Branch No. 4, London. Meets on the 2nd and 4th Thursday of every onth, at 8 o'clock, at their ball, Aibion Block chmond Street. O. LABBLLE, Pres., WM ORCORAN, Recording Secretary.

C. M. B. A.

Total Disability.

A member of a Buffalo branch writes to the Union and Times on the subject of total disability. The matter may be worth discussing at our next convention, for no doubt many hold that it would be a good move to make payment of a certain amount of the beneficiary when a member is adjudged earning a livelihood. There is, of course, always more or less danger in new depar ures, lest advantage may be taken of the organization, and lest, too, the prime motive of its existence would to a certain degree be lest sight of, and its usefulness and the prospect of its stability impaired. We cannot too carefully guard this point. We give the following extract from the letter to which we

"My proposition is that the constitution so amended that when a member is tatally "My proposition is that the constitution be so amended that when a member is totally disabled by an injury the family, or whoever is entitled to it, will receive one half the beneficiary if they so wish, and the member surrender his certificate to the branch and that his name be stricken from the books of the organization. The order will thereby save \$1,000 and the family of the poor man will have something to enable them to live and not be thrown on the charity of the public."

Get in New Members.

We desire this week to call attention to a matter that might with good results be taken to heart by the average member. We see about us societies somewhat similar to our own - some inside and many outside the Church - possessing a spirit of enterprise as remarkable as it is commendable. They have introduced into their work, with the most pleasant results, a systematic method of carrying on the business. New members are all the while coming in and the ranks are swelling. In some cases they have salaried organizers; in others a certain sum is paid for every new branch; in others still the work remains in charge of deputies who are paid merely the expense to which they have been put in organizing. It may be said, as to the two first-named methods, that thereby the door of abuse is often left open. and the society is made to suffer by the in troduction of undesirable members. If the right men are placed as deputies -enterpris ing, intelligent, conscientious men —there is much to commend the salaried system. The so-much-per-branch mode we do not look upon with favor, because there is an overwith undesirables — consumptives, invalids, and happy - go - lucky dependents who are always looking for brotherly assistance, and are devoid of a sterling, independent and thrifty disposition. The C. M. B. A. has got along fairly well with its District Deputies : some have acted nobly, some middling well, but many, we regret to say, have carried the title, and that is all they have done. In some localities, it may be fairly claimed, no more branches can be formed, and in such cases the Deputy may not remain awake at night with an uneasy conscience, because of work left undone But it is a fact that during the past year and a half many who might, with a little energy, succeed in forming new branches, been Rip Van Winkling, W. have not now in mind any work done by deputies worth mentioning, with the exception of that done by Brothers O'Keeffe, of St. John, and Howison, of Montreal. When these appointments are made the Grand President without doubt makes choice of the very best material within reach; but as the time rolls by and no sign of life is visible in many deputies, it would, we think, be advisable to knock at their doors with a good sharp letter and ask them to wake up. Individual members are, too, not without their shortcomings. Many a good member could be brought in were a little work done for the society in our social intercourse. Few, indeed, but could name one or more by deputies worth mentioning, with the ex Few, indeed, but could name one or more young or middle-aged men, who have parents or families depending upon them and who might, with a little persuasion, b brought into the ranks. We would like to see more life in the deputies and the members. Go to work, brothers! Fill up the ranks, and show that the C. M. B. A. is best, the cheapest and the safest associa

tion of its kind in the Dominion. Advisory Board, Toronto.

Advisory Board, Toronto.

The last meeting of the Advisory board of the Toronto C. M. B. A. was held on the 4th January. After routine business had been finished the secretary, W. M. Vale, was presented by the board with a valuable gold-headed cane inscribed with the seal of the association and the name and office of the recipient. The presentation was accompanied with some very felicitious remarks upon what the board owed to the energy and rare capability of Mr. Vale in the discharge of his auties as secretary, all agreeing that the usefulness and efficiency of the board were greatly due to his efforts. Mr. Vale acknowledged the handsome present in a few well-chosen remarks, pointing out that the event was a great surprise to him, that what he had done was done for the good of the order, and assuring his colleagues that the interval of the colleagues that the interval in the second of the colleagues that the interval is a second of the colleagues that the interval is a second of the colleagues that the interval of the colleagues that the interval of the colleagues that the interval of the colleagues that the what he had done was done for the good of the order, and assuring his colleagues that their good wishes would stimulate him to excel if possible his former efforts in ad-vancing the interests of the C. M. B. A. Mr. J. Coughlin was then requested to vacate the char, when a vote of thanks was tendered him for his untiring zeal on behalf of the association and for his contract.

