THE HERALD

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1891.

All matter for publication in the HERALD should be in this office by noon on Tuesday. Persons wishing their advertisements changed *must* advise us Saturday forenoon.

To our Subscribers.

A representative of this office will, in a few days, call upon our Subscribers at Tignish, Palmer Road, Kildare, Alberton and vicinities. As it is in order to afford our patrons every convenience we send out a collector, we trust our friends will be prepared to pay their subscriptions without causing unnecessary delay. It will readily be understood that a collecting tour takes time and involves expense. We would therefore feel under obligations if, as sometimes happens, men should be away from home they will so arrange with those at home that the collector may not be disappointed.

CABINET MAKING AT OTTAWA.

During the past week all kinds of rumors have been circulated from Ottawa, through the opposition press, relative to the position of the Government. Prominence was given to the report that Hon. Mr. Chapleau, Secretary of State, had demanded the portfolio of Railways and Canals, and on Premier Abbott's refusal had resigned his portfolio and his seat in the Cabinet. Whether or not Mr. Chapleau has made any such demand, we are not now in a position to say; but one thing seems quite probable and that is that the Secretary of State is not likely to be made Minister of Railway and Canals. Another fact is that no serious trouble is likely to result from the Premier's refusal to make such appointment, admitting for argument's sake, that it has been demanded.

The opposition, as is always the case make the most of the reports, whether they were true or false. In flaming head-lines, they declare that a grave crisis had arrived, and that a general election in the very near future was altogether likely. Let our friends of the opposition possess their souls in patience. The country is fast recognizing the fact that Premier Abbott is a success as first Minister. The Grits, too, are, no doubt, finding this out to their ill disguised chagrin.

No doubt, the Cabinet is to be reconstructed, and in the work of reorganization. Premier Abbott may be depended upon to prove himself a good cabinet maker. He is firm, clear head, with a large experience, and a strong grasp of the situation. We shall be very much disappointed if, when he announces his new cabinet, it will not be composed, as he himself says of "material well seasoned."

Solemn Religious Services.

Sunday and Monday of this week were days of unusual solemnity in the church. On Sunday occurred the Feast of All Saints, the day set apart for the commemoration of all those heroic servants of God, who triumphed over sin, exchanged mortality for immortality and are now enjoying the beatific vision. It is fitting that following this celebration in honor of the church triumphant, the church suffering should be remembered. This our Holy Mother does in the offices of All Souls Day, which occurred on Monday. On this day the Holy Sacrifice of the Mass is offered, and the faithful offer their prayers, communions and other good works for the relief of those souls, who have departed this life in the friendship of God; but who are still indebted to His eternal justice on account of some faults or imperfections. Nothing could be more charitable than this beautiful devotion, wherein Almighty God is besought to have mercy on those souls who are in a state transition and suffering, that, His, eternal justice being satisfied, they may enter into the joys of Heaven.

In St. Dunstan's Cathedral on Sunday, Solemn high Mass was celebrated, His Lordship, the Bishop occupying his throne. Father McAulay was celebrant of the Mass, with Father McGrath, deacon and Father Reid sub-deacon. The sermon of the day was preached by Rev. Dr. Morrison, of St. Dunstan's College, who delivered an eloquent and earnest discourse on the Communion of Saints. In the evening at seven o'clock vespers were sung followed by vespers for the dead.

At nine o'clock, on Monday morning, Solemn Pontifical Requiem Mass was sung, His Lordship, the Bishop officiating, as celebrant, assisted by Rev. Father McGrath, as Arch-priest, Father Reid as deacon and Father McAulay as sub-deacon. The altars, pulpit and Bishop's throne were draped in morning, and a catafalque was erected in front of the high altar. After mass the Bishop, stripped of cope and mitre accompanied by the officiating clergy, approached the catafalque where the *Libera* was sung, by the choir, after which the absolution was pronounced by His Lordship.

On Tuesday morning at nine o'clock, a Solemn Pontifical Requiem Mass was sung for the late Bishop McIntyre, His Lordship Bishop McDonald officiating as celebrant, assisted by Rev. Dr. Morrison, as Arch-priest, Father Reid as deacon, Father McLellan as sub-deacon, and Father McAulay as Master of ceremonies. After Mass the *Libera* was sung and the absolution pronounced over the catafalque by the Bishop.

