THE DOMINION PRESBYTERIAN

been, and we can't unless you help us. We shall nake all sorts of mistakes. Still no answer from the rigid fig-

Still no answer from the rigid ng-ure on the chair. "And we shall have to be away so much with my husband's Parlia-micntary dutles and what not, and 1 have no mother or sister, and I do want a friend who understands and knows. Won't you help me, Miss Devereux?"

"It is very unusual, what you ly," stammered Miss Devereux at ay, last

Lady Smythe sighed a little and es-

Lady Snythe sightad a little and ver-saycd to rise. "Archie said I would make a mess of it, and I'm afraid have, but I--I meant well, Miss Devereux, and I'm quite sincore, and i's impossible for us both to live here unless we're go-ing to be friends." The uplified face was very allur-ver Something outek and aver-

The uplifted face was very allur-ing. Something quick and over-whelming seamed to sweep over Rachel Devereux, and before she could restrain herself she had stoop-ed and kissed the sweet face of the yoman who had supplanted her. And that was how it came to pass that Hurst Devereux presented an object lesson to the world, on the old order and the new, welded together in the bonds of a friendship which blessed them both.

MOUSELAND IN WINTER.

MOUSELAND IN WINTER. The meadow mice have a good time in winter. They have nests in tussocks of grass, and under the snow they have long passages winding and twisting all over the meadows. These tunnels are fine affairs. The mice make them in spring and summer. As the first ten-der grass comes up they bite it off in lanes close to the ground. As the grass grow tail it arches over their little paths, and when it dies in the fail it mats down, making tunnels of the sedges and weeds are never out, the mice sometimes have miles of these tunnels. They always keep them open or nibbiling any grass that starts to tunneis. They always keep them open by nibbling any grass that starts to grow up in them. And as they are constantly building new ones, they are really never compelled to come out in the open. They do, however, come out on the snow to get seeds from favorite weeds.

Just think what fun it must be to go visiting in mouseland, and the excite-ment of scurrying from one small vil-lage to another! Owls have very sharp ears, and when they hear the hurrying little feet, they sometimes hover a mo-ment and then clutch down through snow and grass roof and grab poor little mousie.

The tracks on the snow in the w The tracks on the snow in the woods will interest you. If you study them you will find the story of the wood folk written there. It is fun to follow a track. You can tell what a little an-imal-a rabbit we will say-has been doing the sight before. He writes his record on the snow. You should learn to read his writing.

to read his writing. It would take a very long article to tell you how to know the different tracks. It isn't so much fun to be told though; the fun is in finding the track yourself .- Boys and Girls.

"SOLID COMFORT" ALL THE WAY THROUGH TO GOWGANDA.

The Grand Trunk Railway Company annôunce that they are placing in the hands of their agents the neer sarry in-structions that will permit of through ticketing, and checking of paggage to the Gow Ganda district.

the Gow Ganda district. The service from Chariton to Elk Lake, Long Point and Gov Ganda will be performed by eight covered sleighs, accommodating eight covered sleighs, and containing footwarmers. The sleighs are modern in every respect. The distance from Chariton to Gow Ganda is forty-nine miles, and the route will lie over the new road, upon which the Ontario Government has even to the foot of Government has months, making the road the finest in Northern Ontario. The route is undobutedly the finest, good roads and regular service being afforded.

A GOOD MAN.

Diseases are not the only things that are contagious. Courage is conta-gious. Kindness is contagious. All the positive virtues, with red blood in their positive virtues, with real blood in their veins, are contagious. The heaviest blow you can strike at the kingdom of evil is just to foliow the advice Sir Waiter Scott gave to his son-in-law, Lockhart: "Be a good man." And if you want to know how, there is but one nerfect and supreme example-the Lockhart: "Be a good man." And if you want to know how, there is but one perfect and supreme example-the life of him who not only did no evil, but went about doing good. The strong-hold of intemperance lies in the va-cancy and despair of men's minds. The way to attack it is to make the scheme way to attack it is to make the life beautiful and happy and f full of interest.

FOUR YEARS OLD.

This is my birthday-I'm four years old:

Pape says I'm worth my weight in gold, And I fancy I must be because I am

four; But mamma says I'm worth a great

deal more. She gave me a ring that she used to wear When she was little with curly hair.

And with that and a ride and a party, too,

I'm so happy I don't know what to do!

And the morning is only just begun— Oh, having a birthday is lots of fun! Were you ever four years old, like me, With a ring and a ride and a birthday teo 7

MISFORTUNE FOR THE BLOOD-LESS.

LESS. Misfortune for the bloodless—that should be printed in all the public places. You must have blood to have strong lungs to enable you to with-stand all the dust and microbes of summer and the piercing winds and cold of winter. Consumption is, pro-perly speaking, lack of blood; the na-tural result of anaemia. To prevent consumption rich blood is necessary. The best way to protect the organs is to circulate this rich blood through the lungs. Many have been saved by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, because these Pills are a remarkable blood builder; not indirectly but directly—with each dose. They have cured thousands of cases of anaenia; green sickness; dose. The cases of cases of anachia: green sickness; general debility and all other troubles arising out of poor blood.

