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IIST DICTATE PEACE

formation to Be Given n Size and Distribution of Forces.

lan Press Despatch.

VDON, Feb. 8, 9.07 p.m.—The uction of the largest military tin the history of Great Britain today with a discussion of the divities of the official press pureau. The task of introducing the budget if upon the parliamentary secretary the war office, H. J. Tennant, as lest Kitchener, secretary for war, is member of the house of lords. Two more days have been allotted to the discussion of these "army estimates," which are called a "blank heque budget," because the amount of actual money which will be expended under them is represented by cominal, or token, figures. Under Secretary Tennant's speech was a stirring resulte to the British army and a plea for more retruits.

The press bureau discussion was brought on by a motion of Joseph King, Liberal, of North Somerset, "that the actionof the press bureau in restricting the freedom of the press and withholding information about the war has been guided by no clear principles and has been calculated to cause suspicion and discontent."

Mr. King urged that the press bureau issue a daily or a tri-weekly statement as to the progress, expenses.

troops at the front. He added:

"The press bureau eight to be used for a freer dissemination of authentic information which would allay alarming and depression. ing and dangerous rumors."

Attitude Defended-

In reply Sir Stanley C. Buckmaster, director of the press bureau, defended ats work. He declared that he had never withheld for five minutes any information that he possessed. Moreover, he had published instantly everything that it was in his power to publish.

"I can conceive nothing." he said, "better calculated to give satisfaction to our enemies, who are endeavoring to discredit our official news, than the announcement that it has been suggested in the house of commons that the press bureau is the subject of suspicion."

Sir Wm. P. Byles, who seconded Mr. King's motion asked if any disasters had been concealed as there had been endless stories of a capital ship lost some months ago off the north coast

The speaker replied that that was an admiralty matter, which could not be discussed under the head of army esti-

mates.

Continuing his discussion of the press bureau, Mr. Buckmaster declared that the bureau was actuated solely by the desire to apply fairly and impartially the rules laid down for, its guidance by the different departments Bad to Hide Disasters.

Andrew Bonar Law, leader of the opposition, declared that those who supported the motion destred only to point out certain things which needed

"If Mr. Buckmaster is not responslible." he said, "why is not a repre-sentative of the war office present to accept the responsibility? There is nothing worse for a country than concealment of disasters until the end of the war."

Harold Smith Unionist, for War-rington, defended the bureau, declar-ing that the final decision as to what and be published rested with Earl chener and Winston Spencer Churchill, whereupon a member enquired: "Has Lord Kitchener or Sir hn French ever asked for relaxation of the censorship?" To this Mr. Buckmaster replied

Mr. King's amendment was negativ-No Information About Forces. In introducing the army estimates in Tennant said he was debarred from dwelling upon the size and the distribution of the British forces. "The enemy desires more than anyhave in the future," the speaker ex-

Mr. Tennant said that War Secre-Dossibility of issuing a medal at the end of the war for technical workers employed by armament firms, etc., who were serving their country so

He eulogized the Territorial troops whose value and efficiency, he de-clared, had been proved by recent events to be unquestioned. The Brit-ish design of areoplane, the secretary ended, has been found superior to that used by any other country.

Typhoid Cases Rare.

The speaker said also that as a result of the excellent sanitary services cases of enteric fever were rare, and that evidence was accumulating that ulation ought to be made com-

In making the declaration that the ops have been brought from India. stralia, South Africa and Canada thout a single casualty the undertary remarked: "When the total

vill be thought an extraordinary

Peace Must Be Dictated.
hall make no forecast of the nof the war." Mr. Tenhanued, "but I am convinced that
single member of the house is
dent, that there is not a mem-

FEDERAL OUTLAY TO BE LESSENED

Decrease From Last Year is Nearly Eighteen Million Dollars.

FEW PUBLIC WORKS

Public Debt Charges Largely Increased as Result of War.

of War.

