$1200—EXECUTORS' SALE.
Manning Ave., solid brick, slate roof, stone foundation, seven rooms, bathroom, bath, w.c., overmantel; easy terms.
H. H. WILLIAMS, 12 Victoria St.

The Toronto World.

..JUST ARRIVED..
Finest Scotch Coachmen's White Rubber Coats.
The Toronto Rubber Co., Limitd.
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TWENTIETH YEAR | TEN PAGES—MONDAY MORNING OCTOBER 2 1899—TEN PAGES | ONE CENT

Senate Rdg Room
1Jan00
SENATE PO

BRITAIN MU[illegible] FIGHT THE BOERS

JOHN CANUCK GETS UP WITH HIS GUN!

Canadian Military Men to be at the Front, if Needed, in the Transvaal.

ALL MOST UNANIMOUS

That the Government Ought to Spend a Million or Two to Send Canadian Troops

TO AID BRITAIN IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Important Resolutions Passed at an Enthusiastic Meeting at the Military Institute.

There was certainly no lack of enthusiasm at the meeting in the Canadian Military Institute on Saturday night to talk over the proposal to have Canadian soldiers fighting for the British Empire in South Africa. It was a great patriotic meeting, which opened and closed with the singing of the National Anthem, while at various stages of the proceedings the feelings of the gathering found vent in the rendition of such songs as "Soldiers of the Queen," "Tommy Atkins" and "Rule Britannia." Every one present wanted young Canada to help out the old mother land, and resolutions were unanimously passed to the effect that it was the clear and definite duty of all British possessions to show their willingness to contribute to the common defence, and that the Government of Canada should promptly offer a contingent of Canadian militia to assist in supporting the interests of our empire in South Africa. All expenses of such a contingent should be paid by the Canadian Government and no time should be lost in getting one regiment to the front and have another in readiness.

These views were unanimous, and ways and means were discussed. The principal matter to be considered was the securing of public support as the politicians at Ottawa would be very careful before warranting the large expenditure which would be absolutely necessary for the undertaking.

Who Were There.

Lieut.-Col. Delamere of the Queen's Own Rifles presided, and among those present were R E Kingsford, Lieut-Col H Smith, Prof Alfred Baker, Lieut-Col Gravely, Major Fred T Manley, Lieut-Col John Gray, R L, Lieut-Col Clarence Denison, G G B G, Lieut C F Hamilton, 37th Battalion; Lieut-Col Cosby, 48th; Major R Y Ellis, Lieut-Col J J Davidson, Lieut-Col G T Denison, Lieut-Col James Mason, Major W C Macdonald, Capt John Ross, Lieut N D Cosby, 48th; Major D M Robertson, 48th; Lieut Agnew, 12th Battalion; Lieut-Col Grasett, Surgeon-Lieut Fotheringham, Q O R; Lieut J George, Q O R; Major Mutton, Q O R; Capt Barker, Q O R; Surgeon-Major Palmer, Q O R; Major Tassie, R G; Surgeon-Major Grasett, G G B G; Lieut A Kenny Evans, 22nd Battalion; Capt W A Mediand, R R; Major Trotter, R G; Capt A Currie, 48th; Lieut-Col George T Evans, Capt G T Denison, jr, G G B G; Lieut E Wyley Greer, 9th F B; Capt H M Mowat, R O; Capt William Fahey, R L; Capt J Cooper Mason, R G; Capt P J Macesan, 30th Battalion; Major Wallace, 36th Battalion, Chaplain G E Lloyd, Q O R; Major John S Hendrie, Hamilton Field Battery; Lieut G C Royce, Q O R; Capt H P Wyatt, Q O R; Capt F F Cosby, 48th; Lieut J Gunn Q O R; Capt J D Mackay, R G; Major Boyce Thompson, Q O R; Lieut J H Paterson, R G; Lieut R B McGee, R O; H J Wickham, R N; Capt Mitchell, 48th; Capt Myles, 5th F B; Major Menard, 48th; Capt A J Boyd, R G; Capt Riches, 12th Battalion; Capt Armstrong, 38th Battalion; L Homfray Irving, Lieut Findlay, Q O R; Lieut Complin, Q O R; Lieut-Col King, 2nd F D; Lieut-Col J B McLean, Major John G McGillivray, 34th.

