

Waterbury & Rising Ltd.

THREE STORES
KING ST. UNION ST. MAIN ST.A
Bargain
for MenDo Not
Miss ItOur
Three
Stores**\$2.68 a Pair**
—FOR—
\$4.00 Boots

On Saturday morning at 10 o'clock we shall place on sale at our THREE STORES 300 pairs of Men's Genuine Calf Boots, Button and Lace, Good-year Welts, in all sizes, from 5 to 10, at \$2.68 a pair.

This lot was made for a dealer in the West, but for reasons were not shipped. We were fortunate in securing the lot at a special price, and will give our customers a chance to get a bargain. A most opportune sale, as men will now need Fall Boots.

MACAULAY BROS. & CO., KING STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.
Our stores open 8.30 a.m., close 6 p.m. Saturday, 10 p.m.**\$1.89 Big Bargain Sale \$1.89**
—OF A—
EACH EACHSAMPLE LOT OF
Ladies' Nightdresses

This splendid assortment comprise a manufacturer's set of samples together with many splendid gowns that have become slightly soiled through being on our show tables, the whole will be offered at a one bargain price today, Monday, and until cleared.

Each \$1.89 Each

Every garment is made of superfine English Nain-sook or Longcloth and are tastefully elaborated in a huge variety of ways with either Embroideries or Laces; some have high neck and long sleeves, others V neck and long sleeves, open front, while many are made in slipover style with high neck and short sleeves. There are also quite a number in outside sizes with high neck and long sleeves, or low neck and short sleeves. Every garment worth double the sale price.

MACAULAY BROS. & CO.

LETTER FROM MR. D. RUSSELL.

To the Editor of The Standard.

Sir—I have read in your issue of yesterday the verdict on the Pinkerton-Dougherty-MacNamara suits rendered against me at Montreal, on which I make no comment. I will say, however, that I will commence criminal proceedings against these parties at an early date in the New York courts. At present I want the public to be made acquainted with the fact that the Pinkertons were all discharged by me on Oct. 17th, 1910, for giving me a false typewritten report on a Pittsburg concern whose financial standing they claimed to be (\$7,000,000) seven million dollars. That their dismissal was justifiable can be seen by the evidence given at the trial where I produced Messrs. R. G. Dun & Co.'s report showing that the concern referred to only had an authorized capital of (\$10,000) ten thousand dollars, with (\$1,000) one thousand dollars paid up. My criminal suits against these detectives will be based on the fact that on Oct. 21, 1910, they plotted to have me drugged by my then stenographer, at the Manhattan Hotel, New York City, after which I was to be overpowered and railroaded to a lunatic asylum. MacNamara had on that date in his possession, and laid before Dr. McDonald and Dr. Prichard, two leading New York alienists, at the Imperial Hotel, in room 148, a letter written by a leading Montreal doctor, consigning me to a lunatic asylum. The facts are that this doctor was not on friendly terms with me, neither had he seen me for a period of five years prior to his writing that letter. Therefore it will be readily seen that that distinguished Montreal doctor had just as much right to consign a man in Australia to a lunatic asylum as he had to consign me. After MacNamara showed Drs. McDonald

and Prichard the letter, Dr. Prichard phoned my lawyers, Kellogg & Rose, at 115 Broadway, for their opinion of me. The reply made by Dr. Rose was so forcible that both the doctors at once dropped the case, and at the trial, Dr. Prichard willingly testified on my behalf. I have a very high regard for Mr. Donald MacMaster, K.C., M.P., of London, who put up an able and brilliant fight in defence of my reputation. In one of his letters to me, written from New York at the time my suits were started against the Pinkertons, he said, "Your two writs against the Pinkertons are served on the strongest possible basis, leaving the Pinkertons without a leg to stand on." In another letter he wrote, after both suits were dismissed with costs by Judge Archer, he said: "I would not be afraid to risk the whole of my modest professional reputation on the result before a jury." Personally, I consider Mr. Donald MacMaster, K.C., M.P., the ablest lawyer Canada ever produced.

Thanking you for the space, I am,
Yours faithfully,
DAVID RUSSELL.
St. John, N. B., Oct. 31, 1914.

OBITUARY.

Patrick James Halpin.

