

LE TRADE

SHADES, consisting of... and... Window Shades...

Street, St. John, N. B.

Julian said, "Is the money... for the purse... Siler handed up two checks...

"You notice, three days... Siler handed up two checks... Siler handed up two checks...

"You notice, three days... Siler handed up two checks... Siler handed up two checks...

"You notice, three days... Siler handed up two checks... Siler handed up two checks...

"You notice, three days... Siler handed up two checks... Siler handed up two checks...

"You notice, three days... Siler handed up two checks... Siler handed up two checks...

"You notice, three days... Siler handed up two checks... Siler handed up two checks...

"You notice, three days... Siler handed up two checks... Siler handed up two checks...

"You notice, three days... Siler handed up two checks... Siler handed up two checks...

"You notice, three days... Siler handed up two checks... Siler handed up two checks...

"You notice, three days... Siler handed up two checks... Siler handed up two checks...

"You notice, three days... Siler handed up two checks... Siler handed up two checks...

"You notice, three days... Siler handed up two checks... Siler handed up two checks...

"You notice, three days... Siler handed up two checks... Siler handed up two checks...

"You notice, three days... Siler handed up two checks... Siler handed up two checks...

NOVA SCOTIA.

HALIFAX. Halifax, Feb. 19.—Important amendments to the liquor license law were made during the recent session of the legislature...

HALIFAX. Halifax, Feb. 19.—Pope Leo XIII. has granted a decree of divorce to John Keefe, a Halifax man, for adultery by his wife...

HALIFAX. Halifax, Feb. 23.—The steamer Strathcarron, from Java for Halifax, loaded with sugar, struck a rock while entering the harbor at Louisbourg today short of coal...

HALIFAX. Halifax, Feb. 23.—A fire at New Glasgow today destroyed the Baptist church there with all its contents. The loss is heavy. There was \$1,200 insurance.

HALIFAX. Halifax, Feb. 23.—The students of Dalhousie University filled with martial spirit, are forming two companies of militia, which will be drafted into the 83rd Battalion of Rifles...

HALIFAX. Halifax, Feb. 20.—To a representative of the Associated Press, today, Archbishop Ireland said, "The report comes from Halifax that Pope Leo XIII. has granted a full, or an annulment of the ground of invalidity on the part of the woman, clearly a maintenance of the Catholic church is that a valid marriage contract, duly contracted, cannot be annulled or voided by any authority on earth...

HALIFAX. Halifax, Feb. 20.—The provincial government have appointed Francis J. Bell, Dr. John Stewart and Frank J. Phelan commissioners to enquire into the management of the Victoria General Hospital, Mr. Bell is to be chairman.

HALIFAX. Halifax, Feb. 20.—The provincial government have appointed Francis J. Bell, Dr. John Stewart and Frank J. Phelan commissioners to enquire into the management of the Victoria General Hospital, Mr. Bell is to be chairman.

HALIFAX. Halifax, Feb. 20.—The provincial government have appointed Francis J. Bell, Dr. John Stewart and Frank J. Phelan commissioners to enquire into the management of the Victoria General Hospital, Mr. Bell is to be chairman.

as one of the crew of the schooner April Fool from the West Indies, and that on the way up Wheeler unsuccessfully attempted to knife another member of the crew.

Alex. Wilson & Sons, the largest fresh fish merchants in Halifax, are about trying the cultivation of Nova Scotia's crustacean, the lobster. At present the fish is caught mostly in the spring time, and then only brings a small price to fishermen and little profit to dealers.

The steamer Strathcarron, from Java for Halifax, loaded with sugar, struck a rock while entering the harbor at Louisbourg today short of coal. The damage to her is serious. One compartment is full of water. After coaling the steamer will come on to Halifax and dock. The cargo is valued at \$200,000, and insured under a general policy with the Atlantic Mutual, New York.

The Lunenburg arrived from La Have this afternoon with the now somewhat famous runaway schooner Donzello, which was piloted up by a prize crew of American fishermen, in tow.

A fire at New Glasgow today destroyed the Baptist church there with all its contents. The loss is heavy. There was \$1,200 insurance.

HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 23.—Father Doherty, J. M. of Montreal, preached eloquently at St. Joseph's church last night. Father Doherty is a son of the late Wm. Doherty of the old firm of Doherty & McTavish, St. John.

HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 23.—The students of Dalhousie University filled with martial spirit, are forming two companies of militia, which will be drafted into the 83rd Battalion of Rifles. Each company will be fifty or sixty strong, and the regular number have already volunteered. The Canadian government has been asked to approve of the scheme, which has been in progress ever since President Cleveland's message to congress on the Venezuelan dispute.

HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 20.—To a representative of the Associated Press, today, Archbishop Ireland said, "The report comes from Halifax that Pope Leo XIII. has granted a full, or an annulment of the ground of invalidity on the part of the woman, clearly a maintenance of the Catholic church is that a valid marriage contract, duly contracted, cannot be annulled or voided by any authority on earth...

HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 20.—The provincial government have appointed Francis J. Bell, Dr. John Stewart and Frank J. Phelan commissioners to enquire into the management of the Victoria General Hospital, Mr. Bell is to be chairman.

ON A BICYCLE TOUR.

A Clergyman's Experience With Long Hard Riding. Has Travelled Fully 3,000 Miles On His Wheel—He Makes Some Reflections On the Benefits of the Sport, and Tells of the Dangers.

(From the Utica, N. Y., Press.) (The Rev. Wm. P. Ferguson, Presbyterian minister at Whitesboro, whose picture we give below, will not be unfamiliar by sight to many readers. A young man, he has still had an extended experience as foreign missionary, teacher, editor, lecturer and pastor that has given him a wide acquaintance in many parts of the country.)

In an interview a few days ago, he said: "The early summer of '94 I went upon a tour through several States on my wheel. My route was from Utica to Capt. Vincent, thence by steamer to Kingston, and from there along to the north shore of the lake to Toronto and around to Niagara Falls. I arrived at Cape Vincent at 6 o'clock, having ridden against a strong head wind all day.

"After a cheerful sail through the Thousand Islands, I stepped on shore in the quaint old city of Kingston. A shower had fallen and the streets were damp, so that wisdom would have dictated that I, leg-weary as I was, should have kept indoors, but so anxious was I to see the old city that I spent the whole evening in the streets.

"Five o'clock the next morning brought a very unwelcome discovery. I was lame in both ankles and knees. The head wind was not the only enemy I had proved an unfortunate combination. I gave, however, little thought to it, supposing it would wear off in a few hours, and the first flush of sunlight was upon me as I started on the road that leads toward Napanee.

"Night overtook me at a little village near Port Hope, but found me still lame. I rested the next day, and the next, but the lameness was not cured. I rode a good many miles during the rest of the season, but never a day and seldom a mile without pain.

"The winter came and I put away my wheel, saying now I shall get well, but to my disappointment I grew worse. Some days my knees almost forbade walking and my ankles would not permit me to wear shoes. At times I suffered severe pain, so severe as to make study a practical impossibility, yet it must be understood that I concealed the condition of affairs as far as possible.

"From being local the trouble began to spread slightly and my anxiety increased. I consulted two physicians, but without result. So the winter passed. One day in March I happened to take in my hand a newspaper in which a good deal of space was taken by an advertisement for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I did not at first know what they were supposed to cure, but I should have paid no attention to the article had I not caught the name of the physician whom I knew. Reading, I found that she had been greatly benefited by the use of Pink Pills, and knowing her as I did I had no doubt of the truth of the statement that she had authorized.

"The first box was not gone before I saw a change, and the third had not been finished before all signs of the rheumatic troubles were gone to stay. I say 'gone to stay,' for though there has been every opportunity for a return of the trouble, I have not felt the twinge of it. I have wheeled thousands of miles and never before with so little discomfort. I have had it from the most severe test of strength and endurance, and have come through them without an ache. For example, one afternoon I rode seventy miles, and that night and made a further ride of the hundred and twenty miles the next day. Another instance was a 'Century run,' the last forty miles of which were made in a down-pour of rain through mud and slush.

OUR BOSTON LETTER

Eight Members of Congress are Canadians by Birth.

Two Out of the Eight Fall From New Brunswick, One Claiming York Co. Condition of the Farmers in the Liberal's Market—The Fish Trade Active.

(From our own Correspondent.) Boston, Feb. 23.—The American people ended their week's work yesterday, and most of them in this part of the country are celebrating in a quiet way the national day of the "father of their country," as the president of the United States is usually termed. It is somewhat of a peculiar coincidence that George Washington, the first president of the United States, was born in the shortest month of the year.

