Bath, Eng., May 29 .- Of a truth, the "Merry Month of May" is apt to be a month of moods in Old England, and this year it has taken on a very disagreeable mood, and tried to outdo March itself in rudeness and boisterousness. Such a pity! when it can be so lovely and rlant, almost as smiling as June. Well, the consequence of its delinquencies is that, though loath to leave London as a rule at this time of year, when there is so much to beguile one, I was for once not averse to obeying the call of duty and running down to Bath for a short sojourn, and, as I predicted in my last, my letter to you is dispatched from that historic old city. Nowadays, even, it is bright and gay, in spite of the presence of the invalids and semi-invalids, who come to take the waters. The streets are wide and well kept, the hotels extremely comfortable, the shops charming. There are plenty of concerts and entertainments go- | night! ing on in the ancient pump-room, with its adjoining

Chante {

Roman Promenades

and the public gardens and parks are full of leaf and blossom. The neighborhood is most interesting, and splendid coaching trips enable one to get capital bird's-eye views of the surroundings. Still there is no doubt that the interest of dace lies with the past, with the ascinating times, when Bath was at its zenith of prosperity as a resort of the Beau Monde. To anyone of a sentimental turn of mind, there is plenty to set one a-dream-ing in the old town, which seems wear, even now,

"A strange and reminiscent air, The witchery of past romance." Every inch of the ground, every old grey stone, seems alive with souvenirs of past ages, of the 18th century above all, when the place was brimming over with interest-ing personalities. Why, in the street in which I find myself nearly every house was inhabited by people much better known, far more picturesque than the worthies who now sleep under the old roofs, Just opposite to me as I write, is No. 5 Pierrepont street, the home of

the Linleys.

From it "Dick" Sheridan Eloped with his charming inamorata, Elizabeth Linley, the "Fair Maid of abeth Linley, the "Fair Maid of Bath," who was sweet and lovely, and a perfect song-bird withal. There is, as you probably all know, an exquisite painting by Gainsborough of her and her iandama construction. her and her handsome young brother.
Tom Linley, the violinist. It has often been reproduced, and Betsy's lovely melting eyes would soften the stoniest heart. The Linleys' house was a great rendezvous for the Bath "set," and many a romance of love and passion has been woven in the Plerreport street homestead. But ciety was not confined to the frivolous spirits who made the health giving sulphur springs an excuse for In this eighteenth century was so full of distinguished men, and there was a continual va-et-vient of

Clever Interesting People

of both sexes. I suppose Dr. Johnson should head the list, for he was the should head the list, for he was the "doyen," as it were, and managed to draw round him a large circle of people worth knowing. In his own estimation, I dare say, Beau Nash would some first for an extended to be for a home team can really be a match for them, but these internations of the control of the c draw round him a large circle of people worth knowing. In his own estimation, I dare say, Beau Nash would come first, for as master of ceremonless—self-created bien entendu!—he was a most important and I hear golden opinions of their skill and dexterity. It will be long before a home team can really be a match for them, but these international matches have certainly given will do lasting good to a game which cendu!—he was a most important personage in the pump room and assembly saloons. He thought him self a public benefactor, indeed, but he must have been an odious autocrat, with a finger in everyone's pie. He it was who settled (?) the disputes crat, with a fiager in everyone's pie.

He it was who settled (?) the disputes of the beaux, the bickerings and jeal-tousies of the belies. He ordered mento give up weariag swords, saying they provoked quarrels: ladies were ordered to doff their aproas, with which they had been wont to protect their gowns. We hether the same of ordered to doff their aprons, with which they had been wont to protect their gowns. Woe betide those who tried to rebel against his august decree, for he saubbed the folk right and left. There is a portrait of him in the number group which does not the same than the number group which does not the same tries the slews are conselled.

