

the 1990s, the number of people in the world who are undernourished has increased from 600 million to 800 million.

There are a number of reasons for this increase. One of the main reasons is that the world population has increased from 5 billion in 1987 to 6 billion in 2000. This increase in population has led to a corresponding increase in the number of people who are undernourished. Another reason is that the world's food supply has not kept pace with the increase in population. This is due to a number of factors, including a decline in agricultural productivity and a shift in the world's food supply towards more expensive, processed foods.

The increase in the number of people who are undernourished has led to a number of social and economic problems. One of the main problems is that undernourished people are more likely to be poor and live in rural areas. This is because undernourished people are more likely to be unable to work and therefore unable to earn a living. This leads to a cycle of poverty and undernourishment.

Another problem is that undernourished people are more likely to be ill and die. This is because undernourishment weakens the immune system and makes people more susceptible to disease. This leads to a higher mortality rate and a shorter life expectancy.

The increase in the number of people who are undernourished has also led to a number of environmental problems. One of the main problems is that undernourished people are more likely to use unsustainable agricultural practices. This is because undernourished people are more likely to be unable to afford to use modern agricultural techniques and therefore more likely to use traditional, unsustainable practices. This leads to soil degradation and deforestation.

Another problem is that undernourished people are more likely to be unable to afford to buy food. This is because undernourished people are more likely to be poor and therefore unable to afford to buy food. This leads to a higher incidence of undernourishment.

The increase in the number of people who are undernourished has led to a number of other problems. One of the main problems is that undernourished people are more likely to be unable to work and therefore unable to earn a living. This leads to a cycle of poverty and undernourishment.