There are eight members of the present congress who were born in Canada, and the most prominent of these are: Samuel M. Stephenson, congressman from the second district of Indiana, who is a native of Simcoe, Ont.; Mr. Hardy was elected by congressmen from the ninth district of Wisconsin, born in York county, New Brunswick; James McMillan, senator from Michigan, native of Hamilton, Ont.; James T. McCreary, congressman from the second district of Minnesota, born at Grand Rapids, Minn.; Jacob H. Gallinger, senator from New Hampshire, born at Cornwall, Ont.; William W. Grout, congressman from the second district of Vermont, born at Compton, N. S.

Samuel A. Cook, congressman from the sixth district of Wisconsin, native of Toronto, All are republicans. In the United States government persists in collecting the duties from herring brought from Newfoundland by American fishing vessels, the provincial fishermen and exporters are sure to receive a considerable benefit. They will be placed on the same footing, and as many Gloucester dealers will give up importing these fish if they have to pay duty, there is every probability that the supply will diminish unless filled in by provincial fishermen. At present it looks as if the duty would be collected, although the big fish houses will fight the edict to the bitter end.

Angus D. Gilbert, the Halifax man who was convicted of murdering a ten year old girl in Dorchester, was the first murderer to undergo the death penalty in this state for about 20 years. The last execution was that of a sexton of the Warren avenue Baptist church, who, like Gilbert, was convicted of killing a little girl.

Samuel H. Ross, an employee of the New England Newspaper Co., and a native of Charlottetown, died this week from heart failure while at work here.

The lumber situation both from the standpoint of the operator and dealer is very much improved, and a more satisfactory feeling prevails. The market continues firm here, especially for spruce, of which there is a limited supply. News from the eastern lumber woods is also more encouraging, and it is believed a fair season's work will be done in spite of the unfavorable conditions which prevailed in the early part of the winter. Real estate men here claim to know that there will be a larger amount of building done in the suburbs in the spring than for many years, and the dealers are hopeful of higher prices. It is also thought the Northeastern Lumbermen's association will be better prepared to handle business next season and that the will not be as much cutting in prices as was done. Several provincial lumbermen have written Boston houses regarding the prospect of the U. S. government placing a duty on lumber that is now free, and there is little likelihood of this being done until the summer of 1897. President Cleveland will veto any attempt by the republicans to tax lumber, and it will be several months before legislation can be put into effect.

Spruce clapboards are particularly strong just now, owing to small supply, but the same may be said of matched boards. Shingles, which have

WILL IT PAY TO BUY A BONE CUTTER?

LET US SEE.....

Suppose we have twenty hens, and are feeding corn, oats, meal, etc., and getting but four or five eggs per day. We begin to feed green cut bone; in less than a week we are getting eleven or twelve eggs per day, an increase of seven eggs per day; in seven days we would get forty-nine eggs more than we were getting before. Forty-nine eggs a week for ten weeks equals 490. We will call the price of eggs two cents each, which is a low estimate, and we have the sum of \$9.80 clear gain over feeding without green bone. Now, suppose instead of twenty hens we keep 100 or 200, every intelligent poultryman can see at a glance what a vast difference it will make to his profits, and will admit that it is a stupid folly to try to dispense with a Bone Cutter.

The increase of eggs is only one of the many sources of profit that follow.

Green Cut Bone Makes Eggs Larger. Green Cut Bone Makes Eggs More Fertile. Green Cut Bone Makes Chickens Grow Faster and Hardier. Green Cut Bone Keeps Chickens in Health. Green Cut Bone Prevents Roup. Green Cut Bone Prevents Egg Eating and Feather Picking. Green Cut Bone Reduces the Grain Bill. Green Cut Bone Gives Better Color to Plumage and Comb.

It is not a stimulant or a medicine, but is simply a perfect food, which has in it every constituent of the egg, and the hen instead of having to wait days or weeks to accumulate enough material from common food to make the egg, finds just what is wanted in green bone, and in consequence she just can't help laying.

This is a plain statement of the facts, which will appeal to every thoughtful and intelligent person. Investigate it, and the results will surely compel you to admit that

A BONE CUTTER WILL PAY!