A telegram received by relatives in the city on Saturday brought the sad news of the death at Calgary, Alta., of Patrick James Halpin, a former St. John boy. Mr. Halpin had held a responsible position at Chateau Frontenac, in Quebec, for ten years, and last May was transferred to Calgary when the C.P.R. opened the new hotel Pallister. He is survived by his wife, who was Miss Nora O'Connor of this city and one son Roy. His father and mother, John and Catherine Halpin of this city also survive, as well as one brother living in Roxbury, Mass., and two sisters, Mrs. C. W. Mattatall and Miss Margaret at St. John for burial.

Miss Anna Howard.
After a long period of failing health, Miss Anna Howard, daughter of the late William H. Howard, died at her late residence, 55 Pitt street, on Saturday. She leaves one sister to mourn, Mrs. L. D. Clarke, with whom she lived.

The funeral will take place this afternoon from her late residence. The service begins at three o'clock.

The New Bridge
Steady progress is being made with the work of the new bridge at the Reversing Falls. The top corners have been put in position and everything has been connected up. A large gang of men are at work doing the rivetting, and this will be finished up this winter. It will not be possible to put down the concrete flooring this winter.CANON GOULD
DESCRIBES
WORLD TRIPAddresses congregation of
Trinity Church on work
in foreign mission fields
—Christianity spreading

Rev. Canon Gould, general secretary of the M. S. C. C., with headquarters in Toronto, occupied the pulpit in Trinity Church last evening. Instead of preaching a regular sermon Canon Gould addressed the congregation on the work of the church in the foreign field and the conditions he found while visiting in Palestine, India, China and Japan during the last summer. He left Toronto on Christmas Day last year and was back again in that city about the middle of July. He visited officially the stations of the missionaries supported by the church in Canada and last evening told of the progress made among the different people. He first went to Palestine and visited in the city of Jerusalem, where three years before he had been stationed as a medical missionary. He had been in Jerusalem for thirteen years as a medical missionary and had a good chance to study the conditions under Turkish rule and he was naturally interested in the changes brought about by the reform in the Turkish government. It was during his last years as a permanent resident in Jerusalem that the Young Turkish party arose and it was with a peculiar interest that Canon Gould returned to the city of Palestine.

He found that the consensus of opinion was that there was more personal liberty and in the spy and censorship systems there was a great improvement. In passing through the custom house Canon Gould found things just as easy as in a western country. Generally, however, conditions were better than under the old system. In former days the exodus from that district was among the Christians but now the orthodox Mohammedans were leaving. The Hebrews taking their places. The Hebrews on account of their foreign nationality could not be called before the native judges without a representative of their own government being present and the foreigners enjoyed the privilege that the Turkish people could not secure.

Canon Gould spoke of the beauties of the Plain of Sharon, which has been cultivated by the Hebrews and he described it as he saw it in all the glory of a Spring with the almond trees in bloom. He never saw anything to equal it excepting the peach orchards of Niagara in Canada, in the full bloom of early Spring.

In connection with the present conflict he believed that Turkey was on the verge of a crisis that will cause the breaking up of that great empire.

In India.

From Palestine Canon Gould went to India where he visited the mission stations in the northern districts close up to the mountains. In the whole country of India there had been a remarkable change in the last few years through the attitude of the British Government towards the schools of the missionaries. The present great plan of universal education was the result. It was found necessary to clean up the minds of the people as well as to give them education and only the Gospel of the Son of God would do it. Canon Gould told of the educational policy of the government of India and the success of the system so far. The government had co-operated with the Christian missionaries in the establishment and maintenance of schools. In many cases the native parents requested that their children be grounded in the Christian religion. In fact the Christian religion was being generally recognized as essential to the uplift and bettering of the conditions of the people of this vast country. The Christian religion was permeating the lives of the natives of India and Canon Gould told of incidents where men of other religious ideas were adopting Christian methods.

Still there were masses grovelling before idols, which he did not describe and which were so vile that he believed that no pictures had been made of them.

China.

From India he went to the great central province of China and saw there the progress that was being made among the Chinese by the Christian missionaries. China had broken away from the old moribund and was looking forward to a progressive future. But no matter how matters turned out China would never go back to the old conditions. He told of the ad-

Found a Friend
in Dr. ChaseHis Medicines Proven Effective, and
Always Kept at Hand in This Home.

