

WAR DISPATCHES OF WEEK

By Special Leased Wires Direct to the Ontario

RUSSIANS COMMAND RAILWAY TO DANZIG.

LONDON, August 24.—A despatch to the Times from St. Petersburg which followed the first reports of Russian successes in East Prussia says, "It is not a defeat, but a rout. Continuing their pursuit of the Germans the Russians occupied Soldau thirteen miles southwest of Eidenburg, whence they command the railway to Danzig."

GERMAN POPULATION EVACUATE WILLENBURG.

PARIS, August 24.—An official statement says "The Russian line on the German frontier extends from Tilsit to Inverburg and Ayr. The German population is evacuating Willenburg 91 miles southeast of Koenigsberg, because of the arrival of Russian forces from Poland which already have penetrated a considerable distance toward Soldau."

UNVERIFIED RUMOR OF OCCUPATION OF NANCY.

PARIS, August 24.—A rumor is in circulation in Paris this morning that the Germans have occupied the unfortified town of Nancy. This report however, lacks confirmation.

BRITISH IN ACTION NEAR MONS, BELGIUM.

LONDON, August 24.—The location of the British Overseas mitted that these troops have been in battle since Sunday. The official announcement said: "The British expeditionary force have been engaged with the enemy in the neighborhood of Mons, Expedition was given out by the War Office to-day, which ad Belgium, since early on Sunday. The British lines are holding." No statement of casualties was given.

BRITISH WOUNDED HAVE PASSED LILLE.

LONDON, August 24.—A telegram from Lille, France, reports that the first train conveying British wounded has passed that city. Nothing is known about the place where the men were wounded, or their destination.

BRITISH AND FRENCH HOLD WHOLE GERMAN ARMY IN BELGIUM.

PARIS, August 24.—10.15 a.m.—The following official announcement was made here to-day:—"The great battle between the greater part of the forces of England and France against the bulk of the German army continues to-day."

"The mission of the English and the French is to hold virtually the entire German army in Belgium, while their Russian allies pursue their successes in the East. The Russians occupy nearly fifty miles wide on the German frontier."

GERMAN COLUMNS MARCHING AT GREAT SPEED.

LONDON, August 24.—The Ostend correspondent of the Daily Mail, says, the German columns are marching southward toward Valenciennes on the Schilt 31 miles south-east of Lille, one proceeding by way of Ninove, Gramont and Lessines, Belgium, and the other going by way of Hal, Braine Le Comte, and Mons, Belgium. They are moving at great speed. Further north-west advanced parties have appeared and done damage successively at Thielt and Lychtervelde. It is suggested that this means a dash upon Roubaix, one of the wealthiest of French towns or upon Lille. In that case the movement toward Valenciennes would probably be an encircling one.

RUSSIANS HAVING GREAT SUCCESSES IN EAST.

LONDON, August 24.—The French Embassy this morning a telegram from the Minister of Foreign Affairs, at Paris, stating that contact had been established between the opposing forces all along the line and up to the present without any advantage to either side. The message confirmed the report that the German airship Zeppelin, No. 3, had been destroyed and that there had been great Russian successes.

SERVIANS CAPTURE MANY GUNS.

NISH, SERBIA, August 24.—The Serbian War Office has announced that Austria has apparently abandoned her aggressive campaign against Serbia following the Serbian victories all along the Drina river. In this connection the War Office to-day issued the following list of captures by the Serbian army which has conclusively routed the Austrian attack. Prisoners including officers 400, field guns 53, field howitzers 8, caissons 114. In addition it is stated that large quantities of field equipment and ammunition fell into the hands of the victors.

PROVINCE IN STATE OF ANARCHY.

LONDON, August 24.—The Venice correspondent of the Daily Mail reports that Prince William of Albany accompanied by his family have arrived at Brindisi en route for Germany and that Albany is in a state of anarchy.

JAPAN'S WARSHIPS BOMBARD GERMAN PORT.