Secretary Homfray Irving read a number of communications concerning the object of the meeting.

Sir Oliver With It.

His Honor the Lieut.-Governor Sir Oliver Mowat wrote expressing his inability to be present, but desired to say that without referring to the specific purpose of the discussion contemplated, he rejoiced greatly as a Canadian in the desire manifested that Canada should contribute whatever may be fitting on the part of the Dominion toward the defence of the interests of the empire.

Lieut.-Col. J. F. Turnbull of Quebec, late Royal Canadian Dragoons, wrote: "All honor to Toronto and the Canadian Military Institute for taking up the cause."

"Canada Should Lead."

Lieut.-Col. R. H. Davis, Cayuga, late Haldimand Rifles, also wrote expressing his hearty support. "Canada should not be behind the other colonies, but lead them all. We have been boasting of our loyalty to the old flag and the old land, and now is the time to back up our professions." He considered the contingent should be made up from the whole militia forces, a proportionate number from each battalion. Such would best represent Canada.

Lieut.-Col. White, 30th Battalion, Guelph, wrote that he was in full accord with the objects of the meeting. He thought the contingent should be representative, and he was willing to furnish 100 men and three officers (including himself), from the 30th Battalion. "The shooting of these men will hold with any Boers in the Transvaal," he concluded.

Lieut.-Col. Nelles wrote that he had a number of applications from officers and men who wanted to serve.

The First Resolution.

The discussion opened on a resolution as follows: Moved by Lieut.-Col. G. T. Denison, seconded by Lieut.-Col. James Mason:

Resolved, That the members of the Canadian Military Institute, feeling that it is a clear and definite duty for all British possessions to show their willingness to contribute to the common defence in the case of need, express the hope that in view of impending hostilities in South Africa the Government of Canada will promptly offer a contingent of Canadian militia to assist in supporting the interests of our empire in that country.

Col. Denison Speaks.

Col. Denison spoke very earnestly in moving the resolution. He understood that the rights of the Uitlanders was a minor matter, as a widespread conspiracy existed for the purpose of driving British power out of South Africa. When Sir Alfred Milner's despatch on May 4 came out, it stated that such was the case. There was no difference of opinion of the people of this country or any other part of the

Continued on Page 5.

BURGHERS READY FOR THE FIELD

Military Operations Continue at a Brisk Rate on Both Sides of the Line.

JOHANNESBURG DESERTED.

Merchants Have Barricaded Their Places and There is Virtually no Business.

MAJUBA HILL THE STORM CENTRE.

A Conflict Expected Within the Week—Open Threats of Raid Into British Territory.

Johannesburg, Oct. 1.—The commandering orders are completed and the burghers are ready for the field. A large body passed through the town yesterday afternoon.

Business has virtually ceased. The merchants have finished barricading their premises and the proprietors of the drinking saloons expect to receive a notification to close their establishments to-morrow.

A party of 200 Germans has been notified to leave and the Irish corps, commanded by Blake, an Irish-American, will go early in the week. The mines are paying £1 ($5) daily with food to men who will remain.

Three Trains of Armed Men.

Three trains filled with armed burghers for the Natal border were this evening reported as unable to leave Bloemfontein, owing to a block on the line, which has disorganized the whole train service. Two hundred passengers left yesterday by the morning and afternoon trains, and nearly 1000 more by outgoing trains last night. The Government undertakes to provide for the families of burghers who go to the front.

MAJUBA HILL

Will Be the Storm Centre When Hostilities Break Out, According to Indications.