Judge Sewell has instructed Messrs Angers & Leclair of Montreal to file an opposition to take proceedings against him by the Dominion government for $15,000.

Action has been entered in the courts here against the Toronto Globe by Chapleau for $10,000 damages for assuming repeatedly that Mr. Chapleau offered to join the Mowat ministry at the formation of the Abbott ministry.

DRAWING TO A CLOSE.

Quebec advices intimate that the taking of evidence before the Royal Commission is about finished. Premier Mercier has been on the stand and has told his story in a very loud manner. He, of course, pleaded ignorance regarding the knowledge his colleagues had regarding the means adopted to steal $100,000 of the Provincial money. He innocently informs the commission that he had told Pacaud he should not be interfering between the Government and outside parties in the transaction of public business. What the value of the evidence given may be we cannot, of course, determine until the report of the commission is made known. The following from the Toronto Globe, the leading Grit organ in Canada, will give an idea of how it views Mr. Pacaud's case. It must be remembered that the Globe would wish to place the matter in the most favorable light possible:

"Pacaud's assertion that the members of the government were ignorant of his corrupt bargain with Armstrong, if true, does not relieve them of responsibility for his acts. They armed him, according to his own showing, with great powers, powers at least equal to those of a minister of railways. He was practically their colleague, and something more than their colleague, for it seems to have been hard for any one to obtain access to the ministers *de jure* without the friendly offices of the ministers *de facto*. To hold them free from blame, therefore, would be to allow the plea of ministerial irresponsibility urged on behalf of Sir Hector Langevin and Mr. Chapleau. The whole system of government under British institutions is based on the diametrically opposite doctrine that ministers are to be held responsible for the conduct of the public business. There is no scarcity of men who are willing to become ministers of the crown for the sake of the emoluments and honors of office. No man has a right to expect to receive these benefits and to shift the care and responsibility of office whenever he pleases. The people under such an arrangement would have no guarantee for good government. What is perfectly clear to the people of Quebec is that $100,000 of their money has been stolen and that they have the right to hold some one to account for it. That person cannot be Pacaud, who throughout the fraudulent transaction held no provincial office. He held a great deal of the reality of power, but he had no right to hold it, and the responsibility for his acts must rest upon those who wrongfully armed him with power."

Upon this the Halifax Herald comments as follows: "While the grit organs in the Maritime Provinces, and particularly in Nova Scotia, are excluding the evidence from their news columns and editorially excoriating Mr. Mercier, the grit Toronto Globe is forced by public opinion in the upper provinces to come out in opposition to the idea that the leader of the Quebec government is not responsible for Pacaud's theft of public funds. Not only is Mercier responsible in the ministerial sense, but it has been clearly shown that Mercier, Langelier and their colleagues personally profited by Pacaud's boodling operations. Moreover, according to Mercier's own evidence, Laurier, the grit leader, was present when these $5,000 notes were signed, and he with the others, Mercier, Langelier, Pelletier, Pacaud and Tarte, became personally responsible for their payment when due. They subsequently gave themselves no concern about the matter, and it was out of the proceeds of the Bay Chaleurs subsidy steal that these promissory notes were paid. It would appear therefore that Laurier is more or less responsible with the others; and Mercier is resolved that they shall all sink or swim together."

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR ANGERS SLANDERED.

The political friends of Mr. Mercier knowing that the investigations before the Royal Commission would expose the rascally means employed by the members of the Quebec Government, to appropriate large sums of public money conceived the idea of slandering Lieut. Governor Angers hoping by this means to distract public attention. It remained for the Ottawa Free Press, under the control of the "Ottawa Liar," to initiate this slander. It was to the effect that Pacaud, the toll-taker of the Mercier Cabinet, would prove, before he left the witness stand, that he had spent a part of the money obtained by the Baie des Chaleurs Steal in buying a diamond neck-lace for Madame Angers, wife of the Lieut. Governor. The announcement in the Free Press purported to be a telegram from Quebec; but there is little doubt it was manufactured out of whole cloth, by the controlling genius of that publication.

