per cent, were trichinous. He believes that the infection of the hog is caused by the consumption of uncooked trichinous meat contained in the city offal; hogs raised in other parts of the country were found to be not nearly so frequently infected.

DR. SUZOR, of the Island of Mauritius, has practised injections of the Brown-Sequard Elixir in certain cases of leprosy with the most gratifying results, the ulcers rapidly cicatrizing and the patients regaining appetite and strength. The same experimenter reports a case of malarial fever, occurring in a woman, in which one injection sufficed to arrest the daily paroxysms immediately and to remove permanently the feeling of languor and the jaundice from which the patient was suffering. As a result of his study of these various experiments and of his personal experience, Dr. Brown-Sequard is more firmly persuaded than ever of the value of his discovery, and that the injections exert a marked dynamogenic action upon the nervous centres, at least in a large number of cases.

THE ORILLIA Board of Health munifests a commendable determination to have the premises of the Grand Trunk Railway Company placed in a better sanitary condition. The Packet hopes that they will not relax their pressure upon the Company till the work is thoroughly done. There are many railway premises in Canada in a very unsanitary condition, which should engage the attention of local Boards of Health.

SEVERE malignant anthrax has now been cured by subcutaneous injections of carbolic acid as a bacillicide.

THE-PUBLICATION in the German papers that the number of resident consumptives in San Remo and Mentone, in northern Italy, steadily on the increase, has greatly excited the natives of that region. The cause of this increase is stated to be the sojourn of consumptives to that country in search of health and the undoubted contagiousness of the disease. The people of southern California protest against that country being made the transient home of consumptives who spread the disease among the natives.

DR. S. WEIR MITCHELL, of Philadelphia, recently received from a woman-patient the singular present of a cord of white-oak wood, chopped down and sawed up by her own hands. He had recommended to her an active, outdoor life in the woods for nervous invalidism. She had followed his directions, with results of which the cord of sawed wood was one of the evidences,

THE New York Medical Journal published the three remarkable lectures lately delivered by Dr. E. C. Seguin, of Providence, R.I., before the Medical Society of the University of Toronto.

THE Health Officer at Chicago refuses to accept heart failure as a cause of death, very much, it is said, to the indignation of the physicians there.

THE WHOLE civilized world, says an exchange, is ringing with the praises of Stanley. That which this intrepid explorer has done for a handful of his fellow-creatures, the sanitarian is doing for the whole of humanity :--exploring the hitherto "Dark Continent" of disease that he may rescue afflicted humanity from its slough of despondency and bring it out of its threatened bondage into the glorious happiness of a sanitary enlightenment.

THE Brocklyn meeting of the American Public Health Association was a financial success. The Local Committee has made its final report, which shows that the total amount of money collected to meet the expenses of the meeting was 3,361.10, of which 1,461 was paid by the exhibitors in the Health Exhibition for space. The total expenses were 3,212. The Local Committee are to be congratulated.

AN ANALYSIS has been made of fifty different proprietary specifics for inebriety, and each was found to contain alcohol, varying in proportion from 6 to 47.5 per cent. Several of the preparations were advertised as "not an alcoholic beverage." In nineteen so called "opium cures" morphine was detected.

THE German Government has under consideration a proposed new law regulating the sale of poisons in the Empire.

ON THE INFUENCE OF GASTRIC JUICE on pathogenic germs the *Lancet* says : " Dr. Kur low and Dr. Wagner, in a paper which they publish in the *Vrach*, describe some interesting experiments which they have made, from which they are led to the conclusion that constant or specific microbes do not exist in the stomach, and those which enter it, together with sputum, food, or other ingesta, are only accidental and temporary residents. and can not live in the normally acid contents of the stomach. Gastric juice is, according to the author's experiments, an exceedingly strong germicidal agent, and