LE TRADE

SHADES, consisting of and ap Window Shades.

Street, St. John, N. B. Julian said, "Is the money

ourke handed up two cers. Siler tendered them to said they would not do: anted the cash.

e you notice three days mons chimed in from his essing himself to Siler, "that not fight until the money your hands at the ring

all right," Tom O'Rourke the vicinity of Maher's coryou think we would pack h down here? It is the have ever been questioned. have been going around for

inted the cash. Siler reiterthe checks were certified re all right. it go," Fitzsimmons inter-

e have given in to every-we will give in to this." tossed his head, the utterapplauded. Siler took the

called the men to the e ring and said: "By the fight. When there is a ill for a break-away, each a step back. I don't want and getting between you. a knock-down, the man his feet before he can be careful about fouls. Get

ns went to his corner and ath robe. Julian and Ever-Fitzsimmons remaining rt thigh trunks of dark belt showing the Amerion the top of his a similar office had be Maher he showed up in half way to the knees. shoes were similar to minaries had shown the nce. Maher's lips seemgue and took deep inhalas mouth and throat were

nds," Referee Siler said. anced, Fitzsimmons with nfidence still showing er promptly and liar air than he had yet retired to their corners.
t the whistle of warning seconds later the call of balls of burnished blue nons at the middle of the eyes were circled from tack of "Alkali eye," and deceptive footlight glare. ht for the heavy-weight o of the world was at last

d.—Fitzsimmons led with ther backed towards his clinch followed. Maher with his right hand while that if he did so again ld give the fight to Fitzfter a breakawey, Peter eft on Fitz's neck. Close wed, and Maher sucding his left on Fitzsimlip, drawing blood. Fitz left and right. Clinch fol-ler feinted and Bob led ht, but fell short. A mix n which Peter landed both ft on either side of Fitz-ad. Maher led with his other clinch. Fitz seemed ed and broke ground on Peter followed him up his left, when Bob sideswinging his right, landpoint of Peter's left chin. ured his length on the ad striking the canvas rce. He vainly attempted could not do more than d. His seconds called or up, but he failed to reank back to the canvas. been sparring more than en this occurred. Maher out completely ,and the general feeling this re-itable and yet there is no at among the sports who long way that the affair and one sided. The project proved a total

ell to the floor Fitzsimback, his eyes sparknile playing around azed upon his fallen foe seconds and then walks corner and sat down. and Evehart crowded rging him to get up and

or him, Fitz," yelled Ju-t for him." or Heaven's sake, plead-He may come at you."

rom me, get away from "snarled Fitzsimmons; he's out," and by the hed speaking Maher's was a thing of the past t I tell you he was out?" nons in a peevish ned to pull his bath-robe to keep out of the cold. that was falling. stayed for a few minrner looking across at hen jumping briskly to alked rapildy across the ed his gloved hand to

eached for it, but Fitzit back with a laugh, ian to untie the string walked back to Maher s bare hand, with the Peter." Maher reachaded hand and shook it out rising from his seat

d on page fifteen.)

NOVA SCOTIA.

HALIFAX. Halifax, Feb. 19.-Important amendments to the liquor license law were made during the recent session of the legislature. The pint limit of the quantity of liquor that may be retailed is abolished, but nothing can be drunk on the premises. Formerly the inspector could not search the person of people found in suspected places for liquor. Now the premises and person can both be searched. Any ratepayer is given authority to copy the names on the license applications.
No license taken since 1891 within one hundred yards of a railway can be retained. For every license which the courts may decide to have been grant-

ed illegally in the city, the mayor

and inspector are each liable to a fine of one hundred dollars. kind ever recorded in Canada. The Roman Catholic church does not recthe marriage of a divorced person, death alone terminating the marriage tie. Marriage dissolved by the Pope enables either of the persons to marry again. In this case application was made from Halifax to Rome for a special dispensation from his holiness for a clerical court sitting on behalf of bor at Louisburg today short of coal. the husband. In order to get a legal dissolution of the marriage the case