Sigh With Envy.

the etiquette of the water-drinking, kept a watehful eye on "les convenances," and organized the country two or three inches from terra firma to two or three inches from terra firma terra firma two or three inches from terra firma two or three inches from terra firma terra dancing on the bowling green, to the sound of the haut-boy and fiddle. There is something fascinating to me reviewing the old scenes, with their picturesque entourage: being at this moment in the identical pre-cincts, I seem to see the sedan or "bathe" chairs, all lacquered and studded with gilt nails, depositing the bowley burdens, "en grande tenue" of powder, patches, and stiff brocades, at the doors of "the Bathe." After taking the waters to dispel the vapors and other mondaine aliments, they were wont to promenade in the Orange Grove, the fashionable rendezions for everyone who was anyone." laxuries of the season"; you cannot sheekes, and stiff broades, the doors of "the Bathe." After blook hat shave appeared in "poudroderla"; "tulic, all flecked is thy "pois, and other mondaine allments, bey were wont to promenade in the same Grove, the fashionable rendezhas for everyone who was anyone put imagine it planted with origin thave a light border of Aleneon lace, and the trimming may consist seamores that they walked up to down. The name was a delicite attention to the deformed Prince Oratge, who put up for somatime to Nassar, House, and was cured.

OKUMBUG REMINER FARMER BRIGHTCS, Fairfield, Iowa, U.S.

NEW TOOLEY, Earlier of the spine four-in-hand, and the ascot, and the stock with ends that cross in the back and come around and tie in a bat with each that cross in the back and come around and the in a bat with each that cross in the back and come around and the in a bat with each that cross in the back and come around and the in a bat with each that cross in the back and to come around and the in a bat with each that cross in the back and come around and the in a bat with each that cross in the back and to come around and the in a bat with each that cross in the back and to come around and the in a bat with each that cross in the back and come around and the in a bat with go bow. These styles, while simplet, are approved by the smartest dressers, and stocks modeled on precisely these lines are worn every day on Fifth arenue by the first women dressed in the most high tailored suits.

Buthing Dangerous.

The London Lancet, the great meding to the stock with suits finest women dressed in the most high tailored suits.

Buthing Dangerous.

Buthing Dangerous.

Buthing Dangerous.

Buthing Dangerous.

Buthing Dangerous the subject with a bat cross in the back and come around and the in a bat with go bow. These styles which safe in tends and in the core in the subject with a subject of the white down the stelling has the case of the back and come around and the in a bat with go bow. The smartest the seak th yous for everyone who was anyone Don't imagine it planted with or of Orange, who put up for some time at Nassan House, and was cured,

NO HUMBUG S PERFECT AN-

they say, by the bath waters. The ribbon, is newer than floating ends place is fairly

Peopled With Interesting Ghosts, many of whose bones (query, do ghosts have anythin; so substantial)? lie under the flagstaffs of the heautiful old Abbey, whose carillon, mellow and sweet, charms our ears all day long. Here is buried James Quin, the comedian, a friend of the great Johnson. Another of his "following" was, of course, Richard Sheridan, then there was Capt. Matthews, the "Bob Acres" of Sheridan's "Riviss," as you know the scene of the play is Bath, and most of the index. rais, as you know the scene of the play is Bath, and most of the incledents were true to life. Another "chum," who belonged to Dr. Johnson's great literary club, was Oliver Goldsmith, then came Gainsborough, Sir Joshua Reynolds, Garrick, Ralph Allen (Squire Allworthy, of "Tom Jones" fame), Pope, Fielding, with motifs over it in cheuille and Ralph Allen (Squire Allworthy, of "Tom Jones" fame), Pope, Fielding, etc. There was a regular bouquet of interesting women, too. Mrs. Siddons spent her early struggling discouraging days here. In later years when she was the idol of Covert Garden she used to come back and play in the Pump Room of her native town, where formerly she could only earn a few shillings a night!

and her four sisters lived here. When asked to visit them Dr. Johnson ex-claimed, "What! five women living happily together in one house? Yes! certainly, I will come and see you. God forever bless you, you shame the duchesses!" Then there was Lady Mary Wortley Montague, Mrs. Biozzi Miss Europy and last but not Piozzi, Miss Burney, and last but not least, Jane Austen, whose "North-anger Abbey" gives a very good picanger Abbey" gives a very good picture of life in Bath.