As soon as the matter came to the notice of Lieut. Governor Angers he gave it an emphatic denial, and characterized it as an "infernal slander." And now Pacaud himself joins in the denial, thus showing that he is not so far lost to all sense of honor as some of his party newspapers. In conversation with a Quebec Chronicle reporter about the matter, Mr. Pacaud said: "Yes, I am glad to be afforded an opportunity of speaking out on the matter. I can say positively that it is a shameful, a contemptible falsehood: I regret it more—this infamous use of a lady's name—than all the trouble caused me by the Baie des Chaleurs Railway affair, and if any legal action is taken by the Lieut. Governor in the matter I am ready to be his first witness. It is both utterly false in my own regard and a personal insult. I was never on such terms with Madame Angers that I could have offered such a thing, nor have I had the means at my disposal to distribute such presents; and besides this, I have already accounted in my evidence before the Royal Commission for the whole of the $100,000 received from the Baie des Chaleurs Railway affair. I have been asked this afternoon," continued Mr. Pacaud, "why I did not deny the story under oath in the course of my evidence this morning. But the fact of the matter is that I was so occupied with my own affair that I never even read it this morning before going into the witness box, and only heard of it after having finished giving evidence." The Lieut. Governor has determined, it is said, upon entering criminal proceedings against the parties accused of the publication of the libel.

It must be evident to everyone, not completely blinded by party prejudice, that, when the organs of the opposition are forced to such vulgar and shameless attacks on personal character, they are in a state of panic, owing to the damaging evidence coming out at Quebec. All through this trying time, the Lieut. Governor has acted in a high minded and honorable manner. It is therefore, too bad so infamous a slander should be levelled at one who is removed officially from the bitterness of party strife, and who has done nothing to forfeit the protection his high position should afford him.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Ottawa advices of the 31st. ult. state that the formation of the new cabinet is going forward rapidly, and the new ministry will shortly be announced. It is said Chapleau will retain his present portfolio, and that Hon. J. A. Ouimet, ex-speaker of the House, will be given the portfolio of Public Works It is also stated and generally believed that Mr. Meredith, leader of the Conservative Opposition in the Ontario Legislature, will be a member of the new Cabinet.

Quebec advices of the 31st. ult. contain the following: It is understood that Hon. Messrs. Chas Langelier and Robidoux have both tendered their resignations, but the premier refused to accept, giving as a reason that the governor would not allow him to name their successors, and at the same time Mercier informed the provincial secretary and attorney-general that they would all go out together before many days. Should a new conservative ministry be formed, the first act will be to appoint another royal commission to enquire into the working of the entire administration.

Before the Royal Commission at Quebec John J. McDonald said that his syndicate tried to get the contract for finishing Armstrong's unfinished work on the Chaleurs road. He produced a statement showing that the Cooper syndicate were receiving $420,000 more than he offered to do the work for. He added that Cooper proposed to transfer him the contract for a cash payment of $50,000, that being half the profit estimated to be made by Cooper. He understood Pacaud worked in Cooper's behalf with the government. Macdonald repeated the statement that he offered Pacaud $50,000 to work for the McDonald syndicate, and that Pacaud said it was not enough. He once had to pay Pacaud $4,000 commission to get an estimate of thirty thousand dollars passed by the Quebec government.

Hon. John Carling made an excellent speech recently at the opening of the Woodbridge fair, in the course of which he quoted a quantity of carefully prepared statistics in disproof of the Grit fallacy that the United States is Canada's natural market. He showed that of all animals and farm products exported last year, Great Britain took to the value of $22,240,548, while the United States took only $13,485,727. With regard to barley he pointed out that while the average value of the barley sent to the United States before the passing of the McKinley bill was forty-eight cents, the present value in Toronto was fifty-three.

Michael Connolly was served at one o'clock on the morning of the 28th ult. with a writ based on the following information:

"For that you Owen E. Murphy, Thos. McGreevy, Robt. Henry McGreevy, Michael Connolly, Nicholas Connolly and Patrick Larkin, did within the space of five years last past, unlawfully conspire and contrive together by divers false pretences and subtle means and devices to unlawfully obtain and acquire, to and for a certain firm called and known under the name and style of Larkin, Connolly & Co., the then partners comprising the said firm, being the said Patrick Larkin, Nicholas K. Connolly, Michael Connolly and O. E. Murphy, and in the profits of which firm the said Hon. Thos. McGreevy and the said Robert McGreevy were interested, of and from the Quebec harbor commissioners, a corporation of Canada having by law the control of Quebec harbor, divers large sums of moneys of said Quebec harbor commissioners, and to cheat and defraud the said harbor commissioners."