London, Oct. 1.—From all points in the Transvaal, Natal and Cape Colony, come reports of continued military activity on the frontiers, and while the movement of individual commands as yet don't show concerted plans, it is evident that the narrow, wedgelike strip of Natal whose apex is crowned with the ominous name of Majuba Hill will be the centre of the coming storm.

Late yesterday the Boers established a camp at Scheeper's Nek, near Vryheid, and they will mobilize a great force on the Buffalo River to-morrow, which the authorities at Dundee expect will move across the border to that spot probably at once. It is believed that a conflict at this point will certainly occur early in the week. At the same time the Boers are collecting a force of 2000 under the command of Cronge, near Mafeking, where Col. Baden Powell is stationed.

Limpopo River Guarded.

Despatches from Tuli, Rhodesia, announce that another force of burghers is massed at Pietersburg, 15 miles south, and that outlying parties are posted at all the drifts along the Limpopo River.

Col. Plummer Moving Up.

In the meantime Col. Plummer's column is moving 50 miles nearer the Transvaal frontier, and has established telepnone connections to within six miles of Rhodes' Drift on the Limpopo.

Enthusiastic scenes at all the railway stations have marked the advance of the Natal volunteers.

Cronge's Bold Move.

Despatches from Mafeking announce that Commandant Cronge, commander of the Border Police, crossed the border and visited Chief Baralonga, apparently with the object of inciting him to fight. The British Civil Commissioner ordered the chief to stay and protect the women and children, and told him that he would not be allowed to fight.

Boers Threaten a Raid.

The Boers openly threaten to raid Vryburg, in British Bechuanaland, as soon as hostilities open, and The Kimberly Advertiser complains of the apathy of the Cape Ministry in not taking the steps to prevent this.

The Transvaal field cornets are taking the names of Colonial Boers, who are willing to cross the border in the event of war.

Cardinal Vaughan's Words.

Cardinal Herbert Vaughan, Archbishop of Westminster, preaching in the Pro-Cathedral to-day, referred to the Transvaal crisis. His Eminence said: "War is still trembling in the balance, and a great responsibility rests upon those deputed to safeguard the welfare of the British nation. An unjust or an unnecessary war would be a great national crime, deserving divine chastisement, because it would be an offence against God and mankind.

Catholics Are Praying.

"Realizing the awfulness of war, the Catholic churches in London are to-day offering prayers to Almighty God that light and strength of courage be given to those

Continued on Page 2.

Pember's Turkish Baths. Excellent sleeping accommodation. 129 Yonge.

The Ideal $3 Derby at Dineens'.

This is the seventh season of Dineens' "XXX" special $3 Derby—representing always the very best quality, finish and style that can possibly be put into a hat to pass from the maker direct to the wearer, for $3. Its popularity has grown amidst a rivalry with the productions of the most celebrated hat-makers of the world. The Dineen "XXX" special Derby, displayed among the famous styles and qualities of Dunlap, Heath, Christy, Knox, Young, Fress and others, has now the attention which its merits deserve, and now counts its patrons at the store by the hundreds. Unless it were a finer hat than any other $3 hat sold anywhere it would not be offered by Dineens as Dineens' "Special."

Try Glencairn cigars—5c. straight.

Smoke Manhattan cigar, 10c. Try it

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., Patent Solicitors and experts, Bank of Commerce Building, Toronto.

KRUGER STILL HAS A CHANCE TO RETREAT

One Bridge Remains Open Over Which He Can Get Out of Danger.

NO WAR FOR TWO WEEKS

Unless the Boers Break Loose and Place the British Garrison at Natal on Defensive.

BRITAIN CANNOT DRAW BACK.

Anything Like a Surrender Would Imperial the Peace and Safety of the Whole Empire.