Lord Nelson lived for a while in Pierreport street, and also Lord Chesterfield, whose house I see as I write, and, what will interest you I know, General Wolfe lived at 5 Trim street, by St. John's Gate, where there are military emblems carved in stone over the doorway It was from this house that he received his orders to lead the British troops against Quebec. Now, it is a furniture storehouse. I was told that the Americans who visit it say they would give anything to possess such a place.

Many of the fans one sees in collections have painted scenes of Bath life. This 18th century was a great registed for fans which ware a fear fans which ware a fear fan ware when ware a fear ware ware fan Lord Nelson lived for a while in

e. This 18th century was a greateriod for fans, which were a feaperiod for fans, which were a ture in the toilet of every fashionable dame, the sticks of mother of pearl were carved in Italy, France or England, and the painting done by Watteau, Boucher, Lancret and others. Such lovely dainty figures, and perfect coloring. The gay scenes in the Orange Grove were artistically represented, and give a fascinating idea of Bath in its palmy days, when wit and beauty reigned suture in the toilet of every fashionwhen wit and beauty reigned suwhen wit and beauty reigned su-preme, and no one seems to have been humdrum and dowdy; if they were they must have kept themselves well behind the scenes! Such tales could the Orange Grove and the stately, dingy old houses unfold, in the days

Truth Was Stranger Than Fiction.

But I must not weary you with reminiscences of "dear dead days," but come back to realities."

I was sorry that my visit to Bath prevented my assisting at the wedding of a Canadian "Tommy," Mr. John Usher, of Toronto, who was married on May 6th at Witnesham, near Ipswich. He was supported by his countrymen, Mr. Z. Lash and Mr. McMurrich, and at this moment he and his bride are on their homeward yoyage. We must all join in wishing voyage. We must all join in wishing leurs Souvenirs!

The Canadian Lacrosse Team has

in the pump room, which does not excite admiration, except for his rich brocaded suit, buckles and lace ruffles, which might cause a woman to-day to all the summer. Don't imagine you can evade the stern decree of Madame This last concession is for travelling, he seaside, sports or excursions, and to be really French the rest of the costume must be en suite, with simple trim hat, sensible shoes and gloves, plain "en cas" no frills nor furbelows, no flowers nor floating furbelows, no Howers nor Holling ends. Of course, with your elegant long frock you may wear "all the luxuries of the season"; you cannot be too ornate and "rich." Some lovely hats have appeared in "poudrede-riz" tulie, all flecked in tiny "pois,"

笼鏬溙砩砩鉘鉘鉘鉘鉘嗾嗾嗾嗾嗾嗾嗾嶽嶽嶽쌺拂櫛櫛櫛櫛櫛櫛櫛櫛櫛櫛櫛櫛帯椿櫛掛拂拂拂

Flowers and Frait

of chenille, and all round the edge was a frothy pleating of green chiffon, the color of baby tree shoots, match-ing the taffeta and forming a lovely

with motifs over it in chenille and straw. It has such a rich effect on the dull silk, and is absolutely le

dernier cri.

Many English "ladies of high degree" are over in Paris now, seeing bout their coronation robes, and other costumes, so we may expect some lovely results from these trips to the City of Light. For summer sen-side frocks there is a ne wlinen, called in English "casement linen," which is capital stuff, for it is not so crushable as ordinary linen, and washes well. It comes in lovely shades, but looks very well in natural tones, In the latter it will be used for motoring-coats, decorated with big, import. ant buttons, and it mak s inexpensive et smart garments for race meet-

For Thin Materials

there is a tendency in Paris to: have there is a tendency in Paris to have a little more fullness at the top of the skirts, caused by bias-cutting or by gathers or pleats well pressed and stwn. [There is nothing lioppy or loose about the skirts; they still follow the "ligne," that wonderful "line" on which the French lay such stress, but they are tree so that they are