THE WORLD WAITS.

For help. Beloved, let us love so well Our work shall still be better for our love

And still our love be sweeter for our work, Are both commended, for the sake of

each, By all true workers. Mrs. Browning.

The causes of headaches are almost innumerable. In fact, there is hard-ly a diseased condition that it not likely to be accoupanied by this symptom. The most common causes are a sluggish condition of the liver, ludneys, or bowels; indigestion; eve-strain; nervous exhaustion; catarh; decayed teeth; pelvic congestion; and various forms of neuralgia. If due to indigestion, the proper way to cure it is to remove the indigestion Clear the bowels thoroughly. If the stomach contains undigested food, an emetic is excellent. A fast of twenty-four hours or more is a good idea. Un-four hours or more is a good idea. Un-four hours or more is a cood idea. Un-four hours or more is chronic, this is all that is necessary in the majority of cases. This leads to one warning: Do not take the so-called headache powders and pills. They do noti touch the cause in any case, hence are useless. Most of them are de-cidedly dangerous. Finally, it is use-leave the cause; you simply postpone trouble. The causes of headaches are almost trouble.

A dreary place this world would be Were there no little people in it; The some of life would lose its mirth Were there no children to begin it.

A MESSAGE OF HOPE TO WORRIED MOTHERS.

There is no other medicine can equal Baby's Own Tablets for the cure of stomach, bowel, and teething troubles. Stomach, hower, and teetning troubles. They come as a message of hoye to worried mothers as they make slokly, peevish, crying children bright and well. And the mother has the guor-antee of a government analyst that this medicine contains no oplate or poison-ous secting. shift Mrs. Muscles southing stuff. Mrs. Maurice ous ous soothing stuff. Mrs. Maurice Murphy, Glanford, Ont., says:-"I think Murphy, Gianford, Ont., says:—"I think Bahy's Own Tablets the best medicine in the world. I know of nothing that can equal them in curing stomach, bowel and teething troubles." Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

A FAMOUS HYMN.

A FAMOUS HYMN. "I heard the voice of Jesus say," the direst and perhaps most loved of all dioratius Bonar's hymns, was writ-ten while the author was milister at keiso. His son tells how that he veuid take his notebook, and while ten while be busy with his pencil, mak-ng little skekenes all over the mar-gin of the page. It is evident from the manuscript that Dr. Bonar, like Jehn Wesley, made use of a kind of sonthand, though in his case the signs amployed bear a strong likeness to Diman's system. The original manuscript of "I heard he voice of Jesus say" is now very much worn and faded. It is written to get even a fatrig good result. Dr. Bonar's notebook, which is now one of the most precious releas he has lett behind, contains, it is beflev-ru, many other hymns, including "I were years previous to 'I heard the voice of Jesus say," and that yeev out fat generous to 'I heard has lett behind contains, it is beflev-ru, many other hymns, including "I way a wandering sheep," written two or three years previous to 'I heard has lett behind contains, it is beflev-ru, many other hymns, including "I way a wandering sheep," written two or three years previous to 'I heard has been benerow a strong that the very over of Jesus say," and that year out of Jesus say," and that year out if a set belind with an that year out if a set belind weight had belind hymn, "The years provers in the work". LARGEST FLOWER IN THE WORLD "I heard the voice of Jesus

LARGEST FLOWER IN THE WORLD

LARGEST FLOWER IN THE WORLD Can you imagine a blossom as large-ts a carriag z-wheel? On the island of Mundanac, one of the Philippine grodp, was found by some explorers such a flower, says a writer. Far up on the muntain of Parag, 2,600 feet abova the sea level, some ex-plorers were wandachag, when they grante cabbase heads. Gravetic estonlehad, they searched

tame across smi buds larger than gigantic cabbare heads. Grently astonished, they surched further, and presently discovered a full-grown blossom, five-petaled, and three feet in diameter. It was carried on low-lying luxuriant vines. The natives call it bolo. It was found impossible to preserve it fresh, so they photographed it and kept some vised scales found that a single flower weighed twonty-two prounds.

vised scales found that a single nower weighed twonty-two pcunds. It was afterward found to be a species of Rafflesia, first found in Su-matra and named after Sir. Stamford Raffles. The new flower is called Raf-flesia Schadenburgi, in honor of its discoverer, Dr. Schadenburg.—Ex.

THE FIRST CANDLESTICK.

THE FIRST CANDLESTICK. The first candlestick was a boy. He sat in the corner of a Scotch kitchen holding a piece of fir candle in his hands, from time to time cutting and trimming it to make it burn brightly. The fir candle was a length of wood cut off a kind of fir tree, which is found embedded in the peat. This kind of candle is still used in some parts of Scotland. Scotland

Scotland. It usually fell to the lot of the "herd-laddles" to act the part of candlestick but should a beggar ack for a night's lodging, he was expected to relieve the "herd-laddle" of his duty. A candle-stick is still called, in Aberdeenshire, a "puir man," or "poor man."-The "puir man," Child's Hour.

"Oh, mum," answered the maid, en-thusiastically, "it wuz beautiful! Why, she sung as if she wuz gargling!"