The argument on the Prince Edward Island election cases was conducted before the Supreme Court at Ottawa by Peters for appellant, who urged that there was no deposit made with the filing of the petition. The act directs the deposit must be made and a receipt given by the prothonotary of the court that it was made in these cases with the deputy prothonotary who is an officer of the court independent of the prothonotary for whose acts the prothonotary is not responsible. Objection was also made to the service of the petition, which was made in Ottawa; that there is no authority under the practice in Prince Edward Island for service out of the jurisdiction. The court expressed the opinion that on a petition against two persons, it is not necessary to make separate deposits of one thousand dollars each, but a deposit of two thousand for the general costs of the petition is sufficient. The argument for the respondent was conducted by Mr. Morson. Judgment was reserved.

According to the annual report of the British Postmaster-General there were delivered in Great Britain and Ireland during last year 2,577,700,000 letters, post cards, book packets and newspapers. The parcels post through the post, in addition to these numbered 46,287,936. The amount of money sent through the post-office was £47,000,000. The deposits placed in the post-office savings bank amounted to $20,990,692. There were 66,409,211 telegrams despatched. The report discloses various means which have been adopted to defraud the revenue. In order to save the cost of money order charges some people are in the habit of packing sovereigns in butter and similar articles. A lady sent by parcel post to Siam an alleged consignment of cheap articles as walking sticks and stationery. As a matter of fact the parcel contained diamonds to the value of £25,000, the registration of which would have cost her £30.

British Columbia is doing energetic work at home and abroad with the view to inducing desirable immigration into that province. The British papers state that Mr. Turner, Minister of Finance and Agriculture of British Columbia, has had an interview with Lord Lothian at Monteviot on the subject of crofter emigration. "It is possible, I believe," says the London correspondent of the Edinburgh Scotsman, "that as an outcome of the interview between the secretary for Scotland and Mr. Turner, an experiment on a small scale may be made to settle some crofter families, in the belief that it will be found that the class of work they will perform will not interfere with the ordinary labor market, and that when this is realized by the working classes the objection to emigration on a larger scale may diminish. There is plenty of suitable land in the province near the sea where it is desired to cultivate the fisheries, which are said to be teeming with the most marketable of fish."

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

THE TURF.

The Canadian yearling half-mile record which A. B. Etter's (Amherst) Sir Richard recently captured by trotting in 1 35 has again been lowered. This time an Ontario horse, Lulu G., owned W. J. Hay, Listowel, Ont., does the trick, covering the distance in 1.34.

Senator Stanford's stallion Palo Alto went against his record of 2 11¼ over Stockton's kite-shaped track, on the 27th ult., and succeeded in placing himself on a par with Nelson. He made the circuit without a skip coming under the wire in 2.10. The quarters were made in 32, 31½, 33 and 33½

Four trotters can claim records as two-year-olds inside of 2 20. The quartette is Arion, 2 15¾, who accomplished his wonderful trial at Stockton, Cal., not many days ago; Mombarr, 2 18; the great Sunol, 2-18¼; and Ralph Wilkes, who on Thursday, at Independence, Iowa, covered the distance in 2 18.

At the late Gatwick meeting in England Fred Barrett, the jockey, who rode a filly named Sorceress in the first race, used the lightest saddle ever built. It weighed exactly a pound, and proved sufficiently serviceable to enable him to win.

The pacer Direct, 2 06 now carries the least weight of any harness performer before the public. His front shoes weigh but three ounces, and his hind shoes two ounces each. They are mere strips of steel, and only last during one race.

Eight horses have beaten 1 40 at a mile—Salvator, 1 35½; Raybee, 1 39¼; Racine, 1 39½ La Tosca 1:39¼ Van Broeck, 1 39¾; Charley Post, 1 39¾; Picknicker, 1.39¾; and Maori, 1 39 4-5.

The pacing wagon record was broken at Independence, Friday, by Roy Wilkes. He made the circuit in 2 13

IN GENERAL.

