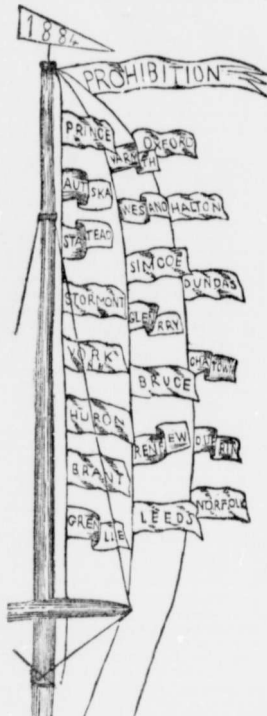




War Notes.

Results of the Campaign OF 1884.

TWENTY-ONE VICTORIES!



WELLAND.—There was a largely attended Scott Act meeting held in this county, when the general opinion was, that if the Act were again submitted to a vote in the county it would be gained. The last vote took place in November, 1881, when the Act was defeated by a majority of 768. It was decided to employ Mr. D. L. Huff, who has been doing Scott Act work in the County of Haldimand, to enter upon the work of holding meetings in different parts of the county for a few weeks in view of calling a Convention of properly appointed representatives, at which time, and by which Convention the future definite action of the friends of the movement shall be fixed. A great County Convention will be held in the town of Welland, on Tuesday, May 5th. Prominent temperance workers from all parts of the county are expected to be present.

NEW WESTMINSTER DISTRICT, B.C.—On the 30th of last month a large meeting was held in the Drill Shed, Victoria, for the purpose of considering whether it would not be well to submit the Scott Act to the electors of the New Westminster District. Nothing was definitely decided, but an Executive Committee to see to the calling of temperance meetings was appointed. Once the work has been well begun in British Columbia it will, no doubt, make rapid progress. Already the city of Victoria is being canvassed for funds with which to carry on the work.

KINGSTON.—The announcement in the Kingston News that the voting on the Scott Act would occur in Kingston on the 21st of May created quite an excitement among the temperance people. It appears that some anti-Scott Act men knew of the date for some days but they kept it very quiet. A warm contest is anticipated. The anti-Scott Act men have engaged a store already wherein to hold meetings.

LENNOX.—The temperance workers of Napanee are arranging to have the delegates from the eastern provinces, eastern states and England drop off at Napanee on their way to the Supreme Grand Lodge meeting at Toronto and take part in the grand Scott Act meeting which is to be held at Napanee on the 23rd or 25th of May. Several have already signified their willingness to comply with the request.

HALTON.—The County Council has voted \$600 to have the Scott Act enforced. The Council finds it pays to do so, for, in 1880, under license, \$583.14 was spent on the poor of one township, that of Esqueping. In 1884, under the Scott Act, only \$133.55 was spent in the same township.

ONTARIO.—It is expected that a branch of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union will be formed at Pickering to help on the work in the county of Ontario.

TORONTO.—At a recent meeting in this city, two wards, St. Andrew's and St. Patrick's, were reported in an advanced state of organization.

HASTINGS.—The petitions have been circulated and more signatures than were necessary have been obtained.

ST. CATHERINES.—The Scott Act petition from St. Catharines has been deposited with the registrar.

HALDIMAND.—The Scott Act petition for this county was posted at the Sheriff's office on the 20th ult.

WE READ in the Royal Templar that the new International Park at Niagara Falls has been secured for the 14th, 15th and 16th of July, 1885, by the Royal Templar Dominion Council of Canada and Newfoundland, and that a great prohibition camp meeting will be held on the dates mentioned. All preparations for accommodation, etc., will be arranged and a hearty invitation is extended to the temperance masses to come and enjoy the three days meetings, to see the sights and to hear the brightest and the best of the advocates of the great question now moving the people of this continent. There will be no admission fee to the Park or to any of the meetings. Monster excursions from every point within reasonable distance in Ontario or New York State have been arranged for, and the lowest transportation rates of the season will be given.

IN ANSWER to several enquiries as to where copies of the Canada Temperance Act may be procured with all amendments, we can give no better instruction than to address the member of Parliament for your county. We have copies of the Act both in French and English, but the latest amendments have only been published as yet in parliamentary papers.

IN FRANCE, a wine country, there were 164 suicides caused by drink in the year 1848-9. This rapidly increased and less than twenty years later there were nearly 500 suicides, all caused by the use of light alcoholic drinks.

CROOKS ACT IN PRACTICE.

A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE in the county of Frontenac writes to the News concerning what the Crooks Act has done for that county within a very short time. He says it caused two boys to fight like dogs, whilst an elder brother of one of them stood by with a club to see that no one interfered, till one of the fighters ate off the other's eyebrow. It caused a young man to try and eat up his father. It caused a damaged hand and a black eye to a J. P., and shortly after a town councillor was also afflicted in the same manner, still, again, a man who had got his nose broken through the influence of the Crooks Act, had to make a journey to a doctor to have the pieces put together. And then, as if this were not enough, there was a stabbing affray. Having tried what the Crooks Act can do, and hoping for something better, the electors of Frontenac county are going to try for the Scott Act.

EVERY BUSINESS ESTABLISHMENT in Shubuta, Missouri, with the exception of one, joins in declaring that the closing of all saloons in that town has been "beneficial in every way, morally, socially, educationally and financially. The \$10,000 that would have gone into the tills of the saloon keepers, and pockets of the distillers, has been distributed among the merchants for the necessities of life." A Justice of the Peace declares that even old toppers spent their money on their families, and that there was no more drunkenness.

IN THE YEAR 1868 one asylum in New York had 2,153 persons under treatment as inebriates, and out of this number no less than 1,300 were daughters of rich parents.

WE ARE WAITING for the appointment of polling days in a large number of counties which have sent in their petitions to have the Scott Act submitted to them.

HERE IS A SIGN OF THE TIMES taken from the advertising columns of the Daily Telegraph:—"Get totters! 5 per cent discount on watches, clocks, and jewellery."

A SUIT, arising from the Great Eastern Steamship not sailing as by agreement to the New Orleans Exhibition, showed that the estimated profit on the champagne to be used on board was \$45,000. Just think how much must be made out of the liquor traffic, when \$45,000 is the profit made on champagne during one voyage. One of the least reasons we have for objecting to the liquor traffic, but nevertheless a strong one, is that it encourages a class of lazy men who might be otherwise employed advantageously to the country. Is it right that any man should make a fortune out of his poorer fellows, and that without working for it?

NEARLY 48 YEARS AGO Temperance societies on the anti-spirit basis, were formed among British troops serving in India, and among their supporters is to be found the name of Capt. Havelock, afterwards so famous as General Sir Henry Havelock. After a long interval, during which the British army in India suffered incalculable losses through the drinking that was going on without interruption, a new start was made by Rev. J. G. Gregson, a Missionary to India. The number of abstainers in the British Indian army is considerably over ten thousand.

FLAGS HOISTED IN 1885.



STATE OF THE POLL.

Table with columns for PLACE, 1878, and FOR AG'ST. It lists various locations and their corresponding poll results for the years 1878, 1879, 1880, 1881, 1882, 1883, 1884, and 1885. The table ends with a Total Majority of 43,739.