The start personal search was a chiruse strong white to the British army and a please for more recruitable for more recruitable for more recruitable for more recruitable for more start personal forms of the present more more forms and a start personal forms and recruitable for more forms and recruitable for the start personal forms and recruitable for more forms for the start personal forms and recruitable for more forms for the start personal forms and recruitable for the start personal forms and recruitable for the start personal forms and recruitable forms and recruitable for the start personal forms and recruitable for the present more forms and recruitable forms and recruitab

Capital expenditure on railways and canals is \$32,000.000 or \$4,000.000 less. Public works capital expenditure of solutions in the amount required for annual drill for the amount required for cades services as \$80,000 less for codes services as \$80,000 less for cothens, and \$880,000 less for cothins, and \$880,000 less for cothens, and \$880,000 less for cothins, and annual drill for the formation and wire.

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MEDICAL CHIEF CAUGHT TYPHUS ON INSPECTION

Surgeon-General of Austrian Army Medical Corps Contracted Disease From Prisoners.

Canadian Press Despatch.
VIENNA, via London, Feb. 9, 2.30
a.m. — Surgeon-General Philip Peck, chief of the Austrian Army Medical Corps, has died of typhus fever, con-Corps. has died of typhus fever, contracted during an inspection trip to the camps of the Russian prisoners.

Typhus is becoming a menace to the armies engaged against the Russians, and warnings have been issued to the people against coming in contact with soldiers returning from the field until the soldiers have been back long enough to render impossible their spreading of the disease.

BIG DELEGATION TO ASK HIGHER TOBACCO DUTY

Ridgetown District Will Send Large Representation to Ottawa With Demand.

ments have been completed for the mon-ster delegation from this district which will wait upon the Dominion Government asking for more duty on tobacco. The date is Feb. 18, and it is expected that fully 300 tobacco growers will make the trip.

DUNNING'S

Breakfast-Breakfast to a single casualty the under-ry remarked: "When the total of these men is known, this are King street,"

Club breakfast served from 7.30 to 11 a.rl., 20c to 50c, ground floor. 27-

OFFICIAL STATEMENTS

lished.

"In the Argonne, the action of the infantry engaged at Bagatelle was prolonged thruout the night of Feb. 7-8. The Germans, after having made some progress, were able to occupy at daybreak of the 8th only particular parts of our more advanced line, around which the struggle continued during the day."

"From the sea to the Olse, there was an artillery duel yesterday of considerable violence in the vicinity of Cuinchy, to the west of La Basses.

"To the southwest of Carency we were successful in a surprise attack on a German trench which had been blown up by one of our mines. The defenders of this position were either killed or taken pris-

many Hungarlans.

"North of Uzsok Pass, near Lutowisko, the enemy was forced to retreat. Our troops occupied his trenches, taking three machine guns and many prisoners.

"The attacks of the enemy, who crossed the Toukolka and Beskid Passes on Feb. 5, were repulsed with heavy losses for the enemy, who was forced into a precipitate retreat.

"On the Black Sea our torpedo destroyers have bombarded Choppa. The cruiser Breslau, which has arrived at Batum, fired twenty shots without result at our destroyers manoeuvring in those waters. After two shots from the fortress the Breslau steamed away."

GERMAN

"The fighting for our positions south of the canal and southwest of La Bassee continues. Part of the short trench taken by the enemy has been recaptur-

"In the Argonne we wrested from our opponents a portion of their fortified positions; otherwise there has been no change of importance in this region.
"On the east Prussian frontier, southeast of the Plain of the Lakes, and in Poland, on the right bank of the Vistula, there have been a few unimportant and for us successful engagements of local importance. Otherwise there is nothing to report from the east."

AUSTRIAN

deep snow as a terrible snowsoft of an,
"When next morning the Russian commander gave the order to storm our positions many of his men had stiff limbs and others were completely exhausted, and the assault broke down, under the "Numerous dead and wounded covered the battile field. Many prisoners were taken. The Russians finally retreated in full flight with the Austro-Hungarians in surreuit."

BOOT CONTRACTS WERE DISCUSSED

Sir Wilfrid Laurier Referred to Reports of Poor Quality.

INQUIRY IS INVITED

The million were either killed or taken prisoners.