tendered nim for his untiling zeal on behalf of the association and for his courtsey and business ability in the chair. It was pointed out by the speakers to the vote of thanks to Mr. Coughlin that he had taken the first steps to form an Advisory board for Toronto, and with this aim had, during the beginning of 1893, visited all the branches and haid before them the utility of such a board. The yote was a standing one and testified to before them the utility of such a board. The vote was a standing one and testified to the great esteem in which the chairman is held. Mr. Coughlin made a very happy reply, and amongst other things said that coming from the east, where the C. M. B. A. was in a flourishing condition, he saw no reason why it should not make equal advancement in Toronto, and he believed that were a good board and the value of a policy of life insurance in the C. M. B. A. well explained to and understood by the people it would double its membership the next year.

year. Rev. Father Hand of St. Paul's made the

Gool News From Hallfax. Branch 132, Halifax, N. S., installed the following officers for the ensuing year, at the last regular meeting: Representative to Grand Council, J. R. Cragg; Pres., W. J. Power; First Vice Pres., W. R. Powell; Second Vice Pres., J. D. O'Connor; Rec.

Sec., N. Metzler; Asst. Sec., W. J. Reddy, Treasurer, W. J. Phelan; Fin. Sec., W. P. Lynagh; Marshal, J. Maguire; Guard, Thos. Griffin; Trustees, Wm. Compton and John Fleming. The meeting was one of the most successful in the history of this branch, which now has one hundred and twenty names on its roll of active membership, not one of whom is in arrears, either for dues or beneficiary. Archbishop O'Brien, who is a member, was present and addressed the gathering at some length. His Grace is a warm C. M. B. A. man and would like to see every eligible Catholic in the diocese a participant in the advantages of our noble association.

After closing of meeting the newly installed officers entertained the branch and visiting brethren. A pleasing programme of songs and recitations was rendered, with an intermission for light refreshments.

Branches 132, 160 and 208, all in the district of Halifax and Dartmouth, intend giving a reception on the 17th inst., towards which members are looking forward with much pleasurable anticipation. It will be opened with an address by District Deputy Rev. E. F. Murphy, D. D., Spiritual Adviser of Branch 132. As there is to be a dance it goes without saying the lady friends of the members will be there in force. This will be the first occasion on which ladies have had an opportunity of attending a gathering of C. M. B. A. men in Halifax, and there is naturally much curious interest manifested on the part of the fair sex. Although but three years old in this district, with every indication of at least doubling that number before 1894 has passed. The bolding of the next convention of the Grand Council at St. John, N. B., can not fail to give the association a great impetus in the Maritime Provinces, and will greatly strengthen the hands of those who are working to advance the order in this part of the cycling to advance the order in this part of the world.

Halifax, N. S., Jan. 15, 1894.

Branch No. 96, Levis.

Branch No. 96, Levis.

At the regular meeting of this Branch, held at their hall on the 10th inst., the installation of officers for the ensuing year took place as follows:

Spir, adv. Rev. Ant. Gauvreau, chan. Onesime Carrier, pres. Joseph Giguere, first vice-pres. P. Ant. Roy. second vice-pres. Calixte Dion, rec. sec. Jos. Adelard Demers, asst. rec. sec. Alph. Nock, fin. sec. Pierre J Montreuil, treas. Theophile Lamontagne, mar. Octave Lavoie, guard Francois Lafond, trus. J Israel Garneau, Eus. Belieau, Eugene Cabranche, Louis Fortier and S E M Coutellier, rep to grand council Pierre J Montreuil, al. O Carrier.

At the council pierre J Montreuil, al.

O Carrier.

At the conclusion of this meeting the Reverend C. Ed. Carrier, Superior of the Levis College and Chancellor of Branch 93, addressed the members in regard to their zeal and activity for the success of this branch during last year.

