POOR COPY

General Business.

HOLIDAY

ANNOUNCEMENT.

NEW GOODS.

SPECIAL PRICES

FOR X'MAS TRADE

—AT—

CHESMAN'S GROCERY.

I have just received

200 Barrels Apples.
10 Barrels Grapes.
2000 lbs. Confectionery.
5 Sacks Nuts.
50 Boxes Raisins.
3 Barrels Currants.
10 Cases Oranges.
5 Cases Lemons.
5 Barrels Valley Cider.
2 Barrels Fruit Cake.
50 Boxes Fancy Biscuit.
25 Cases Canned Goods.
New Dates, Figs, Prunes.
Citron, Orange & Lemon Peel
Flavouring Extracts.

Special Low Prices on the above during Holiday Season.

ON HAND AT ... ET RATES.

(loose)

... GOULD,

BANNON'S CORNER.

X'MAS IS COMING

—AND—

WHEN YOU ARE GOING AROUND,

call and see my complete assortment of

WALTHAM,
SWISS, AND
ELGIN WATCHES,

in Gold and Silver for ladies' and Gents', also

CHRONOGRAPH

—AND—

Non-Magnetic Watches

The most complete line of American, Swiss and French

CLOCKS,

and a Large Variety of Nickel ALARM CLOCKS—the best and cheapest in the market.

The latest patterns of American, English and Canadian,

GOLD, SILVER AND ROLL-PLATE JEWELRY.

A nice line of gold and Silver Bracelets, Gold, Silver and Roll-plated Chains for Ladies' and Gents'. The largest assortment of GEM, Fancy and Plain Gold Rings in town and one dozen well assorted

DIAMOND RINGS.

SILVER PLATED WARE.

The nicest assortment of Castors and Cake Baskets, Pickel Dishes, Sugar Bowls and Spoon Holders, Napkin Rings, Ice Pitchers and Mugs, Rodgers' Knives, Forks, and Spoons.

Sole agent for B. Laurence's Spectacles and Dye glasses.

The most complicated Watches Clocks and Jewelry, repaired and guaranteed to give the best satisfaction.

The above goods will be sold cheap for cash.

Be sure and call and get holiday bargains.

W. R. GOULD.

Next door to Post Office, Chatham.

FINAL NOTICE.

All accounts due the subscriber remain unpaid by Jan. 1st, will be placed in the hands of a collector.

M. SUTHERLAND.

Miramichi and the North Shore, etc.

NOONAN is, as usual, offering great holiday bargains.

THE CHIMES are to begin the season at their skating rink this evening.

YOU CAN get Dry Goods at manufacturers' prices at Sutherland & Creaghan's.

SHOES AND OVERS, the best tan wear in the market. For sale wholesale and retail at S. Tingley's, Chatham.

MR. BROWN, of Newcastle, is, as usual, offering great holiday bargains as the best of his competitors.

THE 73RD REGT. BAND is to go to Bathurst to-morrow to play at the opening of the Skating Rink there, to-morrow night.

THROUGH THE ICE.—Mr. Thos. Fitzpatrick's horse broke through off Chatham yesterday morning, and was saved with difficulty.

THE MAIL bag from St. John for Newcastle was sent to Chatham last Monday afternoon, and it took until next day to rectify the error.

HOW IS IT that you can purchase Dry Goods at Sutherland & Creaghan's at prices unparalleled in the history of the Miramichi?

FAMILY GROCERIES for the holidays are displayed in abundance and great variety by Mr. McKinnon, Water St. His Christmas advt. is in another column.

PUBLIC OPINION is that Sutherland & Creaghan are making special reductions for the holiday trade. Bargains in every department.

MR. NOBLE'S LETTER in reference to oil fields will appear as soon as our holiday rush is over. They, with much other matter, are crowded out for the present.

DR. STEVEN, Dentist, who was summoned to his home in Stanley on Saturday by a telegram informing him of the dangerous illness of his sister, has returned and is to be found daily at his dental rooms, Benson Block.

MUSICAL GIFT.—A fine piece of music, worth 60 cents, will be sent by Landry & Co of St. John N. B. to all readers of *The Advance* having a piano or an organ, who will send their address and enclose a 3 cent stamp for postage.

