7. In what time will \$40, at 7 per cent., give \$8.40 interest?

8. In what time, at 8 per cent., will \$30 give \$9.60

interest?

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9. In what time, at 6 per cent., will \$10 give \$2.40 interest?

10. In what time, at 4 per cent., will \$20 give \$5.60 interest?

## Lesson X.

1. At what per cent., will \$50, in 1 year and 6 months, or  $(1\frac{1}{2} \text{ years})$ , give \$6 interest?

SOLUTION.—If the interest of \$50 for 11, or 3 years is \$6, for t of a year it is to of \$6, or \$2; and for 2, or 1 year, it is 2 times \$2, or \$4. Therefore,  $\frac{4}{50}$ , or  $\frac{2}{50}$  of the principal equals the annual interest. If the interest of \$1 for 1 year is \$25, of \$100, it is 100 times \$25, or \$8. Therefore, it is 8 per cent.

2. At what per cent., will \$40 annually give \$2 interest?

3. At what per cent., will \$80 annually give \$3.20

interest?

4. At what per cent., will \$120 annually give \$12 interest?

5. At what per cent., will \$120 in 4 years, give \$20 interest?

6. At what per cent., will \$100 in 3 years, give \$30 interest?

7. At what per cent., will \$5 in 14 years, give \$7 interest?

8. At what per cent., will \$25 in 1 year and 9 months, give \$3 50 interest?

9. At what per cent., will \$80 in 5 years and 8

months, give \$34 interest? 10. At what per cent., will \$500 in 7 years and 6 months, give \$15 interest?