Resolutions of Condolence. Hall of Branch, 116 C. M. B. A.,

Hall of Branch, 116 C. M. B. A.,
Fergus, Jan. 9, 1894.
At a regular meeting of Fergus Branch,
No. 116, held in their hall Jan. 9, 1894, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:
Moved by E. J. Downey, Rec. Sec.,
seconded by Wm. Fitzpatrick, Fin. Sec., that
Whereas, it has been the will of Almighty
God to call to Himself one of our charter
members, our esteemed brother William
Murphy, and
Whereas, Brother Murphy was a worthy
member and genial companion, as well as a
loving husband and indulgent father,
esteemed by all who knew him, be it therefore
Resolved that while bowing in humble
submission to the omnipotent decrees of an
all wise providence, who does all things for
the best, we hereby tender the wife and
children of our deceased brother our decepest
sympathy in their sad bereavement, and we
earnestly pray Almighty God may protect
and guide them and grant them spritual
consolation in their great sorrow. Be it
further
Resolved that our charter be draped for a
period of three mouths and that this resolution be spread on the minutes of the

resolved that our charter of the period of three months and that this resolution be spread on the minutes of the branch and a copy handed to the wife of our departed brother, and one sent to our official organ, the CATROLIC RECORD, for publication.

E. M. DOWNEY, Rec. Sec.

Election of Officers.

Branch 13, Stratford.

Pres. J J Hagerty, first vice-pres. James Markey, second vice pres. William Daly, rec. sec. Jas. O'Connor, fin. sec M J Dillon. asst. sec. E J Kneitl, treas. J B Capitain, mar. J D Hergott guard T McDonald, trus. J Fov and D J O'Counor, rep. to grand council Edward O'Flaherty, alt. John Hoy.

Branch 190, Montreal.

Pres. J. A. Grenier, first vice-pres. L. E. Carufel, secend vice-pres. L. Desaulniers, rec. sec. B. Charbonneau, ass't sec. T. Delisle, fin. sec. L. D. E. Mayer, treas. J. N. Lorange, mar. R. Robitaille, guard J. E. Viger, trus. J. E. Gervais, C. E. Olivier, R. Robitaille, rep. to grand council C. A. Lariviere, alt. J. A. Grenier.

Branch 44, Arnprior. Brauch 13, Stratford.

Branch 41, Arnprior. Branch 44, Amprior.

Spir. adv. Rev. A. Chaine, pres. H. A. Devine, first vice pres. J. W. Tieruley, second vice pres. D. Cunningham, fin. and rec. sec. E. Carmand, ass't sec. J. B. Monaghan, mar. M. J. Monaghan, guard Francis Charbonneau, trus. for two years, Prosper O. Livier, M. Salvin, rep. to grand council M. Galvin, alternate H. A. Devine.

Branch 140, Montreal.

Branch 140, Montreal.

Branch 140, Montreal.

Spir. adv. Rev. F L L Adam, chan, pro tem Dr. A Gadbois, pres. A H Spedding, first vice-pres. C Corbin, second vice pres. O Partizeau, rec. sec. C Perrault, asst. sec. E Fortin, fin. sec. N Favreau, treas. O Ricard, mar. Ed. Bois-jolie, guard M Monette, trus. E Therrien. Eld.-dercier. J Desjardins. O Partizeau and C Perrault, rep. to grand council A H Spedding, alt. N Favreau, delgs. to advisory council N Favreau, C Corbin and O Partizeau.

Branch 194, Waterloo.

Pres. Frank Walz, first vice-pres. Stephen

Branch 104, Waterloo,
Pres. Frank Walz, first vice-pres. Stephen
Ellebron, second vice-pres. Henry Becker, rec.
sec. John Bierschbach, a-s't, sec. William
Becker, fin. sec. Thomas Nihiel, ars't fin. sec.
Joseph Benninger, reas. John Ginter, mar.
Anton Bournan, guard Michael Nowokofskey,
trus. Ed. Dolin, John W. Kestor, Joseph
Emmlinger, Paul Kloskie, Joseph Hinchberge,
rep. to grand council Jacob Ball, alt. August
Heyman.
Branch 149, Hawtrey.

Branch 149, Hawtrey. Branch 149, Hawtrey.

Spir. adv. Rev. P. Corcoran, chan. Frank
Casey, pres John Burke, first vice-pres P. McSloy, second vice-pres Edward McMahon, rec,
sec. J. A. McNamara, asst. sec. Edward
Hacket, fin. sec. Henry McElhone, treas. Chas.
McElhone, mar. Thos. Clarke, guard Jos. Olmstead, trus. John Burke, Wm. Moore, Chas.
McElhone, P. McSloy, Frank Casey, rep. to
grand council Rev. P. Corcoran, alt. John
Armstrong.