was also brought before a supreme

court judge, who granted the divorce Great anxiety is expressed here over the non-arrival of the steamer Strathcarron, now ten days overdue from the East Indies, with a cargo of sugar for the cadia Sugar Refinery company. She left Probolingo in November and Samarang December 7th. She passed Gibraltar January 19th, and the last report from her was her sailing from St. Michael's January 29th. By this time, if not disabled, she must be out of coal. The Strathcarron has no doubt had a hard time in the many gales that have been sweeping over the western ocean during the past month. The steamer is commanded by Capt. Splatt and has a crew of twenty five men. She is a steel steamer, 3,203 gross tons, was built at Port Glasgow in 1894, and is owned by Geo. and William Burrill of Glasgow. Her cargo is worth \$50,-000. The steamer Aswanly, which left Hamburg for Philadelphia four days before the Strathcarron left Gibraltar, and which passed Dunnet Head the same day the Strathcarron left Gibraltar, has not been heard of since

would have a similar course to the sity, filled with martial spirit, are forming two companies of militia, which will be drafted into the 63rd Battalion of Rifles. Each company will be fifty or sixty strong, and twice the requisite number have already volunteered. The Canadian ease of this character. They battle government has been asked to approve with it, it may be for many years, but

and fears for whose safety are felt,

today, Archibishop Ireland said:

The report comes from Halifax that Pope Leo XIII. has granted a full, or an avinculo divorce on the ground of imidelity on the part of the woman, is clearly a misinterpretation of the facts in the case. It is certain no divorce has been granted on the ground of infidelity. The positive, infierible teachings of the Catholic church is that a velid marriage contract, duly consummated cannot annulied or made void by any authority in state or church; death alone terminating its obligations. Where the marriage was from the beginning null and invalid through some natured or canonical impediment, or never duly consummated, declarations of nullity, or dispensations may be, and often are, obtained from ecclesiastical courts. Nothing beyond this ever occurred, or ever can occur in the Catholic church. oday, Archbishop Ireland said:

Halifax, Feb. 20.—The provincial government have appointed Francis H. Bell, Dr. John Stewart and Frank into the management of the Victoria General hospital. Mr. Bell is to be

J. E. Roy has purchased the property and plans are being prepared for an immense building on Barrington street running through to Granville. The building will be five stories on Barrington and six on Granville street. The material is to be of marble, varie gated white and black. The first two floors on each street will be for stores and offices, the remaining stories to be residential flats with all modern improvements.

At the meeting of the Grand Orange lodge at Middleton a resolution of endorsement of the action of Clarke Wallace was unanimously passed. The resolution anent the Manitoba school question adopted was as follows: "The Grand Lodge of Nova Scotia believes that the separate school system is subversive of the best interests of a country sparsely settled and inhabited by a population of various creeds, and is also subversive of the principle of equal rights to all and special privileges to none, a privilege on which the association is based. The Grand Lodge also believes that there exists no constitutional responsibility or legal obligation that compels any form of legislation that would interfere with any national and non-sectarian educational system which has been constitutionally enacted, and the Manitoba school system has been declared constitutional by the privy

John C. Gass of Shubenacadie was e-elected grand master and Geo. Forbes grand secretary.

The legislature at the last session passed a bill to make it compulsory on Halifax shopkepers to close their places of business not later than 7 o'clock. A petition to that effect is being presented to the city council. At a meeting of shopkeepers held tonight it was decided that Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday should be the early closing nights. A committee was appointed to see to the petition and obtain the necessary signature The months of April, May, November and December are exempted from the operation of the act.