"On the Alane front, and in Champagne yesterday saw an Intermittent bombard yesterday say in the direction of Fontaine Madame was repulsed. At Bagatelle a violent infantry engagement was started by the Germans and has been going on since yesterday morning. According to latest reports, all our positions were being maintained. "On the rest of the sront there is nothing to report."

INSIAN

In the right bank of the worn there is nothing to report."

INSIAN

IN Weichel spoke hopefully of the financial situation and business outlook and made a strong place for "morpellimittel to defend conscious of an into management was started by the Germans Canadians had give in Canada goods. He thought in Canada goods. He did not believe to the flag in the the

INQUIRY IS INVITED

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had been gross and criminal frauds in connection with certain contracts to furnish boots.

"Boot Scandal" Touched On.

It was freely charged that boots had been furnished the first contingent which endangered their health and even their lives in camp on Salisbury Plain. The minister of militia had stated that the man who furnished some of these boots should be shot. Surely it was the duty of the minister to locate and punish the guilty persons. It was claimed, indeed, that the fault was not found in the material or workmanship, but in the specifications furnished by the militia department. In any event there should be a searching investingation.

Borden Welcomes Inquiry.

Borden Welcom

in their country parliamentary institutions and free democratic government," he said.

'If Germany had parliamentary institutions. I believe that it would be cossible for us to arrange a permanent peace. If the Germans had our democratic form of government the great nations would find no difficulty in doing away with militarism." (Apng away with militar

Subsidized by Dominion Government.

INSPECTOR DECEIVED

gineer's Statements De-

ampton Railway for the construction of thirteen miles built in 1912 and 1918. The report was tabled in the commons today by Hon. Mr. Cochrane.

Paid Double Subsidy.

Mr. Pringle states that the Southampton Railway has been paid double subsidy, and were overpaid the sum of \$34,807, which sum ought to be repaid by the railway to the government. The company received \$24,642 more than they expended in the construction of the railway.

He adds that in this case it was unfortunate that E. V. Johnson, inspecting engineer, relied at all upon the chief engineer of the Southampton Railway.

It is learned that the minister of railways and canals will take steps at once to have the money recovered by the government, but whether by civil or criminal procedure remains to be decided.

unable to drive them across the khine.

"in an ordinary war," he continued, "mediation might be hoped for, but the present struggle he a struggle he-tween the ideals of autocracy and the ideals of autocracy and the ideals of autocracy and the ideals of the British Empire. There could be no compromise unless we were willing to have German militarism dominate the world."

Opposed to Conscription.

Referring to the unity of the empire demonstrated by the response to the call of arms, Sir Wilfrid deprecated utterances by members of the government war a private member sould take part in the debate. He call of arms, Sir Wilfrid deprecated unterances by members of the government war of the thought, were academic, and calculation have a volce in deciding the issues of peace and war. Such discussions, is have a volce in deciding the issues of peace and war. Such discussions, is have a volce in deciding the issues of peace and war. Such discussions, is have a volce in deciding the issues of peace and war. Such discussions, is have a volce in deciding the issues of peace and war. Such discussions, is have a volce in deciding the issues of peace and war. Such discussions, is have a volce in deciding the issues of peace and war. Such discussions, is have a volce in deciding the issues of peace and war. Such discussions, is have a volce in deciding the issues of peace and war. Such discussions, is the mention of the volce and the mention of the world.

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Personally, he was opposed to conscription whether applied to individually across the peace of the volce and the manufacturing and unswerred to present the safe of the volce and the manufacturing and unswerred to present the safe of the volce and the mention of the empire and the mention of the empire and the mention of the empire and the mention of the cali

Sorden Welcomes Inquiry.

Sir Robert Borden said in reply that at the opposition was clearly entitled to inquire what had become of all the moneys voted for the public service. The government would welcome the fullest inquiry into any expenditures in connection with the war. If the specifications for the boots were wrong the blame lay at the door of the former minister of militia. However, it was not clear what type of boots should be adopted.