Branch 216, Charlottetown. Branch 216, Charlottetown.

Snir, adv. Rev. D B Reid, chan Jas. Mc-Isaac, pres. J B Macdonald, first vice-pres. Stanislaus Blanchard, second vice-pres. Peter McCourt, rec. sec. S P Paoli asst, rec. sec. Ed. B McLeod, fin. sec. A J Quirk, treas. E. A Macdonald, mar Simon P Grant guard P O'Reilly, trus. Rev. D B Reid, J McIsaac, Dr. S R Jenkins, P P Gillis and W T Payne, rep. to grand council Jas. McIsaac, alt. Rev. D B Reid.

E. B. A.

INSTALLATION OF OFFICERS. Sarsfield Branch, No. 28, Ottawa, Chaplain, Very Rev. Canon McCarthy: Pres. ident, P. Brankin; Vice President, J. A. Hanratty; Rec. Sec., A. Moral; Fin. Sec., J. B.

Sullivan; Insurance Sec., M. Kileen; Treas. Jas. Carroll; Stewards. T. Keough and N. Car. diff; Marshal, N. Cardiff; Asst. Marshal, D. Quiun; St. Marshal, D. Quiun; J. Quiun; Inside Guard, J. Mulvanny; Outside Guard. E. A. Connell; D. legates to Convention J. F. X. O'Meara and P. Brankin.

THE CAUSE OF HOME RULE. An Interesting Statement from Hon Edward Blake, M. P.

To the Editor of the Globe:

Sir, -With your permission, I proceed to fulfill my promise of indicating the financial requirements of the Irish Parliamentary party for this year. They exceed \$240,000; and perhaps I can best show my disposition to deal frankly by quoting, in explanation of this estimate, extracts from a confidential report which I made on the 14th November last. It is substantially as follows:

"I have personally looked into the condition of the finances of the Irish Parliamentary party, with a view to calculating the sums required to carry on the movement for next year, including the general election, which many expect to take place about the end of 1894.

"I gave you my estimates, with some of the data on which they proceed:

1-PAYMENT TO MEMBERS.

"The amount disbursed by the Treasurers this year reaches \$8,575, which, however, included a small sum for arrears. The members of the Irish Parliamentary party do not as a rule grow richer as the Parliament grows older, but the reverse; and therefore we may look rather for an increase than a diminution in this item. I conjecture that for 1894 we may require £9,000, or \$15,000.

2-REGISTRATION EXPENSES.

"The elections will probably be held on the most register. The Unionist Peers and landlords have unlimited resources, and it is absolutely necessary to make a good fight against them, as well as against Redsnondite opposition, in order to show a continuing and overwhelming Irish majority for the bill, and, indeed, in order to secure votes enough to pass it into law. A large part of the National expenses is borne by the localities To the Editor of the Globe :

overwhelming Irish majority for the bill, and, indeed, in order to secure votes enough to pass it into law. A large part of the National expenses is borne by the localities or individuals, and the effort has been always to stimulate, as far as possible, local exercitors. But in poor and exceptional districts aid must be given from ceutral funds. Part of this aid has been provided by the Irish National Federation, but we have been obliged this year to supplement its funds by £1,450; and it remains, notwithstanding, in debt in this connection to a large amount, the payment of which will so far encroach on its receipts for next year that we shall require to provide for this purpose over £2,000, or \$10,000.

to provide for this purpose over £2,000, or \$10,000.

3-BYE-ELECTIONS.

"These cost little as a rule, there being few contests. But there are occasionally large expenses, beyond those which can be locally provided; and there is always the chance of a severe contest somewhere. It would not be safe to estimate on this head less than £500, or \$2,500

4-GENERAL ELECTION FUND.

"Here, as elsewhere, the effort has been to promote, as far as possible, local or individual subscriptions. But, as you know, the expenses, which include the large charges of the returning officers, are very heavy, and it is absolutely necessary in the majority of contests to aid from a central fund. The Unionists, in order to embarris our resources, contest even utterly hopeless seats. The last general election cost this fund £8,938 108 7d. I cannot estimate the cost this time at less than £9,000, or \$15,000.

tund £8,938 10s 7d. I cannot estimate the cost this time at less than £9,000, or \$15,000.

5-BRITISH PROPAGANDA.