Matthew Gill, porter at the Queen notel, says he knew Peter Wheeler, suspected Bear River murderer, when he first came to this country. Gill alleges that Wheeler came here Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All Druggists. 50c. & \$1.

as one of the crew of the schooner April Fool from the West Indies, and that on the way up Wheeler unsuc-cessfully attempted to knife another

nember of the crew. Alex. Wilson & Sons, the largest fresh fish merchants in Halifax, are about trying the cultivation of Nova Scotia's crustacean, the lobster. At present the fish is caught mostly in the spring time, and then only brings a small price to fishermen and little profit to dealers. Wilson's plan is to get the fish when cheap and put them into a cove whose narrow mouth would be formed across with wire netting. be fenced across with wire netting, whereby free ingress and egress would be left for sea water. There the lob-sters would be fed and grow until they would bring larger prices during January, February and March, when they would be marketed in Boston, New York, Chicago and London. The catching of great quantities of lob-sters and selling at unremunerative granted a decree of divorce to John Keefe, a Halifax man, for adultery by his wife. It is the only case of the kind ever recorded in Canada food for the lobsters, the means of transportation and the markets. The Canadian government will be asked to give its consent to the scheme, and if this is obtained the project will be

inaugurated this year. The damage to her is serious. One compartment is full of water. After coaling the steamer will come on to Halifax and dock. The cargo is valued at \$200,000, and insured under a general policy with the Atlantic Mutual New York.

The Lunenburg arrived from La Havre this afternoon with the now somewhat famous runaway schoone Donzello, which was picked up by a prize crew of American fishermen, i

stroyed the Baptist church there with all its contents. The loss is heavy. There was but \$1,200 insurance. Halifax, N. S., Feb. 23.—Rev. Father Doherty, Jesuit, of Montreal, preached eloquently at St. Joseph's church last night. Faither Doherty is a son of the late Wm. Doherty of the old firm of Doherty & McTavish, St. John,

LITTLE JESSIE MERCHANT, OF COLLINGWOOD, ONT.

For Eleven Years a Sufferer From Nervous Spasms.

A Desperate Case That Exceeded the Skill of

No greater trial comes to parents shape of nervousness the hope of the parents receives its severest test, for lage near Port Hope, but found me still will give up importing these fish if so seldom do children recover from disof the scheme, which has been in progress ever since President Cleveland's message to congress on the Venezuelan dispute.

St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 20.—To a reaxistic of the season, but never and given her parents great anxiety, as for eleven years she had here a sufferer from nervous troubles.

With it, it may be for many years, but during the rest of the season, but never a day and seldom a mile without the duty would be collected, although the big fish houses will fight the edict wheel, saying now I shall get well, but the highest courts of appeal in the country. The republican press is accountry. The republican press is accountry. The republican press is accountry the government of opening the severement of the season, but never a day and seldom a mile without the duty would be collected, although the severement of opening the severement of the season, but never a day and seldom a mile without the duty would be collected, although the severement of the season, but never a day and seldom a mile without the duty would These would take the shape of spasms, and become so severe that she would be unable to control herself. The parents spared no effort to give to their beloved one the health that is natural

to child life. The father writes:

sicians in Collingwood, without any relief coming to my daughter. I must have spent nearly \$500 in this way. It is not to be wondered at that I was becoming thoroughly discouraged, and began to realize that it could only be a short time when our little one would pass from us. A friend influenced me to try South American Nervine, knowing something of the wonderful cures it had effected in the case of children roubled as my little Jessie. The medicine was procured and given to the child, and she has never been so well and strong as since she commenced to use South American Nervine. When the began its use she was hardly able to move about, but now she can run around as other children. I am still giving her the medicine, seeing that it

is effecting a permanent cure.' erates directly on the nerve centres located in or near the base of the brain. It is when these are deranged with nervous trouble that much other trouble ensues. At least two-thirds of chronic diseases originate in a de-

rangement of the nerve centres. Nervine at once builds them up, fills the blood with richness, and so strengthens the nerve tissues that it is only a little while when disease drops from its victims as the shackles would drop from the slave who had received his freedom. The cures effected by this medicine, as with the case before us, are indeed remarkable, but such cures stance was a 'Century run,' the last sidering the fact that they are all forty miles of which were made in a downpour of rain through mud and ton.

Use this remedy for nervous pros-tration, sick headache, hot flashes, sleeplessness, debility of the nerves.

THE WEEKLY SUN Leads Them All.

Coughing.