W. H. THORNE & CO. (LIMITED) - MARKET SQUARE, ST. JOHN.

BREAKFAST CEREALS,

MANUFACTURED BY THE IRELAND NATIONAL FOOD COMPANY.

Self-Rising Buckwheat, Desiccated Rolled Wheat, Gluten Flour, Rolled Wheat, (bliss), Rye Flour, Wholesale by

JARDINE & CO., 28 and 30 Water Street

Suit you exactly, Sir!

I picked him up from a man who was selling about a horse. The neighbors said he was "hard to keep." I knew where the trouble was. His hair stood on end like the feathers on a Poland hen. His hide was so tight that the flap of your hand on his forehead like the best of a drum. He was so thin you could see him only when he was with him—gave him Dick's Blood Purifier and now after six weeks he is as fat as a pig. Yes Sir—just six weeks! You can't beat Dick's, it simply puts an animal right. Its worth dollars where it costs cents. You can get it from druggists or at general stores but if they don't have it don't let them palm off something else on you—because you can send 50 cents to Dick & Co., P. O. Box 482, Montreal and they will send you a trial package—post paid.

been depressed for many months, and slowly improving, and it is believed that higher prices will be had. Lashes remain quiet at unchanged prices. Hemlock is meeting with fair demand. Pine continues quiet. The following are present quotations at first hands here. Spruce—Boards, planed one side, by car \$12 to 13.50 per M; bundled furrings, \$12 to 13; frames, ten inches and under, \$14.25 to 15; dimensions, 10 to 12 inches, \$15; 12 to 13; match boards, \$16 to 17; yard random, \$13 to 13.50; floor boards, planed one side, matched, \$14.50 to 15; do, clear, \$25 to 27; No. 1, \$20 to 22; No. 2, \$18 to 19; extra spruce clapboards, \$20 to 24; plain sap clapboards, \$25 to 26; shingles, \$1.40 to 1.50; laths, \$1.30 to 1.50. Pine—Coarse No. 2, Eastern pine, \$15 to 17; extra, \$20 to 25; rough edge stock, box boards, etc., \$9 to 12; match boards, \$19 to 22; pine sap clapboards, \$45 to 47; sap clear, \$40 to 42; second clear, \$30 to 35. Hemlock—Provincial hemlock boards, \$18 to 20; rough edge, \$15 to 18; planed and butted, \$11 to 12; extra cedar shingles, \$2 to 2.10; clear, \$1.90 to 2.00; second clear, \$1.75; extra No. 1, \$1.50; No. 1, \$1.25 to 1.50; plain oak lumber, \$35 to 40; quartered, \$50. The fish trade is active at present owing to the Lenten demand. Mackerel and canned lobsters are very scarce, the latter, in fact, having been about all cleaned out. Codfish are steady with the fair request. Pickled herring are higher and in strong demand, especially for Cape Breton mackerel and Nova Scotia large split. Fresh fish have gone away up in price, owing to the cold and stormy weather of the past fortnight, and some varieties have been entirely sold out. Sardines remain in the same position. The request is only fair and prices refuse to advance even when limited by the Eastport and Lubec packers. Prices with receivers are as follows: \$15 to 100 lbs; steak cod, \$7 to 7.50; haddock, \$5 to 5.50; large hake, \$5 to 5.50; small, \$2.50 to 3; pollock, \$3 to 3.50; steak pollock, \$4 to 4.50; trout, 100 per lb; seals, \$1 to 8; frozen mackerel, \$2 to 2.50; provincial smelts, 5 to 60; extra do., 8 to 10; natives, 70; frozen herring, \$1 to 1.25 per 100; white halibut, 15 to 170 per lb; gray, 150; chicken, 20 to 250; bluefish, 100; eastern trout salmon, 18 to 200. Salt fish—Provincial extra mackerel, \$20 to 21 per bbl.; Provincial No. 1, \$18; large Georges cod, \$5.50 to 5.75 per ctn.; medium, \$2.25; large dry hake, \$2.50; medium, \$2.12 to 2.50; large pickled hake, \$3.50; medium, \$2.25; hake, haddock and pollock, \$1.50; N. S. split herring, \$3.75 per bbl.; Labrador \$5; round shere, \$2.50 to 3; Newfoundland salmon, No. 1, \$20; No. 2, \$18. Canned fish—Eastern sardines, quarter ovals, \$2.50; three-quarter mustards, \$2.10 to 2.15; lobsters, none; mackerel, 1 lb. ovals, \$1.40 to 1.50; Alaska salmon,



LET US SEE.....

