## LEAVES FROM A NOTR-BOOK.

One can hardly insist too much, in the present stage of thinking, on the effleary of feeling in stimulating to ardent

## " 4 Ing Eroean."

 co-operation, quite apart from the conviotion that such co-operation is needed for the nohievemont of the end in view. Just as hatred will vent itself in private curses no longer bolieved to have any potency, and joy, in privato einging far out among the woods and fields, so sympathetic feeling can only be satisfied by joining in the action which expresses it, though the added "Bravol" the added push, the added penny, is no more than a grain of dust on a rolling mass. When etudents take the horses out of a politioal hero'e carriage, and draw him home by the force of their own muscle, the sterggle in each is simply to draw or push, without considerstion whether his place would not be as well filled by somebody else, or whether his one arm be really needful to the effect. It is under the same inspiration that abundant help rushes toward the scene of a fire, rescuing imperilled lives, and laboring with generous rivaly in carrying buckets. So the old blind King John of Bohemia at the battle of Cregy begged his vassals to lead him into the fight that he might etrike a good blow, though his own stroke, possibly fatal to himself, conld not turn by $q$ hair's-breadth the imperious course of victory.The question, "Of what usc is it for me to work toward an end confessedly good?" comes from that ganless Lind of reasoning which is falsely taken for a eign of supreme mental activity, but is really due to languor, or incapability of that mental grasp which makes objects strongly present, and to a lack of sympathetic emotion. In the "Spanish Gypey" Fedalma eays, -

> "The grandest death ! to die in vain-for Love Greater than swaye the forces of the world,"
referring to the image of the disciples throwing therselves, consciously in vain, on the Rcman spers. I really believe and mean this, -not as a rule of general aotion, but as a pos${ }^{1} V$. what Demontheues asye (De Corona) about Athens pursuing the same course, though she had known from the beginning that her ? xroie resistance would be in vain.

