

THE ADVERTISER
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 H. G. HARRIS,
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Distribution of Seed Grain and Potatoes from the Dominion Experimental Farms 1916-1917.

By instructions of the Hon. Minister of Agriculture a distribution of superior sorts of grain and potatoes will be made during the coming winter and spring to Canadian farmers. The samples for general distribution will consist of spring wheat (about 5 lbs), barley (about 5 lbs), and field peas (about 5 lbs). These will be sent out from Ottawa. A distribution of potatoes in samples of about 3 lbs. will be carried on from several of the experimental farms, the Central Farm at Ottawa supplying only the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. All samples will be sent free by mail.

Only one sample of grain and one of potatoes can be sent to each farm. As the supply of seed is limited, farmers are advised to apply early. Requests received after the end of December will probably be too late.

Anyone desiring a sample should write (post free) to the Dominion Cerealist, Experimental Farm, Ottawa, for an application blank.

J. H. GRISDALE
 Director, Dominion Experimental Farms.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

AGRICULTURAL INSTRUCTIONS

The allotments to the different provinces under The Agricultural Instruction Act, passed by the Dominion Parliament in 1913, have been made for the year ending March 31st, 1917. It will be remembered that by terms of this Act ten million dollars spread over a period of ten years was to be divided between nine provinces of the Dominion, according to population, for the encouragement of education in agricultural and domestic science. In the initial year, 1913-14, \$700,000 was to be divided. Each year the amount was to be increased by

\$100,000, until 1917-18, when the grants under this arrangement will have reached a total of \$1,100,000, at which they are to remain until 1923, when the ten million dollars will have been exhausted. The sums received by the different provinces for the year ending March 31st next will be as follows:

P. E. Island	\$30,443.75
Nova Scotia	74,859.28
New Brunswick	59,209.60
Quebec	243,212.23
Ontario	301,158.45
Manitoba	70,767.21
Saskatchewan	74,869.76
Alberta	61,747.22
British Columbia	63,732.50

By the aid of these grants agricultural education and domestic science knowledge has been greatly benefited and extended all over the country. School buildings have been erected, college buildings have been extended and increased in number, experienced teachers of a high class have been engaged, District Representatives and county agents' expenses have been met, demonstrations in all branches of agriculture and short courses have been liberalized, arranged, agricultural instruction on both public and high schools has been extensively promoted, much useful literature has been extensively promoted, much useful literature has been circulated, veterinary science has been benefited, knowledge and practice of domestic science extended, manual training received an impetus, competitions of many varieties helped and initiated and school and home gardening greatly developed. In short the beneficial influence of the Act is making itself felt in every direction that agriculture and home-making take.

DID YOU EVER THINK

why that skin trouble, from which you are suffering, will not heal? It is because it is so deeply rooted that ordinary ointments are incapable of penetrating to the seat of the disease.

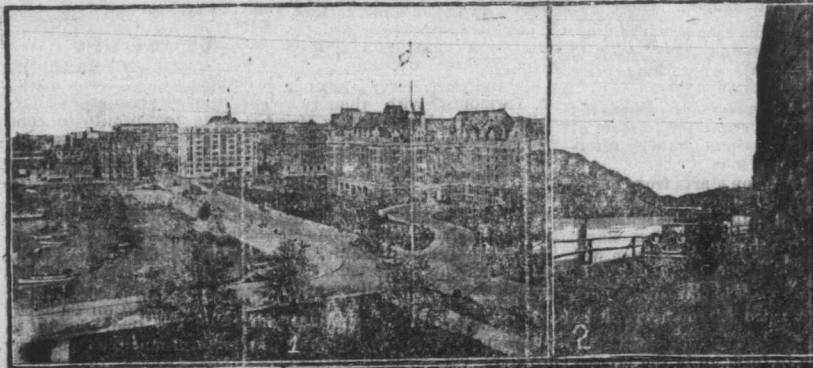
Zam-Buk, on the contrary, is so refined that it is capable of reaching the underlying tissues, and that is why so many cases of skin trouble, which have defied all other treatments, have yielded to Zam-Buk.

Don't delay! Get a box of Zam-Buk and prove it for yourself. Not only is it best for eczema and all skin troubles, but also for ringworm, ulcers, old sores, blood-poisoning, boils, piles, burns, cuts and all skin injuries. All druggists or Zam-Buk Co., Toronto. 50c. box, 3 for \$1.25.

Send 1c. stamp for postage on free trial box.



THE ISLAND OF WONDERLAND



(1) James Bay Embankment and C.P.R. Hotel, Victoria, B.C.
 (2) On the Way to Cameron Lake, Vancouver Island.
 (3) Fishing on Cowichan River, Vancouver Island.

EVERY year a larger and ever increasing number of motorists and those who wish to spend their vacations in an entire change of environment, make their way to the Island of Vancouver—the gateway of which is Victoria, the capital city of British Columbia—the best known tourist resort in the Pacific Northwest. It is entirely different from any other territory known to automobilists. True, it is in Canada, and reached by the Canadian Pacific via road and magnificently appointed steamers, but it is as British as if it were one of the British Isles. This is realized immediately one lands from the steamer in Victoria, and by the way this very landing is interesting and affords an excellent example of the courtesy of Canadian customs officials, and the extreme ease with its automobilists, who are residents of the United States, can enter into this, to them, foreign country.