New York, Oct. 1.—Isaac N. Ford, in his London cable letter to The New York Tribune, reviews with minuteness the Transvaal situation, and discusses it in detail. He says: "A bridge still remains open for Kruger's retreat, since the despatch which the Cabinet considered in detail yesterday will not be sent for a few days, until Lord Salisbury and Mr. Chamberlain have full leisure for revising it. Probably a fortnight will be filled with dilatory tactics, unless the Boers strike the first blow, and place the British garrison in Natal on its defence. If they do not make an attack, the new budget of demands will be sent out, and an army corps of thirty thousand men with it. The reduction of fortresses commanding Pretoria and Johannesburg will be one of these demands, and war will be inevitable. Indeed, the last chance of peace seems to be an offer of a five years' franchise from Pretoria within the next seven days, before a new ultimatum is sent out, and Kruger may be induced by his natural allies in the Cape Colony and the Orange Free State to take this course before the bridge is closed.

Britain Cannot Draw Back.

"Certainly, the British Government cannot retreat; it has gone too far to turn back. Anything like a surrender to Kruger would be a blow to British prestige, which would imperil the peace and safety of the whole empire.

"No dates are yet assigned with full authority for the meeting of Parliament and the despatch of Sir Redvers Buller with an army corps, but both events may safely be forecast as certainties and timed for the middle of October. Money is required for the transportation of men and the purchase of supplies on a large scale, and Parliament must be consulted before the reserves are called out. The War Office has been working at high pressure without serious friction.

All Supplies Are Ready.

"Even censorious grumblers are compelled to admit that the antiquated military system, enmeshed with red tape, is a better engine than is generally supposed. Supplies, clothing, equipment, rifles, powder and other stores are adequate for the emergency. Horses and mules have been quickly obtained, and delays in the sea transport service for reinforcements already sent may be charged against the Admiralty. All arrangements for the system of transportation and supplies for the army in South Africa have been carefully prepared in advance, and are working smoothly. Whether the rapid mobilization of the full army corps can be worked out at short notice remains to be seen. That is a point which now interests military tacticians.

Some Critics Are Uneasy.

"More critical observers are uneasy over the exposed position of the British outposts in Natal, and are hoping that war will not begin for three weeks. According to the latest information, two battalions of Hussars, with two field batteries and a mountain battery, are in camp near Sandon with Laing's Nek fifty miles away, while the railway is guarded at Glencoe by two companies, and the Fifth Lancers and a battalion of the King's Royal Rifles are at Ladysmith. Reinforcements are steadily closing up toward the frontier.

"It will be twelve days before the British garrison in Natal is in sufficient force to meet an attack from the Transvaal. If Kruger be bent upon fighting, he ought to strike quickly, when British communications with the coast can be interrupted and the outposts overpowered by superior numbers.

War Party in Ascendant.

"The war party here is thoroughly in the ascendant, but there is no popular enthusiasm for a campaign in South Africa, and no agreement on the moral points in justification of hostilities, so soon after Lord Pauncefote has been the evangel of peace and arbitration at The Hague.

"The Spectator considers Mr. Kipling's poem, 'The King,' as worthy of 'The Recessional,' and credits him with finding the true theme of the war in the protest against the tyranny and oppression of the Uitlanders. That is undue praise for a poem which needs to be read twice in order to be understood, but it is the correct view of the best method of justifying a campaign against the Transvaal. 'No taxation without representation' was a few months ago the cry for the American revolutionists, and political enfranchisement for the Uitlanders and the equality of the white races is the best available issue on which a campaign can be fought against the two Dutch republics. Waged for the principle of suzerainty, it cannot be reconciled with the convention of 1884 as interpreted by Lord Derby and Mr. Courtney.

Unionists in Revolt.

"Sir Edward Clark and a few other Unionist members of Parliament are in revolt against that line of attack. Another method of justifying a war starts with the assumption that the Dutch are conspiring against English supremacy in South Africa and laying the foundations for a confederation of the Dutch Republican States. Curiously enough, advanced thinkers of the Rhodes type forecast a similar confederation of the British colonies as the ultimate effect of the conquest of the Dutch republic, but they provide a British Governor-General as a figurehead. Military champions assert that the Boers firmly believe that one Dopper is worth ten Englishmen in battle, and that there can be no peace in South Africa until the arrogant pride and vanity of the Boers are broken by defeat.