SUPPER AT DALHOUSIE.—The Roman Catholics of Dalhousie, intend having an Oyster Supper and Christmas tree with sale of fancy articles on Monday evening, the 23rd inst., in the Mechanics Hall, in aid of their church.

D. GALLANT, of Rogersville, has a large contract for the Ship railway. It consists of pine and juniper ties or sleepers which can be delivered between Chatham and Shediac either on the I. C. R. or at any seaport on the shore.—*Times.*

DRAPERY AND GENERAL DRY GOODS are being sold at holiday prices by Messrs Sutherland & Creaghan at their stores in Chatham and Newcastle. They have a very large stock, from which the requirements of all purchasers in their line can be met.

MUSIC.—Attention is directed to the card of Mr. Morland, organist of St. Luke's Church, Chatham, who gives instruction on the piano and organ, and also teaches the theory of music. Mr. Morland is highly recommended, and we understand he has a fair share of professional engagements in the community.

ENTERTAINMENT AT NAPAN.—An entertainment consisting of Songs, Dialogues, Readings, Recitations, Tableaux, etc., will be given in the Napan school-house, Napan, on Christmas eve, Dec. 24th. Proceeds in aid of the school. Doors open at 7.30; entertainment begins at 8. Admission 15 cents.

ART.—Some admirable pictures, the work of Miss Hathaway, have been on exhibition during the past week in the window of Mr. Geo. Watt's store, Water Street, Chatham. Miss Hathaway, has travelled a good deal in Europe, and studied in some of the most famous art centres there, and her work is much admired.

COFFEE AND READING ROOM.—The Women's Christian Temperance Union has established a reading and lunch room at the corner of Duke and Cunard Streets, Chatham. A prayer and praise meeting was held at the room last Friday evening, and an address suitable to the occasion was delivered by Rev. E. S. Crisp. The place has been remodelled and improved and presents an attractive appearance.

SUBSCRIBERS whose accounts have been placed in magistrates' hands for collection cannot expect us to withdraw or arrange them for them. We have been already too patient in the matter and they must settle with the magistrates with whom work we cannot interfere. We are placing five such accounts a week for collection and every one who won't pay up must be attended to in good time. Business is business.

PAINLESS EXTRACTION OF TEETH.—Dr. H. B. Nase will be at the Adams House for the remainder of this week, where he will demonstrate his new method of filling and extracting teeth without pain.

His method is claimed to be the best and most harmless that has yet been introduced and he guarantees perfect satisfaction to all who desires to have work executed.

MUCH ADMIRED.—Miss Morrison is to be congratulated on her display of pictures in Mr. A. E. Patterson's window, Water Street. Besides a lot of well-executed card pieces, there is a black and white oil painting of the Grand Falls, St. John river, and a piece representing the shipwreck of the "Queen of Hearts," which Miss Morrison has composed from a sketch by a sailor who was on the ill-fated ship, and a description given to her of the scene.

INJURED IN THE WOODS.—Mr. Kain whose home is near Doguastown, was seriously injured last Saturday afternoon, in the woods of the Little South West, where he was working for Mr. Jas. Somers. A tree which he had felled struck a stick that flew up and hit him back of the ear. He was insensible for some time. Dr. Desmond was taken up to see the sufferer. Mr. Kain's brother was killed in the States, about a year ago, in a similar way.

THE CELEBRATED PHOTOGRAPHIC ART... of Amherst, Mr. R. S. Pride ... expected to reach Chatham ... Mr. Morrison's ... week. Persons desiring ... at a high order will do well ... early and, by their patronage, encourage Mr. Morrison's laudable efforts to supply his patrons with the most artistic productions of the photographic art. Mr. Pridham stands at the head of his profession, as the samples of his work exhibited here amply testify.

LAWS OF HEALTH.—One of our popular preachers, in a lecture on this subject, recently, said "Keep the head cool and the feet warm". There sometimes occurs in our experiences situations so embarrassing as to make the former difficult, but if you have cold feet Nicol can supply you with something to keep them warm. Lots of Overshoes for everybody, Moosa and Oil-tanned Moccasins, Gents' Morocco, Plush and Velvet Slippers, Ladies' Felt and Kid Slippers and a large variety of footwear, all suitable for Christmas presents. Prices low. J. NICOL.

