# oldness and integrity highlight concert

## by Allan Bell

Fortunate audiences viewed "Bonny Giese and Moncrieff in Concert" this past weekend at the Theatre in the Citadel Theatre complex. Saturday ing's performance was notable both for the mess of its concept, and the integrity with which it brought to fruition.

As the two principals explained at the opening, the neert" was the result of a determined effort to bine the creative resources of the dancers, scians, singers, designers, technicians, a lographer, and an anonymous poet. The final juct was to be a synthesis of all the ideas, skills, and bubt, quarrels of the artists who had been working ther since the first "rehearsal." Of the many ressions with which I was left, the most significant my awareness of the artists had for each other and heir "concert."

The performance began before the audience sed the theatre and took their seats. Hanging in the er were the photographs of Forrest Bard, whose sitive eye/lens documented the rehearsal process until the final dress.

One may well ask how a photographer, as prian, could actively contribute to a concert of forming arts which are essentially involved with the sent or a continuum of "presents." Upon reflection, photographs were a celebration in themselves and k on a kinesis of their own in relation to the rest of show. Before the performance, they were passing ments of color and shape which, with the hubbub of trowd, added to the pre-curtain excitement. During intermission when the audience could pause and est upon them, the pictures gave meaning and spective to the events of the first half as well as being isual feast of sympathetic photographic composit. After the final curtain, they took on a more mant air, as partners in the memory with the sights isounds.

Of course, the core of the concert was the dancers. both Mary Moncrieff and Bonny Giese exhibited ng technical prowess and an imaginative use of the ronmental resources of the very intimate Rice atre. Perhaps because of this intimacy, one gained tious access to the personalities of the two ormers. Ms. Moncrieff was the irrepressible comnne in Banana Orange, an abstract sketch about a ster of identity between the respective fruits cated by the title. Her lyricism was emminenetly projected into Lament, a dance which played with rical convention in having the pianist-composer, Lancaster, onstage. The interaction between ist and dancer constantly shifted the aesthetic e between dancer-accompanist and dancerer. At one point, Ms. Moncrieff accomplished the meographic trompe d'oeil of transferring the dance her body to the pianists fingers.

The grace and fragility of Bonny Giese's person rebest displayed in a work entitled *Indignitas*. This alistic dance was heavily endowed with monastic tholic imagery but borrowed its temperament and



### Bonny Giese and Mary Moncrieff

tempo from Japanese Noh drama. Here, Ms. Giese, in her portrayal of an initiate, brought a delicacy and innocence into the somewhat sinister realm of the religious order. Although her enactment of her doubts bordered upon glibness, this could have been more a function of the relative shortness of the scene in comparison to the length of the work as a whole. Her own brand of comedy, of the vivacious variety, made the dance *Converse* a refreshing interlude. Ms. Giese shared the stage with Kevin Giese, whose forceful conga-playing and intoxicating movements were a welcome foil to an evening of feminine conception.

If there can be any criticism to bring to the two choreographer-dancers, it would be of their inability to deal with extended form. The dance 2 (*in reserve*) is a case in point. Here the dance began with some of the most innovative and exciting interactions between dancers, musicians, and set that I have personally witnessed. The visual, rhythmic, and dramatic counterpoint between the action on stage and the ingenious vocal-instrumental efforts was magical and stunning. At the beginning.

As the dance proceeded, it began to settle back; it seemed as if the barrier between dancer-accompanist

was once again invoked, and the dance itself pushed forward, reworking its themes in a rather standard way. Surely there were more avenues to be explored, more musical-dance interaction to be exploited. The end result was a choreographic verbosity which endangered the entire evening.

The dancers received very sensitive suppon and a good deal of dramatic energy from the musicians. From the duo fo composer-performers Murray Dineen and Grant Ball in *Banana Orange*, from the singers of the pseudo-plainchant in *Indignitas*, from an exuberant Kevin Giese in *Converse*, from Sam Lancaster in *Lament*, from the vocalists and instrumentalists in 2 (*in reserve*) — from all these sources came imaginative and appropriate oral support for the movements on stage. Compliments are due for the tasteful choices that were made.