SHANGHAI, August 24.—A confirmed report which arrived here says seven Japanese warships and five cruisers began a bombardment of Tsing Tau, the port of the German territory of Kai Chau Sunday afternoon and that the bombardment still continues. Another report is to the effect that Japanese troops are being landed around trenches at Haiyanghsien to invest Tau from the land side.

AUSTRIANS ON DEFENSIVE ON SERBIAN FRONTIER.

LONDON, August 24.—According to the Times Venice correspondent the official telegraph agency in Vienna published the following official notice on the Austro-Serbian situation. "On account of the Russian intervention in the Serbian war, Austria is forced to give her whole forces for the principle struggle in the northeast. Consequently the attack on Serbia is henceforth looked upon as a punitive expedition and not as definite war."

"The decision therefore has been reached to retire from the offensive and take up a waiting attitude making a fresh attack when opportunity presents itself. The considerable losses sustained by Austria on the banks of the Drina are not surprising in view of the superiority of the numbers of the enemy and the fact that the latter are fighting for their existence."

GERMANY THREATENS TO STIR UP ISLAMIC REBELLION

BUT HE GAVE A GOOD ACCOUNT.

LONDON, August 22.—Official sources confirm the reports that the Austrians lost 20,000 men in the three days' fighting on the river Drina and that General Leman the Belgian commander of the forts at Liege is a prisoner of the Germans en route for Cologne.

GERMANY THREATENS TO STIR UP ISLAMIC REVOLT.

LONDON, August 22.—A despatch from Rome says that according to messages from Berlin the German press is indignant at Great Britain's acceptance of Japanese support. The leading papers declare that Germany will retaliate by stirring up an Islamic revolt in India, Egypt, Algeria, and the Soudan which will quickly bring England and France to terms.

GENERAL MOBILIZATION IN ITALY.

PARIS, August 22.—A general mobilization in Italy has been decided upon and will be proclaimed within three or four days, according to a message which the Rome correspondent of the Eclair succeeded in smuggling through to his paper. The correspondent asserts that King Victor Emmanuel until recently felt obliged to renounce all idea of Italian intervention in the conflict but was won over by the arguments of his ministers. Minister of Foreign Affairs, Marquis Antonio Di San Giuliano alone of the cabinet held to a contrary opinion.

RUSSIAN CAVALRY'S BRILLIANT EXPLOITS.

LONDON, August 22.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Mail in a despatch dated Friday, says, "According to information from a high source the retreat of the Germans reported yesterday was marked by brilliant cavalry exploits. Crack guard regiments hurled themselves with irresistible force on the foe. The third squadron of Horse Guards captured a hostile battery."

AUSTRIAN FLEET FIGHTS IMAGINARY FOE

ROME, August 22.—The correspondent of the Giornale D' Italia, at Trieste, relates that during Thursday night the Austrian fleet engaged in a violent artillery combat with an imaginary fleet. According to the correspondent the mistake was discovered only after a six hours' cannonade.

CIVIC GUARD DISARMED.

LONDON, August 22.—A despatch from Bruges, Belgium via Paris dated yesterday says, The civic guard at Ghent was disarmed this morning. The Brussels civic guard was sent to Bruges and Antwerp.

WILL NOT HOLD BRUSSELS.

LONDON, August 22.—A despatch from Antwerp says it is reported from Brussels that assurance has been given by the Germans that they will not continue to occupy the capital, contenting themselves with having marched through the town.

SERVIANS WIN BRILLIANT VICTORY

LONDON, August 22.—A despatch from St. Petersburg sent under to-day's date says "After a brilliant Serbian victory at Matschwa the Austrians fled towards thebridges of the Drina pursued by the Servians who captured rich booty and a large number of prisoners including officers. They took forty guns most of them howitzers, horses ammunition and field hospital and military kitchens, which were abandoned by the Austrians in their flight."

NO COMMUNICATION WITH BRUSSELS.

LONDON, August 21.—Communication with Brussels is entirely interrupted. Telegrams cannot be accepted for the provinces of Limburg, Liege, Namur, Luxembourg, Brabant, or Antwerp, excepting for the city of Antwerp alone.

MAY NOT REMAIN AT BRUSSELS.

