

General Business. NOTICE. WELDON THE TAILOR. In offering the best Gains ever offered to the People of Chatham.

Having purchased a large quantity of the famous Hampshire Mill... W. L. T. WELDON, Water St., Chatham, N. B.

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF TIMBER LICENSES. CHATHAM, N. B., 24th July, 1898. The attention of all holders of Timber Licenses is called to Section 19 of the Timber Regulations...

INTERNATIONAL S. S. CO. 19 Hours. BOSTON. Through Tickets on sale at all Railway Stations of Montreal, Quebec, and Chatham, N. B.

NOTICE. All accounts due the undersigned for three months and over that have remained unpaid... JOHN McDONALD & CO.

BUSINESS CHANGE. The Business heretofore carried on under the name of John McDonald & Co. is now being conducted under the name and style of John McDonald & Co.

NOTICE. All parties indebted to John McDonald are requested to call and arrange the amount of their indebtedness within 10 days...

FURNACES FURNACES, WOOD OR COAL, WHICH I CAN FURNISH AT REASONABLE PRICES. STOVES COOKING, HALL AND PARLOR STOVES AT LOW PRICES. PUMPS, PUMPS.

A. C. McLean Chatham. CARD. R. A. LAWLER, BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor Conveyancer Notary Public Etc. CHATHAM, N. B.

NOTICE. Extracts from Act of Assembly 60, Viet. A. D. 1897. The property to the amount of Five Hundred dollars of a wife deceased by her husband and bequeathed to her husband...

Miramichi Advance. CHATHAM, N. B., SEPTEMBER 1, 1898.

That Interview. That Montreal interview with Hon. Provincial Secretary Tweedie of this Province seems to still furnish the leading theme of discussion for quite a number of newspapers...

Mr. Tweedie may congratulate himself on the fact that while the Transcript and Globe endorse Sir Charles Tupper and Hon. Mr. Foster in attacking him and declaring that nobody cares what he says or does, they all agree with a score of other papers...

Mr. Tweedie, in expressing his dissent as a Conservative, from the doctrine that provincial and federal policy should be amalgamated, gave, as one reason therefor, his belief that it would lead to lumber scalars being changed by every change brought about by Dominion elections...

Mr. Tweedie endeavored, no doubt, to convey to his interviewer that as about a seventh of the provincial revenue is derived from our lumber lands, and the scalars are an important element in dealing with the operators who contribute an average of \$100,000 a year, it would very much disturb their relations with the banks if—instead of composing a permanent staff...

This is the idea which we thought Mr. Tweedie's words were calculated to convey. Of course, it may suit the ulterior purposes of extreme party papers on both sides to misrepresent and misconstrue them, but time is not so obliterative of memory as to cause us to fail in recollecting that it is only the papers which have, for years, been opposed to the true interests of our lumber industry, and particularly that of the North Shore and also to Mr. Tweedie personally, that have made the Montreal interview with that gentleman an occasion to misrepresent his meaning and emphasize their evident desire to replace him with some one having less backbone and poorer fighting qualities as a politician. They seem to want a man in his place who will borrow his ideas from the accepted liberal or conservative dictators in Dominion politics.

Mr. Tweedie and his Critics. (By John Gassett.) Provincial Secretary Tweedie is the mark at which all the enemies of the Provincial government are shooting just at present. A reporter in Montreal claimed to misinterpret what Mr. Tweedie said and the result is that all the opposition newspapers are attacking Mr. Tweedie for something he did not say. We know of no member of the government who is in a better position to stand the combined assault of the sections of the Liberal and Conservative press which oppose the government than Mr. Tweedie. Since he entered the government as Surveyor-General in 1890 Mr. Tweedie has been the target of no more abusive and aggressive members. As a departmental officer he has always closely attended to the business of his department and had a thorough knowledge of details of the work he was called upon to perform. It was during his term as Surveyor-General that the present system of long leases of timber limits was adopted—a system which has increased the revenue of the Crown Lands \$30,000 a year in the past five years. His wise administration of the Crown Lands department following after the nine year term of Hon. James Mitchell has resulted in an annual average increase in the value of the Crown Lands to the Provincial taxpayer of over \$40,000 as compared with the last five years of the old government. Mr. Mitchell commenced the good work which Mr. Tweedie continued and which is still going on under Mr. Dunn. In the face of the facts that there has been an increase of 25 per cent in the earnings of the Crown Lands since Mr. Tweedie was first appointed Surveyor-General, the Montreal Times insinuates—that it dare not say openly—that the department is corruptly managed and that the stampage is not properly accounted for. There is not an official in the department appointed by the present administration—and the official handle every dollar of the revenue from the Crown Lands.

