

## ARTICLE 4

It is understood that the Government of Canada cannot claim any more the delivery by the German Government of any securities, certificates, deeds or other documents of title under Paragraph 10 of the Annex to Section IV of Part X of the Treaty of Versailles.

Concerning the securities still in the possession of the German Government, a list of these having been handed to the Custodian prior to the execution of this Agreement, which would have been delivered, had not the Dawes Plan come into force, the Custodian undertakes to inform the Canadian issuers of the securities that there are no longer any restrictions on these securities and that the German owners are entitled to disposed of these securities and of the interest accrued and outstanding on June 7th, 1929. The same applies to securities which have not been delivered to the German Government being subject to lien in favour of a foreign national, which was created prior to January 10th, 1920.

## ARTICLE 5

The Government of Canada waives, with effect from June 7th, 1929, the rights conferred to them by Article 306, para. 5-7 of the Treaty of Versailles.

## ARTICLE 6

The Government of the Reich shall indemnify the Government of Canada and the Custodian with respect to any claim which may be made thereafter by any owner with regard to any Property released according to this Agreement.

## ARTICLE 7

Debts falling under Article 296 of the Treaty of Versailles and covered by the Agreement dated November 4th, 1929, regarding the disposal of Clearing Office matters outstanding between Germany and Canada, shall be excluded from the scope of this Agreement.

## ARTICLE 8

The German Government shall distribute to the true owners thereof all Property, Rights and Interests delivered to the German Foreign Office in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement.

## ARTICLE 9

Any difference which may arise as to the interpretation or application of this Agreement may be referred to an Arbitral Tribunal, consisting of three members. Each of the Contracting Parties will appoint one member, and the President who is to be a national of a Power that has remained neutral during the World War, shall be chosen by agreement between the Contracting Parties. In case of failure to reach such agreement, he will be appointed by the President of the Permanent International Court of the Hague.