma Cameron, Isabel McNeil, Donald Campbell, John Delaney, George Williams, Edmond Savoy, Alfred Balfour, Victoria Strong.

Grade III. Paul Methot, 1st. Lena Miller (teacher).

Grade II. Keays MacNeill, Arthur Coleman, John Delaney, Alma Cameron, Edmond Savoy, Agnes Barbare, Charles Stewart, Amy McKean, Kathleen McKean, Colin McKenzie.

Grade I. Kenneth LeTurneau, Agnes Barbare, Charles Stewart, Amy McKean, Herbert Thompson, Beulah Gallop, Jasper Robinson, E. V. Harquail (teacher).

For January.

Report of Intermediate Department for January and February.

No. of pupils enrolled—34.

No. of pupils daily present on an average—26.

Names of pupils daily present.

Grade VI. Sydney Jamieson, Greta Jamieson, Ruby Wood, Laura Wood, Mabel McNeill.

Grade V. Jean Jamieson, Vina Savate.

Highest Standing: Grade VI. Ruby Wood.

Grade V. Kathleen Delaney, Vera McIney.

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Canada's Open Door.

This is the second of the series of articles on Reciprocity republished from the Canadian Century to which reference was made in our issue of last week.

Canadian Fruit Farmers in Great Peril.

From The Canadian Century.

that ever waited on any Canadian Government was that of the fruit growers of Western Ontario, who went to Ottawa on February 10 to protest against the Reciprocity Agreement. The case they presented to the Government was a strong one. They showed that if the Reciprocity Agreement was endorsed by the Canadian Parliament and the United States Congress it would reduce the value of every orchard in Ontario and ruin thousands of small fruit farmers who had paid high prices for their little farms and spent time and money in planting trees. They showed that many large farms had been subdivided for fruit-growing purposes, and that new subdivisions were constantly being made. They said that a farm of one hundred acres which formerly supported only one family, being cut into ten small fruit farms, supported ten families. Among other memorials presented by this deputation was the following:

"We, the undersigned, the president and executive committee of the Old Country Association, composed entirely of men born and bred in the British Isles, and the great majority of whom are engaged in the fruit industry, respectfully and earnestly beg to draw the attention of the Dominion Government to the peculiar hardship which will be imposed upon us should this proposed tariff legislation come into effect."

"We have been induced to leave Great Britain and to come to this peninsula, and to invest our capital in the purchase, planting and general improvement of fruit lands in a large measure owing to the very wide distribution of official pamphlets and other literature emanating from Canada, and distributed throughout the British Isles, positively stating that the Ontario grower is protected in the home market by a high tariff against foreign grown fruit and vegetables, and thus enjoys that market without serious competition from outside sources."

"The amount of customs tariffs on the various fruits is specifically stated in these pamphlets and literature; and in order that this particular advantage to the Canadian grower may be clearly understood by the Britisher this tariff scale is not only set forth in Canadian money but is also set forth in the coinage of Great Britain. Under the belief that these conditions would be stable we have not only sunk our own capital, but have been instrumental in bringing many of our countrymen here to invest in this growing industry, which, owing to the steady rise of recent years in the values of land, now requires a large amount of capital to purchase and equip even the small farms the majority of us own, and to provide for the maintenance of our families during the years it takes to bring an orchard into bearing."

Four days after these Ontario fruit farmers presented their case to the Government Mr. Martin Burrell, member of Parliament for the Yale-Cariboo, gave the House of Commons a remarkably clear and comprehensive statement of the position of the fruit growers in all the provinces of Canada, giving special attention, of course, to his own province of British Columbia, which has made wonderful progress in the planting of orchards during the last ten years. Mr. Burrell has devoted twenty-eight years of his life to the practical work of fruit growing. No man in Canada has a better knowledge of the question.

In 1901 there were 587,000 fruit trees in British Columbia, according to the Dominion census. Now there are estimated to be five million fruit trees in that province, and the area devoted to fruit is rapidly increasing.

