

logical interest, as it was improbable that any general survey of medicine would be expected from one who had devoted so much time to a special department.

On reviewing the neurological subjects that seemed most suitable, the usual difficulty was experienced in deciding which to select. It was not without many misgivings that the value of the reflexes in diagnosis was finally chosen as likely to be the most profitable, for I am very conscious of the large amount of work of the greatest possible excellence that has been done on this side of the Atlantic. Three considerations mainly encouraged me to adhere to my decision. One was that the same objection could be urged in regard to any subject I might choose. Another was that so much work has been done on the reflexes during recent years, and so much that is contradictory has been written about them, that there is a danger that the profession may become sceptical as to their value. The third consideration that influenced me was that so many new methods of diagnosis are now in vogue that there may be too great a tendency to rely on these to the exclusion of the reflexes, which they should only be allowed to supplement, not supplant.

We cannot too carefully safeguard the reflexes, for we can ill afford to do without them, and what is especially satisfactory to the practitioner is that no laboratory or special apparatus is needed when applying the tests necessary to derive information from them.

When selecting the subject I did not lose sight of the fact that there would be many present at this meeting to whom I could not presume to offer any remarks that would either prove of interest or profit, but it seemed certain that the bulk of those attending the congress would be men busily engaged in the toils of general practice, with but little leisure for reading. Much as you may be interested in the scientific investigations of the age, and the great discoveries that are constantly being made, you naturally wish to know how far the results obtained by these researches may be utilized by you in your endeavors to minimize the sum total of human suffering and to promote the general well-being of the community.

I cannot help feeling that those of you who have perused the literature that has grown up around the subject of the reflexes must be inclined to doubt the value which attaches both to the tendon-jerks and the superficial reflexes in diagnosis, for fresh from reading a paper in which the author insists on this or that phenomenon as a sure sign of organic disease, you take up another in which the writer as confidently asserts that certain alterations