

TIME OF INCIDENCE.—The minimum admissions occur in February, the number gradually increasing to the end of August, the latter month showing the maximum number. Despite the severity of the winter, the number existing up to the beginning of February is noteworthy: Per cent. of admissions—January, 4.9; February, 2.5; March, 2.6; April, 5.0; May, 7.3; June, 9.3; July, 10.8; August, 15.8; September, 12.2; October, 12.7; November, 9.4; December, 7.3.

MORTALITY.—The mortality was 66, or 9.2 per cent.; cases in the male sex were 65.3 per cent., in the female, 34.7 per cent. Of the deaths, 71.2 per cent. were males, 28.8 per cent. were females.

Age in Years.	No. of Cases.	Percentage of Cases.	No. of Deaths.	Percentage of Deaths. (approx.)	One Case Died in (approx.) every
1 to 5	7	.98	1	1.5	7
6 " 10	31	4.3	1	1.5	31
11 " 15	67	9.3	2	3.	33
16 " 20	160	22.4	12	18.	13
21 " 25	174	24.4	14	21.	12
26 " 30	117	16.3	10	15.	11
31 " 35	70	9.8	7	10.5	10
36 " 40	47	6.5	6	9.	8
41 " 45	20	2.8	5	7.5	4
46 " 50	15	2.1	5	7.5	3
51 " ..	6	.8	3	4.5	2

ETIOLOGY.—Previous attack of typhoid is described in 21 cases (2.96 per cent.); 1 case, one year before; 3 cases, three years before; 2 cases, four years before; 2 cases, seven years before; 2 cases, eight years before; 1 case, nine years before; 2 cases, ten years before; 1 case eleven years before; 1 case fourteen years before, and 1 case, twenty-one years before; in two the time is unstated. Four cases developed in the hospital; one patient developed the disease after thirty days in the hospital, two nurses and one hospital orderly contracted it whilst in attendance on typhoid patients.

DURATION.—Excluding fatal cases, and a small number in which the beginning of the disease could not be accurately determined, the average duration of the febrile period for 640 cases was 27.2 days. The length of illness and convalescence, measured from the day of onset to the day on which the patient was discharged, averaged for 619 cases 52.2 days.

DEGREE OF FEVER.—For purposes of classification, arbitrary divisions were made between high and moderate fever; fever which was below 104° was classed "moderate," 104° or over during four days