The grain grower of the prairie gets a free grant; the land is ready for cultivation; the Government subsidizes a railway to take the grain to market. The British Columbia fruit farmer must first be cleared of enormous trees; the people of the East and of the prairie provinces can scarcely realize the immense size of British Columbia timber. After the land has been cleared at great expense and fruit trees planted the farmer must wait for years for his trees to grow and bear fruit. In many parts of the province he must pay his share of the cost of constructing irrigation works.

According to the Dominion census of 1901 there were in the whole of Canada 15,053,875 apple trees, 1,301,775 peach trees, 662,101 pear trees, 2,415,005 plum trees, 1,288,298 cherry trees and 179,425 other fruit trees; a total of over twenty-one million fruit trees, besides 2,783,500 grape vines and large acreages of small fruits. Since 1901 there has been a very great increase in the number of trees, British Columbia farmers alone having planted about 4,500,000 trees within the ten years. Mr. Burrell estimates that there cannot be less than thirty million fruit trees in Canada now, and he thinks that \$150,000,000 is a low valuation to place on the orchards of Canada today.

THE CANADIAN CENTURY some weeks ago published an article on the value of a tree. It was pointed out that a German railway company had been forced to pay six hundred dollars for one cherry tree which it destroyed, and the principle upon which the court decided the value of a fruit tree was explained. Mr. Burrell's estimate only allows five dollars as the average value of a Canadian fruit tree when he values the orchards of the Dominion at \$150,000,000. We believe that the real value is very much greater.

Now what would be said if the Government suddenly took away the tariff protection of a group of manufacturing industries in which \$150,000,000 of capital was invested?

We hear a great deal from the politicians about vested rights. Why should there be any more consideration for the vested rights of manufacturers than for the vested rights of farmers? Has not the small farmer a vested right in the fruit tree that has cost him money, labor, time and anxiety?

We do not believe that the prosperous grain growers of the prairie provinces of Canada will vote against their brothers in British Columbia and Ontario when they know the real facts. We appeal to those farmers of Canada who are not fruit growers to stand by their brother farmers in this time of peril.

World Competition For Canadian

"Why should Canadian farmers lose every vestige of protection for their products while the tariff on manufactured goods remains almost untouched? If farm products from the United States, the Argentine Republic, Russia, Austria-Hungary, Denmark, Norway, Sweden, Spain, Japan, Australia, New Zealand, and other countries are to come into free competition with Canadian farm products in our own home market why should not our manufactured products come in free from the same countries?"

These are the questions which farmers throughout Canada are asking each other now, and they will ask the politicians the same questions a little later on. Free trade in farm products and protection for manufactured products is a condition of things that cannot be permanent.

What Will American Farmers Say?

When the farmers of the United States learn that the same Reciprocity Compact that gives them free entrance to the Canadian market gives exactly the same privilege to almost every food-exporting country in the world they will be enraged. They will say: "With Russians, Japanese, Austrians, Argentines, Danes, Swedes, Norwegians, Spaniards, Australians, New Zealanders and a host of other food producers dumping their surplus products into the Canadian market what will there be left for us?" They will complain that Canadians will try to relieve their glutted markets by shipping some of this foreign stuff into the United States, and indeed it will be very difficult for the United States Government to prevent them doing so. How will United States customs officials be able to distinguish between Canadian farm products and the foreign food that will be dumped on the Canadian market? Dishonest men in both Canada and the United States will take advantage of the situation. On the other hand honest Canadian exporters will often be suspected of fraud. American customs officials will sometimes quarrel with

NORTH SHORE STUMPAGE.

The following firms have paid stumpage dues for the year 1910:

Name.	Amount.
Alexander, A. E. Estate of	\$ 600.00
Bathurst Lumber Co.	8,748.00
Burns, Thomas C.	65.80
Bearinger & Chapin,	4,814.05
Curran Brothers,	430.19
Culligan A. & J.,	2,945.61
Credit Foncier Canadian,	8,514.72
Dalhousie Lumber Co.,	19,172.45
Gloucester Lumber & Trading Co.,	1,811.05
Guilmont, Couillard, Freres & Co.,	2,557.50
Louison Lumber Co.,	10,100.23
Mowat, B. A.,	4,020.25
Miller, W. H.,	1,385.20
Miller, R. J.,	109.42
Murchie, James & Sons,	1,344.84
McMillan Co., Ltd.,	2,060.50
Nipisquit Lumber Co.,	16,385.33
Northern N. B. & Seaboard Railway,	608.32
Richards, Wm., Co.,	22,631.86
Reid, James,	245.90
Sumner Co.,	1,706.06
Shives Lumber Co.,	27,016.03

Electric Restorer for Men

Phosphono restores every nerve in the body to its proper tension; restores vitality. Premature decay and all sexual weakness averted at once. Phosphono will make you a new man. Price \$3 a box, or two for \$5. Mailed to any address. The Scofield Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.