When Parliament Meets.

"Lord Salisbury, when Parliament meets, is likely to take up the grievances of the Uitlanders as a full and ample cause for war, and press home the argument which the Liberals will find it difficult to answer: The country will give the Government united support, but as it counts the cost of war in blood and treasure in advance, it has many searchings of heart."

NO ONE TO RUN THE "MACHINE."

ARTHUR STURGIS: Is there any truth in the rumor of an early election? Well, now, say Wilf, you're not setting up for a humorist, are you? Don't you know that Bole is out of the country?

A MOST REVOLTING MURDER

Mrs. John Bings of Victoria West, B.C., Butchered in Jack the Ripper Style.

ROBBERY EVIDENTLY THE MOTIVE.

Body Disemboweled and Horribly Mutilated—Mystery as to the Perpetrator.

Victoria, B.C., Sept. 30.—A fiendish murder was committed last night on the Indian reserve, just beyond the trestle work on the city side of the engine house of the E. & N. Railway Company. The victim was Mrs. John Bings, who, together with her brother, J. Jordan, kept a little bakery on Store-street, nearly opposite the depot of the E. & N. Railway Company. The body was discovered by Officer Walker, and after being viewed by the coroner, Dr. Hart and Dr. Fraser, was removed to the city morgue.

The victim left her little store last night about 8 o'clock, according to the recollection of her brother, with whom she was in partnership. She carried a shopping bag and a purse containing the cash receipts of the day. Her husband, who is incapacitated by rheumatism, became alarmed at her failure to reach home, and notified the police. A search was instituted, but in the darkness little progress could be made, and it was nearly 9 o'clock this morning before the body was discovered at the foot of the railway embankment.

A Ghastly Sight.

The sight was a ghastly one. On her back, her body stripped of every particle of clothing, lay the victim, while evidences were also present to indicate that the most monstrous violence had been employed. The brutality of the butcher was hardly outdone by the revolting work of Jack the Ripper in the Whitechapel horrors, the body having been disemboweled and the intestines cut into small pieces. Higher up the bank lay the hat and the shoes of the victim, while most of her clothing was beneath the body. Finger marks upon her throat indicated only too surely that the woman had been throttled and that any outcry must have been quickly stifled.

The railway track alongside which the crime was committed is much used by the residents of Victoria West, saving a long detour by the road, but as last night was dark and stormy any outcry would not have been heard many yards away.

There is nothing to cause suspicion to attach to the Indians of the reserve adjoining. The regular colony are believed to be harmless, and there are few coast Indians encamped there. The condition of the body and all the circumstances point strongly in the direction of some monster.

Was an Excellent Woman.

Mrs. Bings was a lady of excellent reputation, who over a year ago started the bakery before mentioned in order to support her family. The latter consists of her crippled husband and a little boy, perhaps eight years of age. Deceased came to Victoria from Germany about 15 years ago, and five years later married her husband then being in the employ of the E. & N. Railway Company. They have resided for some time at Russell-street, Victoria West. The police have as yet no clue to the murderer. This afternoon they took into custody a man of unsound mind found loitering on the railway bridge near the scene of the crime, and about the same time picked up the dead woman's purse, lying near by, turned inside out. The suspect paid no attention to the purse, though seeing the constables handle it, and evidently has no connection with the crime.

Green Turtle Soup to-morrow and Wednesday at the Bodega.

Why Do You Cough?

Brunell's Cough Drops will stop it or your money refunded. 25 cents. Bingham's Pharmacy, 100 Yonge. 135

'The Scene of "Kit Kennedy" is laid in the centre of "The Raiders" country.

SUNDERLAND BADLY SCORCHED.

Worst Fire the Village Ever Experienced — Buildings Were Frame and Burned Quickly.

