

3. The inhabitants of the island prepare for war and carry corn into the woods. 4. Caesar enters the harbour with the sailors. 5. Caesar takes up his position behind the woods. 6. The inhabitants of the island attack the town. 7. The army puts the islanders to flight and takes possession of the spoil. 8. Caesar puts the slave to death on account of his³ treachery. 9. The inhabitants of the island again enter upon hostilities.⁴ 10. Caesar defeats⁵ the inhabitants of the island and puts the senate to the sword.⁶ 11. Dumnorix takes possession of the crown.⁶

³It is not necessary to translate the possessive adjective.

⁴Renew the war.

⁵*Superat.*

⁶Translate the meaning.

LESSON X.

THE IMPERFECT TENSE.

1. The Imperfect tense in Latin has the meaning of the English Past Progressive.

Caesar nautas expectabat. Caesar was waiting for the sailors.

2. Observe how the Imperfect is formed.

Present Tense

laudat

occupat

stat

Imperfect Tense

laudabat

occupabat

stabat

3. The Plural Number is formed as in the Present: *laudabant, occupabant, etc.*

4. The Passive Voice (3rd Person Singular and