LOST THREE PASSAGE.—Nine seamen belonging to the Australian barque which was caught in the ice at Miramichi, came by train yesterday en route for New York. They had tickets by the International steamer, but, through some misunderstanding about the hour of sailing, they did not put in an appearance this morning until the boat had sailed. The men can hardly make themselves understood in English. All their baggage went on the steamer. The men are poorly clad. They will have to remain over until Sunday morning.—*Globe.*

The Rink.

The managing committee of Chatham Skating Rink is having the ice put on, and it is expected that the job will be finished in a few days. The opening for the season will take place on Christmas night. Skating nights will be Tuesdays and Thursdays, and the rink will also be open on Saturdays for the children. As at present arranged there will be one Band night per week—on Thursdays—and if the patronage warrants it, there will be two band nights. It is hoped that a renewed interest in this excellent resort for winter exercise and pastime will be manifested. The proprietors have gone to considerable expense in making needed alteration and repairs and the Curling Club has taken hold of the enterprise with the hope of restoring the rink to its former popularity. The committee's announcement of rates, etc., is in another column.

School Examinations.

The semi-annual public examinations of the schools in No. 1 District, Parish of Chatham, will be held to-day, Thursday, and to-morrow, Friday, as follows: Primary Department on Thursday morning; Intermediate, Thursday afternoon; Advanced, Friday morning, and Grammar, Friday afternoon.

A Reproof.

The *Telegraph* of last Thursday thus reproved the *Advocate*:—

"The Newcastle "Advocate," in its opposition to the candidature of Mr. D. G. Smith, descends to such vulgarity as must recoil upon the writer rather than injure the object of its attack. Mr. Smith has many of the qualities that go to make a good representative and is in no respect that we know of inferior to the best of his tradducers.

The *Advocate* manufactures abuse of Mr. Smith, which is quoted in the other local paper, and *vice versa*, but such reproofs as the above are never quoted by either of them. As Mr. Smith was a member of the *Telegraph* staff four years, that paper ought to be an authority in reference to him It would be well for other ex-members of its staff, who vilify Mr. Smith in the County, if they had so conducted themselves as to have retained its good opinion and respect.

Royal Arcanum.

The annual meeting of Miramichi Council No. 441 R. A. was held in their rooms on Friday evening last. The office holders for the ensuing year were elected as follows:

John S[illegible], R.;
John Ha[illegible], V. R.;
D. G. Smith, P. R.;
John Fotheringham, Sec.;
William Wilson, Coll.;
George Watt, Treas.;
W. E. Howard, O.;
John Shirreff, Chap.;
John Sinclair, War.;
Thos. Green, Sen.;

Appointments by Supreme Council are Hon. T. F. Gillespie, D. D. S. R. and J. S. Benson Esq., M. D. Medical Examiner.

It is ten years since the institution of the above Council here, and during that time it has enjoyed uninterrupted prosperity. The total membership of the Royal Arcanum is now nearly 102,000, and pays annually 2,000,000 dollars to the widows and orphans of deceased brethren, now is that all the social and fraternal benefits that accompanies it cannot be overestimated, the meetings of Miramichi Council are held on the first and third Fridays of each month.

[The above is republished this week as it was incorrectly printed last week.]

A Few Questions of Practical Political Importance.

CHATHAM, Dec. 11th, 1889.

Editor of the Miramichi Advance

SIR,—I hope that the importance of the questions upon which I may hereafter attempt to treat may be a sufficient excuse for intruding upon your space and the public attention. We are apparently on the eve of a Provincial election and, soon, every school boy will be a politician, while in every family there will be one, who considers himself an authority on politics, a close observer of public men and public measures and will lay down the law before his limited audience with the authority of a judge and assurance and conviction of a born leader of men. And all this is well. The right of suffrage, once so limited, is now the admitted right of all men, and an election brings a deeper sense of responsibility home to the electors as well as a greater interest in the questions of men and measures. During the period of an election the people feel a sense of power and responsibility. They recognize the fact that in their hands is held the destinies of men and the power and duration of a Government. For the time being they are masters, and such being the case it behoves all that the questions of public import be carefully weighed and considered, both in their application to the locality and Province, and in their present and future bearing upon the body pohtic. A few of the principal questions for the consideration of the electorate are, the Stumpage regulations, the Abolition of the Legislative Council, the reduction of the number of the Executive, and reduction of the number of the members of the Assembly, biennial sessions of the Legislature and a good and efficient [illegible]