Sunderland, Ont., Oct. 1.—Early this morning this village was visited by the worst fire in its history. About 7 o'clock smoke was noticed issuing from the implement shop of P. Keenan. The building being an old frame one, the flames were soon eating their way through the roof. The blacksmith shop of Thomas Warrian, about six feet to the east, was the next to go. Then the unoccupied implement shop belonging to James Doble, then the fine livery stables owned and occupied by Frank Reynolds. To the westward the fire soon spread to the Brock House, a large frame building, occupied by J. A. McDonald and owned by Mrs. J. Campbell. This was soon totally consumed, but the proprietor managed to save a good deal of furniture and stock.

The heat from the fire was so intense that nearly all the glass in the windows in front of the postoffice, drug store, Charters' furniture shop and Wilson's shoe store in the McDermott block was broken, and it was only by the determined efforts of the citizens that the block was saved. Losses, as nearly as can be ascertained, as follows: Mrs. Campbell, owner of the Brock House, $2500, insurance $1000; J. A. McDonald, proprietor Brock House, $800, covered by insurance; P. Keenan, implements, account books and notes, $2000, no insurance; Thomas Warrian, $500 on shop and contents, no insurance; Reynolds' livery, $1000, insured; James Doble, two implement shops, $600, partly insured. Taylor's general store and the McDermott Block across the street were slightly damaged.

Lunch to-day at the Bodega and order a Green Turtle Steak.

October Musings.

It is only when we are deprived of a blessing that we discover its worth, and he alone is grateful in its possession who knows what it is to get on without it. These lines have been suggested by the many old customers who in a spirit of false economy have strayed away during the last few years, but are now returning to Quinn's for their flannel and white shirts. They now appreciate more than ever the comfort derived from the wearing of these artic'es.

Edwards and Hart-Smith, Chartered Accountants, Bank of Commerce Building, George Edwards, F. C. A., A. Hart Smith, C. A. 136

Dan't Miss the Turtle Soup at Bodega to-morrow.

Monuments.

Call and inspect our stock and get our prices before purchasing elsewhere. The McIntosh Granite and Marble Company, Limited, 524 Yonge-st. Phone 4249. 146

DEATHS.

BUTTERWORTH—At the General Hospital, on Saturday, Sept. 30, 1899, Charles Butterworth, lately of Lambton Mills, a native of Rochdale, England, in his 46th year.

Funeral from Ben. Humphrey's undertaking establishment, 321 Yonge-street, to St. James' Cemetery, at 2 o'clock sharp on Tuesday afternoon.

COOLEY—At 567 Yonge-street, on Friday, Sept. 29, 1899, Jennie McCallum, beloved wife of George W. Cooley.

Funeral private.

JENKINS—At his late residence, 4 Dale-avenue, Rosedale, Toronto, suddenly, on the 29th September, 1899, Robert Jenkins, in his 52nd year.

Funeral Monday at 2.30 p.m.

O'CONNELL—On Saturday, Sept. 30, at her late residence, 74 St. Patrick-street, Mary A., second daughter of the late Denis O'Connell.

Funeral on Tuesday at 9 a.m. to St. Patrick's Church.

PEART—At Montreal, on Sunday, October 1, 1899, George H. Peart, of Montreal Herald (late Toronto World), in his 27th year.

Funeral from the residence of W. C. Senkler, 717 Yonge-street, on Tuesday, October 3rd, at 4 p.m.

Chatham, Ont., papers please copy.

WOODLAND—At her late residence, 34 Kensington-avenue, on Saturday, the 30th ult., Julia, beloved wife of C. R. Woodland, Public School Inspector's Department, aged 62 years.

Funeral Monday at 3 o'clock to the Necropolis.

DIRTY THIEVES ARE CAUGHT

Scotsman's Stokers, Twenty-Four in Number, Rounded Up By the Montreal Police.

STOCKS OF WATCHES AND JEWELS

Including Pocket-Books, Rings and Money, Were Found in Their Possession.