But to return to one's first impressions upon leaving the steamer at Victoria. As the steamer glides to her berth through the unique Inner Harbor, considered one of the most picturesque in the world, there immediately looms up on the right, the magnificent Parliament buildings of British Columbia—one of the architectural features of Canada. They are situated overlooking the harbor, facing James Bay embankment and the City of Victoria.



ist in close touch with the main portion of Vancouver Island, and all its summer and fishing resorts; its quaint villages, enterprising towns, agricultural settlements, wonderful forests, reached by tributary highways, and the commencement of the Canadian highway, the terminus of which is at Alberni.

It is an easy matter to spend a week in the City of Victoria, and to take an entirely separate and distinct, and at the same time most interesting tour, every day. In fact, during the past summer, enthusiastic automobilists from California, Utah, Washington, Oregon, and even Eastern Canada spent from two to five weeks in this city and island, and left with the greatest possible regret.

ing for this scenic wonderland, and the people of Vancouver Island have capitalized it by constructing a system of splendid highways that is dotted with attractive hotels where excellent accommodations are to be obtained. And they have supplemented this work by a display of genuine hospitality that is justly entitled to be classed as a valuable asset in the exploitation of their country.

"The chain of mountains that penetrates Vancouver Island and the beautiful valleys, with their numerous streams, lakes and luxuriant vegetation, combine to set before the eyes of the traveller a variety of scenic splendor that beggars description.

"Go where you will on Vancouver Island and you will find scenery that causes you to marvel at the lavishness of nature.

"The coastline of the island is very beautiful, being indented with deep bays and fiords. The western coast differs somewhat from the eastern coastline, for on the ocean side a number of canals reach far inland, as if to aid the miner and the lumberman to get his product to market with ease; while on the other side of the island there are many pleasant bays and several beaches, where summer homes and resorts are to be found."

No rust can attack the flues because they are so thoroughly aluminized, and they economize nearly every bit of heat.

McClary's Kootenay Range

Before you invest in a new range let me show you the Kootenay's sensible ideas for saving time and labor.

"SOLD BY W. W. ROCKWELL."

Importance of Conserving the Fertility of Our Soils

The soil is the one great factor foundation not only of agriculture but of the nation's welfare hence it is practically impossible to spend an excess and care on its cultivation and preservation. Therefore any knowledge that results from experience is of the greatest value. A deal of information acquired from such experience in Bulletin No. 27, second series, entitled "Soil fertility, its economic maintenance and increase," just issued by the Department of Agriculture of which Dr. Frank T. Shutt, the Dominion Chemist, is author, and which can be had free by application to the Publications Branch of the Department at the capital. Dr. Shutt sounds an intensely practical note of warning when he argues that we have been terribly wasteful of plant food and that every effort should be made to maintain and increase the fertility of our soils, and, by more rational methods, endeavor to put a stop to that waste. While the warning is directed to the Northwest, "where farming has been likened to mining," Ontario and Eastern Canada generally are summoned to account. In brief, a change is called for from extensive to intensive farming, the lesson that it is sought to convey being that there is more profit in high tillage and conservation in cultivation than in methods of mere routine. Having gone minutely into the properties, necessary treatment and application of farm-yard manures, the doctor supplies a table giving the approximate average composition of manure (fresh) from various animals, describes the manurial value of clover, the competent beneficial influence exercised by fertilizers, and refers to the places occupied by wood ashes and seaweed as potassic fertilizer. He goes into the virtues of gypsum and nitrate of soda as indirect pot-

ash fertilizer, concluding in an instructive review of the chief means by which the productiveness of the soil may be increased and preserved, by urging farmers to make greater use of the various means and agencies provided by the Governments—Federal and Provincial—for the assistance of the man on the land by information, advice and demonstration. "There is no country," he avows, "better provided than Canada in this respect." Regarding manure, two important facts to be remembered are that where it is not at once utilized by being put into the soil, or on the soil, one third of its initial value is lost, and that the loss is least where the manure is kept compact and protected from rain.

Minard's Liniment Co., Ltd.
 Dear Sir,—I had a Bleeding Tumor on my face for a long time and tried a number of remedies without any good results. I was advised to try MINARD'S LINIMENT, and after using several bottles it made a complete cure, and it healed all up and disappeared altogether.
 DAVID HENDERSON.
 Belleisle Station, Kings Co., N. B., Sept. 17, 1904.

Thursday, September 28, is to be Sailors' Day, throughout the Empire.

All that is left of the Austrian army on the southern Russian front is now 200,000 men.

Austrian and German prisoners of war have to be separated by solid barriers in the internment camps in France, as they show such a tendency to quarrel.

During the fighting near Baranowitsch 150 Bulgarians offered to surrender, but the Russians, regarding them as traitors, refused to spare them. It appears that owing to their knowledge of Russian, Bulgarians have been widely employed as spies on the Russian fronts.

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Good Roads.

Good roads, good schools, good churches all cost money to maintain, and that money is contributed by the tax payers of this community. If you spend a dollar here, part of it at least, remains in the hands of one of those tax payers. It does its share toward making this a better place to live in.

If you send your dollar away you are doing just that much to hurt your town, its schools, churches, and roads. Just think of this, before patronizing a mail order house. Read the advertisements and spend your money with the progressive home merchants.

THE PRESS

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SEALE SYNDICATE

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