Does street is being re-paved, its entire length. A church concert was given here last week at which no admission fee was charged and no collection was taken. No trace has been found of the body of Mr. Thompson who is supposed to have committed suicide by drowning in the falls about a week ago. In the fog last Wednesday steamer Prince Rupert collided with schooner Pearl near Partridge Island. The Pearl

was a good deal damaged but may be saved with a part of her cargo. An English firm has taken \$240,000 of the stock of the Cushing Pulp Co. H. S. Crookshank from his beautiful greenhouses and grounds is sending away large quantities of winter flowering plants and shrubs by mail and express. His collection is the finest and most extensive in the province.

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"It is the better to guarantee peace that they have developed in proportions hitherto unprecedented their military forces and still continue to increase them, without shrinking from any sacrifice."

"Nevertheless, all these efforts have not yet been able to bring about the beneficent result desired—pacification. The financial changes following the upward march strike at the very root of public prosperity. The intellectual and physical strength of the nations, labor and capital, are mostly diverted from their national application and are unproductive. Hundreds of millions are devoted to acquiring terrible engines of destruction, which, though to-day regarded as the last work of science, are destined to-morrow to lose all their value in consequence of some fresh discovery in the application of electricity."

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William Thompson, supposed to have been drowned in the falls carried \$6,000 life insurance.

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Two Passamaquoddy Indians, Xavier Francis and Louis Mitchell, attempted to shoot the falls in a canoe last Friday morning in the presence of about 1000 spectators. Their first fall the canoe capsized and the Indians were rescued. They made a collection among the spectators of about \$40. The water was low at the time and the attempt was a foolhardy one.

Eighteen deaths were recorded in the city last week. St. John, Aug. 29.

A Surprise from Russia. St. Peterburg, Aug. 28.—By order of Emperor Nicholas, Count Muraviev, the foreign minister, on the 24th inst. handed to the foreign diplomats at St. Petersburg a note declaring that the maintenance of peace and the reduction of the excessive armaments now crushing all nations is the ideal for which all governments ought to strive.

The czar at this present moment is favorable for the inauguration of a movement looking to this end and invites the powers to take part in an international conference as a means of this securing real and lasting peace and terminating the progressive increase of armaments.

"Filled with this idea, his majesty has been pleased to command me to propose to all the governments whose representatives are accredited to the imperial court the assembling of a conference which shall occupy itself with this great problem."

"This conference will be, by the help of God, a happy prelude for the century which is about to open. It would converge into one powerful focus the efforts of all states sincerely seeking to make the universal peace triumph over the elements of trouble and discord; and it would at the same time cement together by a corporate consecration of armaments, as conveyed in a note from Count Muraviev, the Russian foreign minister, to the foreign diplomats at St. Petersburg, is likely to produce a sensation throughout Europe, and coming from such a quarter and with such evident sincerity for its purpose, it is likely to have important effects."

There is no doubt that, with Russia taking the lead in this step, Germany, France and the other nations will be ready to follow. The text of the note follows: "The maintenance of general peace and the possible reduction of the excessive armaments which weigh upon all nations, present themselves in existing conditions as an ideal toward which all governments should direct their efforts. The humanitarian and magnanimous views of the emperor, my august master, have been the cause of this lofty and in conformity with the most essential interests and legitimate views of all the powers; and the imperial government thinks the present moment would be very favorable to seeking the means."

"It is the better to guarantee peace that they have developed in proportions hitherto unprecedented their military forces and still continue to increase them, without shrinking from any sacrifice."

"Nevertheless, all these efforts have not yet been able to bring about the beneficent result desired—pacification. The financial changes following the upward march strike at the very root of public prosperity. The intellectual and physical strength of the nations, labor and capital, are mostly diverted from their national application and are unproductive. Hundreds of millions are devoted to acquiring terrible engines of destruction, which, though to-day regarded as the last work of science, are destined to-morrow to lose all their value