GHEENT, Belgium August 21.—German hussars and uhlans arrived Thursday morning on the shooting grounds at the gates of Brussels whether the burgomaster went to parley with them. In the afternoon German officers

occupying an automobile crossed the market place, going to the city hall, while detachments of Germans went through various parts of the city.

The telegraph office and railway station were closed for the greater part of the day. Many of the inhabitants of Brussels are leaving for Ghent and Ostend.

The general opinion is that the Germans will only pass through the city or at the most make a very short stay there.

ANTWERP PREPARING TO RESIST

LONDON, August 21.—The correspondent of the Times at the Hague telegraphing to-day says "The preparations for the defence at Antwerp

THE COLOSSUS IS UNDER WAY.

LONDON, August 22.—A despatch from St. Petersburg officially announces that the Russian army is now advancing along the entire Austro-German frontier, and successfully maintains the offensive at every point of contact.

AUSTRIANS SUFFER DISASTER.

LONDON, August 22.—According to a despatch from Rome many Austrians were drowned in their flight to the Drina river. The Sorbian artillery annihilated the survivors. The correspondent says 25,000 Austrians were killed or wounded and 10,000 taken prisoners.

TORONTO SENDS CONTINGENT OF 1500.

TORONTO, August 22.—Nearly fifteen hundred or Toronto's soldier boys departed for Val Cartier to-day whence they will leave for the front, sometime in the near future. All Toronto was in strength to say goodbye to the heroes of the day.

The departing contingent were made up as follows:—

Queen's Own—800.
Royal Grenadiers—327.
Canadian Engineers—Toronto, 259; Hamilton—60.
Miscellaneous, 10; Total 1456.

JAPANESE FORCE UNDER WAY.

SHANGHAI, China, August 22.—According to information obtained to-day from an official but not a Japanese source, the 10th division of the Japanese army, consisting of 16,000 men, went on board transports at Kurako last Friday. Furthermore a Japanese battleship fleet including the super-dreadnought, Kongom, has sailed to bombard Tsing-Tau, the seaport of Kiau-Chow, and cover the landing of the first Japanese forces of occupation. The second Japanese cruiser squadron from Port Arthur is patrolling between Corea and the Island of Formosa. A British cruiser from Hong Kong, passed here to-day going north.

BRITISH STEAMER SUNK.

NEW YORK, August 22.—News was received here to-day that the crew of the British steamer Hyas, had been landed at Rio de Janeiro, and that the steamer had been sunk by the German cruiser "Dresden," after the coal had been taken out. The Hyas was 3,200 tons and plied between British and South American ports. Her crew was brought into Rio de Janeiro by the German steamer "Prussia."

PRINCE LOUIS REINSTATED.

PARIS, August 22.—Prince Louis of Monaco a retired captain of the African Light Cavalry, having applied for reinstatement has been appointed to a cavalry regiment.

"SITUATION IS GOOD."

PARIS, August 22.—Col. Leonce Rousset, writing for the Petit Parisien, says "The situation is good. The slight setback in Lorraine, is unimportant. On the whole the German staff's plan of invasion may be said to have failed. They sought to crush us with a lightning blow, but it is we who will carry the war into the enemy's territory."

GERMANS SHOT BURGOMASTER.

PARIS, August 22.—The war office in an official statement to-day says, the Germans have shot the Burgomaster of Aerschal, and several of the prominent residents of the Belgian municipality.

GERMANS REPORT OCCUPATION OF NAMUR.

BERLIN August 25. (By wireless to Associated Press by way of Nauen, Germany, and Saville, Long Island)—An official announcement made public here to-day says that the city of Namur and five of its forts have been captured by the Germans. The bombardment of the four other forts continues and their fall seems imminent.

GERMAN CAVALRY ON EXTREME WINGS OF ALLIES.

LONDON, August 25.—The Central News circulates a despatch from Paris saying that an official communication given out in that city declares that German cavalrymen belonging to an independent division are operating on the extreme right and on the extreme left of the positions of the Allies.

SKIRMISHING GENERAL IN NORTH-WEST FLANDERS.