"Home Rule is to be won in the British constituencies by the work to be done between now and the general election. Perhaps the most effective instrament of the great Liberal electoral successes be tween 1886 and 1890 was the Irish Propaganda. Pamphlets and leaflets were most extensively distributed, and Irish speakers were constantly at work on the platform. This work, which cost in some years £4,000 has been, since the split, almost abandoned for want of funds.

"Meantime, the Irish and other Unionists have raised enormous sums for political effort. They have been systematically deluging the doubtful British constituencies with Irish newspapers, leaflets, pamphlets, letters, canvassers and speakers from Ulster and elsewhere. They claim to have affected more than one bye-election. We must meet them at bye elections in Britain, and counterwork them in the preparations for the general election. For this purpose we require £4,000, or \$20,000, and I believe no expenditure would make a better return.

6—THE EVICEED TENANTS.

"The expenditure, including administration, even after omitting, for just comparison, some special disbursements in the earlier years, was for 1890-1 £40,800. The split, and consequent paralysis, stopped the supplies. The grants have been necessarily cut down almost to starvation point.

split, and consequent paralysis, stopped the supplies. The grants have been necessarily cut down almost to starvation point.

"The expenditure was, for 1891 2, £21,700, and for 1892 3, £18,300. At least £17,000, or \$85,000, is required for 1894.

"Butthis is not all. We are in debt. main items are as follows:—
"(1) Old debt, dating from before the split, say, with interest.
"(2) Balance of debt to Mr. T. Curran, M. P., on his loan, made before the general election, say. We are in debt. The £3,680 3,100

Or \$33,900."
The Irish Parliamentary party trust that trishmen at home and abroad will recognize he reasonableness of their appeal and give o it that hearty response which the interests of the cause demand. EDWARD BLAKE.

Toronto, Jan. 6.

DEATH OF FATHER O'BRIEN.

vered.
The funeral of Father O'Brien took place at Merrickville, on Tuesday, and was conducted by Vicar General Gauthier. The funeral was attended by Vicar-General Gauthier, Brockville; Very Rev. Dean Masterson, Prescott; Very Rev. Dean Murray, Trenton; Fathers Cicolari, Erinsville; McCarthy, Regde; McCarthy, Brockville; Spratt, Wolfe Island; Hogan, Napanee; Twomey,

Morrisburg; O'Gorman, Gananoque, and several other clergymen; also by a large number of laymen, representing the different parishes in which he had labored. The remains were interred in a vault beneath the church, amidst the tears and regrets of the largest gathering of people, of all denominations, ever brought together in Merrickville. We would ask our readers in their charity to offer a short prayer for the repose of the soul of the good priest, so that if he is not already enjoying sternal bliss, the good God he loved to serve may have mercy on him.—Kingston Freeman.

MRS. MARGARET CAHILL, LONDON. MRS. MARGARET CAHILL, LONDON.
Another old pioneer of London passed away, at Mount Hope, on Wednesday, Jan.
17, in the person of Mrs. Margaret Cahill, relict of the late Michael Cahill. She received all the rites of the Church from the hands of Rev. Father Gahan, and Requiem Mass was celebrated for the repose of her soul by Rev. Father Noonan, in the cathedral, on Thursday.

Mrs. Cahill was born in Kilkenuy, Ireland in the year 1822, and came to this country when quite young.

We ask our readers to join us in the prayer that she may rest in peace.

DANIEL DUNN, SIMCOE.

DANIEL DUNN, SIMCOE.

It is our sad duty to chronicle the death of a well-known parishioner of Simcoe—Daniel Dunn—who died on the 4th Jan., after suffering with Christian fortitude a most painful and lingering illness. The deceased was born in Killeigh, Kings county, Ireland, and came to this country at the age of ten years; he was in his fifty third year. Part of his younger days were spent in California, but the later part of his life was spent on the tarm, where he died. By the aid of a good, industrious wife he accumulated a competance. But God's ways are not ours, and we know what He does is for our spiritual good. Mr. Dunn's last days were consoled with all the blessings of our Holy Church, so his wife and three little children can always remember his death with simost a sad pleasure. His funeral was largely attended by mostly Protestant neighbors, showing in what high esteem he was held by all the community. Being a practical Catholic he was always conscientious and honorable in all his dealings. No higher encomium can be given him. His remains were taken to Simcee Catholic capetery. High Mass was celebrated for the repose of his soul by the Rev. Father McMenamin.

