EXCHANGE OF NOTES (MAY 3, 1944) BETWEEN CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA CONSTITUTING AN AGREEMENT FOR A TEMPORARY ADDITIONAL DIVERSION OF WATER AT NIAGARA FOR POWER PURPOSES

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

The Canadian Ambassador to the United States to the Secretary of State of the United States

## Canadian Embassy and of monor of synd I

Sir. Canadian Embles Washington, May 3, 1944.

on the Canadian side of the Niagara River under the conditions stated in 1:ri8 I have the honour to refer to the exchanges of notes of May 20, 1941,\* and of October 27 and November 27, 1941,\*\*\* regarding emergency diversions of water for power purposes at Niagara.

to make the maximum use for war purposes of facilities in both countries for facilities on the production of water power. It has recently been found that there are existing the Niagara River to use an additional 4,000 multiples on the Countries of the Niagara River to use an additional 4,000 multiples on the Countries of the Niagara River to use an additional 4,000 multiples on the Countries of the Niagara River to use an additional 4,000 multiples on the Countries of the Niagara River to use an additional 4,000 multiples on the Countries of the Niagara River to use an additional 4,000 multiples on the Countries of the Niagara River to use an additional 4,000 multiples of the Niagara River to use an add As you know, officials of the two countries have worked in close co-operation facilities on the Canadian side of the Niagara River to use an additional 4,000 cubic feet of the Canadian side of the continuing need for additional cubic feet of water per second. In view of the continuing need for additional power in the water per second. In view of the canadian Government power in the Niagara Falls area for war purposes, the Canadian Government to the hopes that the Niagara Falls area for war purposes, the Canadian Government will raise no objection to the addihopes that the Niagara Falls area for war purposes, the Canadian Control of the United States Government will raise no objection to the additional diversity of 1,000 cubic feet per second, in terms of thonal diversion for power purposes of 4,000 cubic feet per second, in terms of the daily second for power purposes of the daily second the daily aggregate, through existing facilities, on the Canadian side of the Niagara River above the Falls.

This additional diversion of Niagara water would be subject to the following conditions:

- (a) It would terminate upon the conclusion of hostilities unless terminated earlier by agreements;
- (b) It would be reviewed periodically, as are the arrangements effected by the exchanges of notes referred to above; and
- (c) Most of the additional energy, estimated at 620,000 k.w.h. per day, would be made available for utilization in the United States under existing arrangements.

The Canadian Government also proposes that the engineers of Canada effect of this distance being the United States be instructed to take all feasible steps to minimize the this distance of Niagara Falls. effect of this diversion upon the scenic beauty of Niagara Falls.

Accept, Sir, the renewed assurance of my highest consideration.

## LEIGHTON McCARTHY

<sup>\*</sup>For the text of the Notes of May 20, 1941, see Canada Treaty Series, 1941, No. 7.

Nor the text of the Notes of May 20, 1941, see Canada Treaty

November 27, 1941, see Canada Treaty \*\*Tor the text of the Notes of May 20, 1941, see Canada Treaty Series, 1941, No. 7.
No. 15.