For all the ailments of Throat and Lungs there is no cure so quick and permanent as Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil. It is palatable, easy on the most deli-

cate stomach and effective

stimulates the appetite, aids the digestion of other foods, cures Coughs and Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, and gives vital strength besides. It has no equal as nourishment for Babies and Children who do not thrive, and overcomes Any Condition of Wasting.

Send for pamphlet on Scott's Emulsion. Free.

ON A BICYCLE TOUR.

A Clergyman's Experience With Long Hard Riding.

Has Travelled Fully 3,000 Miles On His Wheel -He Makes Some Reflections On the Benefits of the Sport, and Tells of the Dangers.

(From the Utica, N. Y., Press.) The Rev. Wm. P. Ferguson, Presby-erian minister at Whitesboro, whose miliar by sight to many readers. A sung man, he has still had an extended experience as foreign missionary teacher, editor, lecturer and pastor that has given him a wide acquaintance In many parts of the country.

In an interview a few days ago, he

"In the early summer of '94 I wen upon a tour through a part of Ontario on my wheel. My route was from Utica to Capt Vincent, thence by steamer to Kingston, and from there along to the north shore of the lake to Toronto and around to Niagara Falls. I arrived at Cape Vincent at 5 o'clock, having ridden against a strong head wind all

'After a cheerful sail through the Thousand Islands, I stepped on shore in that quaint old city of Kingston. A shower had fallen and the streets were damp, so that wisdom would have dictated that I, leg-weary as I was, should tor from New Hampshire, born at have kept indoors, but so anxious was Cornwall, Ont.; William W. Grout, have kept indoors, but so anxious was I to see the old city that I spent the whole evening in the streets.

"Five o'clock the next morning brought a very unwelcome discovery. I the sixth district of Wisco was lame in both ankles and knees. tive of Toronto. All are republicans. The head wind and the damp streets. If the United States government had proved an unifortunate combine. tion. I gave, however, little thought to it, supposing it would wear off in a few hours, and the first flush of sunthan the sickness of their children. Hight saw me speeding out the splendid And when this trouble assumes the road that leads toward Napanee.

lame. I rested the next day, and the next, but it was too late; the mischief was done. I rode a good many miles during the rest of the season, but nev-

to my disappointment I grew worse. Some days my knees almost forbade way to "foreign" and "bluenose" fish-walking and my ankles would not per- ermen, by its insisting on collecting mit me to wear shoes. At times I suf- the duty. fered severe pain, so severe as to make study a practical impossibility, yet it who was convicted of murdering a ten o child life. The father writes:

"I doctored with the most skilled physicians in Collingwood, without any slicians in Collingwood, without any slicians in the condition of affairs as far as possible.

"I doctored with the most skilled physicians in Collingwood, without any slicians in Collingwood, without

From being local the trouble began to spread slightly and my anxlety in-creased. I consulted two physicians tist church, who, like Gilbert, was and followed their excellent advice, convicted of killing a little girl. but without result. So the winter passed. One day in March I happened to take in my hand a newspaper in which a good deal of space was taken by an article in relation to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, I did not at that time know what they were supposed to cure. land states is not in as bad shape as I should have paid no attention to the it was two or three years ago, yet this article had I not caught the name of section of the country is far from bea lady whom I knew. Reading, I ing a farmer's paradise. The Aroosfound that she had been greatly benefited by the use of Pink Pills, and
knowing her as I did I had no doubt prosperous of any in Maine, have had had authorized

hes been every opportunity for a re-turn of the trouble, I have not felt the less in running into debt and dependfirst twinge of it. I have wheeled ing on the next year's crop to liqui-thousands of miles and never before date it. The low prices last fall left with so little discomfort. I have had them in a serious hole, which will not some of the most severe tests of be offset for two or three years at strength and endurance, and have come strength and endurance, and have come least. The newspapers in this state through them without an ache. For carry plenty of advertising from ownexample, one afternoon I rode seventy miles, preached that night and made before moon the next day. Another in- for which the farms are offered, con

"You should think I would recommend them to others? Well, I have, and is very much improved, and a more have had the pleasure of seeing very satisfactory feeling prevails. The market continues firm here, especially Yes, I should feel that I was neglecting a duty if I failed to suggest Pink supply. News from the eastern lum Pills to any friend whom I knew to ber woods is also more encouraging

it would be but fair to add that my general health has been better this Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are sold in boxes (never in loose form, by the dozen or hundred) at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, and may be had of all druggists or directly by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont.