THE SITUATION TERSELY

"J. K. N." in the Toronto Globe. Sir-You have repeatedly stated that

interference in any way by the Federal authorities with the existing system of schools in Manitoba with a view to re-moving or bettering the disabilities under which the Catholics of that Province are suffering would be an unwar rantable violation of Provincial rights. Allow me to give you my views of that matter. There is nothing which Catholics regard of more importance than a religious training for their children. They look upon it as a sacred duty, which they feel bound in conscience to discharge. If, therefore, Separate schools as such be abolished by the State, they would still maintain them as private schools, although they would be compelled to contribute to the support of the Public schools, thus paying a double tax. Catholics are honest in this sense of duty, and it ought at least to be respected by Protes-tants, as, no doubt, it is Surely, than, it is an abuse of Provincial rights to impose this hardship upon them, and establish a system which hampers them grievously in conducting their chools, in which they endeavor to give their children a thorough grounding in the doctrines of their religion, it is true, but in which they are also deter mined to secure for them an amount of secular instruction equal to that given in the Public schools. Results in the past show that they have succeeded in that determination. The only difference between the Public and former secular instruction only is supbecause this religious training is given by Catholic teachers to Catholic children (for, certainly, Protestant children would not attend Separate schools), these schools must abolished, Catholic parents obliged to turn them into private schools, and forced to support schools

With feelings of profound regret our readers will learn of the death of the Rev. Morgan Charles O'Brien, which sad event occurred at Merrickville, on Triday night. Eather O'Brien has been in delicate health for a long time past, but was especially so for some days previous to his death. Notwithstanding that his medical adviser had cautioned him that the greatest care and quiet were necessary, with the zeal and piety for which the good priest is always distinguished. Father O'Brien was prepared to risk all for the good of one soul committed to his care, and fully aware of the risk he was undergoing to return to his bed of death. Those who knew Father O'Brien will not be surprised to learn that he fell a martyr to duty, for the piety and zeal displayed by him during his four teen years in the priesthood, marked him so one worthy of a martyr's crown.

Father O'Brien was a native of Douro, in the Diocese of Peterborough, and educated in St. Michael's College, Toronto, and was ordained by the late Archbishop Lynch, of that city, Immediately after his ordination he came to Kingston, and afterwards did duty and Brickville, and in each place won the love of his Catholic people by his piety and his devotion to their spiritual and temporal interests, and also the esteem and good will of those who differed from him in religious belief, who admired him for his many noble and endearing qualities as a man. In his last illness Father O'Brien was attended by Vicar General Gauthier, who during life washis warm friend and confidential adviser. Though the trial of parting with the good Father O'Brien was a severe one to the Vicar, it was a great consolation to the dying priest to have at his bedside when breathing his sat, one whom he so much loved and revered.

The funeral of Father O'Brien took place at Merrickville, on Thesday, and was conducted by Vicar, General Gauthie, and the corresponding texts in the Catholic versions. It is possible, also, for a teacher to read his

LIC ASSOCIATION ROOMS.

A fair audience assembled last evening in the Catholic Association rooms to enjoy the literary treat which had been prepared for them. Dr. Brennan presided as chairman, and those present were delighted with the evening's programme.

The principal portion of the program was contributed by Dr. O'Hagan, a distinguished Canadian poet and talented elocutionist, who did not disappoint any one. Dr. O'Hagan gave six recitations during the evening. He is the possessor of a magnificent voice, flexible and well-rounded, which he handles with the talent of a natural elocutionist who has a keen appreciation of literature. His first recitation was Longfellow's "King Robert of Sicily," and in this his power and talent was heard to splendid advantage. His second was a humorous selection from Mark Twain, and his third the "Charge of the Light Brigade." In this familiar versestory of the memorable charge at Balaclava, Dr. O'Hagan excelled. His other renditions were "Shamus O'Brien," "The Songs that Mother Sings," a beautiful composition of bis own, and Trowbridge's "Charcoal Man." The talented elocutionist was most appreciatively received.

The musical numbers of the programme were also of merit. Misses Daisy Dolan and May Overend gave an excellent instrumental duet. Miss Annie Dunn contributed two sharming vocal solos, and Messrs, Rickey and Hickey rendered two warany approciated duets with mouth-organ and mandolin.—Peterborough Review.