One enigma remains for me. I found the quotation of the Dies Irac from the Requiem Mass in *Indignitas* to be a curious choice, made more curious by the fact that it was the only piece intoned without a text. The effect was jarring and perhaps too blatant for the context.

Ah well, everyone needs a good enigma to take home for the evening.

# mi's progressing and with hejira

### by Gordon Turtle

### Mitchell, Hejira, Asylum 7ES 1087

tould be argued that Joni Mitchell is the most ure contemporary songwriter today; at least, it is that she is the most advanced lyricist. Her impact he musical world has been large for over ten years she is still progressing and developing; never ing to rest on the succes of any one album. When emed that Court and Spark signalled the end of her ish writing, she simply abandoned the brassy, t, and catchy arrangements of that album and went into more subtle material with Hissing of Summer Ins. Her newest album, Hejira is a further progresninto jazz and refinement. Hejira often uses no more three instruments on any one song; and usually of them is some sort of percussive element. But even without the solid backing of brass and ctric guitars, piano and woodwinds, the angements on Hejira are wonderfully tight, azingly complex, and luciously executed. Of first e is Joni herself, whose guitar worc is strong, ssant, and demanding of attention, yet remaining le and emotive. Jazz musician Jaco Pastorius plays son most tracks, and his exquisite feel for Mitchell's positions adds a new dimension to bass-playing utilized by any other popular artist. Joni's music not be separated from her lyrics, and her angements become morose or happy, moody or hty, as the lyrics demand. And on Hejira, it is the lyrics that count. Joni thell is simply a brilliant poet, whether dealing with <sup>Idle-class</sup> ennui, as on Hissing of Summer Lawns, or <sup>sonal</sup> dilemmas, as on Hejira. Song for Sharon is my Ourite Joni song of all time. Her deep introspection, municated in a simple and ironic tone, touches the <sup>15</sup> of her inner feelings. I'm almost embarrassed to to this song in the presence of others; my asiness is undermined by curiosity-much the



Love stimulated my illusions More than anything. Listen: And when I went skaling after Golden Reggie You know it was white lace I was chasing Chasing dreams Mama's nylons underneath my cowgirl jeans He showed me first you get the kisses And then you get the tears

#### Joni

same feeling one got in elementary school when considering sneaking into the girls' washroom. This is caused by Joni's frankness, and even more so by her ability to capture one's own primal doubts while expressing hers.

Listen:

When we were kids in Maidstone, Sharon I went to every wedding in that little town To see the tears and the kisses And the pretty lady in the white lace wedding gown And walking home on the railroad tracks Or swinging on the playground swing But the ceremony of the bells and lace Still veils this reckless fool here.

Hardly original concepts, you might say, but their lack of pretension and their simplistic truth reflect the essence of Joni's lyrics.

"Furry Sings the Blues" is another song of Joni's where she so easily and poignantly points out her own pretensions, whether past or present. She recalls in this song a time when she and others like her would huddle about an aging blues singer, who has seen more hardship and bad times than she can imagine.

Listen:

Old Furry sings the blues

He points a bony finger at you and says,

"I don't like You"

Everyone laughs as if it's the old man's standard joke But it's true

We're only welcome for our drink and smoke

And: Why should I expect that old guy

To give it to me true

Falling to hard luck

And time and other thieves

While our limo is shining on his shanty street

It's nice to know that despite all the bullshit that is peddled for truth in music, all the hype that is marketed for cash, all the crass and ignorant rock stars that cash in on people's desire to create false heroes, there is still, after ten monumental, important, rewarding and thankful years, we still have Joni Mitchell. For of all musicians, only she has looked at life from both sides, now, and with hejira.