MONEY FOR MISS BARTON.

New York, Feb. 20.—The national Armenian relief committee today sent \$25,000 by cable to Miss Clara Barton at Constantinople, and will send forward other sums immediately.

Eight Members of Congress are Canadians by Birth.

Two Out of the Eight Hail From New Brunswick, One Claiming York Co.

Market-The Fish Trade Active.

Boston, Feb. 22.—The American peo ple ended their week's work yester-day, and most of them in this part of the country are celebrating in a quiet way the natal day of the "father of their country," as the first president of the United States is usually termed. It is somewhat of a peculiar Abraham Lincoln and several other

past American statesmen were born past American statesmen were born in the shortest month of the year.

There are eight members of the present congress who were born in Canada, among them being Alexander M. Hardy, congressman from the the second district of Indiana, who is a native of Simcoe, Ont. Mr. Hardy was snubbed by Congressman Talbert, one of fighting Ben. Tillman's lieutenants from South Carolina, the other day. from South Carolina, the other day, in the house. Hardy assailed Talbert in a fiery speech because the Caro-linian said he was glad he once seceded from the union and would do so again. In replying to Mr. Hardy, he said that "Canada had been heard from," and that those who were most Were the most prominent in dence ing the men who went to the front, even if they did fight on the side of the confederacy. In addition to Mr. Hardy, the following members of the present congress are natives of Can-ada: Samuel M. Stephenson, congressconsin, born in New Brunswick: Alexander Stewart, congressman from the York county, New Brunswick; James McMillan, senator from Michigan, native of Hamilton, Ont.; James T Mc-Cleary, congressman from the second district of Minnesota, born at Ingersoll, Ont.; Jacob H. Gallinger, senaof Vermont, born at Compton, Que.; Samuel A. Cook, congressman from If the United States government persists in collecting the duty on frozen herring brought from Newfoundland by American fishing vessels, the provincial fishermen and exporters are sure to receive a considerable benefit.

Angus D. Gilbert, the Haligonian years. The last execution was that

they have to pay duty, there is every

probability that the supply will di-minish unless filled in by provincial

Samuel H. Ross, an employe of the New England Newspaper Co., and a native of Charlottetown, died this week from heart failure while at work While agriculture in the New Engof the truth of the statement that she a hard winter, owing to the low price and authorized. of potatoes, their staple marketable

The first box was not gone before I product, and the accumulation of debts saw a change, and the third had not on every hand. It is perhaps not fair been finished before all signs of my to blame the poor conditions altogedeem finished before all signs of my to blame the poor conditions altoge-theumatic troubles were gone to stay. ther for the neavy indebtedness, for 'I say gone to stay,' for though there as many Maine men admit, Aroostock

ers of farms who desire to sell. many cases the land is poor, and this miles of the hardest kind of road doubtless accounts for the low prices

The lumber situation both from the standpoint of the operator and dealer and it is believed a fair season's work "No, that is not the only disease they cure. I personally know of a number of cures from other troubles, but I have needed them only for that, though will be a larger amount of building done in the suburbs in the spring than for many years, and the dealers are hopeful of higher prices. It is also ought the Northeastern Lumbermen's association will be better pre-pared to handle business next season and that there will not be as muc cutting in prices done. Several provincial lumbermen have written Boston houses regarding the prospect of the U. S. government placing a duty on lumber that is now free, but there is little likelihood of this being done until the summer of 1897. President Cleveland will veto any attempt by the republicans to tax lumber, and it will be several months after he leaves can be put into effect.