At the regular meeting of Sacred Heart Court 270, held Jany. 19, the following resolution of condolence was moved by F. Burns, seconded by James O'Callaghan and duries, seconded by James O'Callaghan and adopted:
Whereas Almighty God, in His infinite wisdom, has removed by death Michael Lenihan, father of our esteemed Brother, John Lenihan, be it

John Lenihan, be it Resolved, that we, the members of this court, tender our heartfelt sympathy to Brother Lenihan, and earnestly pray that Almighty God may grant him strength to bear his affliction with Christian resignation.

Be it Resolved that copies of this resolution be Resolved that copies of this resolution be sent Brother Lenihan, and also to the CATHOLIC RECORD for publication.
Committee, Thos. McDermott, P. Deveraux, D. Howe.

aux, D. Howe.

Automatic telephones, by which every man was supposed to be his own central office and sweet "hello" girl, are going out of inshion. The experience of a Seaforth man is that the instruments require to be looked after constantly to be kept in any kind of order while it is said that even with the best of care it is not once in five times that proper connection is sectured. Hamilton manages to jog along very confortably with a model Bell telephone exchange, and there is not much room here for instruments of the automatic variety, until they work more satisfactorily than they do to day at any rate. The Bell telephone may have the standard with the standard was reliable telephone that mortal men will have the privileges of using this side of Heaven.—Hamilton Herald.

AN OWEN SOUND SENSATION. The Remarkable Experience of Mr. William Belrose.—Attacked by Malarial Fever, Followed by Partial Paralysis—Physic-ians said They could do Nothing for Him —The Means of Cure Discovered through Reading a Newspaper.

From the Owen Sound Times.

be abolished, Catholic parents be boliged to turn them into private schools, and forced to support schools to which they will not send their children, and from which, consequently, they get no benefit. This seems to me to be an arbitrary exercise of Provincial power, rather than Provincial rights.

Again, Catholics do not ask Protestants to contribute one cent in support of their schools. They are willing to establish and maintain them entirely at their own expense. But it may be said that they expect aid from the State. Certainly. The fund from which the grant is taken is made up from the proportionately to aid for their schools. They would get only their rightful share of the Provincial school of the people, and their getting it would not be an injustice to the Protestant portion of the people, who would get back for their Public schools the amount contributed by them. You state, also, that the Public schools of Manitcha are non-sectarian. You be the commandments must be taught. Now, there are innumerable differences between the Catholic and Protestant version of the people, who would get back for their Public schools the amount contributed by them. You state, also, that the Public schools of Manitcha are non-sectarian. You there were the catholic and Protestant version of the Scriptures, and they where the Bible they choose, and they are interested at a variance with the corresponding texts in the Catholic versions. It is possible, also, for a teacher to read his own favorite parts, without note or comment, it is true, but with a significant emphasis and pause, which could be made to mean a great deal.

The regulations also say the Ten

Commandments must be taught.
Taught how? Simply to be learned off by heart, er, besides that, to be explained according to the views of the teacher? It is easy to be seen that, if the latter be true (and that interpretation can consistently be taken), the Public schools would decidedly be of a sectarian character. Take the commandment, "Remember that thou keep holy the Sabbath day." Catholics believe that in order to keep the Sunday holy the first and most important obligation is to attend Mass. Would a Protestant teacher impress that on his Catholic pupils? Would he not, on the contrary, be free to tell them that they would not be obliged to attend church on that day? And so with the other commandments. Would not this stamp the Public schools as sectarian?

In view of these facts, I maintain that the Province of Manitoba has grossly exceeded its rights, and that at the present it is pursuing a course which is an intolerable oppression of the minority of that Province and a wanton interference with parentar rights.

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MARKET REPORTS.

London, Jan. 25. - Grain deliveries were London, Jan. 25.—Grain deliveries were limited, and some of the buyers effgred 51.25 per cental for choice loads of write wheat 107 cents to 51 were the ruling prices. Oats 38 cents to 51 per cental. Barley 80 to 90 per cental. Clover seed 85.75 and 45 per bushel. Beef state to 81.50 per cwt. Lamb 7c a pound wholesate. Dressed hogs 36 to 36.75 per cwt. Fowls 56 to 76c. Turkeys 9 to 10c a pound. Butter 24 to 25c a 15. for learner of 10 and crock. Figgs 20 to 25 to 35c. for fresh eggs by the single doz and 30c to 15c for large roll and crock. Figgs 20 to 25 to 35c. for fresh eggs by the single doz and 30c by the basket. Packed eggs were duil, at 15 to 18c a doz. Potatees 85 to 75c a bag. Celery 25 to 40c a doz. Apples 32.5 to 83 per barrel. Hay 85 to 85.50 per ton.

to 4cc a doz. Apples \$2.25 to 83 per barrel. Hay 88 to 88.50 per ton.