ier." As our friend Bob Acres says "Press does make a difference, Davy," and this is never more true than in the case of portrait-painting. Certainly, this year, artists need have little to complain of in the dress of these stress properties. their sitters. Such lovely, soft, hangdreamy, harmonious colorings, such dreamy, harmonious colorings, such graceful shapes, such p cturesque, becoming coiffure! Madame Le Brun herself could choose nothing more sultable for paluting than a well-arranged toilette of to-day. With which satisfactory and comfortable which satisfactory and comfortable remark I had better conclude my letter, hoping that the first part of it will not be thought too "antiquated," too much a la guide-book. I feel sure that if some of you, who do not know Bath, can spare a day or two when you come over to help crown. King Edward VII., to run down here, your visit will not be wasted moments. You can eat Bath buns and Bath olivers, ride round in Bath chairs, and drink the very nauseous hot water! You may if you like put hot water! You may if you like put up at a charming modern hotel, the Empire, or, should you prefer it, there is the Grand Pump Room Hotel, built on the site of the White Hart, at which Mr. Pickwick and Sam Weller stayed after the famous trial. Mell-lours Souvening.

FAIR WOMAN'S NECKWEAR.

Commence To fulfil its requirements the stock should be washable.

It should be as tall as the neck, but no taller.
It should be stiff enough to pre-

sent a trim look. It should be cut so that it comes

If you go out to buy a stock there is really no limit to what you can pay. You might as well get a gown. Lovely lace neck pieces with fronts attached come at fabilious prices. Then there are pretty stocks of

Then there are pretty stocks of chiffon with long boas to match that form a sort of set, and a very becoming set, at that.

The plain washable silk is still soaring high. The piques come at the most reasonable prices of all and you can buy a pique band for a very little, stitched around the top and supplied with holes for the collar button. This plain straight band is finished with a narrow ribbon.

bon.

The pique stock with the brass buckle is the neatest of all things. Then there is the pique four-in-hand, and the ascot, and the stock

is the Newport stock, which is made by joining two bands of insertion with a row of white silk stitching. At the top there is a very narrow ruffle of lace which stands out lower part of the stock is finished by a little ruffle of lace, which lies upon the shoulders like a lace collar. This stock is nicely joined at the neck line and there is no danger that the diplomatic relations of stock and waist will be severed at the neck. by joining two bands of insertion with

Finishing the Neck. The fancy for making the neck of the gown plain and unfinished by a collar band grows. The very sim-plest bit of insertion forms the only

with this plain neck there can be worn any kind of a neck piece and the gown is capable of a variety of treatment not otherwise possible. This is certainly one of the improve-

ments of the year.

The stock that ties under the chin is in the ascendency. There are neck scarfs made of white lawn and others made of white net. These are very long and are tucked in the midde. The tucked portions form the neck piece. Such a scarf crosses in the back of the neck and comes forward to be ler the chin in that sort of which is characterized as tied under the chin in that 'splashing."

The style of bow of the season

shows two short brisk looking loops that set out in an aggressive way that set out in an aggressive way and two very long ends that hang as low as possible. These ends are much trimmed and the making of them affords another opportunity for the summer woman's endeavor.

The tulle tie with open mesh gives a chance for clabrate hand work and cross stitch d signs, looking very quaint, from their unaccustomedness, trim the streamers.

The woman with the double clin should avoid a chin bow, for it certainly gives her a look akin to jowli-

Another innovation is along the slipper line. Let her who has an achey back prepare to ache now. The slip-per heels have grown in height until two inches is low and three inches not high for them. Many of them sport heels that are nearer four nches tall. These are impossible for the woman with a tiny foot, but the one who wears a five or six shoe can easily walk with the three and four nch heel in the house.

* MODERATION IN SCOTLAND. F *****************

A Scotch parson once preached a long sermon against dram drinking, a vice very prevalent in his parish, and from which report said he was not himself wholly exempt.

"Whatever ye do, brethren," said he, "do it in moderation, and aboon all, be moderate in dram-drinking. When you get up, indeed, ye may breakfast, and perhaps another just before breakfast, and perhaps another after; but dinna be always dram drinking. "If ye are out in the morn, ye may just brace yerself up with another perform and perhaps take another before himself." fore luncheon, and some, I fear tak ane after, which is no so very blam-able, but dinna be always dram-

dram-draming away.