The Restigouche Log Driving and Boom Company.

Public Notice is hereby given that Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned and marked "Tenders for Driving", will be received up to 2 o'clock in the afternoon of Tuesday the twenty-eighth day of March, A. D. 1911, for the driving of the logs of the members of the Restigouche Log Driving and Boom Company, from the mouth of the Kedwick River to the Boons of the Restigouche Log Driving and Boom Company. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Full particulars may be obtained from either Daniel E. Richards, president of the Restigouche Boom Company or the undersigned.

Dated at the Town of Campbellton, this ninth day of March, A. D. 1911.

Frank S. Blair,
Secretary Treasurer of the Restigouche Boom Company.

Mar. 10-3ins.

The Restigouche Log Driving and Boom Company.

Public Notice, That a meeting of the Restigouche Log Driving and Boom Company will be held at the office of the Shives Lumber Company, Limited, in the Town of Campbellton, on Tuesday the twenty-eighth day of March, A. D. 1911, at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon for the purpose of electing officers, of making provisions for issuing of bonds, and the consideration of such other business of a general or special nature as may be brought before the meeting; and which the members of the said Company may be empowered by law to deal with.

Dated at the town of Campbellton this ninth day of March, A. D. 1911.

Daniel E. Richards, President.

Frank S. Blair, Secretary Treasurer of the Restigouche Boom Company.

Mar. 10-3ins.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned curator to the estate of the late Sarah Jamieson, in her life time spinster of age, residing at Kempt Road, on the County of Bonaventure, District of Gaspé, P. Q., will cause an inventory and sale of the movable effects belonging to the said estate, to wit, at her property situated at Eucuminae, in the County aforesaid, on the 14th day of March, 1911, and at her property situated at Kempt Road, in the aforesaid County, on the 15th day of March, 1911.

HUGH SILLARS,
Curator.

Sellarville, March 1st, 1911-1pd.

Good, honest, Canadian eggs, butter, cheese, etc., come from Argentina, Siberia, or some other outlandish place that has been given the right to send its farm products freely into Canada. Bitter controversies arise that have so long existed between Canadians and Americans will be replaced by a spirit of suspicion and antagonism that may have serious consequences.

PATENTS

OVER 65 YEARS EXPERIENCE

TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, PATENTS, ETC.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion as to whether an invention is probably patentable. Our examination is strictly confidential. Write at once. Send free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through almost all countries. Special notice, without charge, in the Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms: Canada, \$10 a year, postage prepaid. Sold at all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co., 361 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 68 7 St., Washington, D. C.

BRIGHTEN UP WITH

S. W. P.

We have just received a full line of Sherwin Williams Paints and Varnishes. The largest manufacturers of this line in America. They make a special Paint or Varnish for every purpose.

For Hardwood Floors use S. W. Mornot, a tough, easy working Varnish that will not scratch or mar easily. It is made expressly for the work.

Kopal, a high grade Varnish that will not turn white under water, for use where a good general varnish is required. For varnishing walls, furniture, etc.

Sherwin Williams Paint, the Leader, put up in quart, half gallon and five gallon tins, in 47 different colors, also black and white. One gallon of the paint will cover 350 square feet of surface, two coats.

Sold Only By

Marquis & Co.,

New Store

Opp. Wran's Drugstore

In their Temporary Quarters.

Old Stand.

With a Full Stock of

Drugs and Medicines

The White Drug Co.

Have opened a complete stock of

Drugs, Medicines,

Toilet Articles,

Tobacco, Pipes, etc.

AT A

New Store