Toronto, Jan. 25. — Flour — Straight roller, \$2.70 to \$2.75; extra, \$2.40 to \$2.50. Wheat — white, 57c; spring No. 2, 58; red winter, 57; goose, 54c; No. 1 Man. hard, 75c; No. 2, 73c; peas, No. 2, 52\$ to 59c; barley, No. 1, 42\$ to 44; feed, 35 to 38c; oats, No. 2, 31c to 31;

Montreal, Jan. 25. — Wheat — No. 1 bard Maniltoba wheat, 72 to 74c; No. 3, do 70 to 72c; corn, duty paid, 62 to 64c; No. 2 oats, in store, 37 to 38c; peas, in store, 68 to 60c; rye, 56 to 57c; corn, duty paid, 62 to 64c; No. 2 oats, in store, 37 to 38c; peas, in store, 68 to 60c; rye, 56 to 57c; oarley, feed, 42 to 43c; do, malting, 52 to 54c; buckwheat, 51 to 52. Flour—Patent winter, \$2.75 to \$2.89; superfine, \$2.50 to 82.70; Manitoba strong bakers, 85.50 to 83 55. Meal—Granulated, bbis, \$4.20 to \$4.35; granulated, bags, \$2.10 to 22.20; standard, bbis, \$5.25 to 84; standard bags, \$1.90 to \$2. Feed—Bran, 816 to \$16.50; shorts, 817 to 38; monlie, \$22. Hog products Dressed hogs are lower, prices range from \$6.50 to 81.65 by the car lot and \$2.75 to 87 to 87 to 81 to 58 to 68; clard, compound, 81 to 85 chiego new mess pork, \$15.50 to 81; chans, city cured, per lb, 12 to 18c; lard, compound, 81 to 124c. Butter Townships, 21 to 22c; creamery, 21 to 25c; western darry, 194 to 29c creamery, 24 to 25c; canded, 17 to 18c; limed 16 to 17c.

Latest Live Stock Markets.

Eust Buffalo, N. Y., Jan. 20. — Cattle — Good light steers brought \$4.26 to \$8.50; fair to good at cows, \$2.15 to \$3.35, and several small lots of tockers at \$2.25 and \$2.70 Good to prime yeals

55 pound mixed sheep, \$3.25, with fair sheep at \$2.76 to \$3. TORONTO. Ditchers' Cattle-Good useful cattle brought from \$2.80 \$3; good to choice sold at from 31 to 32c, and the best cattle in the market could be bought at 32c. Sheep and Lambs — A bunch of 130 lambs, averaging 70 bs, at \$3.75 a cent; a bunch of 31 sheep, averaging 75 bs, at \$5.75 a cent; a bunch of 31

averaging 70 ba, at \$3.75 a cw; a bunch of 35 sheep, averaging 85 bs, at \$3.25 a head. Sheep sold all the way from \$1 t > 55. The latter price was paid to day for a bunch of 10 choice fat when the sale of heavy, thick, fat hogs was sheep, averaging 180 bs.

Hegs—The sale of heavy, thick, fat hogs was sheep and prices rather easier at \$4.25 to \$5 weighted off car. Stores and mixed lots sold at \$1.25 to \$5 off car.

Calves—To-day sales were made all the way from \$5 to \$8 a head; a bunch of 17, averaging 14) lbs, sold at \$7.

Milch Cows and Springers—Good springers were bought to day at \$50 to \$40 each. Milkers sold from \$50 to \$47, the latter price being paid for a choice anima!

CULLED FROM THE OLD YEAR. Lewis S. Butler, Burin, Nfld., Rheur tism.
Thos. Wasson, Sheffield, N. B., Lockjaw.
By. McMullen, Chatham, Ont., Goirre.
Mrs. W. W. Johnson, Walsh, Ont., Inflagmation.

flammation. James H. Baily, Parkdale, Ont., Neuralgia.
C. I. Lague, Sydney, C. B., La Grippe.
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