Mrs. Chas. Lovell, Agassiz, B. C., writes:—"I feel it my duty to tell you what a great friend Dr. Chase's medicines have been to myself and family. I cannot praise his medicines too highly, and Dr. Chase's name is a household word in our home. Well, quite a number of years ago I sent to you for a sample box of Dr. Chase's Ointment for protruding piles, and, having used the sample and found relief, I sent to a neighboring town for four boxes and I am completely cured. "I have also used Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills for constipation, and, after using them, I am completely cured of this dreadful disease. I am the mother of ten children, of whom nine are living, and when seven of my children were all very bad with whooping cough, caught in the middle of a severe winter, I used Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine, and they were all cured before the winter was over, and now we are never without Dr. Chase's medicines in our home, and I recommend them to all."

BRITAIN'S CAUSE
IS THE RIGHTIf she had allowed Germany
to devastate Belgium
without protest, she
would have been guilty.

Rev. J. A. Morrison preached an interesting sermon, on the war, in Carleton Presbyterian church last evening, taking as his subject a sermon delivered by Rev. James Martineau, entitled the right of war. Dr. Martineau was a famous philosopher and religious leader of England in his day, and in his sermon he made it plain that the Christian rule of forgiveness does not enable us to pardon moral guilt, but only personal affront. It does not release from the obligations of justice, which constrains us to deal with men according to their character—to hinder wrong and help the right. It exempts no one from the use of resources at our disposal, such as persuasion, discipline, power; if by letting any of them lie idle we permit an injustice we might prevent we are in the sight of heaven accomplices in its perpetration.

Applying these principles to the present war we assert that had Britain stood idly by while the troops of the Kaiser were devastating Belgium, massacring its aged, maiming its children and destroying its women, then she would have been as guilty as Germany and history might have written her as an accomplice in the crime.

The speaker said there had been in the past and probably would be in the future too much attention given to a certain type of peace advocate. This type prevented Britain in time of peace getting an army sufficiently large to have made this war impossible. Owing to the numerically inferior forces of the Allies thousands of lives had been lost, where hundreds would not have been lost if they had more men in the field. The Montreal Star said only a smashing victory would assure peace in the future, and this was right. Bishop Greer of New York inveighed against armaments, but any man who put a lock on his door relinquishes his reliance upon the appeal to reason and conscience. One of the results of this war would probably be military preparedness sufficient to protect the inviolability of treaties and repel invasion. Military preparedness is necessary not as a Christian virtue, but as a sign on moral weakness.

WILL SPEAK ON THE
CAUSES OF THE WAR

A. R. Sprenger, engineer on the new bridge at the Reversing Falls, will deliver an address before a meeting of the St. John Conservative Club on Wednesday evening in their rooms in the Market building. Mr. Sprenger will speak on the causes of the war, reviewing the history of Germany and the part she has played in European affairs. Mr. Sprenger is an interesting speaker, and has special knowledge which will enable him to handle the subject of the war in an instructive manner, and to explain the cau-

Military Matters
Military officers are busy making arrangements for raising a second contingent here, but definite information in regard to the recruiting is still lacking, as the army has to be fitted up for the accommodation of the men before volunteers are signed on.

PATRIOTIC FUND

C. B. Allan, secretary of the N. B. branch of the Patriotic Fund, requests persons having subscription lists to make returns as soon as possible.

Saturday's subscriptions are:
Jean H. Flewelling \$.50
E. C. Stuckhouse, West New
Brighton, N. Y. 5.00
South Branch, K. Co. 11.00
Residents of Bath, N. B., per
Canadian Bank of Commerce 70.75
Residents of Clones, Q. C., per
Rev. J. L. Wason 16.25
Dr. T. Fred. Johnston, second
monthly payment 10.00
Subscriptions from Chance Harbor,
collected by Mrs. E. E. Thompson:
Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Thomp-
son \$2.00
N. C. Belding50
Winslow Belding50
Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Tiner 1.00
Mr. and Mrs. Robert Belding 1.00
Mrs. Jesse Belding 1.00
Arthur Belding 1.00
William Belding 1.00
Mr. and Mrs. David Belding 1.00
Frank Crawford 1.00
Arthur Abbott 1.00
Mrs. Wm. Humphrey50
Mrs. Jarvis Mawhinney50
Jarvis Mawhinney 1.00
Percy Mawhinney 2.00
Blanche Tiner25
Dorisella Tiner25
James Tiner25
Mr. and Mrs. James Hargrove 5.00
Stanley Hepburn25
Alice Thompson 1.00
Mrs. James Thompson 1.00
James Thompson 1.00
Mrs. David Thompson 1.00
Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Thompson 2.00
Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Thompson 1.00
George B. McLellan50
Michael King 1.00
Mr. and Mrs. Geo. L. Hargrove 1.00
Mr. and Mrs. H. Mawhinney 2.00
Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Abbott 1.00
Mr. and Mrs. Fred. Thompson 1.00
Russell C. Thompson 1.00
David L. Thompson 1.00
David Thompson 1.00