The [illegible] questions is of paramount and growing interest on the North Shore, and it has, curiously enough, been looked upon by us as of more local than Provincial importance. The attack upon the present regulations of the Government relating to lumber lands of the Province has been purely local, coming as it has, usually, from persons representing North Shore counties and North Shore interests, and the attack has been considerably weakened on that account. It has caused a combination of interests in the other parts of the Province against reduction of the present tax on logs, because of the fact that locality has been opposed to locality and not because of the justice or injustice of the tax itself. Involved in the regulation of our Crown Lands are questions of paramount interest as great and of as much effect on the future of the Province as was the great question of Confederation. It is from territorial revenue that almost the whole of the income of our Province is raised and must continue to be raised; unless, indeed, the people of the Province agree to submit to direct taxation. But the question of reduction must be met and decided upon its merits in the near future. Once the tax becomes a burden upon the lumber interests of the North Shore Counties, making these interests a losing speculation, that moment the North Shore of the Province is ruined. The lumberer's axe is no more heard, the raftsman's song is stilled and the steel speech of the mill saws daily swish, as they cut their way through soft pine and hard spruce, is a thing of the past, and the revenue of the Province is *nil*.

Bound up, then, with the stumpage question is the great question of revenue and expenditure, and this question is the one that faces the future Governments of this Province. How will revenue and expenditure be made to balance? By abolishing the Council is at present the panacea for all ills. But let us ask ourselves, in all sober earnest, would we be so anxious to abolish a second chamber as we now are were it an elective one, and would we even abolish the present chamber were we financially able to support it? Does not our poverty make us the creatures of circumstances and are we not willing, aye ready, to place our future in the hands of one chamber without that careful consideration of all the questions involved, which we should give to a question of such far-reaching and vital importance? Have we asked ourselves whether our representatives, our *rulers* for the time being, are men of honor and ability and will they remain so for all time? Can the past history of politicians and Governments be proven so honest, so just, so able, so full of wisdom for the people that our experience proves that we are wise to trust our political future in the hands of one house, the Government of which is but the expression of confidence of to-day which may prove to be the non-confidence the morrow? Can we trust a Government which may have defeat staring it in the face to refuse to submit to the demands, just or unjust, of any or all the members of the House? If not, then our wisdom is the wisdom of the fool. We would break down the barrier between the ill-considered—probably unjust legislation of a Government, passed at the instance of a member whose iron heel is on the Government's neck, because it costs a certain amount to keep the Council alive, which amount the Government desires to spend for other purposes, which may or may not be of public utility, and we will let down upon us the rushing waters of ill-considered, ill advised and unjust legislation, which may do more to injure the Province than can be done by the deliberate throwing away $10,000 per year, which is the present estimated cost of the Council for twenty years to come. I am not advocating the continuance of the life of the Council. I am merely pointing out what may happen should it be abolished, and asking that it be gravely and fairly considered.

[The public will no doubt be inclined to ask our correspondent which side he is on.]

Could not the difficulty in regard to the finances of the Province be more easily overcome by accepting either of the other modes of lessening expenditure, viz. reducing the executive and number of members of the House or having biennial sessions only? Would not either or both of these methods better conserve the interests at stake than that so often advocated? Do the public requirements of the Province demand the great number of members of the executive and House and yearly sessions? It is a question as much worthy of consideration as that palliative of the present, abolition of the Council.

[Has our correspondent anything practical to advance on these subjects?]

Then, too, the question of a good lien law, which will, while protecting the rights of the labourer in all the different and various interests in which he is now engaged, lessen the evils attendant upon a law of this nature by throwing around the employer of labor as many safeguards as are possible and consistent with the intention of the law. Now, all this leads up to but one ending. What kind of men shall the people have as their representatives? We should surely have such men as understand the principles of responsible government, men of knowledge and ability, with a fair or thorough understanding of the questions likely to be involved by the advocacy of any of the measures above mentioned. The very best material that can be obtained is not too good, for the time has come when the great question of housekeeping advocated by Micawber should become the principal object of any Government that may hereafter guide the destinies of the Province.

