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## CONTENTS.



Tue strike in the Durham coal-mining district has come to an end at last. 2 ite dispute between masters and men was submitted to the Judge of the Ccunty Court, and his decision was accepted by both partues. Can any one tell why arbitration is not resorted to in such cases at the outset, and so shut out such things as "strikes" and "lock-outs?"

They are going to flood the Sahara, of Africa, at least this was the subject of discussion at a recent meeting of the Paris Academy. M. de Lesseps, of Sues Canal fame, thought it practicable. It zuoxld be nice to sail over that bed of burning sand, and pluck dates from the trees along the banks, and arrest the progress of the ostrich by a well-aimed shot from the deck of a vessel.
We inadvertently did injustice to the conveners of two important committees in our remarks on "Keports of Standing Commitrees." The reports of the committees on Home Missions and French Evangelization are usually in the hands of members of Assembly at at einly stage of the proceedings; and if other committees can be induced to take similar action it will be greatly to the advaniage of the various schemes.

Acknowledgenents. - On the 35 th of Apri, Rev. Dr. Reid received from "H. K. C.," S4, which has been appropriated to the Home Mission Fund. He received also from " Jackson," $\$ 5$, divided equally between Home Mission and College Fund. Dr. Reid has also to acknowledge receipt of $\$ 2.148$, from the executors of the late Rev. George Cheyne, the same to be invested, and the interest divided between the Home and Foreign Missions of the Church-onethird to Home Missions, and two-thirds to Foreign Miscions.

Tuz Congregational Union of Scotland held its annual meetings in Dundee, beginning on the 2and of April. The chairman this year was Rev. John Tait; mext year Rev. James Troup, of Hiclensburgh, is to occupy the pecition. In the annual reports it appeared. that there had been a decided falling off in itho contributions of the churches during the year. Scbuch

Congregationalists are trying to secure a chapel-building fund of $\mathcal{L} 10,000$. Of this only $\{3,000$ has been obtained as yet. On the evening of the 23 rd , a very interesting public mecting was held, at which addresses were delivered bs Rev. Wm. Crosbie, Derby, delegate from the English C'nion, Rev. Dr. Pulsford and Kev. Albert Goodrich.

Wre congratulate the authorities at Hanilton for the vigorous way in which they showed their disap. proval of that most inhuman and barbarous amuse. ment-cockfighting. The magistrate gave his decision that the wo prineipal offenders should pay $\$ 30$ each, and the others (eleven in number), to pay $\$ 10$ and $\$$; each. This short homily on kindness to anumals wall be understood by these roughs. The magistrate deserves the thanks of all good men. He has shown humself truly orthodox as "a terror to evil-doers." It is m marked contrast with the slowness of the authorthes in relation to that brutal prize-fight.

The hate Peter Ross, of Hopewell, Pictou Connty, made the folluwing bequests. Tu the Bratish and $F$ orcign Bibie Society, \$500; to the Foreign Mission of the Presbyterian Church in Canada, $S_{400}$, to the Home Mission of the I'resbyterian Church in Canada, $\$ 400$, to the French lisangelation Sheme in connection with the Presbyterian Charch in Canada, $\$ 100$, to the Theuluginal Hall , Hadifa, Enduwment Fund, $\$ 200$; to the Theologic.al Hall Bualding Fund, $\$ 100$, to Aged and Intirm Ministers Fund of the Iresbyterian Church in Canada, $\$ 100$, to the Jewish Mission Fund of the Presbyterian Church in Canada, $\$ 100$; to the congregation of the Union Presbyterian Church of Hopewell, $\$ 100$.