Beware of teas that are dusty and full of broken leaves—as these are injurious in use and unpleasant in the cup, the dust being generally put there to reduce the cost.

"Salada" teas are always, fresh, fragrant, free from dust and economical in use—preserved and sold only in sealed packets at 35c, 45c, 55c, 65c. per pound.

The body of Mrs. Thomas Young-

claus was brought in on the Boston

train at noon Saturday. The body was

taken to Exmouth street church, where

the funeral services were conducted

by Rev. W. G. Lane. Interment was

in Fernhill Cemetery.

Mrs. C. T. Purdy and son, Clarence,

left yesterday for St. John to spend

a few days—Moncton Times, Oct. 31.

Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Condon are

guests of Coun. T. A. O'Brien, West

Side—New Glasgow News.

Mrs. Churchill and Miss Beattie

Churchill have been engaged as

Baptist missionaries in the foreign

field are in the city the guests of Mrs.

David Hutchinson, Douglas Avenue.

These are the biscuits that vanish
fast behind busy little milk teeth.
Puffs and rolls, snaps, waffles,
cakes and crumpets—for all your
goodies—Five Roses.**Five
Roses
Flour**

Not Bleached Not Blended

MADE BY THE WOODS BAKING COMPANY LIMITED, CANADA.

This Adv. is Worth One
Hundred Dollars (\$100)
to Someone.Cut this out and the next time
you require any dentistry of any
kind whatever, such as teeth ex-
tracted, filled, cleaned, artificial
teeth made or mended, call and
see us, as you may be the lucky
one.BOSTON DENTAL PARLORS,
527 Main St.—245 Union St.
DR. J. D. MAHER, Proprietor.
Tel. Main 683.
Open 9 a. m. until 9 p. m.

IMPORTANT

There are two important
facts to keep in mind about
the coals delivered by this
company. (1) Each is the
very best of its kind that
money can buy. (2) Be-
fore delivery every load is
rescreened to remove all
slack and dust.You will appreciate this
once you have tried Our
Coal**CONSUMERS
COAL CO. LIMITED**
331 CHARLOTTE STREET
TELEPHONE: MAIN 2670

STANDARD, OCTOBER 30, 1914.

**STEAM
BOILERS**We have on hand, and offer for
sale the following new boilers built
for a safe working pressure of one
hundred and twenty-five pounds:—
One "Inclined" Type 60 H. P.
One Return Tubular Type 60 H. P.
One Locomotive Type 20 H. P.
Two Vertical Type 20 H. P.
Full particulars and prices will be
mailed upon request**I. MATHESON
& Company, Ltd.**
BOILER MAKERS
NEW GLASGOW, NOVA SCOTIA.CHOICE
Carleton Co. Hay,
Manitoba White Oats
All kinds of Mill
Feeds
At lowest possible prices.**A. C. SMITH & CO.,**
9 Union Street, West St. John.
Telephone West 7-11 and West 8-1**\$1,400,000,000**That is the value of Canada's
manufactures for one year---in
money. But what of their
value measured in the comfort,
the happiness and the well-
being of the whole country?To produce them gives
employment to over six hun-
dred thousand workpeople,
whose total wages amount to
\$288,000,000 each year.These workers, with their families and those who
benefit by their purchasing power, number nearly one-
third the population of Canada---supported by Cana-
dian manufactures.How readily it is apparent that the prosperity and
happiness of every Canadian---of yourself---depend on
the continuous employment of these people---on the
consumption of goods "Made in Canada".Canadian factories support one-third of our popula-
tion. Are you helping to support Canadian factories?**EMPLOY OUR OWN DOLLARS TO
EMPLOY OUR OWN WORKMEN**