No question of party politics should influence us, but all should unite in assisting to elect such men as will be able to meet and overcome the difficulties that now retard the advancement of the people of the Province by surrounding the present with taxation and debt and the future with bankruptcy and ruin.

BAR.

A New Brunswicker in Trouble.

J. A. E. BLACKHALL, OF CARAQUET, CONVICTED OF CROOKED BUCKET-SHOP TRANSACTIONS.

AUGUSTA, Me, Dec. 13.—J. A. E. Blackhall, now a prisoner in Kennebec jail, under conviction for crooked transactions in his management of the Waterville bucket shop, was very closemouthed several weeks ago when a reporter visited him, but has now unbosomed himself in a two hours' talk with a gentleman who visited his cell. He said in substance:

"Against my father's most strenuous protests, I determined to gain a living by my wits, and became a bucket shop tender-up. I began my career in the business as a [illegible] boy. My father was so much shocked that he wouldn't recognise me as a member of his family. To gratify his sense of honor and my own pride I came to the States, still in Ledden Bros.' employ."

Mr. Blackhall proceeded to give the story of the bucket shop as he knew it.

"The man who deals with the bucket shop is a sure loser," said he. "He has not only the house against him with every advantage on their side, but the local agent with whom he deals is availing himself of every opportunity to scalp the customer, and this scalping is the secret of my profits in the business. If a customer comes in wishing to buy certain stocks of the house on a margin and I am satisfied that the market is falling, it is the easiest thing in the world for me to put his money in my pocket, pretending to have placed his deal with the house, and then let a falling market wipe him out. The customer knows only that he has lost his money; the house knows nothing of the deal, and I am several hundred dollars in."

"But I supposed you and the house lived on a division of the commissions?"

"Oh, the commissions are a mere blind. We care nothing about the commissions. We merely have them to make the public think we are doing a straight business. The house gets rich by the losses of its customers, while the agents are supposed to live out of the commissions. But seeing the speculative profits of the house it is very natural for the agents to speculate a little on their own account, and this is called scalping customers. For example. My commissions in Waterville were insignificant, compared with my profits from scalping customers. Why, in the few months I was there I spent over $2500; I made $750 in one deal; I was forced to scalp or go to the wall."

When the jury brought in a verdict of guilty, last evening, Blackhall was affected. He evidently had believed that he would escape on technical grounds. He now counterfeits cell at the jail with a Togue rum-peddler.

J. A. E. Blackhall is well known in St. John. He is a son of Magistrate Blackhall, of Caraquet, Gloucester county and was for some time a resident of Bathurst. He came to this city about two and one-half years ago and entered the employ of a wholesale and retail house as traveller. One trip satisfied the proprietors that he knew too much for them. On being discharged he entered the employ of Ledden's "bucket shop," he being a telegraph operator. He proved too smart for Ledden Bros., and in the hope of getting rid of him he was transferred to Bangor. Three months in the Queen city resulted in his transfer to Lewiston. There he proved more than a match for the proprietors, and after a time he was discharged. After being discharged from the employ of Ledden Bros., Dr. Irish, Lewiston, opened an opposition bucket shop, and Blackhall being well advanced in the business was placed in charge. This is the last heard of Blackhall by his John friends, and it is presumed that it was in the employ of Dr. Irish, who was the proprietor in Augusta of the Rockingham hotel, that Blackhall was captured.

Blackhall was for several years clerk in a Bathurst store before coming to this city. He is a young man of fine address and appearance and about twenty years of age. While in this city he boarded at the Victoria hotel. Before his departure for Bangor he contracted quite a number of bills which he never paid, and those who knew him well and were spoken to last evening concerning him, said they were not surprised in the least at his conviction.—*Sun*

Our Butter, Cheese and Fruit.