"Naebody can scruple for one just afore dinner, and when the dessert is brought in an after it's ta'en away; and, perhaps ane, or it may be twa, in the course of the afternoon, just to keep ye fra' drowsing and snozzling; but dinna be always dramdram-draming.
"Afore tea and after tea, and be-

tween tea and supper, and before and after supper, is no more than right and good; but let me caution snozzling; but dinna be always dram-

draming.
"Just when ye start for bed, and when ye're ready to pop into 't. and perhaps when you wake in the night, to take a dram or twa is no more than a Christian man may lawfully but brothren, let me caution you not to drink more than I've mentioned, or maybe ye may pass the bounds of moderation."—Mirror.

Useful Hints.

Everyone knows what a long tedious job it is to take the "eyes" out of a pineapple. I have found the pro-One of the most fascinating of subjects is that of the summer stock—if you can stand them.

To fasting the most fascinating of cess easier if the pincapple is first sliced, then the edges of the slices can readly be trimmed. A good cook says her test of when

bread is ready to go in the oven is to try it with her finger. If the dough springs right up and leaves no dent of the finger, it ought to be baked immediately.

Tissue or printing paper is the best

down to a point in front, by one device or another.
It should in some way correspond to the gown.

The good eggs, put them in water; if the large and turns up they are not fresh. are not fresh.

It making any sauce put the flour and butter in together, and your sauce will not be lumpy.

Silt sprinkled over anything that is burning on the stove will prevent any disagreeable odor.

A nightly gargle of salt and water

will strengthen the throat and keep off bronchial attacks. Egg shells crushed and shaken in lass bottles half filled with water

ill clean them quickly.

If powdered cloves are scattered If powdered cloves are scattered where red ants are it will be found effectual in driving them away.

By dipping fish for an instant in boiling water much of the difficulty in removing the scales will be over-

Lard for pastry should be used as hard as it can be cut with a knife. It should be cut through the flour, not rabbed.

Sunday School.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON NO XI. JUNE 15, 1902.

Paul Crosses to Europe.—Acts 16: 6-15.
Commentary. — Connecting Links. After the delegates sent to Antioch had returned to Jerusalem Paul proposed to Barnabas that they again visit the churches which they had founded in Asia Minor. "These churches, so far separated from others, having received but a small portion of the truths of the gospel, exposed to temptations, to errors, and to dangers, needed apostolic care and training." "Paul's journey may be divided into three sections, as follows: 1. The station in Asia, seven in number. 2. The stations in Europe, eight in number. 3. The stations of the return, four in number. Those in Asia are mostly the names of pro-vinces in Asia Minor."

vinces in Asia Minor."

6. Phrygia— This is an undefined region round about Antioch of Pisidia. Hurlbut thinks the reference here is to "a tour among the churches at Iconium and Antioch." There is nothing to show that he preached in any new churches in this district. Galatia—The great central table-land, north and east of Phrygia. This is his first visit to this province. "Either by some special providence, or by direct communication of the Spirit, in order to

Paul so that no other route re-

Paul so that no other route remained open except the one on the seacoast, and then to Europe. — Lange.

8. Passing by—They were obliged to pass through Mysia in order to reach Troas, but "they omitted it as a preaching place." Came to Troas—A noted seaport, where travellers from the upper coasts of Asia commonly took ship to pass into Europe.

9. A vision—This was the third supernatural revelation; not a dream, or a vision—1318s was the third supernatural revelation; not a dream, but a waking vision. A man —Not an actual Macedonian, nor their actual representative, stood before Paul, but probably an angel in the form of a man.
10. Immediately—"The vision, the

voice and the call for help, were all God-sent, and Paul was ready the all God-sent, and Faul was ready than moment the way was made plain." Endeavored—By seeking for a ship in which to cross the Aegean Sea. Concluding (R. V.)—After they were not permitted to remain in Asla, they

were no doubt rejoiced to receive direct leadings from the Lord as to their field of labor.