Willie Martin, the winner of the recent 6-days bicycle race at New York, demonstrated beyond cavil that he is pluck from the top of his head to the sole of his foot; and it is generally believed that were Ashinger possessed of his striking quality he would have won. The champion is only 22 years old. He was born in Ireland, coming to America when 3 years old. Previous to his entering this race he had been lying in an hospital in Detroit for over three months with a broken thigh, and had only left his bed four weeks before. His pluck was well shown on the fourth day of the race when his leg was so bad that his trainer feared it might fail him altogether. "Well," said Martin, "if it does, I'll finish the race on one leg." His courage is equalled by his generous spirit. When Ashinger fell off his wheel and was badly hurt about the head, Martin dismounted and went to his aid, rubbing liniment upon his rival's wounds. Martin only slept ten hours during the six days.

The newest acrobatic feat is by a London cyclist named Minting, who, after the manner of the artist who used to roll a ball beneath his feet up a long spiral board, rides a unicycle up a spiral but 20 inches wide and 100 feet high. He has nets stretched below.

In the Halifax football league series Saturday, Dalhousie defeated the Garrison by score of 8 to 2—made up of a goal and two trys to a try. Next Saturday the Wanderers and Dalhousies meet in the final game of the series. Should the Wanderers chance to add another to their already unbroken line of victories; or the game be drawn, they will be the city's champions and possessors of the trophy till next season ends. But should the collegians manage to administer a dose of defeat to the leaders, both teams will have a percentage of 6 points to their credit, and another game will have to be played to decide the matter.

At Vancouver, B. C., on Saturday, Hanlan easily defeats Stephenson, the Australian, in a three-mile race, in the fastest time on record, viz: 19 minutes, 20 seconds.

Saturday the Montreals defeated McGill College team 33 to 9, for the championship of the Quebec Rugby Football Union.

WELL RECOMMENDED.—Dear Sirs, I am happy to say I have used Haggard's Yellow Oil for burns, bruises, sprains and cuts and find that there is nothing better. I recommend it to all my friends around here.

ALAN G. McLEOD, Souris, Man.

SUPERFINE and warm Blankets—a royal line—Scotch and Canadian, a few pairs Army Blankets; our $4.50 Blankets 64x82, we believe, is without an equal. STANLEY BROS., Browns Block.—3in

THE WEEK'S DIARY.

A civil war is imminent in Samoa.

The Marquis of Lorne intends standing for Central Bradford as the Unionist candidate.

Maverick Bank, one of Boston's largest banking institutions closed its doors Saturday morning.

Advices from Melbourne, Australia, state that the epidemic of influenza show no sign of abating. Nearly every family in the city is afflicted. In the country districts deaths are becoming alarmingly numerous.

A Dublin despatch says Timothy Healy was publicly horsewhipped, at Longford, Monday evening, by Mr. McDermott, nephew of Parnell, because of certain utterances about Parnell in a speech delivered the previous day.

It is asserted that Cardinal Taschereau is taking the lead in a movement looking to the severest ecclesiastical penalties being fulminated by the Catholic Bishops of the Province of Quebec against bribes and bribery.

During a Farmers' Alliance meeting at Buckport, Ark., last Wednesday night, a free fight occurred among the audience. Shot-guns and pistols were used with deadly effect, five men being killed and several wounded. Politics was the cause of the row.

The monument erected to the memory of Fred Young, who lost his life in an heroic attempt to rescue Fred Murdoch from drowning in St. John harbor a year ago, was on Firday handed over to the city. The event was made the occasion of suitable ceremonies.

The Supreme Court of Canada has rendered an unanimous judgment declaring the Manitoba school act abolishing separate school *ultra vires* of the Provincial legislature. Premier Greenway says the Manitoba government will appeal the case to the Privy Council.

A Boston special to the Halifax Herald says: A gentleman just arrived from New York informs your correspondent while there he met Sir Richard Cartwright and O. E. Murphy. They seemed to be foregathering, at 314 Broadway, the headquarters of the illustrious Wiman.

The South Perth election trial was concluded Thursday when Jas. Trow, the Liberal whip, was unseated for bribery by agents. One witness swore that Trow's own son James, had offered him money to vote, and this statement was corroborated by two witnesses who had similar offers made them. The personal charge was not pressed.

