modification by the debenture stockholders or the bondholders. The powers given by the scheme to the Bondholders Re-organization Committee would have been of doubtful validity under a scheme effected by extraordinary resolution only. The following is a summary of the effect of the plan taken from The Financial Post Corporation Service of March 29, 1938.

In April, 1936, the bondholders' protective committee for the 6 per cent first and general mortgage bonds issued a plan of reorganization, which proposed the creation of new first and general mortgage bonds, new preference and new common shares, with no change being made in the 5 per cent first mortgage debenture stock. This plan did not meet the approval of the directors, however, and changes were suggested which included the redemption of the 5 per cent consolidated mortgage debenture stock, thus making the 6 per cent first and general mortgage bonds a first charge on the company's assets,

The final reorganization plan which was approved by security holders on Jan. 21, 1937, provided for the following:
(1) The redemption of the existing 5 per cent consolidated mortgage debenture stock on Aug. 15, 1937. This stock, amounting to $\$ 2,128,616$ at Dee. 31, 1936, was redeemed out of the company's cash resources.
(2) The creation of the following new securities which were distributed to holders of the old securities as shown below:
(a) An issue of $\$ 10,500,000$ of 5 per cent bonds, due Jan. 2, 1957, being part of an authorized issue of $\$ 17,500,000$ which became first mortgage bonds when the old consolidated mortgage debenture stock was redeemed.
(b) An issue of 5 per cent preference shares, 229,250 shares of $\$ 50$ par value, making a total of $\$ 11,462,500$.
(c) An issue of 300,000 no par value shares, with a book value of $\$ 3,391,500$.

## Basis of Distribution:

The new securities were distributed as follows:
(1) Holders of old 6 per cent first and general mortgage bonds received $\$ 600$ principal amount of new 5 per cent bonds, $131 / 10$ shares ( $\$ 655$ principal amount) of new preference stock and 3 new common shares (a total of 52,500 shares) for each $\$ 1,000$ principal amount of old bonds held. Arrears of interest on the old bonds were extinguished.
(2) Holders of old 6 per cent preference shares received $11 / 4$ new common shares for each old preference share held, a total of 187,500 new common shares. Arrears of preference dividends were extinguished.
(3) Holders of old common shares received one-half of one new common share for each share held, a total of 60,000 shares.

## Revaluation of Assets:

Under the plan the paid-up capital was reduced from $\$ 18,084,523$ to $\$ 14$,854,000 ; total deficit as at Dec. 31, 1936, was eliminated and certain fixed assets revalued.

## Savings to be Realized:

Savings to be realized from adoption of the plan were estimated as follows:
Elimination of annual interest and sinking fund on the debentures to be retired, $\$ 462,000$;

Saving in depreciation charges from writing down of assets, $\$ 507,000$.
Saying in interest charges from new 5 per cent bonds, $\$ 525,000$;
Additional reduction in annual charges, $\$ 275,000$;
Total estimated savings, $\$ 1,769,000$ per annum, of which $\$ 1,419,000$ would go to improve the company's net income.
[Mr. W. Kaspar Fraser, K.C.]