Suppose we have twenty hens, and are feeding corn, oats, meal, etc., and getting but four or five eggs per day. We begin to feed green cut bone; in less than a week we are getting eleven or twelve eggs per day, an increase of seven eggs per day; in seven days we would get forty-nine eggs more than we were getting before. Forty-nine eggs a week for ten weeks equals 490. We will call the price of eggs two cents each, which is a low estimate, and we have the sum of \$9.80 clear gain over feeding without green bone. Now, suppose instead of twenty hens we keep 100 or 200, every intelligent poultryman can see at a glance what a vast difference it will make to his profits, and will admit that it is a stupid folly to try to dispense with a Bone Cutter.

The increase of eggs is only one of the many sources of profit that follow.

Green Cut Bone Makes Eggs Larger. Green Cut Bone Makes Eggs More Fertile. Green Cut Bone Makes Chickens Grow Faster and Hardier. Green Cut Bone Keeps Chickens in Health. Green Cut Bone Prevents Roup. Green Cut Bone Prevents Egg Eating and Feather Picking. Green Cut Bone Reduces the Grain Bill. Green Cut Bone Gives Better Color to Plumage and Comb.

It is not a stimulant or a medicine, but is simply a perfect food, which has in it every constituent of the egg, and the hen instead of having to wait days or weeks to accumulate enough material from common food to make the egg, finds just what is wanted in green bone, and in consequence she just can't help laying.

This is a plain statement of the facts, which will appeal to every thoughtful and intelligent person. Investigate it, and the results will surely compel you to admit that

A BONE CUTTER WILL PAY!

W. H. THORNE & CO. (LIMITED) - MARKET SQUARE, ST. JOHN.

BREAKFAST CEREALS,

MANUFACTURED BY THE IRELAND NATIONAL FOOD COMPANY.

Self-Rising Buckwheat, Desiccated Rolled Wheat, Gluten Flour, Rolled Wheat, (bliss), Rye Flour, Wholesale by

JARDINE & CO., 28 and 30 Water Street

Suit you exactly, Sir!

I picked him up from a man who was selling about a horse. The neighbors said he was "hard to keep." I knew where the trouble was. His hair stood on end like the feathers on a Poland hen. His hide was so tight that the flap of your hand on his forehead like the best of a drum. He was so thin you could see him only when he was with him—gave him Dick's Blood Purifier and now after six weeks he is as fat as a pig. Yes Sir—just six weeks! You can't beat Dick's, it simply puts an animal right. Its worth dollars where it costs cents. You can get it from druggists or at general stores but if they don't have it don't let them palm off something else on you—because you can send 50 cents to Dick & Co., P. O. Box 482, Montreal and they will send you a trial package—post paid.