Lt. Governor Angers intends taking criminal action against the Ottawa Free Press (grit) for libel, for stating that $1800 of the Baie des Chaleurs railway money was used in purchasing a necklace for Madame Angers. Pacaud has published a letter denying the Free Press allegation, and says if the case proceeds he will be one of the Governor's first witnesses.

The Mississippi river steamer Oliver was burned near Millikens bend early Thursday morning. Thirteen persons were burned or drowned. Eight hundred bales of cotton were burned. The passengers and crew lost nearly all their baggage. The fire was set by negro workmen who had some disagreement with the mate

The election to fill the vacancy in the House of Commons, caused by the death of Wm. Henry Smith, resulted in the return of his son Frederick, aged 22. Smith (conservative) received 4952 votes and Dr Guttridge (liberal) 1945. At the previous election, W. H. Smith received 5054, and Skinner (Home Ruler) 1504 votes.

A San Francisco special says letters received from the Solomon group of islands give particulars of the cruise of H. M. S. Royalist among the islands and the punishment inflicted by Captain Davis on the natives for outrages committed on British subjects. At Doball, Chief Tono and several of his tribe were shot. The village was burnt and two war canoes destroyed.

Thomas McGreevy and Nicholas Connolly have been served with summonses to appear before the Ottawa police magistrate to-day, in the case against them for conspiracy to defraud the Quebec harbor commission. They have also received their summonses to appear at Ottawa to answer the charge of conspiring to defraud the Government. Both express a determination to see the thing through.

Advices from Japan state that an earthquake on Wednesday last destroyed the towns of Nagoya, Gifu and Ojaki. All the public buildings and most of the smaller structures in those places were thrown down. In Nagoya, one of the finest cities in the Empire, fire broke out and completed the work of destruction. It is estimated over 10,000 persons lost their lives. Many vessels are also reported lost.

The Canadian egg trade is making wondrous strides in the English market. The high prices enabled one shipper to make £1000 profit on a single shipment. Cheese importers are generally handling the eggs. One shipper alone expects to handle thirty-five million before the season ends. If prices are maintained dealers say that eggs from Ontario, Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia will gradually replace the inferior classes of foreign eggs in the Liverpool and other markets.

About the first of October there was a robbery, or rather attempted robbery, in Mr. Pineault's office in Quebec. Mr. Pineault being Pacaud's lawyer, there was great excitement over it, and many insinuations were made as to its being the work of political parties. Thursday a boy named Alfred Healy who was brought to Sherbrooke from Quebec on a sentence of five years imprisonment in the reformatory, made an affidavit before Mr. Adam, district magistrate, that he and two other boys were the burglars, their object being to get money, which they failed to find.

St. Bernard's new Catholic church, at Moncton, was opened for divine service with appropriate ceremonies, on Sunday. The new church is a handsome stone structure and the largest and most costly religious edifice in Westmorland Co. It is gothic in architectural style, its extreme length being 140 feet, width 65 feet, with a tower 20 feet square leading up to a level with the highest point of the roof, from which the plan shows a spire (yet to be erected) 180 feet above the grade level. Work was first commenced on the building in the spring of 1887. When completed the edifice will cost about $40,000.

CH'TOWN PRICES, NOV. 3,

Beef (quarter) per lb	$0.05 to	$0.06
Beef (small) per lb	0.06 to	0.12
Mutton, per lb	0.05 to	0.07
Pork (small)	0.08 to	0.00
Ham, per lb	0.14 to	0.00
Fowls, per pair	0.40 to	0.00
Butter (fresh)	0.20 to	0.24
Butter (tub)	0.18 to	0.20
Oats (black) per bushel	0.31 to	0.33
Eggs, per doz	0.20 to	0.00
Potatoes, per bushel	0.18 to	0.23
Ducks, per pair	0.50 to	0.75
Mutton, carcass	0.04 to	0.06
Lard	0.14 to	0.15
Flour, per cwt	2.40 to	2.50
Oatmeal (black oats) per cwt	2.75 to	3.00
Oatmeal (white oats) per cwt	2.50 to	2.75
Hides	0.03 to	0.04
Calf skins (fresh meat)	0.06 to	0.00
Sheep pelts	0.50 to	0.00
Lamb skins	0.55 to	0.60
Cabbage, per head	0.03 to	0.05
Hay, per 100 lbs	0.50 to	0.60
Straw, per load	2.00 to	2.50
Geese	0.50 to	0.70
Turnips, per bushel	0.12 to	0.16
Turkeys	0.60 to	1.25
Celery, per doz	0.60 to	0.72

If you want good Furs go to BEER BROS.