The British army service boot was open to serious objections. As far as at Salisbury Plain camp had been due to the extraordinary weather, which would have invalided many of the word was clearly what hield states on matter what hield of the former minister knew, the illness at Salisbury Plain camp had been due to the extraordinary weather, which would not matter what hield of the words and authority that the conditions in Belgium were abhorpent, a diagrace in Belgium were abhorpent, a diagrace in Belgium were abhorpent, a diagrace in the conditions in Belgium were abhorpent, a diagrace in Belgium were abhorpent, a diagrace in the conditions in the University of Toronto in memory with the peril was benaced from abroard, but the peril was benaced from abroard, but the peril was benaced from abroard, but the peril was benaced from abroard to government was benaced from abroard to select was spreat.

Some of us felt that the people of the University of Toronto in memory in the University of Toronto in memory to the University of Toronto in memory with the alless should expressed a state who were largely in the University of the Intention, and the United States of the national movement either or both of the Number of the United States.

The British army service boot was open to serious objections. As far as the prime minister knew, the illness at Salisbury Plain camp had been due to the extraordinary weather, which was a substance of the University of the United States of admission will be issued on the Conditions in the University of Toronto in memory to the University of th "The battle for Dukla Pass ended favorably for us. Owing to difficulties of transport only weak Russian artiliery forces participated, but the Russians had concentrated near Dukla Pass strong intended for the heights without regard for human material the Russians tried to enforce a successific down from our trenches. Finally the Russians, advancing over a ridge of the pass, began in the evening to climb up has been in the opposite hills, which were in possessing the pass, began in the evening to climb up the pass, began in the evening to climb up the opposite hills, which were in possessing the pass, began in the evening to climb up the pass, began in the evening to climb up the opposite hills, which were in possessing the pass, began in the evening to climb up the pass, began in the evening to climb up the opposite hills, which were in possessing the pass, began in the evening to climb up the opposite hills, which were in possessing the pass, began in the evening to climb up the opposite hills, which were in possessing the pass, began in the evening to climb up the opposite hills, which were in possessing the pass, began in the evening to climb up the pass, began in the evening to climb up the pass, began in the evening to climb up the pass, began in the evening to climb up the pass, began in the evening to climb up the pass, began in the evening to climb up the pass, began in the evening to climb up the pass, began in the evening to climb up the pass, began in the evening to climb up the pass, began in the evening to climb up the pass, began in the evening to climb up the pass, began in the evening to climb up the pass, began in the evening to climb up the pass, began in the evening to climb up the pass, began in the evening to climb up the pass, began in the evening to climb up the pass, began in the evening to climb up the pass the door of the pass the bid adopted.

Must Guard Autonomy.

Sir Robert said that the specches by Mr. Welchel (North Waterloo) and Mr. Achim (Labelle) demonstrated alike the liberali

RAILWAY MUST MAKE A REFUND

Southampton Line Was Over-

Reliance Upon Chief En-

DIMINITIFIED

Story of German Submarines Getting Supply From British Ship Unconfirmed by Minister.

Canadian Press Despatch.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—Winston Spencer refused in the house of commons today to disclose the result of the investigation made by the admiralty into the report mentioned in the house last week by Gershom Stewart that German submar Gershom Stewart that German submarines operating in British waters had received fresh supplies of fuel oil from a vessel direct from a British port.

Mr. Churchill said it would not be in the public interest to make this known. The export of fuel oil from this country was prohibited, the speaker declared.

He declined also to discuss the sinking of the British battleship Formidable except to say that the admiralty did not propose to hold any enquiry or countmartial.

SHIP PURCHASE BILL TO BE FORCED THRU?

Republicans and Insurgent Democrats Are Again Placed on Defensive.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.-Administration forces of the senate succeeded late today in forcing the Republicans and insurgent Democrats back to the defensive in the fight over the government ship purchase bill.

Accepting the inevitable, leaders of the opposition at once renewed their declara-tion of unrelenting war on the bill, to be continued if necessary until adjournment on March 4, and the general debate was resumed in another protracted, session which showed no signs of abatement at a late hour tonight.

Mr. Maulean quoted from Lincoln's HON. W. H. TAFT AT CONVOCATION HALL

United States: Its Duties and its responsibilities."

Tickets of admission will be issued on the day of each lecture from the registrar's office, which will open promptly at nine o'clock, when the tickets will be given out until the supply is exhausted. The seating capacity of the hall is about 1750, and an endeavor will be made to distribute the tickets proportionately between the staff, the students, the graduates and the general public.