11. Samothracia—A rocky island in the Agean Sea, near the coast of Thrace, halfway between Troas and Neapolis-The same as Naples. The aport of Philippi, sixty-five miles rom Troas.
12. Philippi—They did not remain

at the seaport, but pressed inland about ten miles to the larger city. about ten miles to the larger city. This was an ancient town, enlarged by Philip of Macedon, the father of Alexander the Great, who named it after himself. A colony —Founded by Augustus. The civil magistrate and military authorities were Roman. 13. We went—"Paul, with his fervent soul and strong intellect; Silas, with his zeal and prophetic gifts; Luke, with his senolarly cul-ture and professional attainments; and Timothy, with his youthful earnestness." These were the gospel workers in that heathen land.
A river side—There was probably
no synagogue in the city. A place
of prayer (R. V.)—The Jews had in buildings, sometimes in the open air, as was the case in this instance, The posture of Jewish teachers. Unto the women—Claudius had banished from Rome and her colonies all men known to be Jews, and so there were only women in attend-ance at this Hebrew service.—Lind-

say. 14. Lydia-A woman of wealth and force. She had come from the very province where Paul had been, by the Spirit, forbidden to speak. Seller of purple—Lydian women were celebrated for the art of purple. were celebrated for the art of purple dyes and fabrics, the traffic in which was profitable, they being worn chiefly by the princes and the rich. Judg. viii. 26; Luke xvi. 19.—Binney. Worshipped God—As a proselyte in the Jewish faith. Lydia and her household, worshipping God according to their light, were in the way of salvation. Opened—Enlightened, impressed by His Spirit, and so prepared to receive the truth.—Hackett. To give heed (R. V.)—She received and obeyed the truths of the gospel.

15. Household—All who may be included in this term joined with Lydia in her new faith. Faithful—

15. Household—All who may be included in this term joined with Lydia in her new faith. Faithful—

16. Hamilton this week the movement in wholesale trade has been very satisfactory. Trade for this month has opened up well. Shipments of goods to—soft stocks for the sumer are large, and the fall business at Winnipeg 1s showing some improvement.

17. Household—All who may be included in this term joined with Lydia in her new faith. Faithful—

Lydia in her new faith. Faithful-If you have confidence in my pro-fession, then do honor to me by coming into my house. Abide—We have here the first example of Christian hospitality which was so lovingly practiced in the apostolic

Teachings.—The Lord has promised to guide His people in this world, and we should follow His directions even in the ordinary af-

God's providences move in pairs. The plans of men are often thwarted, and the doors they would enter are closed

and still waits and weeps over those who, blind to opportunity and deaf to appeal, turn aside from His purposes of mercy either as agents or recipients. It is He who speaks in every appeal, and to Him is that service rendered which lifts up our fellow, men.

rendered which lifts up our fellow, men.

The ready response. "Immediately we endeavored to go into Macedonia." Both means and men are within reach for the rapit triumph of reform and the gospel conquest of the world. Too frequently we begin to "make excuse" when responsibility appears and the open door remains unentered, and the upward path of duty untrodden, while waving harvests remain ungathered only "to waste upon the plain."

The effort successful. God goes before His people. Whenever He sends, His messengers there are those who will receive the word. A call to Anan-

will receive the word. A call to Anan-has means a Saul somewhere waiting for the Heaven sent messenger. The vision of Peter implied a Cornelius for the Heaven sent messenger. The vision of Peter implied a Corneli who waited for the word. Earner wisely directed effort is never wholly

THE MARKETS

Toronto Farmers' Market. June 9.—Receipts of grain on the street market this moining were only Wheat-Was steady, 100 bushels of goose seding at 63c per bushel.
Oats—Were steady, 300 bushels
selling at 50c to 51c per bushel.

ial providence, or by direct communication of the Spirit, in order to lead them into a wider and more important field, the very heart of civilized heathendom." Asia—Not the Roman province, bordering on the Acgean Sea, of which Ephesus was the capital.—Abbott.

7. Mysia—A province on the Acgean Sea. Assayed—Were intending to general Sea. Assayed—Were intending to general Sea. Suffered them not—The Spirit by irresistible intimations restrained Paul so that no other route response in order to see the side of the Black Sea. Suffered them not—The Spirit by irresistible intimations restrained Paul so that no other route response in the southwest shore of the Black Sea. Suffered them not—The Spirit by irresistible intimations restrained Paul so that no other route response in the southwest shore of the Black Sea. Suffered them not—The Spirit by irresistible intimations restrained the spirit

day:

Sept. 711-8 761-20 Chicago. General Cheese Markets.