Montreal, Oct. 1.—Acting on instructions from the Dominion Line, the Montreal detectives, armed with warrants, met the Montfort on her arrival here this morning and arrested 24 of the Scotsman's crew who were on board for having looted the ship and stolen articles belonging to the passengers. The men gave their names as: Angus Morrison, Ed. Forecaces, John Puplett, John Gites, Albert Bailey, W. Williams, P. Gough, Albert Driscoll, George Berry, Edward Sweeney, Sam Wrigley, William Balls, Harry Keshel, Thomas Tuehy, D. R. Owens, P. Buntin, W. J. Peters, Fred Collins, John Edwards, William Patterson, Alex. Coma Cormack and Ernest New.

The Swag Found.

They were nearly all firemen taken on at Liverpool. When their luggage was searched an immense quantity of articles taken from the passengers' cabins were found in their possession. Several of the men had large quantities of jewelry, watches, rings, etc., besides pocketbooks, money, clothing and all kinds of articles, the whole forming a big lot and amounting to considerable in value.

A Cattleman With Jewels.

A number of cattlemen who arrived this afternoon on the Gretian of the Allan Line were also taken in charge and their persons searched, but all but one man had no articles on him. William Hamish, one of the cattlemen, had a quantity of jewelry, and he was arrested. There was considerable excitement as the men were taken off the ship, a big crowd having gathered.

The value of the articles recovered is about $4000.

To Arrest the Others.

Montreal, Sept. 30.—Capt. Skrimshire of the Scotsman gave instructions to the officers of the steamer Monterey, on which the brutal stokers were taken back to Liverpool, to have them handed over to the police authorities at the first point touched, and a thorough search made for the property stolen from the passengers when the ship struck the rocks. It is hoped that in this manner the human brutes will get their deserts.

"Kit Kennedy" is described as Crockett's "David Copperfield."

Matthews, Undertakers, 455 Queen W

To-Day's Program.

Harvest Home, Broadway Tabernacle, 8 p.m.
Women's Art Association, 3 p.m.
Young Conservatives, 8 p.m.
Young Liberals, 8 p.m.
Ministerial Association, Y.M.C.A., 10.30 a.m.
Junction Conservatives, Occident Hall, 8 p.m.
Mass Meeting, Metropolitan Church, 8 p.m.
McMaster Ministerial Committee, 7 p.m.
Ionic L.O.L. 1693, receives visitors at Foresters' Hall, 8 p.m.
Lecture, Biological Building, Toronto University, 8 p.m.
Tissot's pictures, Massey Hall, 9.30 a.m. till 6 p.m., 7.30 till 10 p.m.
Sol Smith Russell, in "Hon. John Grigsby," Grand, 8 p.m.
"The Shaughraun," Princess, 2 and 8 p.m.
"Forever Devil's Auction," Toronto, 8 p.m.
High-Class Vaudeville, Shea's Theatre, 2 and 8 p.m.
Vaudeville, Empire Theatre, 8 p.m.

In "Kit Kennedy" Mr. Crocket is at his best.

MORE DETAILS OF THE SCOTSMAN DISASTER

A United Rush Made For the Cabins and the Pillage Was Complete.

THE STOKERS WERE DRUNK

Passengers Were Afraid to Interfere For Fear the Thieves Would Fire on the Women.

VERY VALUABLE HORSES LOST.

One Cowardly Man Tried to Get Into the Boats When the Call Was "Women First."

Montreal, Oct. 1.—(Special.)—Could anything have been done to prevent the stranding of the Scotsman on the rocks off Belle Isle? Passengers and officers say no. There is every reason to believe that many of the men had long since talked over what they would do in case any ship which they were on should be wrecked. Certain it is that there was a united rush for the cabins, and the work of pillage was complete. Miss Cassel of "The Sign of the Cross" company, had a rather good-looking tin "make-up" box. When a gentleman went into her room the box was found split open with an ax, and the powder and puffs spilled about the room.

