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Wonderful values and very attractive styles made exclusively for the "Better Class" trade copied from New York Styles. A new consignment every two weeks direct from manufacturer gives our customers a chance to get the very Newest Up-to-date Dresses at our "Popular Prices," not city store "Fancy Prices. Just fancy touches enough to be real smart without the frivolous fancy frills which you pay well for. These Dresses are made from the correct materials for this season such as Willow Suiting, Scotch Tissue, Cotton Canton Crepe, Normandy Voile. Simply a wonderful range at \$3.95 \$4.50, \$5.75, \$7.75.

Big Semi-annual Sale of Ladies' Blouses

Everything marked to clear quickly while the Season is on. Some lines of new goods cut half in price.

Big Semi-annual Sale of Men's Furnishings and Clothing

Glencoe's Best Underwear Store

Best Makes and in all grades, sizes, etc. Priced for our Big Semi-annual Sale.

Every Department contributes to the Big Semi-annual Sale.

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EVERY genuine piece of SMP Enamelled Ware carries the SMP shield shape trade mark. Only the choicest articles carry this sign. It guarantees the value in the article, and the use of SMP Enamelled Ware itself guarantees quick heating of foods; absolute purity; ease of cleaning; tenderly cooked food and long wear. Ask the hardware merchant for

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Three finishes: Pearl Ware, two coats of pearly grey enamel inside and out. Diamond Ware, three coats, light blue and white outside, white lining; Crystal Ware, three coats, pure white inside and out, with Royal Blue Edging.

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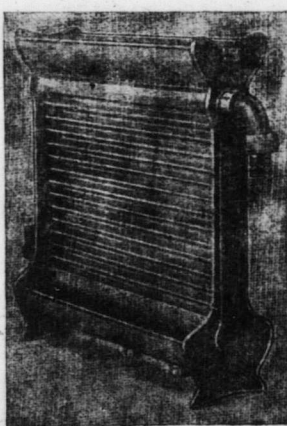
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Pays cost over and again by keeping milk sweet.

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SOMETHING NEW

We have recently purchased a Plan Book Service containing several hundred Floor Plans and Colored Pictures of Farm Houses, Bungalows and Cottages, and can furnish Blue Prints for any of these for Two Dollars each.

If you are going to build, come and look them over. This service includes drawing plans from your own ideas at a very nominal sum.

McPHERSON & CLARKE

PLANING MILL GLENCOE LUMBER YARD

The Transcript

Published every Thursday morning from The Transcript Building, Main Street, Glencoe, Ontario. Subscription—In Canada, \$2.00 per year; in the United States and other foreign countries, \$2.50 per year.

Advertising.—The Transcript covers a wide section of territory in Western Ontario, and its readers are the leading farmers and townpeople. It is a first-class advertising medium. Rates on application.

Job Printing.—The Jobbing Department has superior equipment for turning out promptly books, pamphlets, circulars, posters, blank forms, programs, cards, envelopes, office and wedding stationery, etc. A. E. Sutherland, Publisher.

MIDDLEMISS

A number from here attended the horse races at Glencoe last week. Election talk is heard here frequently.

The London Lumber Co. shipped a car of lumber from here last week. The Indian boys are again moving back to the sugar beet fields at Wallaceburg.

The funeral of the late John Dolson took place at Muncy June 16th.

Renew your daily newspaper subscriptions at The Transcript office.

STRATHBURN

John A. McRae and Mrs. Margaret Gordon have returned to Port Huron after visiting at D. H. McRae's. Alex. McRae, son of Duncan R. McRae, had the misfortune to have his hand bruised when a horse stepped on it.

Last Sunday beat the record for the passing of cars on the Longwoods Road. Miss Welch, teacher of S. S. No. 1, Muncy, has been engaged for another year. Rose McEachern is busy on the highway these days.

Rain is badly needed. Prospects for crops in this vicinity are not very good. The hay crop will be light.

The Western Fair Board, London, are making extensive improvements in their grounds and buildings for the coming fall exhibition, to be held Sept. 8th to 15th. Prize lists and advertising matter for the fair are now being circulated and may be had.

The new motor ferry operated between Victoria, B.C., and Bellingham, Wash., develops a speed of 14 knots in adverse weather. This motor driven vessel, recently launched, is the first of its class to be used in this service and the first to be added to the Canadian Pacific fleet. It has a capacity for 50 automobiles.