been depressed for many months, and slowly improving, and it is believed that higher prices will be had. Lashes remain quiet at unchanged prices. Hemlock is meeting with fair demand. Pine continues quiet. The following are present quotations at first hands here. Spruce—Boards, planed one side, by car \$12 to 13.50 per M; bundled furrings, \$12 to 13; frames, ten inches and under, \$14.25 to 15; dimensions, 10 to 12 inches, \$15; 12 to 13; match boards, \$16 to 17; yard random, \$13 to 13.50; floor boards, planed one side, matched, \$14.50 to 15; do, clear, \$25 to 27; No. 1, \$20 to 22; No. 2, \$18 to 19; extra spruce clapboards, \$20 to 24; plain sap clapboards, \$25 to 26; shingles, \$1.40 to 1.50; laths, \$1.30 to 1.50. Pine—Coarse No. 2, Eastern pine, \$15 to 17; extra, \$20 to 25; rough edge stock, box boards, etc., \$9 to 12; match boards, \$19 to 22; pine sap clapboards, \$45 to 47; sap clear, \$40 to 42; second clear, \$30 to 35. Hemlock—Provincial hemlock boards, \$18 to 20; rough edge, \$15 to 18; planed and butted, \$11 to 12; extra cedar shingles, \$2 to 2.10; clear, \$1.90 to 2.00; second clear, \$1.75; extra No. 1, \$1.50; No. 1, \$1.25 to 1.50; plain oak lumber, \$35 to 40; quartered, \$50. The fish trade is active at present owing to the Lenten demand. Mackerel and canned lobsters are very scarce, the latter, in fact, having been about all cleaned out. Codfish are steady with the fair request. Pickled herring are higher and in strong demand, especially for Cape Breton mackerel and Nova Scotia large split. Fresh fish have gone away up in price, owing to the cold and stormy weather of the past fortnight, and some varieties have been entirely sold out. Sardines remain in the same position. The request is only fair and prices refuse to advance even when limited by the Eastport and Lubec packers. Prices with receivers are as follows: \$15 to 100 lbs; steak cod, \$7 to 7.50; haddock, \$5 to 5.50; large hake, \$5 to 5.50; small, \$2.50 to 3; pollock, \$3 to 3.50; steak pollock, \$4 to 4.50; trout, 100 per lb; seals, \$1 to 8; frozen mackerel, \$2 to 2.50; provincial smelts, 5 to 60; extra do., 8 to 10; natives, 70; frozen herring, \$1 to 1.25 per 100; white halibut, 15 to 170 per lb; gray, 150; chicken, 20 to 250; bluefish, 100; eastern trout salmon, 18 to 200. Salt fish—Provincial extra mackerel, \$20 to 21 per bbl.; Provincial No. 1, \$18; large Georges cod, \$5.50 to 5.75 per ctn.; medium, \$2.25; large dry hake, \$2.50; medium, \$2.12 to 2.50; large pickled hake, \$3.50; medium, \$2.25; hake, haddock and pollock, \$1.50; N. S. split herring, \$3.75 per bbl.; Labrador \$5; round shere, \$2.50 to 3; Newfoundland salmon, No. 1, \$20; No. 2, \$18. Canned fish—Eastern sardines, quarter ovals, \$2.50; three-quarter mustards, \$2.10 to 2.15; lobsters, none; mackerel, 1 lb. ovals, \$1.40 to 1.50; Alaska salmon,

SHORT TALKS ON ADVERTISING. No. 3. (Copyrighted by Charles Austin Bates). The first insertion of an advertisement very seldom pays. That is to say—if you have never advertised before in a certain paper it will take some little time for its readers to get acquainted with you, and until they do, don't expect much return. There are occasional exceptions, of course, but they are few and far between. It is the systematic, persistent effort that pays in advertising as in everything else. In taking medicine the regularity of the dose is almost as important as the drug itself.

For that reason the columns of the newspaper offer the very best medium for business announcements. For that reason, programmes and wall hangers and schemes of all sorts, from an industrial write up of the firm to a picture card, are never effective. It is very well enough to indulge in a pretty novelty occasionally, if you are using all the space you need in the papers. I have been a publisher of programmes and of other "schemes"—I have advertised in them, and in my whole experience on both sides of the fence I have never heard or known of a single advertisement in a medium (?) of that kind that paid.

The local newspaper goes into the house bristling with intelligence, brimful of the news of the world, sparkling with the daily doings of the community. If its advertisements awake to their opportunities it contains business news of value to every reader, for it pays to read advertisements. Advertisements are becoming more truthful every day. Business men know that their news must be true, or it will fail—they remember the story of the boy and the wolf. I think it is safe to say that any woman who makes a business of reading business news—she will increase buying power of her husband's dollars as much as 25 per cent. I am not sure but the percentage is even greater at my house.

THE WEEKLY SUN Leads Them All

Coughing.

For all the ailments of Throat and Lungs there is no cure so quick and permanent as Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil. It is palatable, easy on the most delicate stomach and effective.

Scott's Emulsion

stimulates the appetite, aids the digestion of other foods, cures Coughs and Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, and gives vital strength besides. It has no equal as nourishment for Babies and Children who do not thrive, and overcomes Any Condition of Wasting. Send for pamphlet on Scott's Emulsion. Free. Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All Druggists, 50c. & \$1.

MONEY FOR MISS BARTON.

New York, Feb. 20.—The national Armenian relief committee today sent \$25,000 by cable to Miss Clara Barton at Constantinople, and will send forward other sums immediately.

THE WEEKLY SUN, \$1.00 A YEAR.