Spruce clapboards are particularly | Canned fish-Eastern sardines, quar-

OUR BOSTON LETTER WILL IT PAY TO BUY A BONE CUTTER?

LET US SEE.....

Suppose we have twenty hens, and are feeding corn, oats, meal, etc., and getting but four or five eggs per day. We begin to feed green cut bone; in less than a week we are getting eleven or twelve eggs per day, an increase of seven eggs per day; in seven days we would get forty-nine eggs more than

we were getting before. Forty-nine eggs a week for ten weeks equals 490. We will call the price of eggs two cents each, which is a low estimate, and we have he sum of \$9.80 clear gain over feeding without green bone. Now, suppose nstead of twenty hens we keep 100 or 200, every intelligent poultryman can see at a glance what a vast difference it will make to his profits, and will admit that it is a stupid folly to try to dispense with a Bone Cutter.

The increase of eggs is only one of the many sources of profit that follow.

Green Cut Bone Makes Eggs More Fertile.

Green Cut Bone Makes Eggs More Fertile.

Green Cut Bone Makes Chicks Grow Faster and Hardier.

Green Cut Bone Keeps Hens in Health.

Green Cut Bone Prevents Roup.

Green Cut Bone Prevents Egg Eating and Feather Picking.

Green Cut Bone Reduces the Grain Bill.

— Green Cut Bone Gives Better Color to Plumage and Comb,

It is not a stimulant or a medicine, but is simply a perfect food, which has in it every constituent of the egg, and the hen instead of having to wait days or weeks to accumulate enough material from common food to make the egg, finds just what is wanted in green bone, and in consequence she just can't help

This is a plain statement of the facts, which will appeal to every thoughtful and intelligent person. Investigate it, and the results will surely compel you to

A BONE CUTTER WILL PAY!

W. H. THORNE & CO. (LIMITED) - MARKET SQUARE, ST. JOHN.

BREAKFAST CEREALS.

MANUFACTURED BY

THE IRELAND NATIONAL FOOD COMPANY. Seif-Rising Buckwheat,..... Desiccated Rolled Wheat.

JARDINE & CO............28 and 30 Water Street



a man who knew nothing about a horse. The neighbors said he was "hard to keep." I knew where the trouble was. His hair stood on end like the feathers on a Poland hen. His hide was so tight that the slap of your hand on him sounded like the beat of a drum. He

stores but if they don't have it don't let them palm off something else on you—because you can send 50 cents to Dick & Co., P. O. Box 482, Montreal and they will send to the post paid.

been depressed for many months, are \$1.20 to 1.25. slowly improving, and it is believed that higher priecs will be had. Laths remain quiet at unchanged prices. Hemlock is meeting with fair demand. Pine continues quiet. The following are present quotations at first hands

Spruce-Boards, planed one side, by car \$12 to 13.50 per M; bundled furrings, \$12 to 13; frames, ten inches and | and many prominent horsemen believe under, \$14.25 to 15; dimensions, 10 to that horses will be scarce next year 12 inches, \$15; 13 inches and up, \$16 to 16.50; yard random, \$13 to 13.50; floor planed one side, matched, boards. \$14.50 to 15; do. clears, \$25 to 27; No. 1, \$20 to 22; No. 2, \$16 to 18; extra spruce clapboards, \$30 to 34; clear, \$30; second to large exportations, and this has clear, \$25 to 26; shingles, \$1.40 to 1.50;

laths, \$1.90 to 2.10. Pine-Coarse No. 2, Eastern pine, \$16 to 17; outs, \$8.50 to 9.50; rough edge stock, box boards, etc., \$9 to 12; matched boards, \$19 to 22; pine sap clapboards, \$45 to 47; sap clear, \$40 to 42;

second clear, \$30 to 35. Hemlock, etc.—Provincial hemlock boards, planed, \$9.50 to 10.50; rough, \$8 to 9; eastern hemlock boards, by car, planed and butted, \$11 to 12; extra cedar shingles, \$2 to 2.10; clear, \$1.90 to second clear, \$1.75; extra No. 1, \$1.50; No. 1, \$1.25 to 1.50; plain oak lumber, \$35 to 40; quartered, \$50. The fish trade is active at present