Abraham Martin, first Scotch settler in Canada, first King's Pilot on the St. Lawrence and first farmer on the Plains of Abraham, which were named after him, has been honored by the Canadian Pacific Steamships, Ltd., at Quebec by the erection of a granite shaft. Hon. Athanasius David, Provincial Treasurer of Quebec, officiated at the unveiling ceremony recently.

Two thousand Canadian Red Men are expected to participate in the Calgary stampede and to move on to Banff for their celebrations and pow-wow on the Indian Days, July 16th and 17th, during which the citizens of Banff will act as hosts. Pony racing, wrestling on horseback, shooting with the bow and arrow, tent-pitching and camp making contests are among the features.

"Resurrection Plant."
During the autumn and early winter several years ago men might have been seen in the streets selling an odd little plant which they called the "resurrection plant." Many and wonderful were the tales told of the plant by these itinerant salesmen to persuade their prospective customers to buy. Most of them either stated directly or else led their hearers to infer that the plants came solely from the Holy land, where they were emblematical of the Resurrection. Most of them, however, were Polypodium leucurum, the commonest of all the ferns of Florida. During the dry season the plant curls up into a small ball and has the appearance of being dead. In this condition it will bear transportation well. When placed in a bowl containing a little water its leaves will unfold and assume a bright green color, making a pretty and ornamental plant.

British Race Increasing.
The population of the United Kingdom, a little less than 10,000,000 when the century opened, had doubled by the time the American Civil war broke out. In 1901 it was 41,458,721; in 1911 it was 45,221,615. The after-war census for Great Britain showed a population of 42,757,530, excluding Ireland, so that the total for the British Isles must now be well over 46,000,000. This steady growth has gone on side by side with a huge emigration. From 1853 to 1920 14,000,000 Britishers left home for places outside of Europe, for the most part British North America, the United States, Australia, British South Africa and India.

Something Off Her Salary.
"I didn't really mean that you are a beast," said the prima donna when the row was over. "You make allowances for my artistic temperament." "I do," said her manager, bitterly, "but if there were any justice in this world I'd make deductions for it."

MEAT OF QUALITY

(Fresh, Cured, and Salt)

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We Invite Your Patronage
Phone orders promptly delivered.

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COAL, WOOD AND CEMENT

Highest Market Prices paid for all kind of Grain.

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Massey-Harris CREAM SEPARATOR

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Easy to turn. Easy to clean.
Easy Terms.
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See one before buying.

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HANDSOME MOTOR and HORSE SERVICE

Hand-made Walnut, Oak and Chestnut Finished Caskets
We also keep the best Factory Caskets and Vaults in stock

Phone 155 - Newbury, Ont.

TREATING RINGWORM

A Parasite Skin Disease Affecting Calves.

Easily Spread by Contact—Symptoms Described—Treatment Recommended—Strict Isolation of Affected Animals Necessary.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

The term "Ringworm" is applied to a skin disease of animals which is caused by a parasite of a fungus nature, and the disease results only by an animal becoming affected with this parasitic fungus or ringworm parasite.

The vitality of the ringworm parasite is very great, and often, after removal from an animal, it will live and remain active for a great length of time in a stable.

Ringworm may be conveyed or spread either by direct contact with affected animals, or indirectly by various intermediate agencies, such as infected bedding, blankets, curry combs and brushes, which have been in use.

Calves and young cattle are most commonly affected, although they are more especially when kept confined in close, damp, winter quarters, which are predisposing factors.

Adult cattle and horses are less commonly affected, although they are also liable to be attacked.

On stable premises, where ringworm occurs among calves, the parasite may remain on the walls, stalls, posts of the building and fences, and the disease may be continued on the premises and conveyed to the calves from year to year, each winter.

Symptoms of Ringworm.

The parasites attack and destroy the hair, so that the disease becomes manifested by the formation of circular bare patches of skin. The affected parts of the skin become scaly in appearance and encrusted with scabs of a silvery gray color, and when the scabs are removed a raw bleeding surface is exposed. Among yearlings and calves the disease occurs most frequently, and is noticed to affect the regions around the eyes, ears, neck and shoulders, and, in some cases in calves, may chiefly affect the skin around the mouth and lips.

In horses, ringworm is chiefly seen affecting foals and young horses, and, in them, is noticed to more often affect the upper parts of the body, such as over the shoulders, the back, loins and croup, and along the side of the neck and head.

Ringworm is also transmissible from affected animals to human beings, so that a person should guard against this possibility.

Treatment of Ringworm.