Belleville, June 7.—To-day there were offered 2,120 white and 250 colored. Sales—Watkin 555 at 9 1 Hodginson, 630 at 95-8c; Ayer at. 9 5-8c

at 9.8c.
London, June 7.—To-day 609 boxes
offered. Sales—200 at 9.7-169, 100 at
9.9-16c; balance sold on kerb at) 5-8c Ogdensburg, N. Y., June 7.-To-day

949 boxes cheese registered; higher bid. 9 5-8c; one lot soid; balance with probably be soid on kerb at 9 3-4c. Watertown, N. Y., June 7.—To-day 7,899 toxes sold at 9 to 9 1-2c for large, and 9 1-4 to 9 3-4c for small? market active.
Cornwall, June 7.—To-day 2,102
cheese were boarded, 1,374 being Canadian white; 679 colored, and 49 Anadian white;

crican; all but 183 rold, the Canadi tringing 9 3-4c, and the Americ 5-8c. South Finch, June 7.—Last evening

the number of cheese boarded 2,500, 400 colored, balance worker offered 95-8c. isruisa Live Stock Markets. London, June 7.—Cartle are un-changed at 14 to 14 1-4c per lb., dressed weight; refrigerator beef is

He per	10.		11/6					
Porc	nto	Live	Stock	MA	r16	et.		
Export ca	ttle,	choice,	per cwt	. \$5	50	to	\$6	
do me	dium			4	59	to	5	
do c	OWN .		led	3	50	to	4	(
Butchers	catt	le nic	Ked	. 5	00	to	5	. (
Butcher.	cat. l	e cho	ce	4	65	to	5	
Butchers					00	to	4	
Butchers	CALLE	o, Lair.			00	to	ō	
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_ do bu	118.45				50	to		
Feeders,					00	to	5	
do mo	dium	1			40	to	- 1	(
Stockers.					75	to		-
Milch coy	WE. 04	ch		. 35	00	to	50	(
Sheep, ev					75	to	4	(
Lambs, si					25	to	- 4	
Hoge, cho						Sto	0	i
Hogs, ligh						oto	ő	
Hogs fat.	per c	wt		. 0	0.2	to	0	,
			a2 am	Two	40			

There has been increased inquiry for sorting parcels for the summer season at Montreal this week. The mail order business has been good, and that is always a sign of renewed activity in country retail trady circly making inroads on stocks. Trade at Toroado has been better this week. The fine, bright, hot summer weather has increased the demand for parcels to sort stocks for the summer trade. The movement in

How to Roll on Umbrella. How to Roll an Umbrella.

"Why Is it," asked an inquisitive customer in a downtown umbrella store, "that one can never roll up an umbrella as compactly and nearly as it is rolled when he buys it?"

"You can if you only know how," said the salesman, "but if everybody knew how it would mean less business for us. The umbrella would last leaves and these would have a later.

directions even in the ordinary affairs of life. It is our duty to promptly accept God's will even when it interferes with our plans.

PRACTICAL SURVEY.

"The gosped is for everybody, and must go everywhere." God by the palls on an unwhile everybody must go everywhere." God by the mouth of His prophet has bidden "all the ends of the earth" to "look unto me." To Christ has been given "the heathen for His inheritance, and the uttermost parts of the earth for His possession."

The all The ends of the earth for His possession." ossession. True visions reveal facts.
The call. True visions reveal facts.
Of it just above the points of the cover ribs. These points naturally lans of men are often thwarted, and plans of men are often thwarted, and the doors they would enter are closed that greater purposes may be carried out and more effectual doors opened. "I am He that openeth, and no man shutteth; and shutteth, and no man openeth."

Authority recognized. "Assuredly gathering that the Lord had called us to preach the gospel unto them." The it carraction is daily repeated. Christ still hides His divinity in lowly guise,