

ts, their previous  
s, and the circum-  
having been pre-  
uch things being  
it was felt that  
her together the  
ce of them would  
ely preserved in  
ost part meagre  
the inner life, if  
yalist emigration  
lled.

he means of pre-  
keeping bright  
an ancestry, the  
, and the initial  
g called by Mr.  
in the Canadian

airman, and Mr.

ted to draft a

s, Miss Merritt,  
e A. Shaw, Mr  
and thus was  
on of Ontario,"  
the same place  
y Robinson was  
iam Hamilton  
r. Robinson in  
icial and social  
because he was  
g to the early  
in everything  
ed, and under  
st preparing to  
ed, June 19th,  
and patriotic  
erling Ryerson  
in office until  
n Henry Cook,

e formation of  
is worthy of  
late date, one  
revolutionary  
nters of U. E.

Loyalists who served in that war. It was felt that the Association would be honouring itself by appropriately recognizing these men and women, and they were accordingly elected honorary vice-presidents of the Association.

A branch of the U. E. Loyalists' Association was formed at Virgil, of which Capt. John D. Servos is the President.

It has been decided that the Six Nations Indians of the Grand River and Tyendinaga (Bay of Quinte) Reserves, whose migration to Canada was under the same circumstances, and simultaneous with that of the U. E. Loyalists, should be considered as branch associations. Chief Jacob Salem Johnson, Kahnnonkwenyah, of the former, and Chief Samson Greer, Annosothkah, of the latter, have been elected honorary vice-presidents as representatives in each case of such branches, and presented by the general association with commemorative silver medals to be worn by them and their successors in office.

The Association is not only non-political, as its constitution declares, but it is also wholly untrammelled by social considerations, and differs from the principal hereditary or historical associations elsewhere, in that it makes no requirement of social status as a condition of membership.

The constitution and by-laws as now printed, embracing certain further amendments since made, were revised in April 1897, by a special committee consisting of the President, Dr. Ryerson; the Vice-President, Mr. Allan McLean Howard; the Secretary, Mr. William Hamilton Merritt; the Honorary Legal Adviser, Mr. E. M. Chadwick; the Executive Committee; Messrs. H. H. Cook, Stephen M. Jarvis, Eugene A. Maclaurin, Charles E. Ryerson, Lt.-Col. Shaw, the Rev. W. S. Ball, the Rev. C. E. Thomson, and Mr. William Roaf.

The Order in Council above referred to is as follows:—

Whereas it is recorded that at the Council Chamber at Quebec on Monday, 9th November, 1789, His Excellency the Right Honourable Lord Dorchester intimated to the Council that it was his wish to put a mark of honour upon the families who had adhered to the unity of the Empire, and joined the Royal Standard in America before the Treaty of Separation in the year 1783, the Council concurring with His Lordship, it is accordingly ordered, 'That the several Land Boards take course for preserving a registry of the names of all persons falling under the description aforementioned, to the end that their posterity may be discriminated from the future settlers, in the parish registers and rolls of the militia of their respective districts and other public remembrances of the Provinces, as proper objects, by their persevering in the fidelity and conduct so honourable in their ancestors, for distinguished benefits and privileges.'