For wonderful bargains in Jackets, Dolmans, Cloaks, go to BEER BROS.

For Fashionable Dress Goods go to BEER BROS.

For all kinds of WINTER GOODS at lowest prices go to BEER BROS.

We never advertise what we cannot show. Call and prove for yourself

Look Here

We have just received our New Stock of FALL and WINTER Overcoatings

They are, without doubt, the finest lot we have ever shown. They consist of Meltons & Beavers, in a variety of colors, Elysians, Naps Pilots and Cheviots.

Our Goods are made up in the most modern style; for Fits we cannot be beaten, and our prices are always moderate. We guarantee satisfaction.

JOHN McLEOD & CO., CHARLOTTETOWN.

sept 16, 1891.

Valuable Property FOR SALE.

THE subscribers offer for sale by private contract the Brick Dwelling House and store recently occupied by Mrs. Costello on the Corner of Prince and Dorchester Streets The Property has a frontage on Prince Street 77 feet, and has a width on the back of 58 feet, and a depth on Dorchester Street of 84 feet.

The premises are exceptionally well situated and will be sold at a bargain.

Unless disposed of by private sale before Friday, the 30th day of October, instant, they will on that day be offered at Public Auction on the premises, at 12 o'clock, noon.

DAVIES & HAZZARD, Solicitors.

Oct. 21, 1891.—2i

All kinds of Job work executed with neatness and despatch, at the Herald Office.

The Charlottetown Hospital.

UNDER the management of the Sisters of Charity, visited daily by a staff of skillfull physicians, supplied with all the conveniences for the treatment of special cases, private rooms at moderate charges for private patients. For admission and other particulars apply to the Lady Superior or to any member of the medical staff.

March 12, 1890.—tf.

J. Van Buskirk, Bear River, N. S., writes—I have great pleasure in testifying to the good effect which I have experienced from the use of K. D. C. I have suffered from dyspepsia in its worst form for over twenty years. Have consulted a number of physicians but could obtain no relief. Also tried a number of patent medicines with same effect. After which I commenced to take K. D. C., and am happy to state that I am almost perfectly well. I hope your great remedy may become universally known.

Our Choice Stock —OF NEW— FALL AND WINTER GOODS —ARE NOW OFFERED AT— THE LOWEST PRICES.

Men's Good Tweed Overcoats A GREAT BARGAIN, —ONLY— 2.50 AND 2.90

New Dress Goods, Special Lot, only 12c per yd.

New Mantles, Jackets, Millinery & Fur Goods.

Try us, we will please you.

JAMES PATON & CO., BROWN'S BLOCK. 168 MARKET SQARE.

WATCHES

TO KEEP GOOD TIME.

WATCHES THAT WILL LAST.

WATCHES AT THE RIGHT PRICE.

WATCHES REPAIRED.

☞ Special discounts on all Watches sold to teachers at

G. H. Taylor's, NORTH SIDE QUEEN SQUARE, CHARLOTTETOWN.

Sept 9—1y

Prince Edward Island Railway.

1891. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1891.

On and, after Monday, June 1st, 1891, Trains will run as follows:—

TRAINS FOR THE WEST.

STATIONS.	Expr's	Accom	Ac'm
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Charlottetown ....dp	6 00	8 45	3
Royalty Junction	6 14	9 17	3
North Wiltshire	6 48	10 02	4
Hunter River	6 58	10 15	4
Bradalbane	7 22	10 48	5 30
Emerald Junction	7 30	10 56	5 49
Freetown	7 40	11 10	5 55
Kensington	7 53	11 29	6 17
Summerside ....ar	8 15	12 00	6 50
Summerside ....dp	8 30	P. M. 1 05	
Miscouche	8 45	1 26	
Wellington	9 03		
Port Hill	9 35	2 35	
O'Leary	10 30	4 00	
Bloomfield	10 47	4 25	
Alberton	11 14	5 15	
Tignish ....ar	11 55	6 05	
			P. M.
Emerald Junction ..dp			5 45
Cape Traverse ....ar			6 35

TRAINS FROM THE WEST.