Editor of the Advance

SIR: Another meeting of the Provincial Farmers Association is nearly due. Preparations are being made to hold it in Fredericton on the 14th 15th and 16th January next. The programme should be an interesting one as the subjects for discussion will be Dairying and Fruit Culture, two branches of farm work which are occupying year by year more and more attention. In New Brunswick however both these branches can scarcely be said to be more than in the bud. Ere we can hope to see the fruit of perfection great change must take place, especially in the Dairy industry. Why should New Brunswick with her wealth of natural pasture and a soil and climate fitted for the growth of nearly everything best suited for cow life, be a butter and cheese importing country to the large extent that she is? It is time that this question was taken hold of in earnest and the dairymen of the country should awaken to their responsibility and endeavor to supply the home market a least in butter and cheese and in so doing distribute the money among themselves which which now goes out to Dairymen in other lands. The Dairymen and Fruit growers should therefore take a special interest in this meeting of the Association and work shoulder to shoulder for the advancement of their business. While the subject above mentioned will occupy most of the time of the meeting; every member will have a right at certain hours to bring up any subject he may wish discussed. It is to be hoped that advantage will be taken of this arrangement and a general distribution of much locked up knowledge be the result.

W. W. HUBBARD,
Cor. Secty. P. F. A.

Burton, Hill, Oromocto, 16th Dec., 1889.

A Telephone Story.

Some very funny things happened in the early days of the telephone. In one town a young man bought a small instrument, and took it home one evening, when it happened that his mother being fatigued with a busy day's work had retired to her room. She was alone in the darkness when her son came in, excited with the new toy, and going to her room asked her to take one end of the wire while he took the other into a distant part of the house to try if he could hear her voice. The young ladies of the family were down stairs in the parlor entertaining guests. After the visitors had departed, the daughter of the house went up to say good-night to mamma, and as she approached the door of her room, she heard out of the darkness her mother repeating in slow, measured tones, "The—Lord—is—my—shepherd, I—shall—not—want," and at the end of every sentence saying—in louder tones—"*Do you hear?*" The young girl listened a few moments, and the slow measured tones continued as the psalm proceeded and the question "*Do you hear?*" was reiterated.

She became alarmed, and ran downstairs with all possible speed to inform the other members of the family that [illegible] she was alone in the darkness of her room repeating the Twenty-Third psalm and asking the Lord every few moments, in loud tones, *if He heard*. She begged some one to go with her, to ascertain what had happened, and after securing the services of an older member of the household, the two, trembling with fear and excitement, tiptoed up to the room, and entering softly, approached the bed and asked in subdued tones, "Are you ill, mamma? What is the matter?"

The reply was, "I am not ill, but I am very tired." There was a half-hour

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and Wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y. Sold by

GILLESPIE & SADLER,
Chatham, N

of great anxiety before the real state of affairs was ascertained. *A Listener*, in *December* WIDE AWAKE.

Telegraphic News.

GENEVA, Dec. 11. Col. Clibborn Booth, chief of the staff of commanders of the Salvation Army, has been arrested here for infringing on the decree, by which he was expelled from Swiss territory.

HALIFAX, Dec 11. A man locked in a house, suffering delirium tremens five days, during which time no one attended him, was found by the police yesterday afternoon a raving maniac. Had neither food nor drink during that time.

MONTREAL, Dec. 11. A terrible encounter with bears is reported from the Thetford mines, in Megantic county, near here. M. Fortier, a French Canadian, and his two brothers were returning home from a logging expedition. Snow was falling heavily, and the trail through the woods had been lost, when the attention of the three men was attracted to a huge tree of peculiar formation. On examination it was found to be hollow, with an opening near the ground. One of the men picked it with his axe, when to the surprise of all a large black bear crawled out. He showed fight, but was quickly despatched. In a few minutes several more bears appeared on the scene, and a terrible fight ensued. The men attacked the bears with axes which they carried. One of the bears grasped the brother, and man and bear rolled over and over in the snow. His clothes were torn into shreds and one of his arms lacerated. Bruin was finally hacked to pieces, and young Fortier was rescued, bleeding and insensible. No less than five bears were killed in the fight.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

What Occurred last 12th November.