GOVERNMENT CANDIDATE LEADS IN TERREBONNI

ONLY ONE "Bromo Quinine," that is Laxative Bromo Quinine 6. M. Grove on box. 25c.

EXPORT OF NICKEL UPHELD BY BORDEN

British Authorities Approve Canada's Policy, is Premier's Statement.

POINT OF PROCEDURE

Introduction of Maclean Bill Delayed-Correspondence to Be Produced.

By a Staff Reporter.

OTTAWA, Feb. 8.—Before the debate on the address commenced in the house of commons this afternoon W. F. Maclean (South York) moved for leave to introduce a bill to regulate the export of nickel. He said the bill was designed to prohibit export of nickel matte during the present war, as undoubtedly Canadian nickel was reaching the enemy thru the United tates. The bill, he said, had been drafted along the lines of legislation ce 1907, regulating the export of elec-

scribed as "Unfortunate"

Sy * St-ff Reporter.

OTTAWA, Feb. S.—"I find that the true actual and proper cost of the construction of the Southampton Railway was \$202,565, or \$15,950 per mile instead of \$291,517, or \$22,954 per mile, as certified by E. V. Johnson, inspector engineer."

This significant statement is contained in the report of R. A. Pringle, the royal commissioner, who was appointed last May to inquire into charges made by Frank Carvell, M.P., as to the alleged graft in connection with the subsidy paid to the Southampton Railway for the construction of the treper miles built in 1912 and 1913.

The second method in the commons of the treper will be commons.

The subsidity paid to the Southampton Railway for the comstruction of the treper miles built in 1912 and 1913.

The second method in the export of electric power and natural gas.

Sir Robert Borden gojected that the bill had not been preceded by a resolution, as it appeared to affect the bill had not been preceded by a resolution, as it appeared to affect the bill had not been preceded by a resolution, as it appeared to affect the bill had not been preceded by a resolution, as it appeared to affect the bill had not been preceded by a resolution, as it appeared to affect the bill had not been preceded by a resolution, as it appeared to affect the bill had not been preceded by a resolution, as it appeared to affect the bill had not been preceded by a resolution, as it appeared to affect the bill had not been preceded by a resolution as it appeared to affect the bill had not been preceded by a resolution of the solution, as it appeared to affect the bill had not been preceded by a resolution on the bill had not been preceded by a resolution of affect the bill had not been preceded by a resolution on the bill had not been preceded by a resolution on the bill had not been preceded to affect the bill had not been preceded by a resolution on the bill had not been preceded by a resolution as it appeared to affect resolution as at appeared to affect reso

which was agreed to.

Will Produce Correspondence.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier: "The prime minister has just made a very important statement in connection with the bill introduced by the member from South York, to the effect that the government has had communication with the imperial authorities upon the subject of this bill, namely, the exportation of nickel. May I ask whether here is any correspondence on this subject of a nature which could brought down and communicated to parliament?"

that there was correspondence, some of which at least might be made public, and he would lay copies of the same upon the table of the house.

This closed the discussion.

DACIA'S CREW REFUSE TO CONTINUE SERVICE

Canadian Press Despatch.

NORFOLK, Va., Feb. 8.—The S.S.
Dacia, cotton-laden from Gaiveston, was held up on the second stage of her voyage to Rotterdam tonight, atter eleven or more of her crew refused to continue in service. A fireman, who said he represented several others of the crew told U. S. Commissioner Hamilton that some of the sailors feared the Dacia would be detained by a British warship.

New Two-Weather **Hudson Six**



Business and pr here have be new Hudson Six. In fair weather the car is an open dster (as shown). ain or storm the top can be car of the coupe type. Men who own large cars buy the Hudson Convertible Roadster for personal driving to and from their offices. For afternoon shopping or theatre use for two or three it is very popular. Physicians find it ideal.

Built on the famous Hudson Light Six chassis. Come and see this delightfully designed addition to the Hudson line.

DOMINION AUTOMOBILE CO., Cor. Bay and Temperance S