STATIONS.	Expr's	Accom	Accom
	P. M.	A. M.	
Tignish ....dp	1 10	6 00	
Alberton	1 50	7 05	
Bloomfield	2 15	7 44	
O'Leary	2 32	8 10	
Port Hill	3 23	9 35	
Wellington	3 52	10 18	
Miscouche	4 11	10 44	
Summerside ....dp	4 25	11 05	
Summerside ....ar	4 55	P. M. 12 00	A. M. 6 15
Kensington	5 17	12 31	6 48
Freetown	5 30	12 50	7 10
Emerald Junction	5 40	1 04	7 30
Bradalbane	5 47	1 12	7 39
Hunter River	6 12	1 43	8 14
North Wiltshire	6 22	1 57	8 30
Royalty Junction	6 56	2 41	9 17
Charlottetown ....ar	7 10	3 00	9 35
			A. M.
Cape Traverse ....dp			6 25
Emerald Junc ....ar			7 15

TRAINS FOR THE EAST.

STATIONS	Expr's	Accom
	P. M.	A. M.
Charlottetown ....dp	3 15	6 30
Royalty Junction	3 30	6 50
Bedford	3 58	7 28
Mount Stewart Junc. ....ar	4 23	8 05
Mount Stewart Junc. ....dp	4 30	8 20
Morell	4 58	9 00
St. Peter's	5 20	9 30
Bear River	5 55	10 14
Souris ....ar	6 25	10 55
	P. M.	A. M.
Mount Stewart Junc ....dp	4 35	8 00
Cardigan	5 28	9 00
Georgetown ....ar	5 45	10

TRAINS FROM THE EAST.

STATIONS.	Expr's	Accom
	A. M.	P. M.
Georgetown ....dp	7 00	1 40
Cardigan	7 17	2 03
Mount Stewart Junction ..ar	8 10	3 10
	A.	P. M.
Souris ....dp	6 15	12 40
Bear River	6 45	1 18
St. Peter's	7 20	2 00
Morell	7 42	2 30
Mount Stewart Junc. ....ar	8 10	3 10
Mount Stewart Junc. ....dp	8 15	3 20
Bedford	8 40	3 58
Royalty Junction	9 05	4 26
Charlottetown ....ar	9 20	4 45

Trains are run by Eastern Standard Time.

J. UNSWORTH, Superintendent.

Railway Office, Ch'town, May. 28, 1891.—6i

STEAMER Heather Bell

1891. Fall Arrangement. 189

ON and after FRIDAY, October 9th, the steamer Heather Bells, Hugh McLean, Master, will run as follows:—

Will leave Orwell Brush Wharf for Charlottetown every Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday mornings at 7 o'clock, calling at Halliday's Wharf.

Will leave Charlottetown for Halliday's and Orwell Brush Wharves same evening, at 2 o'clock, remaining at Brush Wharf Tuesday and Wednesday night, and on Thursday night returning to Charlottetown, arriving at 8 o'clock.

Friday, will leave Charlottetown for Cranberry Wharf, East River, at 5 o'clock, a. m., leaving Cranberry Wharf for Charlottetown at half-past seven o'clock, a. m., calling at Hickey's Wharf.

Leaving Charlottetown for Hickey's and Cranberry Wharves at 3 o'clock, p. m., returning to Charlottetown same evening.

Every Alternate Friday, Steamer will go to Mount Stewart.

Saturday, will leave Charlottetown for Crapaud at 8 30 o'clock, a. m., leaving Crapaud for Charlottetown about 1 o'clock, p. m.

L. C. OWEN, Agent.

Ch'town, Oct 21, 1891.—tf

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The Best Family Medicine,

SAFE, MILD, CERTAIN. Guaranteed PURELY VEGETABLE. For INDIGESTION, CONSTIPATION, BILIOUSNESS, HEADACHE, PILES, &c., they have NO EQUAL.

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5 " " ..... 10 cents
10 " " ..... 20 cents

Woodill's German Baking Powder

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GEORGE LAWSON, Ph. D., LL. D.,

Fellow of the Institute of Chemistry of Great Britain and Ireland.