THE: "N. Y. Methodist " has trouble with would-be poets; and we sympathise with our friend in his deep distress. for we, too, have a large stock of "original" poems we can't publish. Our contemporary says: "One of the most troublesome delusions-to editorsis that which prompts sensible people to attempt to write poetry. The trouble does not arise from the in capacity of editonal waste baskets, but from the pecuhar sensitiveness of the sensible persons who can not write good verse, and think that they can. Une of tha most sensible men we ever knew once sent us a wretched piece of doggerel, with the information that his friends considered it, etc., etc. Any one can guess what hus fnends sald. Friends do not like to fught such delisions. Now, this brother can write good prose-has, indeed, a rare gift of saying things in prose-but his proctry would produce sea-sickness in a man of average stomach. In this matter editors have to be honest when "friends" are not. Now, we just simply will not print doggerel rhymes; and we have done hiding behind the excuse that we are not judges of the merits of poetical compositions, for we do know bad poetry when we see it."

From the annual report of the Toronto Home for Incurables we are glad to find that this useful and estimable charity is pursuing its benevolent course whih unabated zeal and success. It is expected that the Provincial Government will shortly provide a permanent building for the accommodation of the patients, a step which will be productive of much benefi tio the country. The Board, in the report, acknopindse the grants for the present year of $\$ 45437$ frem the Ontario Legislature, and $\$ 500$ from atmajayor and City Council of Toronto, with the gift
of $\$$ zo from the Warden of York. The Officers of the Board of Management are Kev. Alex. Topp, D.D., Chaiman; Mrs. Cumberland, Secretary; Miss Gilmor, Assistant Secretary, Mrs. Mulholland, Trearurer, The Ilon. J. McMurrich, Trensurer of Building Fund, Miss Dick, Mrs. Manning and Mrs. Kay, Directors. We commend this institution to the Christian liberality and sympathy of all who have the means wherewith to relieve such as are, in the words of the report, "humanly speaking, incurable, and at the same time have no earthly friends or relatives to attend to them."

Thif question whether a collection of Hymns is to be authorized for use in public worship or not, is at present on the tapis in the lrish Eresbyterian Church, and was recently the occasion of some discussion in the Belfast Presbytery. Happily with us in Canada this question has been set at rest; all that now remains to be done is to provide a collection of hymns that will be acceptable to the whole Church; and even this is far on its way towards accomplishment. From the tone of the discussions already referred to we gather that the Irish Church will undoubtedly follow in our footsteps, and provide a suitable hymnal. The same necessity for such action exists there as here. Many congregations have already been using hymnals
various, and perhaps sometimes a little uncertain in their teachings and the Church has no means of securing purity of doctrine. In these circumstances certainly the sooner authorized hymn books are issued the better on both sides of the Atlantic. Our Irish brethren have, however, got a little ahead of us in that they have discarded Rouse's metrical version of the Psalms, and prepared a version of their own, which will be published immediately. We anxiously expect its appearance, and venture to hope -if it should be with a slight degree of timidity - that it will be an improvement.

As intelligent contributor to the columns of our esteemed contemporary, the Stratford "Beacon," after quoting our recent remarks on revivals, writes as follows. "1 agree with the Canada Presbyterian in believing that revivals which are got up are not likely to leave permanent guod effects. In reference to Mr. Hammond's work in Brantford, Chatham, Guelph and other places, I know nothing except newspaper reports, which are by no means the most reliable authority, especially in religious matters. He is said to be eccentric, fippant and sensational. I judge, howcver, that good has been done in those piaces where he has been supported by the ministers, and where Christians gencrally have co-operated with him. Indeed, a judicious friend of mine who closely watched the movement in Guclph informed me that the revival in Gue!ph was to be attributed not so much to Mir. Hammond's labours as to the hearty co-operation and united prayers of the Christians in the city. If so, might not a revival be enjoyed in any place where the same conditions, co-operation and united prayer existed, without the services of a professional revivalist? It might be worth while for the Christian community desirous of seeing such a revival among them to consider this. Mr. Hammond, no doubt, from his long experience, is well-fitted 20 infuence the masses, and to bring ministers and people into closer union for united effort. This is eminently desirable, as without such union and co-operation no permanent good need be expected."