owing to the Lenten demand. Mackerel and canned lobsters are very scarce, the latter, in fact, having been about all cleaned out. Codfish steady with the fair request. Pickled mand, especially for Cape Breton fancy and Nova Scotia large split. Fresh fish have gone away up in price, owing to the cold and stormy weather of the past fortnight, and some varieties have been entirely sold out. Sardines remain in the same position. The request is only fair and prices refuse to advance even when limited by the Eastport and Lubec packers. Prices

with receivers are as follows: Fresh fish-Market cod, \$5 to 5.50 per 100 lbs; steak cod, \$7 to 7.50; haddock, \$5 to 5.50; large hake, \$5 to 5.50; small, \$2.50 to 3; pollock, \$3 to 3.50; steak pollock, \$4 to 4.50; trout, 10c per lb; eels, 7 to 9c: frozen mackerel, 22 to 25c: provincial smelts, 5 to 6c; extra do., 8 to 10c; natives, 7c; frozen herring, \$1 to 1.25 per 100; white halibut, 15 to 17c per lb; gray, 15c; chicken, 20 to 25c; bluefish, 10c; eastern frozen salmon,

18 to 20c. Salt fish-Provincial extra mackerel \$20 to 21 per bbl.; Provincial No. 1s, \$19; large Georges cod, \$5.50 to 5.75 per qtl.; medium, \$3.25; large dry bank, \$3.50; medium, \$2.12 1-2 to 2.50; large pickled bank, \$3.50; medium, \$2.25; hake, haddock and pollock, \$1.50; N. S. split herring, \$3.75 per bbl.; Labrawill be several months after he leaves dor, \$5; round shore, \$2.56 to 3; New-office in 1897 before such legislation foundland salmon, No. 1, \$20; No. 2,

strong just now, owing to small sup-ply, and the same may be said of \$2.10 to 2.15; lobsters, none; mackerel, I am not sure but the percentage is. THE WEEKLY SUN, \$1.00 A YEAR. matched boards. Shingles, which have 1 lb. ovals, \$1.40 to 1.50; Alaska salmon, even greater at my house.

The horse trade a short time ago

gave evidence of improving, but the large auction sales here and in New York recently, and the prices obtained do not seem to indicate that prices will be much higher for some time to come. It is true that farmers and breeders have largely given up raising stock during the past year or two, for this reason, The large sales blood horses during the past few months may also mean that young horses will be in better demand. The much better English market has led had considerable effect in disposing of the surplus stock. The improved lumbering conditions in Maine and the eastern woods has led to a temporary demand for rough horses, and it is said prices there have improved.

SHORT TALKS ON ADVERTISING.

(Copyrighted by Charles Austin Bates). The first insertion of an advertise-ment very seldom pays. That is to say-if you have never advertised before in a certain paper it will take some little time for its readers to get acquainted with you, and until they do, don't expect much return. There are occasional exceptions, of course, but they are few and far between. It is the systematic, persistent effort that pays in advertising as in everything else. In taking medicine the regularity of the dose is almost as important

as the drug itself.

For that reason the columns of the newspaper offer the very best medium. for business announcements. For that reason, programmes and wall hangers and schemes of all sorts, from an industrial write up of the town to a picture card, are never effective. It may be well enough to indulge in a pretty novelty occasionally, if you are using all the space you need in the papers. I have been a publisher of programmes and of other "schemes"—I have advertised in them, and in my whole experience on both sides of the fence I have never heard or known of ment in a medium (?) of that kind that paid.

The local newspaper goes into the house bristling with intelligence, brimful of the news of the world, sparkling with the daily doings of the community. If its advertisers are awake to their opportunities it contains business news of value to every reader, for it pays to read advertisements. tisements are becoming more truthful every day. Business men know that their news must be true, or it will fail -they remember the story of the boy and the wolf. I think it is safe to say that any woman who makes a busine of reading business news-ads.-will increase buying power of her hus-