Animals affected with ringworm should be separated from non-affected animals until they have been cured from the disease, in order to prevent its spread.

The first steps in treatment should be to remove all of the bedding and litter from the stalls each day, and have it burnt and replaced with fresh clean bedding. The curry combs, brushes, blankets and other articles in use with affected animals should be disinfected either by boiling or soaking in a strong antiseptic solution, such as a 3% solution of carbolic acid or creolin, made by adding three parts of the drug to 100 parts of warm water.

Stables occupied by the affected animals should be cleaned and disinfected with linseed oil and carbolic acid. If these precautions are followed out, the affected animals can then be readily cured of the disease by thoroughly washing the affected parts with warm water and soap to remove all the encrusted scabs and matted hair. The hair around the margins of the affected parts should be closely clipped. After washing the affected parts, they should be allowed to dry, and then dressed with tincture of iodine. In using the tincture of iodine, it should be mixed in an equal amount of clean water and applied to the affected parts once a day by means of a small brush, or a cotton swab, until all of the affected parts are completely coated over. The iodine treatment should be applied daily until all of the affected parts are healed.

Another good preparation for the treatment of ringworm is a mixture composed of equal parts of tincture of iodine, carbolic acid and water, and which is applied in the same manner as the iodine itself.

Another useful remedy for the treatment of ringworm is sulphur ointment. This is made by mixing one part of sulphur and two parts of lard together, to form an ointment. The ointment is then smeared over the affected parts each day until a cure is effected.

While the affected animals are under treatment they should be kept separate from non-affected animals on the premises until they are completely cured of the disease.—C. D. McGillivray, M.D.V., Ont. Vet. College, Guelph.

Horse Stamps Foot.

Q: I have a horse that stamps his hind feet as if they were itchy. What will cure him?

Reply: The stamping is a sign of itching. Clip the hair off and wash the limbs with warm water and castile soap, using a stiff brush for the purpose. Then, after drying thoroughly apply a mixture composed of sublimed sulphur 1 ounce, oil of tar, 1 ounce, raw linseed oil, 16 ounces; mix. Shake well and apply. The dressing should be repeated 4 days later. Two or three applications are usually sufficient.

No family has a right to purchase any meat until each member has at least a pint of milk daily.



Display of New Gingham and Voile Dresses

Mrs. W. A. Currie

Main St.

Glencoe

NOTICE

Come to the North Ekfrid Feed Store

High Grade Flour (five brands kept in stock), Pastry Flour, Buckwheat and Graham Flour, Bran, Shorts, White Middlings, Feed Flour, Corn Chop, Corn Germ, Linseed Meal, Flax Seed, Oil Cake Meal, Alfalfa Meal, Cattle Epsom Salts, Dairy Salt, Rock Salt, Cattle Salt.

We also have a full supply of Royal Purple Stock Foods; Condition Powders for Horses, Cattle and Hogs. Also all kinds of Poultry Feeds, viz.:—Laying Mash, Meat Meal, Meat Scraps, Bone Meal, Oyster Shell and Grit, Poultry and Hog Charcoal. Coarse Grains of all kinds bought and sold. The celebrated Wm. Stone & Sons Fertilizers, Cement, Binder Twine, all kinds of Clover Seeds, Corn, Garden Seeds, etc.; Mangel and Turnip Seeds.

Come and see us. We have everything the Stockraiser and Poultryman requires. Satisfaction guaranteed. Grinding a specialty. Quality First; Prices Right.

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WM. MUSGRAVE

Phone M5 R38

A Pest! The European Corn Borer

Great damage to corn crops in certain sections of Ontario has been caused in recent years by the European Corn Borer. To check this pest, follow closely recommendations of the Department.



Its Life History

The moth appears about the middle of June and lasts until about the last week in July.

Egg Laying

In this period the female lays its eggs on the undersides of the corn leaves, preferably on the most advanced corn.

The Borer

The damage is done by the borer stage. The "worm" develops from the egg, eating into the stalks and ears. It winters in the stubble or stalks.

The Pupa

The worm changes to the pupa, which in turn develops into the moth about the second week of June or later.

Dominion Department of Agriculture

Arthur Gibson—Dominion Entomologist

Division of Field Crop and Garden Insects, Ottawa, Ont.

Field Laboratory, Strathroy, Ont.

NOTE: Address all enquiries to Dominion Entomological Branch, Ottawa. Send all specimens for identification to the Field Laboratory, Strathroy, Ont.