Ticket No. 93 drew the First Capital Prize of $309,000 in the 234th Grand Monthly Drawing of November 12, 1889, in The Louisiana State Lottery. It was sold in fractional parts of twentieths at $1 00 each, sent to M. A. Dauphin, New Orleans, La. Two to H. C. Clarke, 721 North Campton Ave., St. Louis, Mo.; two to Max Levin, 293 E. Third St., N. Y., collected by the Bowery Bank, thro' Adams Express Co.; two to a correspondent through Wells Fargo & Co.'s Bank, San Francisco, Cal.; one to Joseph Karas, 424 North Castle St., Baltimore, Md., one to the Merchants' Bank, Topeka, Kas.; one to George Frick 1,109 West Baltimore St., Baltimore Md.; one to Mrs. Margaret Vieilleggine, Topeka, Kas., etc. Ticket No. 58,441 drew the Second Capital Prize of $100,000. Ticket No 7,782 drew the Third Capital Prize of $50.000 and was sold in fractional parts of twentieths at $1.00 each. Two to Galion Nat'l Bank Galion, Ohio; one to Jno. Byrnes, 224 Caroline Street, Baltimore Md.; one to Jas. Mixon, Osyka, Miss.; one to a depositor, Louisiana National Bank, New Orleans, La.; one to a depositor Metropolitan Bank, New Orleans, La.: one to K. Haiss, 437 Dumaine St., and L. Warnick, 224 Treme St., New Orleans, La. one to P. S. Doraghsch, Stillwater, Minn.; one to John Collins, St. Paul, Minn., etc. etc. The 236th Grand Monthly Drawing will take place on Tuesday, January 14, 1890, of which all information will be furnished on application to M. A. Dauphin, New Orleans, La.

News and Notes.

HEIGHT OF THE AURORA.

Interesting particulars concerning recent attempts to measure the height of the aurora have been given to the Royal Danish Academy by M. Adam Paulsen. At Godthaab, with two theodolites 4 miles apart, the height of different aurorae was found to range from ½ mile to 40 miles; near Cape Farewell, with a base-line of about ¾ mile, the calculations ranged from 1 to 10 miles; and at the Spitzbergen, with a base of about ½ mile, the results were from ¼ mile to 18 miles. In earlier observations, Flogel estimated the height of several aurorae at from 90 to 310 miles, Reimann found a height for one aurora of at least 500 miles, and Nordenskjold placed the mean height of aurorae at about 126 miles; while Lemstrom observed aurorae as low as 1000 feet, and Hilderbrandsen saw them below the clouds. M. Paulsen infers that the aurora only appears at considerable height in the temperate zone, while in the auroras zone proper the phenomenon is generally produced in the lower atmosphere.

SCIENTIFIC FARMING.

The first agricultural experiment station was established by Prof. W. O. Atwater of the United States Department of Agriculture, was established at a little German village near Leipsic in 1851. In 1856 there were five, in 1861 fifteen, in 1866 thirty, and to-day there are more than one hundred experiment stations and kindred institutions in the countries of Europe. The first agricultural experiment station in America was established at Middleton, Ct., in 1875. There were four in operation in 1880, and in 1887 some seventeen in fourteen States. In the latter year Congress made the enterprise national by an appropriation of $15,000 per annum to each of the States and Territories having agricultural colleges or departments of colleges. This has led to increased activity, and there are now forty-six, or, counting branches, fifty-seven, agricultural experiment stations in the United States. To support these forty-six stations, the National and State appropriations for the present year reach about $720,000, and over 370 trained men are employed.

ELECTRICITY DIRECT FROM WORK.

The accomplishment of a hitherto apparently impossible feat—that of transforming mechanical work directly into electricity—is claimed by Prof. Braun, of Tubingen. He winds nickel wire into spirals, and as each spiral is elongated or compressed a current of considerable strength is generated. This is increased by putting a number of spirals in circuit. Such positive results have been obtained that the experimenter is hopeful of constructing a useful generator on this principle.

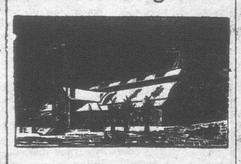
DIED.

At Chatham, Tuesday morning 17th inst. Mary Ann, widow of the late Richard Burbridge, aged 75 years.

The funeral will take place to-morrow, Friday, at 2 p. m., from the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. Simon Ross, King Street. The interment will be at St. Paul's churchyard.

New Advertisements.

Chatham Skating Rink.