LONDON, August 25.—A despatch to the Times from Ostend sent today says 30,000 Germans are attacking Malines, a Belgian city, thirteen miles south-east of Antwerp. Skirmishing is general in north-west Flanders.

HAS BIG BATTLE BEEN RENEWED NEAR MONS?

LONDON, August 25.—Heavy cannonading is heard south of Mons, according to reports received here. It is believed the Germans have already reached the entrance lines of the Allies and that the battle has been renewed with the Kaiser's army shelling the French and British positions.

No official news to that effect has been given out by the Government Press Bureau however. Despite the official announcement of the fall of Namur it is thought the forts there may be still holding out and that the announcement may relate to the town itself as was the case at Liege.

AUSTRIANS MASSING ON ITALIAN FRONTIER.

ROME, August 25.—The Secole, says that notwithstanding the denials of the Austrian government, Austrian troops are massing on the Italian frontier. The movements were discreet at first but orders from Vienna in the last forty-eight hours compelled precipitate actions, the effect of which were visible at Trent where there is an incessant movement of troops. The paper, adds, that there are also 8,000 Austrian troops at Innsbruck.

KAISER'S NEPHEW CAPTURED BY THE FRENCH.

PARIS, August 25.—A despatch from Courtrai, says, the Emperor's nephew Count Von Schwerin, has been taken prisoner. He was in command of a detachment of Uhlans, who reached Harlebek.

French chasseurs being informed of the presence of the Germans arrived on the scene and killed one, wounded five and made prisoners of the others.

AUSTRIAN REGIMENTS WIPED OUT IN DEFEAT.

LONDON, August 25.—The Nish correspondent of Reuter's Telegraph Company, telegraphs:—"After a great victory by our army our forces are vigorously pursuing the enemy along the whole of their front. The latter made no resistance but fled with greatest haste. The enemy's casualties were enormous. According to information obtained up to the present, the twenty first, the eleventh, the one hundred and second and the twenty-eighth regiments were completely wiped out."

ZEPPELIN TRIES TO DESTROY PALACE BUT IS CAPTURED.

ANTWERP, August 25.—Germans in a Zeppelin dirigible made an unsuccessful attempt to destroy the Royal Palace here to-day. They flew over the fortifications and dropped three bombs. All exploded near the Palace, destroying two houses and killing several persons. The fort guns were trained on the invading dirigible finally driving it to earth with the capture of the entire crew of 25 men.

BRUSSELS BEGINS PAYING GERMAN WAR INDEMNITY.

LONDON, August 25.—A despatch to the Times says that \$4,000,000 towards the war indemnity of \$40,000,000 demanded of the city of Brussels by the Germans has already been paid. It is reported the Germans in Brussels blew up a Tramway Station because the directors of the Street Railways refused to grant certain requirements.

ALLIED FLEET DESTROYS CATTARO FORTIFICATIONS.

MILAN, August 25.—(via Paris)—A news despatch from Cattero says, that all the fortifications there have been destroyed by the allied fleet. The Austrians did not have time before the attack to strew the Gulf of Cattaro with mines.

OFFICIAL FRENCH REPORT.

PARIS, August 25.—The following official announcement was made here to-day:—

"The German movement in the north which was stopped yesterday appears to-day to have been resumed."

"The enemy is however, being held back by a French army acting in conjunction with a British army and a Belgian army."

"The armies of the allies surprised the enemy and drove back their advance detachments. The Allies have gone beyond Malines."

"The Belgian army came from Antwerp."

"In Lorraine, after the counter attacks of yesterday, the right of the French forces withdrew to the river Montagne, which is a continuation of the Meurthe, from Luneville, to Nancy."

"In Alsace, French troops repulsed a number of German attacks directed against Colmar."

"The report of the recapture of Muelhausen, by the Germans is without foundation. Moreover, the theatre of operations in Alsace is becoming of secondary importance."

GERMANS WRITE ON WALLS "EMPEROR OF EUROPE."

LONDON, August 25.—A despatch from Ostend to the Express says, that many houses at Liege were burned last week by the Germans whose soldiers have inscribed on the walls of the city, "William II the Emperor of Europe."