What the Third Officer Says.

The third officer gives out a statement that No. 4 rowboat was stove in by No. 6, and that there was no drunkenness before Saturday night, when he was placed at the door of the spirit locker with a rifle, and that there was no drunkenness after. This is directly at variance with the testimony of scores of passengers. They say the boat was swamped. As to the drunkenness, there is not the slightest doubt that men were intoxicated on many occasions. As late as the night before the rescue they got in such a condition that they insulted the women.

Afraid They Would Fire on Women

There was no way of coping with it, however. Several of the passengers had revolvers, and discussed the advisability of forcing the men into submission, but it was remembered that many firearms had been stolen, and the thieves and drunkards might fire upon the women. It was therefore decided to submit to the inevitable. There were two hundred and fifty-nine passengers on board, and a crew of one hundred and thirty. The great majority of these, of course, came up on the Montfort and got off at Rimouski.

Mrs. Allum Was Resuscitated.

A few, through sickness, were unable to get off; as, for instance, Mr. W. E. Allum and Mrs. Allum and their son of New York. Mrs. Allum was in the water for over an hour, and when found was lying unconscious on the rocks, having been thrown

Continued on Page 4.

For the Bureau of Mines.

Editor World: You've hit the nail on the head again: until we publish official weekly or monthly returns of the production of gold in Ontario we need not hope to rank as a gold-producing country. Even if the amount is small it is growing, and to see it growing weekly will be the best incentive to further enterprise. I'm also interested in British Columbia, and I watch the returns of the Rossland output with eagerness.

New Ontario.

Green Turtle Steaks to-day at the Bodega.

Write to Dunlop's.

Cut flowers may be shipped long distances when carefully packed. Dunlop guarantees arrival in perfect condition. Write for descriptive price list and try a shipment. 5 King-street west or 445 Yonge-street.

Cook's Turkish and Russian Baths, Bath and bed $1.00. 202 and 204 King W

Fair and a Little Warmer.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, Oct. 1, 8 p.m.—An important high area covers the lake region and Middle States, and a low area the Northwest States and Territories. The weather to-day has been fair generally, moderately warm in the Maritime Provinces and Manitoba. Elsewhere unseasonably cool, sharp frosts occurring throughout Ontario and Quebec.

Minimum and maximum temperatures—Victoria, 48—58; Calgary, 30—52; Prince Albert, 40—56; Qu'Appelle, 38—50; Winnipeg, 32—62; Parry Sound, 28—38; Toronto, 34—50; Ottawa, 32—42; Montreal, 32—42; Quebec, 32—42; Halifax, 50—60.

Probabilities.

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—Easterly winds; fair weather; rising temperature.

Ottawa Valley and Upper St. Lawrence—Fair and cool.

Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf—Moderate to fresh westerly winds; fair and cool.

Maritime—Moderate northwesterly and westerly winds; fair and a little cooler.

Lake Superior—Strong winds and moderate gales from east and southeast, weather becoming showery.

Manitoba—Showery; not much change in temperature.

There is some fine value in boys' suits at Oak Hall Clothiers, 116 Yonge-street and 115 King-street east, Toronto. Mothers are delighted with the styles and fathers with the low prices.

All the charm of the "Lilac Sunbonnet" pervades "Kit Kennedy."

STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

Sept. 30.	At.	From.
Ottoman	Father Point	Liverpool
Sardinian	Glasgow	Montreal
Campania	New York	Liverpool
Oct. 1.		
Manchester Enterprise	Father Point	Manchester
Bavarian	Father Point	Liverpool
La Normandie	New York	Havre
La Bretagne	Havre	New York
Bremen	Southampton	New York
Mark Park	Father Point	London
Maplemore	Father Point	Liverpool
Monterey	Bristol	Montreal
Sailed.	**From.**	**For.**
Benedick	London, St. John's, Nfld.	

Cook's Turkish Baths—204 King W.