At a meeting of the management Committee who have charge of the Skating Rink for the Season of 1889. The following scale of prices for the season was adopted:

Gentleman's Single Admission,	$ 20
" Season Ticket,	2.50
Lady's Single Admission,	15
" Season Ticket,	1.75
Child's Admission Saturday Afternoon	05
" Season Ticket admitting child under 15 years of age,	1.25

Special rates if more than one ticket be required

Season promenade Tickets	$ 1.00
Single " "	10

Tickets for sale from the following members of the committee

W. T. CONNORS,
MACDOUGALL, SNOWBALL,
M. S HOCKEN,

New Advertisements.

X'mas Holidays 1889.

X'MAS GROCERIES, CONFECTIONERY AND NUTS.

will be sold at reduced prices during the holidays, also

Oranges, and Lemons, Pure Spices, and Flavoring Extracts a Speciality,

also a nice assortment of

China Gift Cups & Saucers, Mugs, Toilet Sets, Vases, &c

and the usual assortment of Glass and Earthenware, all of which I will sell low for cash.

COMMERCIAL BLOCK, WATER ST. CHATHAM.

ALEX. McKINNON.

1889. Do you want! 1890.

Dry Goods of any description

Furs,
Clothing,
Overboots,
Moccasins,
Boots,
Slippers,

or anything Suitable for

CHRISTMAS

—AND—

NEW YEAR PRESENTS

If you do, you can save money by purchasing at THE CHEAP CASH STORE.

JAMES BROWN.

Newcastle, Dec. 18, 1889.

ALFRED E. MORELAND,

Organist St. Luke's Church, Chatham, is prepared to receive pupils on the piano or organ or in musical theory,

Piano-tuning promptly attended to.

Residence as Mrs. Gray's, St. John Street.

DR. G. J. SPROUL,

DENTIST.

Teeth extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas or other Anæsthetics. Artificial Teeth set on Gold, Rubber & Celluloid. Crown and Bridge work a Specialty. Offices in Benson Block, Chatham, N. B.

SPECIAL HOLIDAY SALE

—OF—

DRAPERY AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

Sutherland & Creaghan

respectfully announce a grand clearance sale during the holidays of their entire

NEW AND FASHIONABLE STOCK OF DRAPERY GOODS,

at prices never before touched on the Miramichi.

Cash purchasers looking for bargains cannot but hail with delight and wonder how such an array of new and beautiful good can be offered at such sweeping reductions. Our dress goods department is complete in the leading novelties from London and Paris. Startling reductions in

Blankets, Quilts, Flannels, Berlin Wool Goods in endless variety at manufacturers prices. Shawls, Ulsters, Cloths, Men's Clothing, Caps, Hosiery, Gloves, Silk Handkerchiefs and Mufflers,

in fact everything to be found in a first class warehouse.

SUTHERLAND & CREAGHAN,

DIRECT IMPORTERS.

NOT ONLY THE GIRLS AND BOYS,

—BUT THE—

OLD GENTS AND LADIES

—MAKE A GRAND RUSH FOR—

NOONAN'S CHEAP CASH STORE,

—TO PURCHASE—

CHRISTMAS GOODS.

Our store is packed with all sorts of Dry Goods and Clothing; our Prices are away down in order to ensure the largest sales,

Fine Overcoats, Nobby Reefers, Stylish Suits, Rich Silk Handkerchiefs.

All the latest styles in Caps, Gloves, Underwear, Woollen and Dress Goods.

Useful Christmas Presents are most acceptable to ladies and gentlemen—such as Fur Boas, Muffs, Collars, Wool Shawls, Mufflers, Suspenders, Neckties, Handkerchiefs and Hoods.

GREAT CHRISTMAS SALE

—OF—

FURNITURE!

During the Month of December

—I SHALL MAKE—

SPECIAL REDUCTIONS

TO ALL CASH PURCHASERS.

I HAVE IMPORTED THE HANDSOMEST FURNITURE EVER SHOWN IN THIS COUNTY.

Parlor Suits, Bedroom Setts, Fancy Tables, Fancy Chairs, Hat-Racks, Sideboards, Etc., Etc.

—ALSO, 3 CASES OF—

GERMAN TOYS AND FANCY GOODS FOR PRESENTS.

call and see them at

B. FAIREY'S, - NEWCASTLE.